Staff recommendation: Approve the Resolution of Adoption for the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment and transmit the Resolution of Adoption to the Full Commission.

The Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment is an update of the 1994 Bethesda CBD Sector Plan, covering the area around the planned Purple Line station. The Amendment seeks to realize the substantial public benefits to the County and the community of an improved multi-modal transit station in downtown Bethesda. The Plan recommends changes in zoning to encourage the timely redevelopment of the Plan area to facilitate construction of the improved station design, with access to both the Purple Line station and the new Bethesda Metro station south entrance, as well as a new tunnel for the Capital Crescent Trail under Wisconsin Avenue.

The County Council held a Public Hearing on the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment on January 14, 2014, and the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development (PHED) Committee met on January 27 and February 3, 2014, to discuss the plan. On February 11, 2014, the County Council reviewed the recommendations of the PHED Committee and approved the Planning Board Draft by Resolution No. 17-1007.

Attachments
- County Council Resolution No. 17-1007, Approval of Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment
- Planning Board Resolution No. 14-05
- Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment
COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND
SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION
OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT
WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: County Council

SUBJECT: Approval of Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment

Background

1. On December 6, 2013, the Montgomery County Planning Board transmitted to the County Executive and the County Council the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment.

2. The Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment amends the Approved and Adopted 1994 Bethesda CBD, as amended. It also amends the General Plan (on Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery and Prince George’s Counties, as amended; the Master Plan of Highways and Transitways within Montgomery County, as amended; and the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan, as amended.

3. On January 31, 2014, the County Executive transmitted to the County Council his fiscal impact analysis for the Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment.

4. On January 14, 2014, the County Council held a public hearing regarding the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment. The Plan was referred to the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee for review and recommendation.

5. On January 27 and February 3, 2014, the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee held worksessions to review the issues raised in connection with the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment.

6. On February 11, 2014, the County Council reviewed the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment and the recommendations of the Planning, Housing, and Economic Development Committee.
Action

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following resolution:

The Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment, dated December 2013, is approved with revisions. County Council revisions to the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment are identified below. Deletions to the text of the Plan are indicated by [brackets], additions by underscoring. All page references are to the December 2013 Planning Board Draft Plan.

Add the following text on the first page or inside cover of the Minor Master Plan:

This Plan amends the Approved and Adopted 1994 Bethesda CBD, as amended. It also amends the General Plan (on Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery and Prince George’s Counties, as amended; the Master Plan of Highways and Transitways within Montgomery County, as amended; and the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan, as amended.

Page 5: Revise the second full paragraph as follows:

A key component of redeveloping the station site will be the station entrances, at the corner of Wisconsin Avenue and Elm Street, and in Woodmont Plaza, at the intersection of Bethesda and Woodmont Avenues. These spaces serve not only as critical access points to the transit station, but also as gateways to Downtown Bethesda. While in general these spaces should be functional, welcoming, and activated by retail and entertainment uses and building entrances, the design of Woodmont Plaza, in particular, will be an essential part of any future redevelopment of the site.

Woodmont Plaza will be the central open space for the area around the junction of Bethesda Avenue, Woodmont Avenue, and the Capital Crescent Trail. The design should successfully integrate pedestrians and cyclists moving along and through the plaza, and feature shaded lawn areas and a variety of seating options within the overall design.

Page 7: Revise the third paragraph under the section “Capital Crescent Trail” as follows:

The Plan recommendations segment the CCT into the Mainline, Tunnel Route, and Surface Route. The Plan recommends construction of the mainline and the surface and tunnel routes to function as complementary transportation choices to serve a variety of needs. Each segment is described below. Beyond the recommendations for each of the segments, the Plan recommends keeping the rest of Elm Street Park operational, with no further decrease in the amount of usable parkland.
**General**

All illustrations and tables included in the Plan are to be revised to reflect District Council changes to the December 2013 Planning Board Draft Plan. The text and graphics are to be revised as necessary to achieve clarity and consistency, to update factual information, and to convey the actions of the District Council. All identifying references pertain to the Planning Board Draft.

This is a correct copy of Council action.

______________________________
Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council
RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, under the Land Use Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is authorized and empowered, from time to time, to make and adopt, amend, extend and add to The General Plan for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District; and in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties; and

WHEREAS, the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, pursuant to Montgomery County Code, Chapter 33A, held a duly advertised public hearing on November 7, 2013, on the Public Hearing Draft of the Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment, being also an amendment to the 1994 Bethesda CBD Sector Plan, as amended; the 2010 Purple Line Functional Plan, as amended; the General Plan (On Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, as amended; and the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan, as amended; and

WHEREAS, the Montgomery County Planning Board, after said public hearing and due deliberation and consideration, on December 5, 2013, approved the Planning Board Draft of the proposed Plan, and recommended that it be approved by the District Council and forwarded it to the County Executive and District Council for recommendation and analysis; and

WHEREAS, the Montgomery County Executive transmitted to the District Council his fiscal impact analysis for the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment on January 31, 2014; and

WHEREAS, the Montgomery County Council, sitting as the District Council for the portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District lying within Montgomery County, held a public hearing on January 14, 2014, wherein testimony was received concerning the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment; and

WHEREAS, the District Council, on February 11, 2014, approved the Planning Board Draft Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment subject to the modifications and revisions set forth in Resolution No. 17-1007;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Montgomery County Planning Board hereby adopts the Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment.
Plan Amendment, together with the 2010 Purple Line Functional Plan, as amended; the General Plan (On Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, as amended; and the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan, as amended; and as approved by the District Council in the attached Resolution No. 17-1007 and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of the Bethesda Purple Line Station Minor Master Plan Amendment must be certified by The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission and filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of each of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, as required by law.

* * * * * * *

This is to certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted by the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission on motion of Commissioner __________, seconded by Commissioner ____________, with Commissioners ________________, and __________ voting in favor of the motion, and Commissioner ___________, at its regular meeting held on Thursday, February 20, 2014.

__________________________
Francoise M. Carrier, Chair
Introduction

A Vision of Transit Future

With an improved Purple Line Station, the south entrance to the Bethesda Red Line Metro Station, and the Capital Crescent Trail literally under one roof, the Minor Master Plan Amendment Area has the potential to become the new “best address” of the Bethesda Central Business District (CBD). This Area, chiefly the block bound by Wisconsin Avenue, Elm Street, Woodmont Avenue, and Bethesda Avenue, is the eastern gateway to the popular and successful Bethesda Row – the primary center of activity in the CBD – and a key component of the Wisconsin Avenue commercial corridor. The addition of this multi-modal transit hub will enhance the level of activation, access, and amenity for residents, businesses, and visitors.

This Minor Master Plan Amendment envisions an urban multi-modal transit station that is integrated into the life of Bethesda. Thousands of transit riders will use the station to come to Bethesda to live, work, and play and to go elsewhere from Bethesda to access the many rich benefits of the region. Hundreds of cyclists will use the Capital Crescent Trail (CCT) to get to the many centers and neighborhoods between Silver Spring and Georgetown.

Every day this station will bring thousands of people to Wisconsin Avenue, Elm Street, Woodmont Avenue, and Bethesda Avenue. This foot and bicycle traffic will make the station location the pre-eminent address in the CBD. With the redevelopment envisioned by this Plan, it will be anchored by a signature building at this “100 percent corner,” a source of renewed growth and activity for the surrounding business, lifestyle, and entertainment district.

The Plan vision for the corner of Wisconsin Avenue and Elm Street showcases a generous and welcoming plaza at the ground floor of a signature building, where commuters have easy direct access to the Purple Line station and, via high-speed elevators, to the Red Line Metro station below. The spacious Purple Line station would be welcoming and easy to navigate, with a large open platform and plenty of room for the projected ten thousand plus daily riders. Getting to the Red Line station would be efficient and streamlined. One level below the street, cyclists will be able to rapidly move through the CBD to get to work, play, or home, in an environment free of automobiles.

From Woodmont Avenue, pedestrians would walk past the many shops, cafes, and restaurants, into the landscaped Woodmont Plaza and directly into the Purple Line station. Cyclists would have a direct route through the plaza into a short tunnel that comes out just the other side of Wisconsin Avenue, with an easy ride through Elm Street Park and on towards Rock Creek Park and Silver Spring.

Businesses around the station would benefit from greatly increased pedestrian traffic, with more eyes on shop windows. Offices, hotels, and apartments around the station block will command premiums for their proximity to the multi-modal station, the CCT, and the Bethesda Row entertainment district.
Existing Conditions

- BPLS Plan Boundary
- Bethesda CBD Plan Boundary
- Capital Crescent Trail
- Purple Line

- Red Line
- Metro Station
- Proposed Metro Station South Entrance
- Planned Purple Line Station
This is a vision of a new multi-modal transit station that provides room for Bethesda to grow, creating new opportunities for businesses, residents, and visitors.

**Station Default**

Almost 30 years ago, when the existing Apex Building was constructed over the Georgetown Branch right-of-way, it was designed to accommodate some form of transit station. But today, the Maryland Transit Administration’s (MTA) default designs for what is now the Bethesda Purple Line station, while fitting with the space made available by the original Apex Building design, will not be able to fully implement the exciting vision this Plan proposes. The default designs are constrained by the limits of the existing conditions, particularly the configuration of the current tunnel and the Apex building support structures.

The Purple Line tracks will be located within the existing tunnel – now used as a bicycle path – that runs east from Woodmont Plaza, under the Apex building, Wisconsin Avenue, and the Air Rights building. The physical limitations of this tunnel will negatively impact the quality of service provided by the station:

- the tunnel forces a narrower platform that constrains the number of people that can fit on it at one time;
- the platform is interrupted by numerous structural columns supporting the Apex building above, impeding circulation for riders;
- the tunnel is curved, necessitating a curved station platform that creates gaps between the train cars and the platform;
- the narrowness of the existing tunnel requires the station platform to be located closer to Woodmont Plaza, resulting in “over-run” tracks extending 100 feet into the plaza, near the existing movie theatre and eateries;
- a free-standing metal ventilation tower – about the size of a 90’ high townhouse– must be located in Woodmont Plaza.
With only a minimum amount of space in the existing tunnel for the Purple Line station, the new south entrance to the Red Line Metro station must be located underneath Elm Street, within the public right-of-way. This location negatively impacts the quality of service of the station:

- commuters will have limited direct access from the street to the Metro station, and may have to travel one level down for additional elevators;
- stair and elevator access from street level to the Metro elevators below will be located in a sidewalk bump-out on Elm Street, creating potential bottle-necks that significantly disrupt the pedestrian use of Elm Street;
- riders transferring between the Red Line and Purple Line will have to cross the train tracks at track level, creating potential conflicts between trains and riders.

Finally, with no room in the existing tunnel for the CCT, cyclists will be forced to use a surface route along busy Bethesda Avenue and across the heavily trafficked Wisconsin Avenue.

This default design provides adequate service while minimizing costs, but would be challenged to accommodate the future growth that would be expected of a successful and attractive transit center in downtown Bethesda.

(Re)Developing a Better Alternative
In coordination with the Planning and Parks Departments and regional, state, and local transportation agencies, MTA has developed an alternative station design that better realizes the Plan vision. But the vision and its many public benefits will not be realized unless the station site, the location of the existing Apex building, is redeveloped in coordination with the construction of the Purple Line, expected to begin by the end of 2015.
The alternative design significantly improves the quality of the service provided by the station:

- the Purple Line platform would be larger and, without interrupting columns, would provide more room for riders and trains;
- the Purple Line station platform would be straight, eliminating gaps between the train and the platform;
- the Red Line Metro south entrance would be located within the new building with access to high-speed elevators directly from the street;
- CCT users would have a choice to cross Wisconsin Avenue either in a new tunnel or at street level;
- the 90' ventilation tower would be incorporated into a new building and the over-run tracks can be significantly shortened, leaving more of Woodmont Plaza available for public enjoyment;
- the station can accommodate space for full-service bike storage (i.e., a “bike station”).

This alternative design moves well beyond an adequate solution to provide a high quality transit experience that will be attractive, highly functional, and able to serve Bethesda now and in the future.

Realizing the Vision

Land Use and Zoning

To encourage redevelopment of the Apex Building to allow for the realization of a superior multi-modal transit station and a new tunnel for the CCT, the Plan recommends significant additional density on the Apex building site. The Plan recommends rezoning the Apex site from CBD-2 (FAR 5.0, max. height 143’) to CR 8.0, C 7.5, R 7.5, H 250.

This added density and building height are consistent with those recommended in the 1994 Bethesda CBD Sector Plan for the area around the north entrance of the Red Line Metro Station, under the CBD-3 zone (FAR 8.0, max. height 200’). The Plan recommends a maximum building height of 250’ to allow greater flexibility in accommodating on the Apex site the numerous program elements of the improved station and trail described above. Alternatively, if the site redevelops after construction of the default station design, the Plan recommends a maximum height of only 200’.

The CR zone provides both a standard and an optional method of development. The standard method limits overall density to a 0.5 FAR, while the optional method creates incentives to provide public benefits, thereby qualifying for additional density. Public benefits provided under the optional method are drawn from seven categories outlined in the Zoning Ordinance. The top priority public benefits for this Plan area are the provision of space on the Apex Building site necessary for planning, construction, and operation of the “major public facilities” of the improved transit station and the CCT tunnel. This does not preclude consideration of other benefits, as listed in the CR Zone, to achieve the maximum permitted FAR. All public benefits requested by the developer will be analyzed to make sure they are the most suitable for the Plan area, that they are consistent with the Plan’s vision, and that they satisfy the
changing needs of the area over time. For example, if the Apex Building site is redeveloped after construction of the default station design, to achieve the maximum FAR the requested public benefits would need to be significant and commensurate with the major public facilities recommended above.

The configuration of the Apex site and its relationship to the transit station and existing development on the block may limit the amount of density that can be accommodated on the site. The increase in density recommended in the Plan is thus further intended to encourage joint redevelopment with abutting properties on the block, and properties confronting the Apex Building site across Elm Street and Wisconsin Avenue. Under a joint redevelopment scenario, allowable density from multiple sites within one redevelopment project can be combined and redistributed among the sites, as long as the height limitations of the zones are not exceeded. Coordinated redevelopment that looks at the Plan Area as a whole will take maximum advantage of these unique circumstances, resulting in a better and more efficient design, with more inviting open space connections and a better mix of activating uses that is more economical to build. To facilitate this joint redevelopment, the Plan recommends rezoning the remaining properties on the block from CBD-2 to CR 5.0, C 5.0, R 5.0, H145, or to the equivalent zoning approved under the pending Zoning Code Rewrite, whichever is greater.

A key component of redeveloping the station site will be the station entrances, at the corner of Wisconsin Avenue and Elm Street, and in Woodmont Plaza, at the intersection of Bethesda and Woodmont Avenues. These spaces serve not only as critical access points to the transit station, but also as gateways to Downtown Bethesda. These spaces should be functional, welcoming, and activated by retail and entertainment uses and building entrances.

*Beyond Land Use and Zoning: Visionary Partners*

The Planning Department hired Bolan Smart Associates to review the public and private costs of realizing the alternative station designs within the 2015 timeframe set by MTA. Their analysis, which is included in the appendix, shows that, from the perspective of the owner of the Apex building, the increased economic value of additional density on the Apex site is largely offset by the significant cost associated with relocating the existing tenants, including the building owner and an established, though aging, movie theatre, and the additional private costs related to construction of the Purple Line station. Although additional zoning may incentivize redevelopment, additional measures, beyond those available to the Planning Board, are necessary to help guarantee redevelopment on MTA’s timetable.

Planning staff has worked closely with the Montgomery County Department of Economic Development (DED) and others to explore additional tools to incentivize redevelopment. Beyond or in concert with joint redevelopment of the block, these include financing based on significant anticipated increases in property taxes, as well as participation of the public-private partnership (“P3”) that MTA is exploring for the construction and operation of the Purple Line. This Plan supports those efforts.
Making the Connections: Transit and Bikeway Recommendations

Transit Station
The Plan makes station area recommendations under two scenarios, depending on whether the Apex Building is demolished before or after construction of the Purple Line.

The Apex building is demolished before Purple Line construction
If the Apex Building is demolished before the Purple Line is constructed, for MTA’s concept design the Plan recommends the following:
• the property owner provide easements on the Purple Line platform level and Wisconsin Avenue level to accommodate the station;
• station platforms located under a future building on the Apex site;
• station and tracks on a straight alignment;
• stairs providing pedestrian and bicycle connections between Wisconsin Avenue and the Purple Line platform;
• high-speed elevators for a new south entrance to the Bethesda Red Line Metro station that provide a pedestrian and bicycle connection to Wisconsin Avenue and the Purple Line platform;
• a travel time study and a pedestrian level of service study for Red Line passengers to determine whether the elevators stop at Wisconsin Avenue and / or the Purple Line level;
• a walkway providing a pedestrian and bicycle connection to Woodmont Avenue via Woodmont Plaza;
• over-run tracks extending west from the station platform into the Woodmont Plaza for not more than 30 feet from the tunnel’s western end;
• incorporating ventilation equipment into the new building;
• a minimum 10,000 sf. space reserved for a full-service bicycle storage facility located adjacent to the CCT tunnel route, the Purple Line platform, and the Red Line entrance. At a minimum, this facility should offer a range of bicycle parking options (e.g., short v. long term; minimum security v. higher security), shower and changing facilities, and bicycle repair.

The Apex building is demolished after Purple Line construction
If the Apex Building is demolished after the Purple Line is constructed, for MTA’s concept design the Plan recommends the following:
• the property owner provide easements on the Purple Line platform level and Wisconsin Avenue level to accommodate the station;
• station platforms under the Apex Building;
• station and tracks on a curved alignment;
• stairs for pedestrian connection between Elm Street and the Purple Line platform;
• high-speed elevators for a new south entrance to the Bethesda Red Line Metro station that provide a pedestrian and bicycle connection between Elm Street, the Purple Line platform, and the Red Line mezzanine;
• a walkway providing a pedestrian and bicycle connection to Woodmont Avenue via Woodmont Plaza;
• a pedestrian connection in the existing tunnel east to the CCT via a 5-7’-wide sidewalk on the north side of the tracks;
• over-run tracks extending west from the station platform into Woodmont Plaza for not more than 100 feet from the tunnel’s western end;
• ventilation equipment to be incorporated into a redeveloped Federal Realty site or in Woodmont Plaza;
• a minimum 10,000 sf. space reserved for a full-service bicycle storage facility located adjacent to the CCT tunnel route, the Purple Line platform, and the Red Line entrance. At a minimum, this facility should offer a range of bicycle parking options (e.g., short v. long term; minimum security v. higher security), shower and changing facilities, and bicycle repair.

Capital Crescent Trail

The CCT is a master-planned shared use path that runs through Bethesda and is proposed to connect to the Silver Spring Transit Center. Between Elm Street Park and Woodmont Avenue the trail branches into a tunnel route under Wisconsin Avenue and a surface route that crosses Wisconsin Avenue at grade. The two branches converge at the intersection of Woodmont Avenue and Bethesda Avenue, and the trail continues to Georgetown via an existing, hard-surface park trail. Early CCT plans showed the CCT sharing a tunnel with the Purple Line. In 2012, the County Council decided not to proceed with the tunnel as then envisioned, because of cost and liability issues associated with having the trail and the Purple Line in the same tunnel under the Apex Building. This meant that all trail users would have to use a surface route.

An alternative design of the Purple Line station that includes redevelopment of the Apex Building would result in a wider space under the building, with room for the CCT in its own tunnel as well as on local streets. However, the Plan recommends this route under any redevelopment of the Apex Building site, whether with the improved or the default station design. The Plan encourages flexibility in the alignment of the CCT route through the Apex Building property to facilitate coordination of building, station, and trail elements.

The Plan recommendations segment the CCT into the Mainline, Tunnel Route, and Surface Route. The Plan recommends construction of the mainline and the surface and tunnel routes to function as complementary transportation choices to serve a variety of needs. Each segment is described below.

Capital Crescent Trail Mainline

In the Plan area, the CCT mainline (SP-6) runs from the northern edge of Elm Street Park (just south of the Purple Line) southwest to the intersection of Elm Street and 47th Street, where it branches into the Tunnel Route and the Surface Route. The Plan recommends as key features of the CCT mainline within the Plan area:
• a smooth transition into Elm Street Park, avoiding sharp turns;
• a trail 11’ wide with 2’ shoulders through the northern portion of Elm Street Park, subject to grading analysis;
• an identifiable junction with the Tunnel Route and Surface Route in Elm Street Park at the corner of Elm Street and 47th Street;
• stormwater management and grading impacts associated with the CCT and/or Purple Line improvements within Elm Street Park to be included as part of the overall Purple Line stormwater management plan and designed so as not to reduce the useable area of the park available for existing and planned recreational facilities.

Capital Crescent Trail Route Segments

Capital Crescent Trail Tunnel Route
The CCT Tunnel Route (SP-6) would run from the intersection of Elm Street and 47th Street to Woodmont Avenue in a new tunnel beneath Wisconsin Avenue. The Plan recommends as key features of the Tunnel Route:
• a marked at-grade crossing of 47th Street that prioritizes trail users, with physical identifiers (such as a raised crosswalk) conveying a transition zone;
• a minimum 15’-wide trail on the south side of Elm Street between 47th Street and Wisconsin Avenue with ADA-compliant transitions from street level to tunnel level;
• a new tunnel (minimum 10’ vertical clearance and 16’ width) under Wisconsin Avenue south of the Purple Line station;
CAPITAL CRESCENT TRAIL
Redevelopment Option 1

WAVERLY STREET
PURPLE LINE TRANSITWAY
ELM STREET
WISCONSIN AVENUE

ELEVATOR ACCESS TO TRAIL
47 STREET
ELM STREET PARK
TUNNEL PORTAL FOR TRAIL
CONNECTION TO SURFACE TRAIL

SCALE: 1" = 20'

LEGEND
MTA PURPLE LINE  TRAIL AND CONNECTIONS  TRAIL IN TUNNEL
• a trail between Wisconsin Avenue and Woodmont Plaza (minimum 14’ vertical clearance and 16’ width) that limits conflicts with non-trail users and is visible from other areas of the station by non-trail users. As stated above, the Plan encourages flexibility in the alignment of the CCT route through the Apex Building property to facilitate coordination of building, station, and trail elements.

To encourage ease of use, the Plan recommends that the Tunnel not exceed a 5 percent slope, to the greatest extent practicable. The recommended tunnel concept is constrained at its eastern portal by a driveway serving 4610 Elm Street, potentially resulting in an 8 percent slope where the tunnel comes to grade. In order to be fully compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), this slope may require an elevator at the southeast corner of Wisconsin Avenue and Elm Street to service the tunnel. To avoid this, the Plan recommends either closing or relocating the 4610 Elm Street driveway, which the County should explore with the property owner.

Capital Crescent Trail Surface Route
The CCT Surface Route (SP-44) would run from the intersection of Elm Street and 47th Street to Woodmont Avenue, crossing Wisconsin Avenue at grade. The Plan recommends as key features of the Surface Route:
• a trail along the west side of Elm Street Park that consists of an 11’ shared-use path separated from 47th Street by a 5’ buffer, to be located within the 47th Street right-of-way and/or Elm Street Park;
• a trail along the south side of Willow Lane that includes an 11’-wide two-way cycle track\textsuperscript{1} for bicyclists and a sidewalk for pedestrians;
• a safer and more convenient protected crossing at the intersection of Wisconsin Avenue, Willow Lane, and Bethesda Avenue;
• a trail along the north side of Bethesda Avenue that includes an 11’-wide two-way cycle track for bicyclists and a minimum 10’-wide sidewalk for pedestrians;
• consolidated driveways on the north side of Bethesda Avenue to minimize conflicts between trail users and vehicles using driveways;
• sufficient queuing space for trails users and non-trail users at all intersections.

Improving the User Experience
The branding of the tunnel and surface routes for the CCT should be consistent with the mainline trail between Bethesda and Silver Spring, including lighting, signage, surface treatments, furniture, and pavement markings. As a segment of the trail where usage is expected to be the highest, continuous lighting on the trail is a priority. Lighting spillover into

\textsuperscript{1} Cycle tracks include the following characteristics:
• maintain horizontal separation with a buffer between the sidewalk and cycle track and a minimum 3 foot buffer between the cycle track and street;
• maintain vertical separation between cycle track, roadway, and pedestrian space; and
• maintain visual continuity and be differentiated from the pedestrian space by utilizing an asphalt surface along with a unique paver or concrete treatment, or by utilizing a green marking.
adjacent homes should be minimized by installing fixtures that prevent the light from rising above the level of the fixture and from extending beyond the desired area.

**Issues to be addressed in Future Plans**

**Bethesda CBD Sector Plan Update**

- CCT crossing of Woodmont Avenue and Bethesda Avenue intersection;
- transfers between the Purple Line and bus routes that currently stop only at the bus loop at the current Bethesda Metro station.

**Outreach**

Within the limited timeframe afforded by MTA’s schedule, staff has sought to engage the public in the development of the staff draft recommendations. Staff maintains a dedicated Plan website (www.montgomeryplanning.org/bethesdapurpleline) updated with new information, including MTA’s latest plans, and an opportunity to leave comments. Staff regularly updates interested parties via e-mail and more on twitter (@bethesdaPlanner, #bethesdapurpleline). The Plan has also received a fair amount of media coverage.

In early September, staff held a series of well-publicized Open House meetings at the Bethesda Chevy Chase Regional Services Center. Attended by 50-75 people, the meetings provided face-to-face opportunities for the public, media, and elected officials to see the new design alternatives, ask questions, and share thoughts.

The comments received from our outreach efforts indicate strong support for both the improved Purple Line station design, including the larger platform and the potential for long-term bike storage, and the new CCT tunnel. Safety and security were also of particular concern for the Purple Line Station, the CCT tunnel, and the CCT surface route, specifically:

- the length and curve of the tunnel;
- the slope of the tunnel as it comes back to street level;
- the tunnel will be safer than the surface route;
- the surface route should be designed for safety and marked clearly;
- lighting and security within the tunnel.

Other comments indicated the interest in an upgraded movie theatre, increased building height on this site and the CBD in general, pedestrian access to the Purple Line Station from the east, and consideration for future upgrade to heavy rail.

Analysis of the costs of redevelopment and of the CCT tunnel options was not complete by the time of the Open Houses and was therefore not presented. It is included in the appendices to this Plan.