ATTACHMENT 5: Summary of all Public Comments Received by 12-10-20 Updated for Worksession 3, 1-14-21

Note: Direct quotes are italicized, summarized comments are not italicized

Draft Plan means Public Hearing Draft Plan

Page numbers in the "Issue/Topic Area" column refer to the page numbers in the Public Hearing Draft Plan, unless otherwise noted.

General comments, overall organization and introduction of the Plan (Revised Draft—Section 1: Why we need a new comprehensive plan for the county)

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Organization of the Plan and need to	Various comments about the first fifty	Dan Wilhelm for	Staff concurs that the draft Plan
	make it concise	pages of the Plan (Introduction, Rationale	Greater	needs to be modified as indicated in
		and Context, Trends and Challenges, Major	Colesville Civic	these comments and as instructed by
		Themes):	Association,	the Planning Board on October 1,
		The intro section is too long and very	Scott Plumer for	2020. These comments will be
		difficult to use; some of the topics need to	Darnestown	considered and discussed further
		be combined; needs substantial revision to	Civic	during the Planning Board work
		make it clear and set the stage for the goals	Association,	sessions to inform revisions and
		and policies that follow; use easy to	Melanie Rose	reorganization of the draft plan.
		understand wording; need the big	White, Chair	
		important main points to be at the	Citizens	
		beginning; need clear statements about	Coordinating	
		how the plan will carve a path to the	Committee on	
		desired outcomes and prevent undesirable	Friendship	
		and unintended outcomes; need a logically	Heights,	
		cohesive and compelling complimentary	Jane Lyons for	
		set of policies; reduce redundancies;.	Coalition for	
		goals, policies, and actions related to a	Smarter	
		given topic should be contained in a single	Growth;	
		chapter rather than scattered throughout	Deborah	
		multiple chapters. A number of the goals,	Ingram,	
		policies, and actions seem too detailed for	Shruti	
		a general plan and could also "date" the	Bhatnagar,	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		plan. Suggest removing actions from the	Chair, Sierra	
		Plan and putting them in an appendix.	Club	
		Change or eliminate certain words or	Montgomery	
		phrases.	County, MD;	
			Stacy Silber,	
			Alain Norman,	
			Andy Leon	
			Harney, David	
			Sears, Bethesda,	
			Patricia Depuy	
			Johnson,	
			Michele	
			Albornoz,	
			Quentin	
			Remein,	
			President,	
			Cloverly Civic	
			Association,	
			Linda and Gay	
			Mullings Herb	
			Simmens,	
			Climate	
			Mobilization	
			Montgomery	
			County Chapter	
	Evolution of 1964 Wedges & Corridors	A reader of the first 50 pages of the report	Benjamin Ross	Thrive Montgomery acknowledges
	concept to Web of Corridors & Centers in	could easily take away the message that		both the successes and failures of the
	2020	this plan is a course correction in an already		'64 Plan. It recognizes that the
		successful plan, intended only to update in		original W&C concept has changed
		the light of new developments. That is not		through market forces and planning
		so.		initiatives to reflect the needs of last
				50 years.
		The great success of the 1964 plan is the		
		wedge - the Agricultural Reserve. But the		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
No.	Issue/Topic Area	corridors have succeeded by growing very differently from how that plan foresaw them. The 1964 plan envisioned highdensity urbanized centers built on greenfields outside the Beltway. Downtown Bethesda and Silver Spring were to remain low-density commercial districts serving the surrounding neighborhoods. Despite verbal nods to transit, the plan foresaw a county designed around automobile travel. The corridor cities are pictured like denser versions of Tysons Corner, built with wide streets around expressways. The plan needs to explicitly acknowledge the failures that we inherit from that orientation. One of them is office parks along I-270 that are full of empty space. Our vision for 2050 is a County that has maintained the green Wedges & Corridors structure from the current General Plan rather than being "disappeared" from the current draft document. It is stated that "Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes to reinforce this web of centers and corridors	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	The W&C concept does not exist in its purest form. The footprint of the development today is a hybrid of the original W&C concept and subsequent amendments. It is a reality that cannot be denied. Figure 1 on page 10 of the Draft Plan reflects that reality. Just as the '93 Plan reflected where the county was in '93, the "web of corridors" map proposed by the Draft Plan reflects where we are in 2020.
		by focusing growth around transit stations and along the major corridors." Where exactly are the corridors and centers? The first time that specific roads are identified as being corridors is on p.76, but it is unclear if these are all the proposed corridors.		

Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
It appears that we are doomed to a County of all corridors and no Wedges. So, what happened to the green Wedges? If the wedges have disappeared, does that mean that the County completely disregarded the principles of the existing General Plan? Does this mean that, no matter what is said in the Thrive Montgomery 2050 plan, the County will disregard this plan as well? We need to go back to the Wedges & Corridors concept which more clearly delineates areas of development. The 1964 Wedges and Corridors General Plan had a profound effect on the growth of both Gaithersburg and Germantown, as did the creation of the Agricultural Reserve. Those planning decisions created the Upcounty as a great place to live and raise a family. The 1964 General Plan and subsequent area Master Plans envisioned a strong commercial corridor along with a balance of residential and retail land use. While the residential and retail components have come to fruition, the balance of commercial enterprise is still lacking. Given the new direction of the THRIVE General Plan to focus on urban areas with ready access to transit, the question	Marilyn Balcombe for Germantown Chamber of Commerce	Stan Response
communities in the upper areas of		
	of all corridors and no Wedges. So, what happened to the green Wedges? If the wedges have disappeared, does that mean that the County completely disregarded the principles of the existing General Plan? Does this mean that, no matter what is said in the Thrive Montgomery 2050 plan, the County will disregard this plan as well? We need to go back to the Wedges & Corridors concept which more clearly delineates areas of development. The 1964 Wedges and Corridors General Plan had a profound effect on the growth of both Gaithersburg and Germantown, as did the creation of the Agricultural Reserve. Those planning decisions created the Upcounty as a great place to live and raise a family. The 1964 General Plan and subsequent area Master Plans envisioned a strong commercial corridor along with a balance of residential and retail land use. While the residential and retail components have come to fruition, the balance of commercial enterprise is still lacking. Given the new direction of the THRIVE General Plan to focus on urban areas with ready access to transit, the question remains as to how the suburban	of all corridors and no Wedges. So, what happened to the green Wedges? If the wedges have disappeared, does that mean that the County completely disregarded the principles of the existing General Plan? Does this mean that, no matter what is said in the Thrive Montgomery 2050 plan, the County will disregard this plan as well? We need to go back to the Wedges & Corridors concept which more clearly delineates areas of development. The 1964 Wedges and Corridors General Plan had a profound effect on the growth of both Gaithersburg and Germantown, as did the creation of the Agricultural Reserve. Those planning decisions created the Upcounty as a great place to live and raise a family. The 1964 General Plan and subsequent area Master Plans envisioned a strong commercial corridor along with a balance of residential and retail land use. While the residential and retail components have come to fruition, the balance of commercial enterprise is still lacking. Given the new direction of the THRIVE General Plan to focus on urban areas with ready access to transit, the question remains as to how the suburban communities in the upper areas of

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		Our County General Plan should be thinking	Cary Lamari	
		about expanding its Revenue and housing		
		sources, it should be encouraging as a main		
		emphasis the completion to the Satellite		
		Cities approach in the Wedges and		
		Corridors Plan. It should bolster investment		
		in Germantown, Clarksburg as new major		
		employment resources. The Plan should		
		highly emphasis the County and State		
		commitment to promote infrastructure and		
		services into these areas so as to balance		
		our economic reliance on our Down County		
		Area all the while building more affordable		
		housing within these communities.		
		We also appreciate recognition of the need	League of	
		to change from "wedges and corridors" to a	Women Voters	
		complete community concept that includes	of Montgomery	
		compact development, and we should focus	County	
		on other factors as well such as		
		encouraging healthier living (with reduced		
		reliance on cars), protecting wildlife,		
		limiting light pollution, encouraging local		
		food production via the agricultural reserve,		
		and better managing forest conservation.		
		The continuation of the Wedges and	TAME Coalition	
		Corridors structure of the General Plan -		
		- the current draft creates confusion with its		
		use of the term "web of		
		corridors."		
	Relationship to the 1964 General Plan of	The 1964 General Plan and its amendments	County	The "64 Plan proposed broad goals
	Wedges and Corridors	set goals for the purchase of thousands of	Executive	(total of 10 goals) and relied upon
		acres of parkland, mapped our land uses,		subsequent plans and actions to
		and planned for our future. Thrive		implement those policies. For
		Montgomery 2050 would best serve		example, it relied on the then parks

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		current and future county residents by identifying our needs—amenities in our east county communities, affordable housing in our cost prohibitive communities, and improved transportation		plan and the "park and open space acquisition program" to implement its recommendations for acquisition of parkland.
		to bring our residents closer to jobs and closer to each other, and then lay out a plan to accomplish these goals.		Thrive Montgomery 2050, as a high-level General Plan, identifies the county's challenges and needs for the next 30 years and proposes policy recommendations that will be implemented through more detailed future master and facility plans and targeted actions. These future plans and actions will identify the specific strategies and locations to provide adequate amenities for our communities, affordable housing, and improved transportation in a most sustainable and equitable manner.
	Requests to delay the Project due to the Coronavirus pandemic	The project should be delayed (various timeframes suggested, ranging from two months to until we learn the consequences of the pandemic). People have not been able to participate in the process due to the Coronavirus pandemic; uncertainty about pandemic-related trend for people desiring lower density living continues; residents are coping with major disruptions to their lives and do not have the time to participate fully in the review and comment on this new master plan; the long-term consequences of the pandemic are unknown, people's preferences may	County Executive, Coalition of incorporated municipalities and community organizations, TAME Coalition, Cary Lamari, Andy O'Hare for EBCA, Ken Bawer for West Montgomery	The Planning Department's work program and schedule is set by the County Council. Our work program was most recently discussed by the Council during our SemiAnnual Report in November. The Council did not change the schedule for the Thrive Montgomery 2050 project. The Council was informed in their decision by several points: It will be a long time before we know the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and how it will

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NO.	Issue/ Topic Area	change; residents of Montgomery County deserve the opportunity to review these changes before the Plan moves on to the County Council; need for in-depth public understanding and input to craft the Vision for Montgomery County for 2050. A 5-year review should be conducted in order to document the lasting impacts stemming from the pandemic.	Citizens Association, Cloverly Civic Association, Robert Oshel, Harold Pfohl, Alan Bowser, Carol Toth, Montgomery County Civic Federation, Kristy Daphnis, M. Allen, Donna R. Savage, Takoma Park Mobilization Environment Committee., Aspen Hill Advocates, Phyllis Edelman, Herb Simmens, Climate Mobilization Montgomery County Chapter	change out our long-term planning framework. Delaying Thrive Montgomery 2050, which is a long term policy document, does not make sense given that many of issues highlighted by the pandemic, such as an increased emphasis on equity and access to affordable housing, existed prior to the current crisis. We need to start laying out the groundwork to be address these ongoing issues and be more resilient in the face of disruptions. The COVID-19 pandemic has not curtailed community participation in this project. The Planning Department has done a great deal of outreach over the past 18 months. The outreach has continued throughout the pandemic and we believe it has been very effective in reaching both people who typically participate in planning activities as well as people who have not participated in the past. We have conducted multiple virtual community and agency partner outreach activities over the Spring, Summer and Fall to gain feedback on earlier draft goals, policies and actions. This feedback helped to

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				inform the development of the
				Working Draft Plan released in
				September.
	Requests NOT to delay the project due to	we cannot delay the work that this	Alison Gillespie	Staff concurs
	the Coronavirus pandemic	document details If COVID has taught us		
		anything, it is the need to remain flexible		
		and nimble. I would urge you to not chain		
		yourself to a long list of prescriptions. Trust		
		the sector plan process, and the hearings		
		that follow, to do what they are designed to		
		do. I certainly do at this point. Let the		
		planners that come after you in the ensuing		
		decades be inspired by concepts and ideals.		
		Don't shackle them to tightly prescribed		
		parameters We need to get started now.		
		There is no sense in waiting until some		
		perfect moment arrives and an		
		encyclopedia-like document has been		
		completed. Let's go, let's dig in.		
		Let's begin to THRIVE right now.		
	Relationship to the '93 Plan	There are numerous similarities between	Scott Plumer for	Thrive Montgomery 2050 articulates
	Relationship to the 33 Han	the 1993 plan refinements and the Public	Darnestown	a long-term vision and a set of goals
		Hearing Draft Plan, but many important	Civic Association	and polices to achieve that vision. It
		protections have been dropped from the	CIVIC ASSOCIACION	emphasizes the discontinuance and
		PH Draft Plan.		mitigation of past land use practices
		The new plan promotes many more		that created a pattern of sprawl. The
		desirable paths forward than its		detailed controls and guidelines to
		predecessors and if implemented take		prohibit undesirable practices are
		pressure off sensitive and strategic		contained in the regulatory
		protected areas. Promoting preferred		framework including the Zoning
		practices is not enough. Harmful practices		Ordinance and other parts of the
		must be banned or required to meet		County Code. Thrive Montgomery

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		extremely difficult hurdles to be approved. Promoting infill and compaction near transit is not enough, you also have to protect against sprawl where it is likely to occur.		contains multiple actions to update these regulations to help address a number of issues resulting from earlier land use practices.
	Provision of infrastructure to support new growth	With the passage of the new Subdivision Staging Policy on Monday, November 16 (now called the Growth and Infrastructure Policy), development may proceed without assuring adequate public facilities. Absent a timing or staging requirement to coordinate new infrastructure with new development, we have no way of assuring that public facilities will keep pace with future growth.	County Executive	Thrive Montgomery 2050 recommendations will be implemented through subsequent area master plans, countywide functional master plans and related sectional map amendments, district map amendments, zoning text amendments or other mechanisms approved by the County Council. Developments will be subject to local area master plan compliance and the Growth and Infrastructure Policy (GIP) requirements and guidelines, as amended by future Council Councils. Any specific assurances for timely provision of infrastructure and public services should be analyzed and included in the future master plans and GIP updates.
	Lack of discussion of the suburbs or rural areas.	The draft does not explain why this plan omits any discussion of the suburbs or rural areas. Will suburban and large lot rural areas still exist in 30 years, or is this plan proposing that for the next 30 years all development will be compact and dense? In the next draft, please clarify whether this plan still supports the geographic areas of Suburban Communities and the Rural Wedge as part of the future of this County.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes to direct all future growth to transit station nodes along major corridors that have the infrastructure and other amenities to support this growth, instead of to rural and other low density areas of the county. See the "web of corridors" graphic on page 10 of the draft Plan. All other suburban and rural residential areas

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		If not, what does the plan support for those		beyond the 15-minute walking
		geographic areas? The plan should include		distance of these transit nodes will
		a schematic map.		continue to exist. The idea of
				compact development applies to any
				new construction or redevelopment
				(upgrade of a strip shopping center,
				e.g.) in order to better utilize the
				limited land available for infill
				development outside of rural and
				other constrained parts of the
				county.
				The Planning Board Draft Plan will
				further elaborate on what is
				envisioned for suburban and rural
				areas.
	Provide a map of future growth areas	The plan should include a schematic map to	County	These comments will be considered
		clarify whether this plan still supports the	Executive, Jane	and discussed further during the
		geographic areas of Suburban Communities	Lyons, East	Planning Board work sessions to
		and the Rural Wedge as part of the future	Bethesda	inform revisions and reorganization
		of this County. A map that spotlights which	Citizens	of the draft plan.
		proportion of urban, suburban and rural communities are to become	Association	
		Complete Communities with Missing		
		Middle housing would be helpful.		
	Identify new policies v current policies	The draft needs to clearly identify new	County	Thrive Montgomery 2050 will
	lacitary new policies v current policies	policies originating in this draft. Right now,	Executive, 8-14-	incorporate best practices in planning
		it is difficult to tell whether a policy	20 (This	policies reflected in recent master
		recommendation is brand new or already	comment was	plans such as the Bicycle Master Plan
		being implemented.	made on the 6-	as well as brand new innovative
			11-20 draft of	policies and action
			Vision, Goals,	recommendations.
			Policies and	
			Actions)	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Need for an advisory committee	Support the Thrive draft plan, especially the goals of compact growth, inclusion, and the corridors. More compact growth will allow for the population increase and support 15-minute living. The 15-minute living concept promotes the growing senior population, reduces auto use, and can be executed in all areas. Inclusion in diversifying neighborhoods is the key to promoting equity, and we should promote a range of housing types to accommodate that. Growth corridors are good for transit and density. Living, working, and going to school with people from different backgrounds is an advantage. In this time of a pandemic, however, it is difficult to have an interactive dialogue	Tina Slater Melanie Rose White, Chair	Staff concurs Staff believes that the outreach and engagement process employed to get
		about such issues that deeply impact our communities. Perhaps there could be an advisory committee formed to discuss specific issues that would affect those neighborhoods where Thrive Montgomery would have the greatest impact?	Citizens Coordinating Committee on Friendship Heights	community feedback for Thrive Montgomery reached a large and diverse audience, especially those who are typically not involved in land use planning. The Plan's detailed impacts on local communities will be discussed during the subsequent master plans which will be main vehicle for implementation of the Plan's recommendations.
	Possibility of severely constrained budget in the near future	The Plan should design for the likelihood that the County's budget will be severely constrained for some years to come – something that no number of PPPs will remedy.	Irene N. Lane, Councilmember, Town of Chevy Chase, Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated	The implementation of this 30-year Plan over multiple decades will need to adjust to economic and fiscal realities of the current and future disruptions and growth cycles. Thrive Montgomery 2050 already anticipates that new funding sources

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
NO.	Plan's relationship to underlying master plans.	What is the relationship of the new General Plan to the underlying previously adopted functional plans, master plan, and sector plans? Does the draft Plan supersede the underlying plan's goals, policies, and actions? If so, it may be helpful to citizens and the development community to explain this relationship.	Municipalities and Community Organizations Maryland Department of Planning (MDP)	will need to be identified to help implement its policies and includes several action recommendations to explore those opportunities. The plan's implementation chapter recognizes that the Capital Improvements Program, facility planning and other implementation tools will manage decisions about funding availability at the time of implementation. Thrive Montgomery 2050 is an amendment to the county's current General Plan of 1969 as amended by all subsequent master plans. However, as a long-term policy document it does not amend any of the specific recommendations of the underlying master plans already in place. The "Abstract" on page 2 of the draft Plan states, "None of the plan's zoning-related recommendations can be implemented without a sectional map amendment, district map amendment, or a zoning text
				amendment approved by the County Council."
	All suburban areas to become urban?	The plan seems intent on transforming Montgomery County, except for the Agricultural Reserve, into a more dense urban area rather than the suburban environment that led us to decide to live in Montgomery County.	Robert Oshel, Silver Spring	Thrive Montgomery 2050 does not recommend eliminating suburban and rural areas. It recommends allowing more diverse housing types near transit stations to meet its housing affordability, climate change,

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
				equity, and environmental sustainability goals. Thrive Montgomery also recommends providing neighborhood amenities within suburban and rural areas closer to residents' homes to increase access to these services and reduce driving for suburban and rural residents.
	Overall density caps for master plans	The concept of overall density caps for master plans should be done away with within the general plan. Markets already regulate density, a cap set by available infrastructure gives legislators an avenue to prevent population growth. If infrastructure becomes overburdened then the solution is to improve the infrastructure rather than limit the ability of new residents to move to an area.	Michael Dutka	Staff believes that the draft Plan should not constrain underlying master plans from determining the most appropriate tools for planning and managing the county's growth. The determination of maximum growth in each master plan area is a useful tool to direct growth in desirable locations and help estimate the long-term needs for infrastructure and public services to support that amount of growth. The county's Growth and Infrastructure Policy is another tool to manage interaction between desirable growth and the provision of infrastructure.
	Need for updates of the Four Corners Master Plan and the Kemp Mill Master Plans	An in-depth planning effort to evaluate community-specific issues and update the Four Corners Master Plan and the Kemp Mill Master Plan, in our view, is a critical predicate to the TM 2050 planning exercise.	Sharon Canavan for Northwood Four Corners Civic Association (NFCCA)	Thrive Montgomery 2050 will serve as the foundation to inform future master plan updates. Its role is to provide high-level policy direction that will be implemented in a more detailed way by master plans that respond to the needs of specific communities.

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	Local municipalities should continue to	Need to make sure that residents fully	Coalition of	Although Thrive Montgomery 2050's
	retain regulatory authority over building	support the Plan, and that the Plan is	Incorporated	recommendations will not apply to
	regulations for all types of residential	implemented in a manner compatible with	Municipalities	the municipalities that have their
	housing within their jurisdictions	the features and characteristics of local	and Community	own planning and zoning authority,
		neighborhoods that communities cherish.	Organizations;	the Plan sets a common vision for the
			Melanie Rose	entire county and hopes to work
		The draft Plan should expressly recognize	White, Chair	cooperatively with all jurisdictions
		and state that local municipalities will	Citizens	within and outside the county to
		continue to retain regulatory authority over	Coordinating	achieve our common goals and
		building regulations for all types of	Committee on	aspirations
		residential housing within their	Friendship	
		jurisdictions, including Missing Middle	Heights,	
		housing and that unincorporated	Irene N. Lane,	
		neighborhoods have a real say about the	Town	
		physical changes that are made within their	Councilmember,	
		boundaries.	Town of Chevy	
			Chase	
	Support for major concepts of the Plan	I applaud the shift from preservation to	David Sears,	Comment noted.
		creation of a better place, which improves	Bethesda	
		quality of life for all; and to plan for the		
		interests of the entire county, not insular		
		neighborhood interests; shifting from		
		planning for cars to planning for people;		
		changing equity in schools to equity in the		
		larger community; and removing the		
		emphasis on single family homes to create		
		a wide range of housing options.		

PREFACE

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	With most of Montgomery County's available land built out, we need to accommodate the projected new population growth of 200,000 people over the next 30 years. The way we think about growth needs to change. We need to reconsider sites where growth was previously not deemed possible. We need to use new growth and redevelopment to create places with greater social capital and connectedness among residents from different backgrounds. (P. 6)	The Preface states that "we need to accommodate the projected new population growth of 200,000 people over the next 30 years." This is presented without evidence. Who is projecting this population growth, and what are the underlying assumptions for this projection? The plan treats population growth as an expectation, rather than as either a desired goal or a potential problem. The plan assumes we have no control over our own destiny. If it is assumed that population growth will occur, then it is reasonable to plan to limit sprawl and concentrate growth. Were residents surveyed on their opinion? Would a higher population lead to a lower quality of life, regardless of where in the County they live? Would current residents prefer to set goals of sustainable growth including sustainable population growth, sustainable economic growth, sustainable/increased natural resources protection, and sustainable/increased quality of life? WMCCA recommends gathering citizen input on this issue, perhaps with a countywide survey of residents. And, of course, a survey should be crafted so as to not lead to a desired response.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association, Herb Simmens, Climate Mobilization Montgomery County Chapter	The estimate of population growth of approximately 200,000 people by 2045 is based on the Metropolitan Washington Council of Government's (MWCOG) long-term cooperative forecasts for all jurisdictions in the Washington DC region. Population forecasts are developed through a collaborative process involving MWCOG and all jurisdictions in the region. Montgomery County along with other jurisdictions in the region with expected future population growth proactively plan for the expected future growth to make sure it is done in a sustainable manner consistent with the jurisdiction's vision and aspirations. Putting artificial limits on growth is neither practical nor desirable for a number of reasons. For example, since we cannot stop people from coming to this region, limiting growth in the county will make housing increasingly more expensive and exacerbate inequities and other issues. Additionally, communities with population decline also typically experience economic decline.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	The way we think about growth needs	WMCCA Comment: We agree. The focus	Kenneth Bawer	Staff concurs that all growth must be
	to change." (P. 6)	should be on sustainable growth, not simply growth, given that we have finite resources (both natural and economic). Instead of saying, "The way we think about growth needs to change," which is true as far as it goes, we should make a more declarative statement such as, "We need to think in terms of sustainable growth. Sustainable growth is defined as growth that both enhances the quality of life for residents but also enhances the environmental health of our remaining natural areas." For each "item" in the plan, is the above reflected? See the UN's Sustainable Development Goals	for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	sustainable.
		(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sustainable_ Development_Goals)		
	Growth projections	The plan projects that we will need to accommodate 200,000 people in the future, we need to be careful that this projection does not become a cap Specific projections on future population numbers should be removed.	Michael Dutka	The future population projections are estimates only, not a cap. They are updated periodically to reflect the latest data to prepare for the estimated growth and adjust our planning framework, if needed.
	The Plan recognizes that our quality of life depends on the ability to attract and retain employers and the employees they need.	WMCCA Comment: Change to read, "The Plan recognizes that our quality of life depends not only on the principle of full employment with living wages, but also on maintaining and enhancing our environment to provide clean air and water, natural areas for plant and animal life, and passive recreation.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

INTRODUCTION

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	WHY UPDATE THE GENERAL PLAN	WMCCA Comment: What is the evidence	Kenneth Bawer	There is plenty of evidence,
	(P. 11)	that we are struggling to attract businesses	for West	documented by the research and
	" we also are struggling to attract	and why is this a problem? Simply saying	Montgomery	studies conducted by the Planning
	businesses, grappling with a legacy of	that we lag behind other jurisdictions such	County Citizens	Department as well as outside
	racial and economic inequities, and	as Fairfax in the number of businesses	Association	sources to demonstrate that the
	fighting to protect the natural	attracted in a given time frame does not		county has been struggling with
	environment."	necessarily make this a problem if the		attracting jobs for some time.
		overriding concern is sustainable growth.		

PLANNING CONTEXT

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Trends and Challenges			
	Incomplete information	In the discussion that follows, the portrait of Montgomery County is not always complete, and the identified problems are without context, even though these problems are found throughout the country. It would be helpful to know whether the County is doing better or worse than the rest of Maryland, the region, and/or comparable counties throughout the country. This introduction needs more context and more facts, so that the County can more easily assess its weaknesses and strengths, and then address them.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Trends and challenges section is based on a series of other reports and documents (see the 2019 Montgomery County Trends: A Look at People, Housing and Jobs Since 1990, January 2019, Also see a summary presentation of the Trends report and the February 2020 Thrive Montgomery 2050 Issues Report) that provide more detailed data and references to support the statements in the draft Plan.
	Need to identify the financial challenges posed by the recommendations of this Plan	It is essential that Thrive Montgomery 2050 identify the financial challenges posed by the recommendations of this Plan. During the last 12 years, growth was supposed to accompany the massive up-zoning of the County – and nothing happened. There is no analysis here of what the impediments are to businesses locating here. We are zoned for millions of square feet of new office, we have at least 10 million square feet of vacant commercial that's been sitting here since the onset of the last recession so space is not the problem, rents are not out of line regionally, and taxes on new development are possibly the lowest in the region.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Montgomery Planning has conducted research and studies to document the economic challenges facing the county (Montgomery County Trends: A Look at People, Housing and Jobs Since 1990, January 2019; Montgomery County Retail Strategy, September 2017; and Office Market Assessment, Montgomery County, MD, June 2015) Thrive Montgomery 2050 highlights challenges the county faces that have been identified in earlier studies and proposes broad policy recommendations to set the stage for the next detailed level of analyses

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				and actions, including the financial implications of implementation. For example, Thrive Montgomery 2050 includes a policy about reusing underutilized office space; this policy will shape further work to determine specific solutions.
	Affordable housing needs to be balanced by better paying jobs	The Argument for Change section characterizes the General Plan update as residential and transit environmental oriented, without adequately addressing the critical need to integrate employment planning in order to address the income side of the housing cost/burden challenge. The focus on residential identifies the challenges and solutions as: i) limited land available for production due to current zoning; ii) cost burdens and equitable access to ownership and amenities as a function of supply limitations, and iii) increasing the younger population for economic vibrancy.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	The draft Plan includes a dedicated chapter focused on improving the county's economy and growing job opportunities for county residents.
	How the Plan will be funded	All prior plans have recognized that their recommendations should be considered within the County's ability to provide the necessary funding, albeit over a long period of time—30 years. Funding will be addressed in the financial impact statement that the County Executive is required to prepare within 60 days of the Planning Board's transmittal of its draft to the District Council. It is difficult for OMB to quantify the fiscal impact of this General Plan. It is not clear if	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Thrive Montgomery 2050 does not specify its implementation costs because the full range of actions to implement its recommendations cannot be determined today. Other tools and actions will be added to the list as more detail plans are developed to flesh out its recommendations. Therefore, any attempt to determine the full cost of the plan now will be an incomplete exercise

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		the implementation plan will have more		
		detail. The fiscal analysis of this draft		
		appears to involve both additional costs as		
		well as some possible revenue impacts.		
	Need for more data	It's unclear why the median household	County	Montgomery Planning has conducted
		income declined (e.g. are more people	Executive, 8-14-	research and studies to document
		retiring, are more lower income households	20 (This	the existing conditions and trends.
		moving into the County, has household size	comment was	See <u>Montgomery County Trends: A</u>
		declined?). Understanding the answers to	made on the 6-	Look at People, Housing and Jobs
		these questions might lead to different	11-20 draft of	Since 1990, January 2019 and other
		definitions of problems to be solved. Have	Vision, Goals,	studies available on the R&SP
		the incomes of County residents over the	Policies and	<u>Division website.</u>
		last 10-20 years skewed in a different	Actions)	
		direction from incomes in surrounding		
		counties? What is the mismatch between		
		jobs available and the skill level of		
		residents?		
	The county's overall diversity is not	Is this different from any place else in the	County	Thrive Montgomery 2050
	reflected at the neighborhood level. Our	region? How do we compare? How do Park	Executive, 8-14-	acknowledges that past planning
	neighborhoods are largely separated	and Planning and zoning policies which	20 (This	practices have contributed to current
	along income and racial lines	focus on expensive high-rise development	comment was	state of inequity and geographic
	(ATTACHMENT 1), which has far-reaching	around metros continue to foster economic	made on the 6-	segregation of the county's
	implications for people of color at the	and racial segregation?	11-20 draft of	neighborhoods along racial and
	lower-income levels as well as the county	(OMB: It would be useful to have maps that	Vision, Goals,	income lines. This is a problem
	as a whole. This geographic separation	show income distributions)	Policies and	throughout the DC region and other
	also keeps people of different		Actions)	parts of the United States. Thrive
	ethnic/racial and economic backgrounds			Montgomery 2050 elevates equity as
	from interacting with each other as			one of three of the Plan's major
	neighbors on a daily basis outside of			outcomes, and proposes to address
	work. (Trends and challenges, from the 6-			racial justice and inequity through a
-	11-20 staff report, page 6)			number of goals and policies.
	The county's demographics are changing	How much of this is rooted in the millennial	County	Please see <u>Montgomery County</u>
	in other ways as well. For example, the	wave having hit strong economic	Executive, 8-14-	<u>Trends: A Look at People, Housing</u>
	percentage of householders living alone	headwinds that studies show have delayed	20 (This	and Jobs Since 1990, January 2019,

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	has increased from 7% in 1960 to 25% in 2018 (ATTACHMENT 2). This trend has huge implications for the kind of housing that is needed in the future as well as services and amenities to support a different mix of household types in the past. (Trends and challenges, from the 6-11-20 report, page 6)	marriage or other committed relationships and child-bearing? It's not safe to extrapolate the increased percentage of people living alone as a permanent condition, when it may only reflect a delay in family formation.	comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Also see a summary presentation of the Trends report at https://www.arcgis.com/apps/Cascade/index.html?appid=f02d34e190f54db4bd1d584b94a8482c
	1. The county is growing at a slower rate then in the past, but it will still add more than 200,000 residents in the next 25-30 years. (P. 13)	Trend 1. It should be explained why the first identified trend (adding 200,000 residents over the next 25-30 years) is happening, as well as make the argument for why it is good for our economy and climate goals that this trend is happening in Montgomery County.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	2. The amount of unconstrained land available for growth is very limited. The county must shift its focus to redevelopment and reuse of underdeveloped land, which requires a different set of public policies and approaches to growth than those that have guided the county over the past decades.	WMCCA Comment: What does "underdeveloped" land mean? As written, the implication is that it is a mistake to have lower density land because there is money to be made by overdevelopment. We disagree with that premise. The county must shift its focus from growth which benefits primarily developers to only allowing growth either 1) in those areas where more environmental damage (e.g. to stream water quality) will not be inflicted, or 2) in areas which are designated as stormwater control zones which require, for example, containment of stormwater from 100 year (or greater) storm events	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	The Plan states that there is less land available for development today than in the past, so future development will need to occur as infill and redevelopment of existing sites. Underdeveloped land means the land is already developed under current zoning but could accommodate additional development. Redevelopment of already developed land is generally considered more sustainable and therefore more desirable than development of virgin land.
	5. The county is becoming older. The aging population may put downward pressure on household incomesAn	WMCCA Comment: The baby boom bubble of older people is a temporary phenomenon. Expenses such as "retirement	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery	Please see the 2019 Montgomery County <u>Trends Report</u> ; <u>Older Adults</u> <u>Housing Study</u> , 2018; and the

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	aging population, without a commensurate increase in younger workers, means lower average household incomes and changing needs for social services.	programs for old people" may be more than offset by the lower need for public education expenses.	County Citizens Association	February 2020 Thrive Montgomery 2050 <u>Issues Report</u>) that provide more detailed data and references to support the statements in the draft Plan.
	7. We are not producing enough housing in accessible locations to meet our needs. (Page 21.)	The MDOT MTA supports the inclusion that the development of a new bus rapid transit network should be complemented by land use and zoning changes to create more attainable and affordable housing along those corridors. Additionally, identifying and referencing the relationship between reliable and efficient transit and affordable housing is significant.	MDOT	Comment noted, no response needed.
	8. Recent sluggish economic growth requires that the county strengthen its competitive advantages in the global economy.	WMCCA Comment: The emphasis should not be on job growth, but rather sustainability and quality of life. Fairfax County emphasized attracting more businesses for job growth (to "broaden the tax base") and look at what happened. Taxes never went down, and the only ones who benefitted were landowners, realtors, and builders, not the average citizen.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Thrive Montgomery 2050 contains numerous goals, policies and actions focused on increasing sustainability and quality of life, in chapters such as Complete Communities, Sustainable Environment and Adaptable Growth.
	11. Declining trends in public health and well-being indicate a growing need for a healthier more active lifestyle. (Page 24)	The MDOT MTA supports the attention paid to the intersection of public health and transit.	MDOT	Comment noted, no response needed.
	12. Climate change threatens all aspects of life. (P. 24.)	Page 23, Trend 12. It would be helpful to identify which climate change impacts Montgomery County is projected to be the most at-risk for.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	The County's Draft Climate Action Plan, to be released in December, will identify the climate change hazards for which Montgomery County is most at risk. This information can be incorporated into Thrive Montgomery. Thrive Montgomery 2050 lays out long-term adaptation

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				ideas to be more resilient to the
				impacts of climate change.
	Why do we need to accommodate	The last major revision to the master plan	Quentin Remein	These comments are based on the
	projected growth.	was in 1964 and there were eight public	for Cloverly Civic	staff's PowerPoint presentation to
		hearings. Most residents have not	Association	the Planning Board on October 1,
		experienced a master plan revision in their		2020.
		lifetime and do not even understand the		
		significance of a General Master Plan.		The estimate of population growth of approximately 200,000 people by
		Unfortunately, the County has been		2045 is based on the Metropolitan
		overtaken by decisions that have resulted in		Washington Council of Government's
		urban sprawl.		(MWCOG) long-term cooperative
				forecasts for all jurisdictions in the
		The general master plan and Cloverly		Washington DC region. Population
		Master Plan have served the residents well.		forecasts are developed through a
				collaborative process involving
		Can a development plan create desirable		MWCOG and all jurisdictions in the
		places or make us economically resilient? Probably not!		region.
				Montgomery County, like other
		Why should we be growing the County at		jurisdictions in the region experiencing
		all? Build it better! Our schools need		population growth, must proactively plan
		improvement, the public transportation		to direct that growth to ensure the
		system needs improvement, there are a lot		county can avoid future sprawl. Infill and redevelopment take advantage of sites
		of vacant buildings in the county,		that are already built, which minimizes
		improvement of aging utility systems, etc.		sprawl development on greenfield sites
		Much of the unconstrained area is land		and leverages infrastructure already in
		that is not buildable. Have you considered a		place.
		Net Zero Growth Option?		
				Thrive Montgomery 2050 promotes
		Why is infill required? Why expand urban		providing a variety of housing choices
		sprawl?		to meet different households needs.

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		The development changes have already		The spread of COVID is not
		been done under the existing Master Plan.		necessarily linked to density but
		Why is more urban and growth needed?		design.
		Why can't this be done under the current		
		plan?		
		Why congest corridors with urban growth?		
		The current master plan provides all these		
		types of housing		
		First-generation immigrant residents often		
		seek out and feel more secure and		
		comfortable in communities of their ethnic		
		background. Not everyone sees diversity as		
		their strength.		
		A new revamped Master Plan is not		
		required if we accept Net Zero Growth and		
		make incremental changes to the plan to		
		offer more possibilities to people without		
		requiring everyone to give up their cars and		
		housing choices. Covid has made it clear		
		that many people can work at home		
		reducing rush hours, and that urban		
		lifestyles make control of pandemics more		
		difficult.		
	Planning contexts and challenges	Additional planning contexts and	Jane Lyons for	These comments will be discussed
		challenges should include: 1) Montgomery	Coalition for	further during the Planning Board
		County's racial and economic segregation	Smarter Growth	worksessions.
		and 2) Montgomery County's greenhouse		
		gas emissions by sector, and how both of		Additionally, the county's Draft
		these trends have changed over time.		Climate Action Plan being released in
				December will include detailed

Thrive Montgomery 2050 – Planning Board Worksession Attachment 5: Summary of Public Hearing Testimony

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				analysis and data about greenhouse
				gas emissions by sector.

A PLAN TO THRIVE

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Ratio	onale and Context			
	Ag Reserve must benefit the entire county	The walkable, bikeable, transit-oriented "15 minute living" advocated for in the Thrive Montgomery 2050 plan where racial and social equity, economic competitiveness and environmental sustainability are all paramount makes eminent sense and has my full support. My primary criticism of the draft plan is that it doesn't sufficiently acknowledge the Ag Reserve must benefit the entire county and not just those who live there. One reasonable and necessary use of the Ag Reserve is to accommodate commercial solar farms that comply with appropriate restrictions and requirements such as contained in a text amendment now under	Brian Ditzler. Silver Spring	Staff concurs with the comment about acknowledging that the Ag Reserve is for the benefit of the entire county. The proposed solar farm zoning text amendment is undergoing a separate review process outside of the scope the General Plan Update process.
	Figure 20: Pike & Rose in White Flint, before and after redevelopment. (P. 34)	consideration by the County Council. WMCCA Comment: The redevelopment of the 8.78-acre shopping center site with housing, shops, offices and open spaces reduced its stormwater runoff by 77%." This is a misleading "victory", since the Pike and Rose site before development was mostly just a large parking lot. The implication is that we need higher density development to reduce stormwater runoff. What is needed is more stringent stormwater control regulations and elimination of waivers.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Staff disagrees. The graphic is provided to illustrate the benefits of redevelopment, which can provide more up to date stormwater management improvements where none existed before.

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	Rural communities.	Proposed Addition to the introductory	Scott Plumer for	These comments will be considered
		pages of the general plan:	Darnestown	and discussed further during the
			Civic Association	Planning Board work sessions to
		Communities outside of the sewer envelope		inform revisions and reorganization
		represent a viable, desirable, vital, wholly		of the draft plan.
		appropriate, important type of		
		development, place making, and way of		
		life. Rural living is resilient, healthy,		
		equitable living in a sustainable,		
		harmonious coexistence with the natural		
		environment and heritage sites.		
		Stewardship of all ecosystem components,		
		especially regionally critical systemic		
		components such as native plants,		
		watersheds, groundwater and soils is the		
		prime guiding factor in planning human		
		activities in Rural Communities. Curation of		
		heritage sites and their surrounds is an		
		exceptional feature of Rural Communities.		
		Open spaces, low levels of impervious		
		surfaces, and low occupancy densities span		
		the entirety of Rural Communities. Rural		
		Communities strive for sufficiency in		
		production and consumption of water,		
		food, energy, and waste disposal, first and		
		foremost with local resources.		
	Rural communities.	[Submitted] two must have items for the	Scott Plumer for	These comments will be considered
		proposed new plan simply titled "Two	Darnestown	and discussed further during the
		Must-Have Items". The first item seeks to	Civic Association	Planning Board work sessions to
		control development and traffic outside the		inform revisions and reorganization
		sewer envelope to protect the environment		of the draft plan.
		and reduce sprawl. The second item seeks		
		acknowledgement of Rural Communities as		
		a viable, desirable, vital, wholly		

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		appropriate, important type of		
		development, place making, and way of		
		life.		
	Lack of attention to mid-county and	One example of the failings in this plan is	Cary Lamari	Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes
	upcounty areas.	the lack of respect to the lack of equity		to update the pattern of
		between the up County, Mid County and		development already established by
		the Down County. Traditionally in the		the W&C concept and as amended by
		Wedges and Corridors Plan it put emphasis		subsequent master plan
		in the urban core, the satellite cities and		amendments. It proposes future
		chose to protect suburbia and our semi-		growth where it can be supported by
		rural and rural areas. This Plan focuses on		the current infrastructure and transit,
		specific transit corridors most within the		but it does not ignore other areas of
		down county area and promotes the lion's		the county. The idea of Complete
		portion of investment in perpetuity or at		Communities will require significant
		least 30 years into these areas		investment in existing suburban and
				rural communities to make them
		Today and for the last couple of decades		more desirable place to live and
		our County has invested much in re-		work. It recommends new transit to
		inventing Silver Spring and other		places of employment that currently
		down county areas because as the Down		do not have transit.
		County goes so does Montgomery. These		
		efforts however have put a strain on the		
		rest of our County. By supporting the up		
		county in an effort to make it a major		
		economic engine for the County and the		
		State we balance our needs for economic		
		growth and with that balance we also		
		create balance for some of the		
		transportation needs of our County by		
		reducing commute time and creating jobs		
		closer in for many residents.		
	Support major concepts of the draft Plan.	Equitable housing and food access,	Alex Keller	Staff concurs.
		environmental protection, and an inclusive,		
		vibrant economy are critical to a resilient		

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		future for our communities. In particular, I support the prioritization of walkable and bikeable spaces, decreased reliance on car transportation, public transit accessibility of affordable housing, and an overarching ethic of environmentally responsible development.		
	Three Major Outcomes of the Plan. (P. 36)	The text on page 35 covering the three overarching outcomes should be deleted since these outcomes are the three major challenges.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

Major Themes

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		For each of the themes, text needs to be added to explain how it relates to the	Dan Wilhelm for Greater	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the
		trends and addresses the challenges. Every challenge needs to be addressed by at least one theme. The linkage is largely missing.	Colesville Civic Association	Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
		The major themes on pages 36-44 need to		
		be linked back to the five challenges and		
		form the basis for the elements that follow.		
	Three Major Outcomes of the Plan.	We believe the major themes of THRIVE are	Shruti	Comment noted, no response
	(P. 36)	accurate descriptors of where the county	Bhatnagar,	needed.
		needs to move over the coming decades.	Chair, Sierra	
		THRIVE advocates for a robust future that	Club	
		includes compact development, creation	Montgomery	
		of diverse neighborhoods to promote racial	County, MD	
		justice and equity, growth concentrated		
		around transit, a wider range of housing		
		options throughout the county,		

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		transportation that focuses on moving		
		people, not cars, and eradication of		
		greenhouse gas emissions. Equally		
		important is the vision of complete		
		communities connected also by green		
		corridors. These corridors serve as critical		
		natural infrastructure because they		
		increase resilience to the impacts of climate		
		change and protect water quality.		
	Three Major Outcomes of the Plan.	Page 36. The three outcome statements are	Herb Simmens	These comments will be considered
		a mixture of expected outcomes and		and discussed further during the
		background information. Given their		Planning Board work sessions to
		importance we suggest the statements be		inform revisions and reorganization
		rewritten as follows:		of the draft plan.
		Equity: 'All residents have equal access to		
		attainable housing, healthy foods,		
		employment, transportation, education,		
		safe, healthy and complete communities		
		and more.'		
		Economic Health: Our well-being depends		
		upon a having a diverse, resilient		
		and competitive economy supported by a		
		healthy mix of large and small employers		
		and growing federal campuses, whose		
		talents attract entrepreneurial enterprises,		
		all with a diverse and skilled workforce.		
		Others		
		Environmental Resilience: Montgomery		
		County will reduce its GHG emissions		
		by 80% by 2027 and 100% by 2035 while		
		supporting the removal of large		
		quantities of carbon dioxide from the		
		atmosphere. The county will make its		

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		natural and infrastructure systems as resilient as possible by climate proofing homes, businesses, and all public and private natural and constructed systems and property. The county will support a wide variety of peer, professional and community support and connectedness services to minimize the physical, social, economic and psychological harms resulting from increasingly severe direct		
	Complete Communities through compact form of development and urbanism. (P. 37)	and indirect climate impacts. Dense development with ready access to Metro stops makes a great deal of sense. But value of such property is so great; how do you incorporate parks, trails and open space? And by the way, how much of that is coming into existence as a result of the incredibly dense development occurring in downtown Bethesda?	Harold Pfohl, Sumner Village	The need for local parks, trails and other public amenities is determined during the local master plan update process, which will be guided by the updated General Plan. Open space is also a part of the requirements during the development process.
	Page 37. "This additional density will require change in existing single-family neighborhoods through the introduction of 'missing middle' housing, such as duplexes, triplexes, townhouses, live-work units and small multi-family structures in areas where a moderate degree of intensification is appropriate."	In addition to small multi-family structures, this section should also identify mid-rise multi-family structures as desirable along major transit corridors and high-capacity transit centers.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Staff concurs. The scale of new construction in each location along major transit corridors will be determined through a more detailed analysis of its location, context and transition to the surrounding residential neighborhoods during subsequent local master plan amendments.
	Corridors are the place for new growth. (P. 38)	We don't agree that there should be a lot of growth between these communities along the corridors (page 37). The existing single family housing between the centers will largely remain unchanged since large numbers of individual homeowners will not	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	Thrive Montgomery 2050 is a 30-year plan, and in some cases, its policies will continue to affect the change even after 30 years. It may not be feasible to redevelop single-family houses along major transit corridors

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		be converting them. The redevelopment will largely occur in existing retail centers or older multifamily housing. Since these locations today are of varying sizes, the centers will need to be of different sizes. The bulk of the redevelopment should occur in the larger centers. The number of illustrations (pages 38-40) should be reduced.		in the near future. But the market dynamics may change over the long run creating opportunities and tools that are not available or hard to imagine today.
	The graphic on page 39—possible future scenario of Rt 29 corridor at New Hampshire Avenue.	Page 39 - The "possible future" should eliminate the cloverleaf.	Benjamin Ross	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Eradicate greenhouse gases emissions. (P. 42)	change "eradiate" to "reduce". This needs to include improved building standards. This theme needs to be expanded to include other environment elements.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	Montgomery County has adopted a goal of zero GHG emissions by 2035 and is developing the Climate Action Plan with strategies to meet this goal, including building standards. Thrive Montgomery 2050 is a complementary plan that will support the county's GHG elimination goal.
	Walkable communities.	I realize that my area of Montgomery County is very different from other areas, and I appreciate that Thrive 2050 must take into account all of our different needs, but walkable communities that allow for people of all incomes to live well and for people to age in place with dignity need to be a priority. Population growth is not going away. We need to build for the future that is coming, not the suburban ideal of 1950 that proved to be unsustainable.	Elizabeth Merlo, Silver Spring	Staff concurs

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	Safety, walkability and connectivity in less urban areas.	As it pertains to Live Work Space, and the ability to create functional community synergy in areas where it is less urban, it is equally important to ensure the connectivity of those neighborhoods as well, where there are safe walking and biking paths, that will allow residents to commute without a vehicle to the grocer, coffee shops or local restaurants within the community. In doing this, it will encourage a boost in small business development within those communities, created by the residents of those communities. The ability to safely walk to recreational spaces, and schools is also one that is key in the redevelopment of areas that do not fall into the Urban plan.	Charisse Callender-Scott	Staff concurs
	Racial justice and equity. (P. 44)	Support "Racial justice and equity" as a theme. Other comments on equity should be included or referenced here.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Racial justice and equity	But we also need to make racial equity and economic justice priorities for our future. I currently live in downtown Silver Spring, but for the seven years prior I lived on Flower Avenue where it intersects with Piney Branch Road. Every time I passed the Purple Line stop construction, I wondered whether Universal Supermarket, where I got most of my groceries, would get replaced by a 7-11; whether Beijing Delight would get replaced with a Panda Express. I worried that gentrification would drive out my	Katie Nolan, Silver Spring,	Staff concurs.

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		neighbors, many of whom were Spanish-		
		speaking immigrants.		
		Historically, "growth" without racial equity		
		has led to the destruction of Black and		
		Brown communities. In the 1950s and		
		1960s, "growth" along River Road in		
		Bethesda led to the annihilation of River		
		Road's African American community. My		
		friend Harvey's childhood home is now a		
		Whole Foods. Another friend's home is now		
		a Bank of America. Because of "growth,"		
		County Executive Elrich has ignored		
		Macedonia Baptist Church's calls for justice		
		and allowed Bethesda Self-Storage to		
		continue the desecration of a cemetery that		
		predates the Civil War.		
		On the County Council's website for Bill 27-		
		19, it says: "Racial equity and social justice		
		are urgent moral and socioeconomic		
		endeavors for our community. Our county's		
		population has changed, both in numbers		
		and in diversity, and this did not happen		
		overnight. Addressing issues of racial equity		
		is not only an ethical obligation; it is		
		essential to ensure the continued economic		
		vitality of our community."		
	Racial justice and equity. (P. 44)	Emphasize racial justice: We commend	Jane Lyons for	These comments will be considered
		including the section about the history of	Coalition for	and discussed further during the
		redlining and other discriminatory housing	Smarter Growth	Planning Board work sessions to
		practices. However, we believe the plan can		inform revisions and reorganization
		better tell the story of segregation,		of the draft plan.
		identifying both past mistakes and		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		successes so that we can better identify solutions for the future. Therefore, we also believe the goal of integration could be woven into the plan's vision and goals more.		
	Racial justice and equity. (P. 44)	This section should make the case that racial and economic integration is the best way to promote social mobility, achieve equitable outcomes, and shared prosperity.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Climate change, racial justice and equity	Sierra Club believes that America's most critical environmental issue is climate change and our most critical social issue is racial justice and equity. We also understand that we cannot address one without addressing the other. So Sierra Club fully understands that the various themes of THRIVE are intimately interconnected. For instance, enabling more kids to walk or bike to equitable and diverse neighborhood schools is only going to work when we have created, across the county, neighborhoods with a wide variety of housing types and costs.	Shruti Bhatnagar, Chair, Sierra Club Montgomery County, MD	Comment noted.
	Racial justice and equity	We applaud that the plan looks at every policy with an equity and justice lens. The plan aims to ensure that everyone has equal access to benefits and opportunities in the county, and that these are carefully evaluated at key steppingstones. We support the creation of civic lead community engagement processes at every	Denisse Guitarra for Advocate Audubon Naturalist Society	Comment noted.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		planning decision, especially of those individuals who have been historically underrepresented in land use and planning decision making process.		
	Great design and the importance of place. (P. 44)	"The great design and the importance of place". Eliminate this as a theme since it should be part of the Complete Community theme.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Regional solutions and strategies. (P. 45)	"Regional solutions and strategies". Eliminate this as a theme since it is not at the same level as the others. It should be included in the elements.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Regional solutions and strategies	Growth in the metropolitan D.C. area has also been sporadic and uneven due to the multiplicity of governments competing for growthThis has resulted in a great daily westward exodus of traffic from Montgomery County to job centers such as Tysons Corner and a daily eastward commute from Fairfax County to Montgomery and Prince Georges County after work in the afternoon. Preference for large job centers should be placed elsewhere. There are nearby areas in Prince Georges, Howard and even Anne Arundel Counties which contain large areas which can and should be developed instead of concentrating growth in Fairfax and Arlington. Increased cooperation among the various	Bruce Shulman	Staff concurs.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		government units in the D.C. area is		
		absolutely necessary to prevent this		
		situation from getting worse or occurring		
		in different parts of the metropolitan		
		area.		

The Plan Vision

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	The Plan Vision	The section on pages 45-47 entitled "plan vision" needs to be deleted. A vision is another term for theme and those were covered above and under challenges. The ideas listed are not visions but are intended outcomes.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Page 46 – Regarding "Resilient."	The MDOT MTA supports the inclusion of multimodal transportation within this context and suggests adding that individuals experience more resilient lives if they have lower-cost transit options for travel. This is especially significant for those who cannot utilize their normal mode of transportation while experiencing periods of economic hardship and disability.	MDOT	Comment noted.
	Thrive Montgomery 2050 envisions a county that is more urban, more diverse, and more connected, providing a high quality of life for existing residents while also welcoming new residents and new ideas. (P. 46)	WMCCA Comment: The envisioning of the county being more urban should be the decision of residents, not the authors of the General Plan or developer interests.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Thrive Montgomery 2050 is being developed with the help and feedback of the residents.
	VisionSafe: More options for walking, cycling, and transit reduce the need for a car. Pedestrian lives are prioritized over speed. Neighbors know each other and look out for each other. A mix of populations of different ages, household types cultures, and a mix of uses has contributed to reduced crime and an increased sense of security day and night. (P. 47)	This section should establish the vision that safety is enjoyed more equally by all; whereas currently, safety is experienced unequally by people of color, women, the elderly, people with disabilities, and people with non-conforming gender identities or expressions.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	VisionResilient:	We suggest this be changed to read: "Our	Jane Lyons for	These comments will be considered
	"Our actions reduce greenhouse gas	action eliminated greenhouse gas emissions	Coalition for	and discussed further during the
	emissions and air and water pollution."	and minimized air and water pollution."	Smarter	Planning Board work sessions to
	(P. 47)		Growth	inform revisions and reorganization of
				the draft plan.
	VisionCompetitive:	While diversity is certainly a strength, it	Jane Lyons for	The Plan is recognizing that diversity
	"We embrace the cultural, racial/ethnic,	should not be the primary edge to our	Coalition for	adds to the county's economic
	and linguistic diversity of our community	economic competitiveness.	Smarter	advantage. The full statement of the
	as a competitive advantage, particularly		Growth	"Competitive" vision reads:
	in attracting employers recruiting staff			The county retains and attracts large
	who want to live and work in a diverse			companies, small businesses, and
	community." (P.47)			high- quality educational institutions.
				We embrace the cultural,
				racial/ethnic, and linguistic diversity of
				our community as a competitive
				advantage, particularly in attracting
				employers recruiting staff who want to
				live and work in a diverse community.
				Montgomery County's forward-looking
				economy offers a variety of stable and
				well-paying jobs. All residents have the
				education and economic opportunities
				to develop skills and obtain work that
				sustains them and their families.
	This vision respects the original 1964	WMCCA Comment: See our comments on	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees. Compact form of
	"Wedges and Corridors" General Plan,	the Green Wedge at the top. The term	for West	development can be low-, medium- or
	with a greater emphasis on a compact	"compact form of development" should be	Montgomery	high density. It is a way to organize the
	form of development and the role of	replaced by "higher density development"	County Citizens	building volumes close together on a
	corridors as places to grow. It continues	to avoid euphemisms	Association	given piece of land. One version of
	to protect and honor the Agricultural			compact development in the current
	Reserve—a nationally recognized			Zoning Ordinance is called "cluster
	planning landmark that provides			method of development," which has
	economic and environmental benefits. (P.			been applied to single family
	47, 48)			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
				developments to save sensitive
				environmental resources on a site.
	"We will need to make tradeoffs that may	We urge you not to use language posing	Jane Lyons for	These comments will be considered
	not be easy." (P. 48)	change as requiring tradeoffs. It is possible	Coalition for	and discussed further during the
		to make changes that grow the pie and	Smarter	Planning Board work sessions to
		result in a higher quality of life for all.	Growth	inform revisions and reorganization of
				the draft plan.

PLAN ELEMENTS

Affordability and Attainability (Revised--Theme #4: Affordable and attainable housing: more of everything)

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The title of section 5 must include the word "Housing." The title "Affordability and Attainability" is not sufficient for statements about housing	League of Women Voters of Montgomery	Title has been revised to "affordable and attainable housing" in the revised draft of the Plan.
	Missing Middle Housing is not affordable housing. It could occur before schools and transportation are built	Thrive Montgomery 2050 is in essence a plan for more market rate housing, more specifically Missing Middle housing. Because there are no prerequisites for this additional housing, the rezoning and building of compact dense housing could occur much before schools and transportation are built. And it is unlikely the housing will be affordable to the residents who need it most—those in the lowest income ranges. Furthermore, the housing may not be affordable for those with moderate incomes in the areas of the County where land is the most expensive, thus negating the equity goals that are a central tenet of this plan. This plan needs to explain how it will achieve the admirable goals it strives for, and focus more attention on the housing needs of our most vulnerable residents.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Staff disagrees. All new housing development, including Missing Middle Housing, will have to pay impact taxes and other fees per the County's Growth and Infrastructure Policy to ensure adequate infrastructure. The draft Plan contains several goals, policies and actions that pertain to meeting the housing needs for those in the lowest income ranges — including strengthening the MPDU program to allow income averaging and expanding LIHTC resources. The Affordability & Attainability chapter encompasses broad ranges of housing recommendations to meet diverse needs, not only for our lowest income households, but also for our
				middle-income households who are unable to find attainable housing.
	Increased production of all types of housing	I am open to all housing types, market rate or otherwise, but the focus should be on housing for those with the greatest need. I	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This	Staff believes there is adequate focus on housing for those with the greatest need. As noted in the
		do not agree with MNCPPC that merely	comment was	Housing Needs Assessment, the

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		building more market rate housing will let the County achieve its Equity goals. I am committed to achieving Equity in housing, education, and jobs through a variety of funding and planning tools. These goals have been at the core of my public service.	made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	county has a housing supply gap, creating more demand for more affordable housing and putting pressure on the on the cost of existing housing. Building more market rate housing is one tool the plan recommends to help put pressure on the existing cost of housing.
	Need for retention of single-family houses and creation of more family-sized units	A zoning policy that prefers the creation of small units unsuitable for raising children exacerbates pressure on the existing housing stock if young families seek larger homes as their family grows. Simultaneously acting to reduce the supply of single-family homes only further adds to the competition for what remains in that portion of the housing stock. Evidence is that families leave the County to find single-family homes and townhouses in more affordable areas and if there is market demand for 3 or 4 bedroom apartment units it is not evident given the lack of new supply. In fact, 3 and 4 bedroom apartments in new development are more expensive than buying a house with a yard in most of the County.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Staff concurs with the need to incentivize the creation of family sized units. Policies included in the draft chapter address this.
	The high cost of housing makes it challenging to attract younger workers to replace the baby boomers who are leaving the workforce.	Our zoning policies preclude affordable housing for young workers, particularly those who are not in the higher paid professions, and we require only MPDUs which don't address the most pressing	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6-	Staff concurs and believes that MPDUs are only one part of the county's affordability strategy. Coupled with other types of policies and innovations as recommended in
		housing needs. As a result, households with incomes below 65% of AMI wind up	11-20 draft of Vision, Goals,	Thrive, MPDUs and other affordable housing will help to increase and

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		occupying the lowest priced housing available, often the MPDU priced housing (though most is market affordable rather than controlled). They compete for these units, often spending 50% or more of their income, with households that can afford that price range.	Policies and Actions)	preserve affordable housing. Beyond the policies in Thrive, please review the recently completed <u>Preservation</u> of Affordable Housing for preservation related policies.
	The car-oriented land use pattern of the past few decades reinforced the suburban pattern of neighborhoods separated and defined by income, limiting diversity in our interactions. Knowing your neighbors and having a diverse and robust social network with opportunity for interaction contribute to a feeling of welcome, safety and support.	Montgomery County seems like every other area in the region (if not the country). The problems identified with "built environments" exist in both DC and Baltimore, true cities, despite being far more urban and less car-oriented than we are. Home prices and rental costs remain the great dividers today, long after we've eliminated the discriminatory housing practices of the past. That said, we have many diverse mixed income single-family neighborhoods, both in areas built in the 1950s and since then. They should be valued not only for their diversity but also for their relative affordability.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Staff concurs that we have many areas of diversity (both demographic and housing) and believe the recommendations of Thrive Montgomery 2050 celebrate this diversity. Additionally, the policies will encourage additional housing development across the county further encouraging diversity through housing access.
	85% of the County's land area is constrained by environmental and human-made factors	The statistic that 85% of the County's land area is constrained by environmental and human-made factors is confusing. What are human-made factors? It appears to be single family homes, attached and detached, town houses, and the roads that serve them. This land is not constrained in the true sense. In fact, much of it is being redeveloped with new single family homes—at least 848 new homes have been built to replace teardowns in the down county.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Staff will share the methodology and results of an updated analysis of the built environment, including zoning capacity and market assumptions, at a future work session for the Residential Development Capacity Analysis.

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	Need to create more opportunities for diverse housing	No analysis of existing zoning. The capacity to house people already exists and is primarily along existing and planned transit lines – both rail and BRT. One ought to look at the market and what it's telling you. First zoning was the problem so we up-zoned. Up-zoning drove up land costs, higher land costs drove the need for higher yields and made building smaller, less expensive units undesirable given that the land cost is based on the zoned potential and won't get adjusted if one decides to build less than the maximum.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Staff will discuss with the Planning Board the methodology and results of the Residential Development Capacity Analysis—an estimate of the total potential residential development that may be built in the county under existing zoning and certain assumptions and constraints.
	Attainable housing v affordable housing	Attainable housing is market rate housing. (The County has tried the "trickle down" approach to housing supply, and that has not worked.)	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Increasing attainable housing expands the supply of available housing, thus facilitating strategies to create more affordable housing to work. Staff believes that housing affordability has to be addressed through both market rate and subsidized housing strategies.
	Housing affordability is one of the biggest issues facing Montgomery County. As previously mentioned, median household income is slowly recovering from the Great Recession of 2008. Annual growth in construction costs increased in the range of 3% to 4% per year during the past five years. Annual building permits issued since 2015 continue to drop below 4,200 permitted units, approaching	What is driving the high construction costs, and how feasible is it to help bring these costs down? Are costs tied into materials transport, and expanding local production sources might assist? Or are costs a result of fitting within limited right-of-way in dense areas, or a lack of staging areas? How do regulations and the time from submittal to approval affect costs? How much has zoning contributed to rising	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	Rising construction costs in both material and labor for residential and commercial development are occurring not only in Montgomery County, but also across the region and the nation in communities with a variety of zoning and densities; the increase in construction costs are driven by external factors. The reasons for increases in the cost of

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140.	recession levels. This combination of stagnant income growth, high construction costs, lack of new housing supply, and the high cost of housing has impacted cost burden and homeownership rates. (P. 6 of the 6-11-20 staff report)	construction costs, by encouraging developers to defer utilization of land until prices support this more expensive development model. The increase in land prices that flows from increasing the development potential of land, leads to more expensive construction techniques and ultimately higher consumer prices, which in turn fosters economic segregation. There is no balance in the kind of housing stock we try to create in urban areas when the singular focus is on density.		housing construction are multiple and complex, some of them within the county's areas of influence and others driven by larger market forces. Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes to use all possible tools and strategies to bring down the cost as much as possible.
	Plan should emphasize the County's commitment to providing housing for those most in need throughout the County, rather than relying on market rate Missing Middle Housing to produce equity	The objectives of ensuring available housing in walkable compact development for our full range of incomes (price points) is important. The challenge of ensuring that availability is how to ensure our full range of incomes and workers will be accommodated. The developments will need more than current MPDU level incomes and required distribution of 12.5-15%. The development of market rate midrise and smaller multi-unit buildings will be lower cost development and provides the potential for a lower starting point for the subsidies that are needed to address the full range of incomes represented by our employment distribution. The goal of ensuring a full range of incomes having access and opportunity in these compact developments needs affirmation. Market rate "missing middle" housing is not affordable to the lowest range of incomes in Montgomery County. The plan	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	The Affordability & Attainability section of the Public Hearing Draft goes beyond just the provision of Missing Middle or market rate housing to support equity. It emphasizes the need to create housing affordable and attainable at all incomes levels and includes specific policies and actions to protect existing and create new affordable housing. Additionally, Thrive Montgomery includes goals and policies related to creating mixed-income communities, and reducing gentrification, displacement, segregation and concentration of poverty.

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		needs to emphasize the County's		
		commitment to providing housing for those		
		most in need throughout the County, rather		
		than relying on market rate housing to		
		produce equity.		
	Need for more housing	Montgomery County continues to need	League of	Staff concurs
		more housing, especially low-income and	Women Voters	
		"missing middle" housing designed for low-	of Montgomery	
		and middle-income households. ("Missing	County	
		middle" includes garden apartments, plexes		
		of various types, and other low-rise,		
		smaller, more affordable units.)		
	Need to retain existing affordable	Clearly, building new housing to	Phyllis Edelman	Comment noted.
	housing	accommodate the increase in the		
		number of residents with incomes less than		
		\$50,000 is necessary, but retaining		
		current housing at affordable levels is also		
		important. Many of the policies and		
		actions on pages 86-95 provide a blueprint		
		for how the county can provide more		
		affordable housing. I applaud the policies		
		for using office parks, shopping centers		
		and other underutilized properties as sites		
		for building these properties and with		
		working with faith-based institutions and		
		nonprofits to finance this housing		
	Need more affordable housing	New housing IS needed in the County.	Asma M.	Affordable housing is a major focus of
		MORE AFFORDABLE housing is needed even		the draft Plan. Please refer to the
		more. This plan does not accommodate		following policies related to
		that 2nd goal. As a new homeowner in the		homeownership:
		County, I was dismayed by the lack of		Policy 5.1.9: Expand current state and
		homeownership opportunities for our lower		county programs and identify new
		income residents. Simply creating multi-unit		tools to increase access to
		housing does not solve that problem. What		homeownership in order to support

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		we need is access to existing affordable		and improve paths to
		housing, opportunities for homeownership		homeownership, especially among
		for multi- income levels and a greater		low-income residents, people of
		accessible multi-modal transit system.		color, and younger households.
				Action 5.1.9.b: Expand support for county and nonprofit organizations like the Housing Opportunities Commission's Mortgage Purchase Program that provide education and financial counseling on homeownership, especially for lowand moderate-income households and households of color
				Action 5.1.9.e: Explore establishing a community land trust to create permanent, affordable homeownership opportunities.
	Does the Plan eliminate all single-family	Page 46. Urban Single-family housing is not	Herb Simmens	Thrive Montgomery 2050 does not
	housing in urban areas?	even mentioned. Is the goal to eliminate all		propose to eliminate single family
		single-family housing in urban parts of the		housing in urban areas. The draft
		county?		Plan seeks to ensure that single-
				family zoning is not a barrier to
				creating more diverse housing
				options in our single-family
				neighborhoods near high-capacity
				transit, where the Plan promotes
				allowing Missing Middle housing in
		The second secon	Ministry Book	addition to single-family housing.
		There are many residents (now and in the	Virginia Bunke,	Thrive Montgomery 2050 anticipates
		future) that will desire a bit more space and	Silver Spring	that single-family housing will
		having an option to choose a single-family		continue to exist throughout the
		home should be provided, not discouraged.		county. What the draft Plan proposes

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		Please do not discriminate against residents who choose to live in single family homes and choose to own automobiles.		is to add Missing Middle housing in our single-family neighborhoods near high-capacity transit to create more diverse housing options near transit corridors.
	More protections for renters, less emphasis on homeownership.	We need better protections for renters, less of an obsession with home-ownership, more housing stock diversity, better rates of unit growth, and a policy of reviewing (perhaps every 5 years) the practices governing these things to keep pace with changes on the ground. Feeding back into the "connectedness" dimension, there need to be channels for people to express concerns, make observations, comment on changes, etc; that are utilized by a representative slice of the affected populations.	Edmund Morris	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Rezoning the single-family zones	Rezoning the single-family zones in the entire county to allow market-rate townhouses, duplexes, triplexes, and apartment buildings by right throughout the single-family neighborhoods does not give residents the diversity to live in neighborhoods of their choice. When purchasing a home residents consider many factors including schools, commuting distance to employment, nearness to shopping, living close to friends and family, and many other issues.	Quentin Remein, Michele Albornoz, Linda and Gay Mullings	The Plan does not propose rezoning of single-family areas throughout the county and would not eliminate single family housing. The draft Plan proposes to add Missing Middle housing such as duplexes and triplexes in single-family zoned neighborhoods near high-capacity transit corridors only, in order to provide more housing type options near transit.
	—More market rate housing will not address affordable housing issue.	Nothing is proposed to deal with the specific shortfalls in affordable housing, instead it's a version of the market will solve this – the DC region has been talking	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was	Thrive Montgomery already includes several goals, policies, and actions to address the specific shortfalls in affordable housing – including

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		about a crisis in affordable housing since the 1980s, and no amount of building in any or all jurisdictions has succeeded in stemming the loss of affordable housing.	made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	increasing our share of the low- income housing tax credit, allowing income averaging for MPDUs, and working with mission driven developers to build capacity and streamline the affordable housing
				development process.
	Need for more affordable housing	Montgomery County is in the midst of a severe affordable housing crisis, and unless housing supply of all shapes and sizes is added in great number, Moderately Priced Dwelling Units (MPDUs) and other affordable housing support are continued and expanded, and existing affordable housing stock preserved to the greatest extent that is economically feasible, this county will continue to become unaffordable for all but the most fortunate. That said, I am happy to see many of the wonderful ideas and proposals laid out in the current Thrive 2050 draft, particularly the acknowledgement of the affordable housing crisis, and the support for adding needed supply, including missing middle housing. If you take away only one thing from my testimony, either in writing or in person, let it be that the final draft of this plan absolutely must maintain this strong focus and expand upon it, otherwise this will cease to be the wonderful and welcoming county I have come to love. I would also like to stress that both renter and owner supply must be added. Even in DTSS, condo buildings, and other ownership	Michael English, Silver Spring	Staff concurs.

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		opportunities near downtown that aren't		
		outrageously priced single family homes		
		are relatively rare, so while rental supply		
		must be added, room must be made for		
		those seeking to purchase a home as well.		
	Home ownership	While I understand the concern my fellow	Michael English,	Comment noted.
		homeowners have about "protecting their	Silver Spring	
		investment" with increased property		
		values, to me, owning a home is meant to		
		provide some sense of financial and		
		residential stability, and the ability to build		
		forced savings through equity. It is not an		
		entitlement to an ever growing return		
		on investment.		
	Historical districts	Historical districts and other types of SFH	Michael English,	Comment noted.
		exclusive zoning are simply the current	Silver Spring	
		manifestation of explicitly racist policies		
		such as redlining in the past. Just because		
		people don't mean for something to be		
		racist doesn't mean it isn't so. "Character of		
		the neighborhood" is another way of saying		
		"we don't want 'those kinds of people'		
		living here". It's fear mongering, and it has		
		no place in our country, let alone our		
		progressive county.		
	Need for more information about	There needs to be more specificity when	County	The Planning Department completed
	creating more diverse housing types	suggesting a transformation of single-	Executive, 8-14-	a Missing Middle Housing Study in
		family neighborhoods. What different	20 (This	2018 and also has been exploring the
		housing types, and where? Are the housing	comment was	application of this approach in
		types compatible with existing homes? A	made on the 6-	several recently completed or active
		duplex, for example, might be while a high-	11-20 draft of	master plans. Further details can be
		rise would not. Have you assessed the	Vision, Goals,	found here:
		potential impacts of changes on	Policies and	https://montgomeryplanning.org/pla
		homeowners who choose to retain their	Actions)	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		property as is? Has this been done in other jurisdictions similar to Montgomery County? If yes, with what results? There are		nning/housing/missing-middle- housing/
		many single-family neighborhoods in the County – which should be changed? . Why is this approach more effective than using		This work will be advanced further and shared with the Community during future master plan processes
		land use and zoning powers to provide more – and more affordable – housing near already existing infrastructure?		that will be conducted to start implementing Thrive Montgomery's recommendations.
	Need more information about Missing Middle Housing	In order to add Missing Middle Housing, the plan recommends rezoning parts of the single family neighborhoods without being clear about the location, other than a preference for being near transit. The plan is vague, too vague, not only on location, but also on specifics on how the County resolves the stubborn issue of Equity. There needs to be a bigger conversation than the narrow focus presented in the plan. The plan needs to identify generally where this new housing will be located, and then the County needs to come together to put its resources toward making the Equity goal a reality over the next 30 years.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	These details will be analyzed and shared with the Community during future master plan processes that will be conducted to start implementing Thrive Montgomery's recommendations. Additionally, the Planning Department is currently exploring Missing Middle housing options as part of recent master plans.
	Missing Middle Housing should be allowed throughout the County.	While encouraging development along corridors and near transit is key, there also needs to be policies that allow missing middle type housing throughout the County. In order for supply to meet housing demand over the next 30 years, multiple tools and approaches are required.	Stacy Silber	The draft Plan proposes to focus all new growth in transit accessible areas because any significant growth in areas not accessible by transit will have negative impacts for traffic, equity and the environment.
	More housing affordable to all	I would like Thrive 2050 to provide a better explanation of incorporating housing affordable to all socioeconomic	Medhini Murali, Germantown	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		backgrounds into our community, and to		inform revisions and reorganization
		guarantee affordable housing to those even		of the draft plan.
		with the lowest of incomes.		
	Need for more affordable housing	Affordable housing is emphasized a lot but	Misha Clive,	Comment noted. These comments
		is not adequately defined. Previous rental	Silver Spring	will be considered and discussed
		programs and current homeownership		further during the Planning Board
		programs do not adequately help to solve		worksessions to inform revisions and
		the issue. Lower income and high housing		reorganization of the draft plan.
		costs are especially prohibiting if you have		
		a disability with additional healthcare		
		costs. Despite all my privileges as a White		
		person born in Silver Spring, raised middle		
		class, benefitting from generational wealth,		
		I am struggling to get ahead in housing at a		
		moderate income level and hitting a wall		
		with county support. If I can't make it, I		
		wonder about my neighbors, people of		
		color, immigrants, also struggling to live		
		here.		
	Need for more diverse housing types	This is a great plan, and great plans should	William Kirwan	Comment noted.
		aim high or they will never be realized.	III, Silver Spring	
		While we have made great progress, single		
		family zoning is keeping us in the past.		
		Diversity in housing types used to be more		
		commonplace, it provided affordable		
		options for people who wanted to settle		
		down, but today in Montgomery County it		
		is restrictive and unaffordable. To move		
		forward, the plan must sever ties to things		
		keeping us in the past.	D D L C'I	
	Urgent need to address housing	The plan talks about the need for more	Dan Reed, Silver	Comment noted.
	affordability and equity.	outreach and education about planning,	Spring	
		and changing single family zoning to give		
		people more access to affordable homes		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		near jobs and other needs. I am losing		
		patience for people who claim to care		
		about diversity or equity but oppose any		
		change. Let's move forward with this plan.		
	Need more transit-oriented development	Broadly support Thrive 2050. Transit-	James Hedrick,	Staff concurs.
	with diverse and affordable housing.	oriented development is a great focus, with	Action	
		attention to redev, reuse, and infill. We	Committee for	
		should be as big and bold as possible,	Transit,	
		especially with housing. Economic health,	Rockville	
		equity, and environmental resilience are		
		dependent upon more housing. Missing		
		middle housing is key to diversifying and		
		densifying neighborhoods and increasing		
		transit ridership.		
	Need to address exclusionary zoning and	Exclusionary zoning has explicitly racist	Gray Kimbrough	Comment noted.
	other practices.	origins and single family zoning must be		
		addressed. It is also classist and ageist.		
		Growth is slowing because we are not		
		building enough housing for millennials and		
		younger adults. Covenants are also		
		extremely discriminatory, with minimum		
		list prices, setbacks, uses, and racial		
		discrimination. Thrive should include		
		concrete actions to address zoning and		
		other exclusionary practices countywide.		
	Need for more housing	As the Building Industry Association, we are	Griffin Benton,	Comment noted.
		particularly pleased to see yet another	MBIA	
		acknowledgment that the County is		
		not producing enough housing and that we		
		need solutions to achieve the social,		
		economic and fiscal objectives necessary		
		for a healthy County in the future.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	More affordable housing near transit	Graduating college soon and entering the job market in the county, so it's important for the county to have affordable housing options for all income levels. Incentivize smart growth around transit and provide convenient amenities. The plan should prioritize mass transit, provide housing, and specifically more housing around public transit.	Siena Fouse, Silver Spring	Staff concurs.
	Relationship of inequity in housing and education to restrictive zoning and housing policies	Segregation in schools built on restrictive zoning and housing policies. Schools with highest mobility rates are most often schools with majority students of color. For too long, the wealth gap that starts with barriers to homeownership has fallen on the backs of our black families who historically have been precluded from owning homes and still dictates who gets to live where today.	Jill Ortman- Fouse	Comment noted.
	Need to increase housing supply	I strongly support the housing goals of Thrive 2050, especially additional density in single family areas. The lack of market rate housing has reached a crisis point in Silver Spring, which has been building for many years. There are no options for empty nesters to downsize, so they stay in their oversized homes. Small homeowners don't have larger homes to buy so they expand theirs. Small homes torn down and replaced by million dollar homes. I agree with Thrive 2050's goals to remove impediments to increasing the housing supply, a will to change current policies when necessary, and acceptance by all the	Liz Brent, Go Brent Real Estate & Silver Spring Cares	Staff concurs.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		more housing and new residents are a		
		benefit to all.		
	More diverse housing in all areas of the	The plan targets residential neighborhoods	Katherine Lucas	Staff concurs and believes the
	county	but did not do enough to prioritize adding	McKay	reorganization will meet the intent of
		housing in existing higher income		this comment.
		residential areas, or consider what changes		
		to current residential development		
		regulations could help achieve its goals.		
	Need for more diverse housing and	I support Thrive 2050, especially	Rosie Alger,	Staff concurs.
	transportation opportunities	diversifying housing and creating equitable	Silver Spring	
		home and transportation opportunities. I		
		moved to Montgomery County to work in		
		the theater industry and education in		
		Bethesda, and was able to do so because of		
		my family support and privilege. My wages		
		alone would not be able to support my		
		rent, but thankfully my roommate made		
		enough to cover the costs. Many other		
		people who do not have my privilege		
		would not have been able to rely on their		
		roommate or family. In addition, the lack of		
		reliable transit between Silver Spring and		
		Bethesda means I would either ride the		
		Red Line for an hour or drive. The Purple		
		Line is a great step in the right direction,		
		but additional transit is necessary if we		
		want people of all economic backgrounds		
		to live and work here. Many higher income		
		families take advantage of the county's		
		world class education, and I would love to		
		see more families of mixed income be able		
		to benefit from it as well.		
	Housing segregation in the county	I have been impacted by housing	Mauricio	Staff concurs.
		segregation in the county. I have grown up	Quintero-Aviles	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		in a predominantly white community, and it was rare to see people who looked like me. It is impossible to promote diversity when our county is so segregated by housing. Affordable housing should be available in all parts of the county.		
	Evolution of single family neighborhoods near transit	I have come out to support attainable housing for all income levels and the evolution of single family neighborhoods near transit. My roommates and I don't see a future in Montgomery County without moving up the highway corridor or away from the Metro, getting a car, or changing my career to earn more money. It would take over 25 years just to save for a down payment on houses in our neighborhood, given wages and home prices stay flat. Duplexes and triplexes would open up opportunities to a variety of professionals. More affordable places in the county are a possibility but require a car and leave no savings.	Benjamin Keel, Silver Spring	Staff concurs.
	The additional density of Missing Middle Housing will put a strain on already antiquated infrastructure.	The key to Thrive Montgomery seems to be in "missing middle housing" that will create economic growth (and somehow jobs), fix deficits and equalize inequity. Many listening and unable to speak, think this is a simplistic solution that looks like a Global ZTA that will override a General Plan. We already see a ZTA proposed by Councilmember Jawando, which looks to invade the R60 neighborhoods. We know that the Planning Staff is not an author of this ZTA. Though Chair Anderson stated	Patricia Depuy Johnson	Thrive Montgomery 2050, as a General Plan, addresses a wide variety of issues, and Missing Middle housing is only one of its many strategies to address the county's housing needs and support community equity. Any additional density will be implemented and supported by detailed analyses and planning through subsequent local master

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		that "missing middle housing" is just a		plans and infrastructure needs will be
		"small piece of it", that doesn't ring true.		considered as part of the Board's
		Those of us that live in single family homes		review of proposed residential
		are afraid that we will wake up one day to		development applications.
		find a townhouse development, duplex or		
		triplex springing up next door where a		
		single home has been torn down. The		
		impact to infrastructure is real. The		
		additional density of "missing middle		
		housing" puts a strain on already		
		antiquated electrical grids, sewage and		
		water supplies, garbage collection, storm		
		water management, internet capacities,		
		and roads in need of repair		
	Over one-third of the county is used for	WMCCA Comment: As written Thrive	Kenneth Bawer	Thrive Montgomery 2050 does not
	single-family homes (detached and	Montgomery is declaring war on single-	for West	propose a countywide upzoning of
	townhouses).	family homes. If we follow the money, who	Montgomery	single-family neighborhoods. It
	A recommendation of Thrive	stands to profit from this? Not the	County Citizens	recommends allowing more diverse
	Montgomery is to build on the concept of	residents. To meet our objective of	Association	housing within walking distance
	focusing growth along corridors, even if	sustainable growth, for every up-zoned		around transit stations, which will
	this may require changes to land use and	area, there should be an equal down-zoned		require rezoning of these areas. The
	densities along these corridors. (Page 15	area. The down-zoned areas should be		Plan, including the 2050 Vision
	of the Public Hearing Draft)	given Transfer of Developable Rights		statement, anticipates the county will
		(TDRs), similar to what happened in the Ag		continue to have a robust mix of
		Reserve, that can be sold to developers in		urban, suburban and rural areas with
		the up-zoned areas. Without a balance		various densities appropriate to their
		between up-zoning and down-zoning, the		location and context.
		overall density in the County will continued		
		ratcheting up.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	This additional density will require	WMCCA Comment: To meet our objective	Kenneth Bawer	Staff does not believable that a TDR
	change in existing single-family	of sustainable growth, for every up-zoned	for West	mechanism is needed or appropriate
	neighborhoods through the introduction	area, there should be an equivalent down-	Montgomery	to direct growth towards transit
	of "missing middle" housing, such as	zoned area. The down-zones areas should	County Citizens	corridors.
	duplexes, triplexes, townhouses, live-	be given TDRs (similar to what happened in	Association	
	work units and small multi-family	the Ag Reserve) that can be sold to		Decisions to upzone or downzone
	structures in areas where a moderate	developers in the up-zoned areas.		should be informed by the context
	degree of intensification is appropriate.			and the desire to meet a specific
	(P.38)			goal. For example, while TDRs may
				benefit developers seeking higher
	What is Thrive Montgomery 2050			density, the goal is to preserve
	proposing regarding single-family zoning?			agricultural uses. Additionally,
	Specifically, Thrive Montgomery 2050			downzoning risks limiting the ability
	recommends increasing densities along			of the county to meet its housing
	corridors especially those served by			supply gap or future infill
	transit. These densities should be			development opportunities.
	commensurate with context of the			
	surrounding areas. In some cases, this			
	will involve increasing densities in areas			
	that have been historically characterized			
	by single-family housing and could			
	include duplexes, triplexes and small			
	multi-family buildings. (P.42)			2. 66.11
	Housing attainability and affordability is	WMCCA Comment: See our comments	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees—see staff response
	an economic as well as an equity issue.	above. We don't see the projection of	for West	on Page 11. Additionally, the county's
	Unless we grow our housing supply to	200,000 new residents as a fait accompli. If	Montgomery	population has continued to grow in
	make room for the projected 200,000	the housing supply is not grown, there will	County Citizens	recent years at the same time as the
	new residents moving to the county by	be no place for new residents to move into,	Association	amount of new housing construction
	2045, our existing communities will	and the county's population will not grow		is not keeping pace with demand,
	become more expensive, less diverse,	as projected. This is a decision for residents		putting a greater burden on existing
	and integrated, and it will be difficult to	to make, not the authors of the General		housing supply and driving up
	attract and retain a skilled workforce. (P.	Plan or developer interests.		housing prices. Please see the 2020
<u> </u>	42)			<u>Housing Needs Assessment</u> .

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Single-family neighborhoods near	WMCCA Comment: To meet our objective	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees that the sustainable
	employment centers and transit need to	of sustainable growth, for every up-zoned	for West	growth needs down-zoning to
	have a greater mix of housing types that	area, there should be an equal down-zoned	Montgomery	balance each up-zoning.
	provide less expensive options for our	area. The acceptance of more housing and	County Citizens	
	growing population and for existing	new residents should be the decision of	Association	Decisions to upzone or downzone
	residents, making our communities more	residents, not the authors of the General		should be informed by the context
	affordable and equitable. This will require	Plan or developer interests. See above		and the desire to meet a specific
	a comprehensive review of impediments	comments on population growth. In		goal. Additionally, downzoning risks
	to increasing the housing supply; a will to	addition, tax breaks (such as multi-year tax		limiting the ability of the county to
	change current policies when necessary,	abatements) should not be given to		meet its housing supply gap or future
	such as reexamining our zoning and other	developers - they need to pay their own		infill development opportunities.
	controls to create a greater mix of	way and not be subsidized by taxpayers.		
	housing types in new and existing			The purpose of General Plans is to
	communities; and an acceptance by all			provide guidance to manage future
	that more housing and new residents are			growth and development.
	a benefit to the county and the region.(P.			Montgomery County is projected to
	43)			see population growth in the future
				and is already facing a housing supply
				shortage that is not meeting current demand.
				demand.
	Figure 25: Lining corridors with	WMCCA Comment: The "before" image of a	Kenneth Bawer	The graphic is intended to show how
	appropriate densities provides housing	tree-lined street with a fully wooded forest	for West	future growth along the corridors can
	options. (P. 48)	on the right is replaced with cheek-to-jowl	Montgomery	be compatible in scale and size to its
		buildings in the computer graphic image at	County Citizens	surrounding context and provide
		the bottom. While this may represent a	Association	adequate transition to adjacent
		cash cow for developers, it represents a		single-family neighborhoods. Natural
		horror show for residents whose local		resources on each site are analyzed
		woodland has been clear cut. This is just		and reviewed for preservation or
		another example of the developer-centric		replacement as required by county
		vision represented by the Thrive 2050		laws and regulations.
		document in its current form.		
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No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
110.	Definition of single-family housing	What housing types will be considered single-family housing? The draft Plan refers to attached single-family, semi-detached single family, and detached single-family housing, but does not define what housing types these terms include. Please add definitions for these to the Glossary.	Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated Municipalities and Community Organizations	The definition will be added to the glossary in the Plan. Single-family detached homes are stand-alone homes that do not share any walls with another housing unit. Duplexes—two side-by-side units with a shared party wall are considered semi-detached single-family units. And townhouses are considered attached single-family homes. All of these are considered single-family because they contain one primary unit on a recorded piece of land. A single-family unit may contain an accessory unit in addition to a primary unit through a conditional use application. Any structure with two or more primary units (as compared to a primary unit and an accessory unit) on a single lot is considered multi-family development.
	The exclusionary nature of Euclidean single-family zoning	The plan should highlight the original intent of single family zoning, currently the supreme court case Euclid vs. Ambler is not even mentioned once. Euclidean zoning was created to promote racial/economic segregation. If one of the chief goals of the new general plan is to reduce racial/economic segregation then the plan needs to launch an all out attack on the entire concept of Euclidean zoning and make a strong argument as to why we need to do something different now.	Michael Dutka	Comment noted.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Diversity of housing types in all areas of the county, not just near transit.	Rethink single family zoning, not just around transit: We need to allow and encourage a range of housing types in neighborhoods near transit. However, we should not limit zoning reform to these areas. This has the potential to spark opposition to new transit, if single family homeowners know that new transit goes hand in hand with zoning reform. This also has the potential to leave out areas of the county that are predominantly white and high income — the kinds of places that are still exclusive today due to racist policies of the past, which will not be undone without intentional planning otherwise. While our priority for growth should be near high-capacity transit, we must include other measures to diversify housing options in other neighborhoods while also extending transit.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Comment noted.
	Evolution of single-family neighborhood near transit	"Evolution of single-family neighborhood" should not be included as a separate theme since it is included in other themes.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Evolution of single-family neighborhood near transit	With the shortage of open, buildable land and affordable housing in the county now, we need to allow (and encourage) a mix of housing types in areas near transit, including areas now zoned for single family homes.	Brian Ditzler. Silver Spring	Staff concurs.
	Evolution of single-family neighborhood near transit	Thrive Montgomery recommends rezoning single family neighborhoods and corridors over the next 30 years to allow new	County Executive	The draft Thrive Montgomery 2050 plan proposes to allow Missing Middle housing types only in single-

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		housing types in the single family zones,		family areas near high capacity
		starting with neighborhoods near transit.		transit corridors. It does not propose
		Thrive Montgomery, however, does not		a countywide rezoning of single-
		restrict the rezoning to neighborhoods near		family zones.
		transit, and it takes no position on when		
		the rezoning would occur. As a result, the		Implementation of the Missing
		Council may—through a single zoning		Middle housing recommendation and
		text amendmentrezone the single family		other recommendations in Thrive
		zones in the entire county (primarily R-60,		Montgomery 2050
		R-90, R-200) to allow market rate		will take place through subsequent
		townhouses, duplexes, triplexes, and		area master plans, countywide
		apartment buildings by right throughout		functional master plans and related
		the single family neighborhoods, requiring		sectional map amendments, district
		only a building permit to move forward.		map amendments, zoning text
		The rezoning of our single family		amendments or other mechanisms
		neighborhoods and our corridors to permit		approved by the County Council, all
		new market rate housing types could occur		of which include opportunities for
		at any time, long before the other		public input. Developments will be
		recommended elements for Complete		subject to local area master plan
		Communities and 15-minute living are in		compliance and the Growth and
		place, and with no guarantee that these		Infrastructure Policy (GIP)
		elements —new parks, new sidewalks and		requirements and guidelines, as
		bike trails, new street grids, and completion		amended by future Council Councils
		of our transportation plans for transit are		to ensure provision of infrastructure
		feasible in all areas or will ever be built. It		and public services.
		also could be done without sufficient		
		engagement from the communities		
		themselves.		
	Will Missing Middle Housing overwhelm	Adding duplexes or triplexes might not	Robert Oshel,	Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes to
	existing neighborhoods?	result in much of a change given that ADUs	Silver Spring	conduct a Missing Middle Housing
		are already allowed. Allowing small		Study as a follow up action that will
		multifamily structure of up to 20 units on a		explore specific strategies for
		single family lot would completely		incorporating these housing types.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		overwhelm the infrastructure in existing single family neighborhoods.		
	Support for Missing Middle Housing	I have no desire to see old neighborhoods torn down in favor of massive housing complexes, which is why I support Montgomery for All's approach of adding in the missing middle by supporting ADUs and low-rise, smaller housing units. This is smart growth.	Elizabeth Merlo, Silver Spring	Comment noted.
	VisionsAffordableHousing closer to workplaces and safe, affordable transit options save time and money and reduce greenhouse gases. (P. 45)	We urge you to change "housing closer to workplaces" to "housing closer to job centers, amenities, and other destinations."	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Conformance of the housing chapter to the requirements of the State law HB-1045.	Planning [MDP] recommends that the county evaluate its Affordable & Attainability Chapter relating to the housing element (pages 88-93) for conformance to the requirements of HB-1045. The HB-1045 (2019) defines lowincome households based on 60% of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Area Median Income (HUD AMI) and 60% - 120% HUD AMI for workforce households. Planning recommends that these definitions be included in the Draft Plan to clarify the terminology for the public. Planning notes that the Draft Plan includes a statistical analysis relating to the challenges of the future for the housing supply and demand. The Montgomery County Housing Needs Assessment, July 2020 does not appear to be referenced, but should be adopted by	MDP	Comment noted. Staff will evaluate the chapter for conformance with the State law.

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		reference or included as an Appendix to the		
		general plan.		
	Emphasize both market rate and	This chapter would generally benefit from	Jane Lyons for	These comments will be considered
	subsidized housing	stronger "both/and" messaging around	Coalition for	and discussed further during the
		market rate and subsidized housing, rather	Smarter	Planning Board work sessions to
		than "either/or." Subsidized housing is	Growth, Frank	inform revisions and reorganization
		incredibly important in order to make sure	Santos Fritz,	of the draft plan.
		Montgomery's neighborhoods are	Silver Spring	
		affordable for households of all incomes,		
		including the lowest income households.		
	Need for more affordable housing and	"Affordable Housing." Most of the new	Dan Wilhelm for	These comments will be considered
	family sized units.	housing should be located in targeted	Greater	and discussed further during the
		growth centers, which should be in the	Colesville Civic	Planning Board work sessions to
		Complete Communities. Most of the new	Association	inform revisions and reorganization
		housing should be multi-family and there		of the draft plan.
		needs to be more two and three-bedroom		
		units. To achieve affordable housing the		
		county-imposed costs need to be		
		substantially reduced. The recent tax and		
		moratorium changes being considered by		
		the council as part of the Subdivision		
		Staging Policy are a good start.		
	Housing affordability at all income levels	Habitat for Humanity is extremely pleased	John Paukstis	Comment noted.
	in all communities to address inequities	with the Thrive 2050 draft. We applaud	for Habitat for	
	and segregation of the past.	planning staff for lifting up housing as a	Humanity Metro	
		right for all people, for highlighting the	Maryland	
		importance of housing in addressing racial		
		inequities, and supporting increased density		
		along transit corridors.		
		Segregated neighborhoods have led to		
		incalculable inequities in wealth, policing,		
		education, health, and access to high		
		quality transit, green space, and other		
		important amenities. It is critical that as a		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		County we implement policies that ensure housing affordability at all income levels in all communities. We must also ensure that affordable housing includes both rental and ownership opportunities. Habitat is particularly concerned with the homeownership gap between white and Black households and between white and Latinx households, a gap of 36 points and 22 points respectively. Habitat strongly supports the Actions in section 5.1.9 and encourages the inclusion of programs that provide financial education and credit training to young adults. The County can also reduce the homeownership gap by increasing opportunities to build Missing Middle housing. Habitat strongly supports rezoning along transit corridors and throughout the County to allow for affordable housing options including duplexes, triplexes, ADUs, quads, and garden style apartments. All families should have the opportunity to live near their jobs, public transit, and high		
	The role of non-profits in providing affordable housing	quality school and amenities. Nonprofits often play a critical role in providing accessibility modifications, but are unable to access tax credit incentives. The County must ensure that there is both funding available and tax and non-tax incentives in place to encourage retrofits of existing housing and the development of accessible homes.	John Paukstis for Habitat for Humanity Metro Maryland	Staff concurs.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The County can help affordable housing		
		providers by increasing the Housing		
		Initiative Fund, streamlining the		
		entitlement process, utilizing Right of First		
		Refusal for both rental and ownership		
		opportunities, providing flexible zoning,		
		creating an affordable housing		
		ombudsman, reducing costs to build, and		
		prioritizing public land for housing.		
	Need for more affordable housing	I cannot afford the \$700,000 to \$1M+	Elizabeth Merlo,	Comment noted.
		homes that are in the neighborhood a block	Silver Spring	
		away from my apartment building and		
		almost no new condo units have been built		
		in the last eight years in downtown Silver		
		Spring. Existing condos are hot		
		commodities staying on the market for only		
		a few days. Yet, most are only 1 or 2		
		bedrooms, which mean that a family may		
		find themselves out of space quickly,		
		especially with work-from-home becoming		
		a new norm Buying a house in an		
		"affordable" neighborhood would mean an		
		hour+ commute for me and my husband for		
		days we have to go into work.		
	Need for emphasis on socioeconomic	I love Montgomery County and I want to	Berk	Comment noted.
	integration and addressing barriers to	put roots down here, but when the average	Ehrmantraut	
	missing middle housing, and bolder	home prices is over half a million dollars,		
	action for rent stabilization and eviction	it's not exactly affordable. That's why I am		
	protection.	excited this plan calls for diverse housing		
		types, projects near transit, and distributing		
		affordable housing evenly across the		
		county, including wealthy areas. That said,		
		I'd like to see more emphasis on		
		socioeconomic integration and addressing		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		barriers to missing middle housing. Additionally, there should be bolder action on rent stabilization, eviction protection, and affordable housing.		
	Locations with good access to transit or employment centers are generally too expensive for many people, forcing them to live farther from job centers and other destinations, limiting their access to job opportunities, recreation spaces and other county resources. While owning and operating a vehicle is expensive, transit can also be expensive and, for many, difficult to access. (P. 74)	Page 74 - In second paragraph, replace "Locations with good access are generally too expensive" with "The scarcity of housing in locations with good non- automobile access makes them generally too expensive"	Benjamin Ross	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board work sessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Page 84, Issues and Challenges. Think about housing supply and demand in submarkets rather than the county as a whole.	Montgomery needs to start thinking about housing supply and demand in submarkets rather than as Montgomery as a whole. An oversupply of moderately priced housing in Damascus doesn't solve housing demand in Silver Spring.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Staff concurs.
	Page 85, Vision for Affordability and attainability	We urge you to more explicitly include racial and economic integration.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Comment noted.
	Page 85-86, Build More Housing, of More Types, in More Ways "In order to build more housing, community-led support for and championing of new housing development is critical."	Community support is important for all issues addressed in Thrive. What should be highlighted is how many community members use the current planning process to block new housing or zoning changes. How can the county lead a paradigm shift on this?	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Comment noted.
	Housing for aging population	Page 84 (Issues and Challenges): The information on aging population (page 16) should be included. Providing housing for	MDP	Comment noted.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		aging population could be a challenge for		
		the county.		
	Age-friendly housing	Page 87 (Goal 5.1): The county may want to	MDP	Comment noted.
		consider a policy to support livable and		
		age-friendly housing communities.		
	Housing for older adults near transit	Page 87 (Refer to Policy 5.1.8): Planning	MDP	Comment noted.
	stations/centers and service	staff suggests that the county consider		
	establishments.	building or retrofitting housing that meets		
		the needs of older adults near transit		
		stations/centers and service		
		establishments.		
	What is Thrive Montgomery 2050	Encourage further boldness. We should not	Sanjida	Comment noted
	proposing regarding single-family zoning?	merely be recommending duplexes and	Rangwala	
	Thrive Montgomery 2050 proposes to	triplexes - the general plan needs to be	Silver Spring,	
	increase the production of different types	clear that in the future, all communities in	Jenna Bauer	
	of housing near transit, including in	Montgomery County are going to be		
	existing single family zones. This is an	complete communities where people can		
	important step toward addressing past	get to all their household needs, including		
	inequities in housing choice, while also	mass transit, by foot or bike safely within		
	creating more options for affordable and	15 min.		
	attainable housing. Specifically, Thrive			
	Montgomery 2050 recommends	Suggest making a plan to build transit and		
	increasing densities along corridors	encouraging walkable retail right now, in		
	especially those served by transit (Page	2020. And where we have existing		
	41 of the Public Hearing Draft)	shopping, workplaces, and transit, we need		
		to be building more housing. It should be		
		legal to build a duplex or fourplex by right		
		to ensure that we are building sustainable,		
		complete communities everywhere we		
		would allow construction to occur in the		
		county.		
		This is not to prohibit single family homes.		
		but areas should not be exclusively for only		

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		single family homes. That way lies the path to segregation, inequities, and housing shortages.		
		We must make room for people of all incomes and means to live in existing communities - all our existing communities - where housing is a right, and is legal everywhere.		
	Communities have become highly adept at using the public process to block new housing and solving the county's housing shortage will require a shared vision throughout Montgomery County. (P. 87)	This statement is inappropriate and should be removed from the document. Rather than criticizing the right of communities to protect their quality of life and provide input via the public process, planners should listen to the will of the people.	Community Coalition Letter; Melanie Rose White, Chair Citizens Coordinating Committee on Friendship Heights, Ken Bawer for WMCCA	This is not a criticism but a statement on how some communities have used the public processes to block new housing. Thrive Montgomery 2050 has multiple policies in the Connectedness chapter of the draft Plan that promote increasing public participation in the planning process, to help the county meet the diverse needs of its population.
	Homeowners Association covenants	Will HOAs be excluded from ZTAs or will their covenants override?	Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated Municipalities and Community Organizations	HOAs cannot override changes to the zoning code, but they can make their covenants more restrictive and prohibit uses.
	Definition attainable housing v affordable housing	Clarify in Thrive that "attainable housing" does not equal "affordable housing." Attainable housing is a phrase that misleads the non-professional.	Jean Cavanaugh, Silver Spring	These two terms are defined in Appendix D: Glossary, on page 145 of the Public Hearing Draft Plan. The definition is also clarified in the Thrive FAQ. https://montgomeryplanning.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Thrive-

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				Montgomery-2050-FAQs 6-10- 2020.pdf
	Use various financing mechanisms to develop affordable housing.	AIM agrees that the MPDU program should be strengthened. In particular, MPDU requirements should be tweaked to incentivize more creation of three bedroom (or more) units. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTS) should be used where necessary to ensure the development of affordable housing and the HIF should be expanded and leveraged to produce more affordable housing. In that regard, the HIF can be used in conjunction with use of the County's bonding authority both to support new construction and to preserve existing market-rate affordable housing, with particular attention to properties near the Purple Line. The ability of the Housing Opportunities Commission to preserve	James W. Olson, Action in Montgomery	Staff concurs.
		existing market rate affordable housing should also be enhanced.		
	Provide affordable housing throughout the county, not just Missing Middle Housing in single-family neighborhoods.	We are also concerned that the draft Plan also barely mentions, much less includes, specific strategies to achieve much needed affordable housing through the County. Despite its stated goals that focus on "Equity" considerations, affordable housing is given short shrift in the draft Plan. CCCFH has long supported preservation and protection of the "naturally occurring" existing affordable housing units within and surrounding the County's business districts. The Plan's failure to seriously address this	Melanie Rose White, Chair Citizens Coordinating Committee on Friendship Heights	The Attainability & Affordability chapter in the draft Plan contains several goals, policies, and actions strategies to support affordable housing, including the preservation of naturally occurring affordable housing. To name a few: strengthening the MPDU program through strategic changes, working with the state on expanding the lowincome housing tax credit, expanding the development capacity of mission

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		aspect of the County's housing needs over the next 30 years is both glaring and inexplicable.		driven entities, and expanding homeownership opportunities.
		Instead, a major focus and goal of Thrive Montgomery 2050 is to encourage inclusion of market rate "missing middle housing" in the form of multi-unit housing projects, including duplexes, triplexes, townhouses and apartment units, into what are now single-family residential detached zones throughout the County.		
	Consider underutilized public lands, colocation and conversion of vacant commercial space to affordable housing.	AIM also believes that the proposal to create an inventory of all vacant and underutilized public lands (including parking facilities) is long overdue and should be undertaken, with priority being given to considering the use of such land for affordable housing. Public agencies should also be required to consider possibilities for co-location of affordable housing when deciding to build. In addition, the County should develop mechanisms to encourage and support the development of affordable housing by faith-based institutions and other non-profits. Another potentially useful idea is to encourage adaptive reuse of existing high-vacancy retail and office space, with some of that reuse dedicated to affordable housing.	James W. Olson, Action in Montgomery	Staff concurs.
	Support creation of diverse housing types.	AIM also supports the draft General Plan's suggestion that zoning should be changed to encourage creative housing options such as multi-generational housing, single-room	James W. Olson, Action in Montgomery	Staff concurs.

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		occupancy units, shared housing, etc. and that the County should look for ways to further support the creation of accessory dwelling units (ADU).		
	Need to end racial, economic, and ethnic segregation to achieve full equity.	Improving conditions in low income and vulnerable communities is not enough. Montgomery County needs to end racial, economic, and ethnic segregation to achieve full equity. This means a mechanism to override NIMBIES who work to keep low-income housing out of their neighborhoods.	Ethan Goffman, Rockville	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Need smaller housing types to drive down prices	A chief goal of the plan should be to make sure the median price of a home should decline. Montgomery county is already unaffordable, this needs to change. This can be accomplished by adding a greater variety of smaller housing types.	Michael Dutka	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Expand Missing Middle Housing options to areas other than transit stations	Increase and Diversify Areas for Missing Middle Housing. We recommend that the draft Plan increase and diversify the areas where Missing Middle Housing could be located. The draft Plan's focus on putting infill development in existing neighborhoods within one half-mile of rail stations and BRT routes is too narrow and, in most places, the land is expensive, which may not achieve the stated goals. Putting Missing Middle Housing in these neighborhoods is likely to result in some additional housing if the market finds it profitable to build this type of housing there, but it is highly unlikely that the new market-rate housing units will be	Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated Municipalities and Community Organizations, Seth Grimes	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

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		affordable or attainable by the income		
		cohorts that the Plan seeks to		
		helpAllowing Missing Middle Housing in		
		neighborhoods that are accessible via other		
		public transit (e.g., Ride On bus and other		
		bus routes on non-BRT routes) could		
		produce additional housing that is far more		
		realistically affordable. This change and		
		expansion of focus and criteria would		
		benefit underserved and disadvantaged		
		communities and populations as the		
		County's housing stock overall is diversified		
		in an upward direction.		
	Missing Middle Housing first on vacant	Montgomery County's single-family home	Phyllis Edelman	. In addition to single-family areas
	and underutilized properties, and then in	neighborhoods are, along with the		near high capacity transit, the draft
	single family neighborhoods	Agricultural Reserve, part of our county's		Plan also recommends considering
		jewels. Rather than nibbling away at		commercial and public properties
		single-family home neighborhoods, missing		near transit for Missing Middle
		middle housing should first be considered		Housing.
		on public properties, on underutilized		
		parking lots in commercial areas or current		
		office parks, which may end up being		
		abandoned properties after the pandemic		
		with so many people working from home.		
	Add a map of where Missing Middle	Some incorporated municipalities (e.g.,	Todd Hoffman	Comment noted. A subsequent study
	housing can be located	Rockville, Gaithersburg, Takoma Park) and	for Coalition of	or master plans would be a more
		HOAs will not be impacted by Thrive	Incorporated	appropriate mechanism to delineate
		Montgomery's push to add Missing Middle	Municipalities	areas suitable for Missing Middle
		housing types to existing single family	and Community	Housing than a general plan.
		neighborhoods, potentially creating a	Organizations	
		disparate impact. Please add a map that		
		shows where Missing Middle Housing could		
		be located.		

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	Need to further define Missing Middle	Here's my thought on Missing Middle - It is	Jean Cavanaugh,	Staff concurs. The detailed zoning
	Housing	not defined in the zoning code yet.	Silver Spring	and other regulatory controls for
		Specifically, threeplexes and quadplexes are		Missing Middle Housing will be
		not in zoning code. Zoning code could add		addressed through subsequent
		to descriptions of existing Missing Middle		studies and implementation
		building types (cluster housing?,		mechanisms.
		townhouses, duplexes) that they are		
		Missing Middle. I am not sure where small		
		apartment buildings fit it, but they might		
		need a new housing type like "mansion"		
		which might include up to 6 or 8		
		apartments and have a defined outward		
		appearance that includes house-like		
		features like roof slope, set backs, 30% lot		
		coverage max. I am not sure how to		
		address the look of a building in the Thrive		
		framework. But I am sure that missing		
		middle is not a codified thing. I would like		
		to see missing middle promote reduced lot		
		coverage to allow for green space and tree		
		canopy instead of models that fill a height		
		and FAR and setback envelope. I know I am		
		mixing zoning code and General Plan, but		
		the General Plan can push the zoning code		
		in a better direction.		
	Allow Missing Middle Housing	Even for a more localized DTSS sector plan	Michael English,	These comments will be considered
	countywide	to be bold, it needs a strong general plan to	Silver Spring	and discussed further during the
		support it. Further, in order to truly move		Planning Board worksessions to
		the needle on affordability in Montgomery		inform revisions and reorganization
		County tactics like adding missing middle		of the draft plan.
		housing will need to be deployed county		
		wide. I would urge the planning board to		
		expand missing middle housing into more		
		single family home exclusive zoned		

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		neighborhoods throughout our county, particularly in areas accessible to transit, as they can better handle the density, and will help make transit accessible to those who need it most.		
	Equity Financing instead of Missing Middle Housing for Middle-Income Folks	Thrive Montgomery 2050 poses solutions for low-income residents to live in Montgomery County, but does not address unaffordability for middle-income residents. Municipalities pose that added Missing Middle housing would still be unattainable for middle-income folks. Introducing equity financing, where the risk of depreciation is shared between the lender and borrower. The lender then carries some of the risk but also can gain. However, this could increase the demand for homes without expanding the supply. This could be managed by tying it to new developments.	Robin A. Barr Council member, Town of Somerset	Comment noted. Please refer to the Missing Middle Housing FAQ on more details on Missing Middle housing: https://montgomeryplanning.org/pla nning/housing/missing-middle- housing/ and refer to policies related to unaffordability to middle-income households under Goal 5.1: Provide and produce housing units that meet the diverse household sizes and needs of all Montgomery County residents in terms of type, size, accessibility, affordability, and location.
	Consider Community Land Trusts	For the purposes of creating and preserving affordable housing I think our County should consider ways to limit speculation on land value. While the MPDU program is a great step in this direction, preserving properties in perpetuity through Community Land Trusts would be another strategy to consider. Why I find the CLT strategy particularly compelling is that it enables limited-equity in the sale of residential and commercial properties (based on investments) but prevents inflation beyond this (which is	Hannah Sholder	Staff concurs that the CLTs are an important strategy. Please refer to Action 5.1.9.e: Explore establishing a community land trust to create permanent, affordable homeownership opportunities.

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		largely related to proximity to public assets). This would prevent the flipping of properties as we have seen recently, for example, in frequent numbers in the East Silver Spring neighborhood (which has proximity to a permanently preserved urban farm and downtown silver spring shops).		
	Need to address increased racial and economic integration in the County's housing pattern.	More emphasis should be given to the provision of decent housing as a right for all citizens of the County. In addition, the Plan should more explicitly address the need for increased racial and economic integration in the County's housing pattern. As it is today, most areas of the County are highly segregated both racially and by income. One possible step toward remedying this situation would be to amend the zoning code to allow more "missing middle" housing (duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, cottage courts, courtyard buildings, etc.) to be built throughout the County. The draft General Plan speaks of expanding such housing options near high-capacity transit, but that language should be expanded to reach beyond such zones.	James W. Olson, Action in Montgomery	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Need for more affordable housing, especially for the homeless.	Montgomery County has always been a place where people want to live. We have nice neighborhoods, great parklands, and among the best public schools in the country. Unfortunately, we do not have enough housing, particularly affordable housing, for all the folks who want to live among these amenities. If we continue to	Don Slater, Silver Spring	Staff concurs.

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		have a housing shortage, those who can least afford to live here will be disproportionally impacted and be forced to live elsewhere, typically further away from jobs and services, adding to the traffic and absorbing the additional commuting costs. As long as we have a homeless population, we are not thriving. The county should be actively searching for properties that can be used as housing for those coming out of homelessness. We need to look at how we can turn surface parking lots and former office space into new forms of residential / retail offerings. The MPDU requirement should be increased. This should be happening across all of our currently developed areas, particularly near transit hubs.		
	Need for more permanent supportive housing	There are a few areas where the plan must give greater attention: shelter space, permanent supportive housing, and rental assistance. Thrive 2050 must ensure sufficient planning is dedicated to shelter capacity. Permanent supportive housing is a critical element of the housing continuum to support residents with no to low incomes. We need to ensure sufficient permanent housing stock for these residents. African Americans, Latinx and other people of color are overrepresented in our shelters and affordable housing. We hope the county's racial equity and social justice program will ensure that those who	Jeffrey Mosley, Montgomery County Coalition for the Homeless, Coalition Homes	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

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		are most marginalized will get the		
		attention and resources needed.		
	Need for bolder vision to address housing	We commend the plan's housing goals and	Mary Kolar,	These comments will be considered
	affordability	actions around adaptive reuse, incentivizing	Montgomery	and discussed further during the
		accessible housing through non-tax	Housing Alliance	Planning Board worksessions to
		incentives, flexible zoning, and financial		inform revisions and reorganization
		and administrative help for affordable		of the draft plan.
		housing developers. We feel that Thrive can		
		take an even stronger position on housing		
		to ensure that county neighborhoods are		
		affordable to households of all incomes,		
		especially low income households. The need		
		for affordable housing is projected to		
		increase even more especially for		
		households with incomes at or below 50%		
		AMI. In order to meet housing needs, the		
		county must have a bolder vision that goes		
		beyond existing programs		
		Thrive should include more explicit		
		messaging around subsidized housing and		
		meeting the needs of low income residents		
		through expansion of shelter space,		
		permanent supportive housing, and rental		
		assistance programs.		
	Protecting renters from rent increases	Now that we have talked about getting	Don Slater,	These comments will be considered
	and evictions	people into housing, we have to address	Silver Spring	and discussed further during the
		keeping them in housing and protecting		Planning Board worksessions to
		them from rent increases and evictions. The		inform revisions and reorganization
		county should adopt rent indexing as a		of the draft plan.
		means of stabilizing rental costs. No one		
		should have to face an eviction without		Please review policies and actions
		legal representation. The county should		related to financial assistance and
		seriously consider programs to provide		counseling, including Action 5.1.9.b:

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		financial assistance and counseling to first time home buyers.		Expand support for county and nonprofit organizations like the Housing Opportunities Commission's Mortgage Purchase Program that provide education and financial counseling on homeownership, especially for low- and moderate-income households and households of color.
	Provide Housing for Essential Workers	We recommend that the draft Plan add a policy and action item of providing convenient and affordable housing for public and other essential workers who provide essential services to communities.	Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated Municipalities and Community Organizations	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan
	Benefits and challenges of creating more affordable housing	The provision of housing units far lags population growth, resulting in high housing costs. The well-enough-off manage, and we take care of some of the poor, but we harm those in between. These are people who, 40 years ago, would have found reasonably priced housing in Montgomery County. Now, they pay too much, live marginally, or live elsewhere. We are not providing for teachers, health-care workers, first responders, or even our own children. By transforming our many decrepit commercial properties into livable walkable	Mark Pierzchala, Rockville councilmember testifying as an individual	Comment noted.
		communities near transit, we would get many wins and few negatives. Wins		

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		include reduced car trips, better transit,		
		lower energy usage, more stormwater		
		management, prosperity, higher tax base,		
		money for school construction, and		
		human-sized communities with local shops.		
		So, what is the problem?		
		There is a political problem, and it has been		
		around for years. There is a visceral		
		reaction from many homeowners whenever		
		and wherever high-density projects		
		are proposed. Many anticipate more traffic,		
		congestion, and overcrowded schools.		
		Opposition can be loud, ugly, and classist.		
		These opponents vote in numbers and in		
		blocs, and they have long memories.		
	Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing	Leverage Naturally Occurring Affordable	Todd Hoffman	Please see Goal 5.5 and related
		Housing. The draft Plan should include	for Coalition of	policies and actions.
		some Goals, Policies, and Actions regarding	Incorporated	Goal 5.5: Minimize displacement of
		naturally occurring affordable housing and	Municipalities	people, especially among low-income
		adaptive rehousing. The draft Plan focuses	and Community	residents, people of color, people with
		on creating new housing without	Organizations	disabilities and older adults. (P. 91).
		adequately considering retaining		
		naturally occurring affordable housing		Also, please see the Planning
		(including possible upgrades to older		Department's recently completed
		housing) and repurposing of non-residential		Study on Preservation of Affordable
		properties (COVID-19 has made this		Housing, which discusses Naturally
		particularly relevant). Further analysis		Occurring Affordable Housing.
		should be done to determine current and		https://montgomeryplanning.org/pla
		potential future naturally occurring		nning/housing/preservation-of-
		affordable housing, structural and system		affordable-housing/
		(wiring, plumbing, etc.) lifespans, and cost		
		of retrofitting to extend the lifespan of		
		existing structures.		

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	Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing	In addition, in order to meet the County's affordable and attainable housing goals, we encourage you to increase and diversify the areas for Missing Middle housing as affordable housing is more realistically achievable in areas outside the one-half mile zones around rail and BRT. Also, the Plan should leverage naturally occurring affordable housing options including adaptive re-use of malls and other retail/office buildings which post COVID-19 may no longer be viable for their original and intended use.	Irene Lane, Town of Chevy Chase Councilmember	These comments regarding expanding Missing Middle Housing beyond transit will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan. The draft Plan includes policies encouraging the reuse of underutilized commercial properties for housing. Please see Policy 5.1.2 as an example: Increase opportunities for new housing, especially affordable housing, using office parks, shopping centers, and other underutilized properties.
	Need for more housing for essential workers and leverage naturally occurring affordable housing options	We encourage the County to consider increasing and diversifying areas for Missing Middle housing as well as provide more housing for essential workers and leverage naturally occurring affordable housing options including adaptive re-use of malls and other retail/office buildings which post COVID-19 may no longer be viable for their original and intended use; however the premise that we will need to house 200,000 more residents is based on pre-COVID-19 assumptions and providing Missing Middle housing is not ipso facto affordable.	Andy O'Hare, President, East Bethesda Citizens Association (EBCA)	These comments regarding expanding Missing Middle Housing beyond transit will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan. The draft Plan includes policies encouraging the reuse of underutilized commercial properties for housing. Example: Policy 5.1.2: Increase opportunities for new housing, especially affordable housing, using office parks, shopping centers, and other underutilized properties.

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				The Planning Department's FAQ on the Missing Middle housing discusses the question of affordability of this type of housing: https://montgomeryplanning.org/planning/housing/missing-middle-housing/
				Staff notes that the 200k population growth number is from demographic projections done pre-COVID. New projections will be based on 2020 Census numbers when they become available. It's unlikely that this modest rate of growth will change significantly because our population is relatively stable. But if it is reduced, we will still have a housing shortage at various levels of affordability.
	Expand MPDU program and affordable housing bonus density, especially near transit	Although we understand that Montgomery County already has an existing MPDU program, we would have liked to see more discussion of how to expand this tool. In particular, we encourage the county to consider raising the 22% bonus density cap for 100% affordable housing projects, particularly those near transit. We would also like to see further discussion on neighborhoods where affordable housing bonus density might be available, such as current low-density areas near transit corridors. Given their complex financing structure, affordable housing projects are difficult and expensive to build no matter	Nina Janopaul, President Arlington Partnership for Affordable Housing	There is no longer a 22% bonus density cap. The bonus density is unlimited and projects that provide 100% MPDUs would receive a 110% bonus density.

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		the size. Because of this, APAH has found		
		that our biggest projects are also often		
		the most cost efficient. Such projects would		
		not have been possible without generous		
		bonus density programs.		
	Eliminate barriers to Missing Middle	The county should create policies to limit	Eyal Li, Takoma	These comments will be considered
	Housing	displacement in redeveloping areas. We	Park	and discussed further during the
		cannot afford to build out more sprawling		Planning Board worksessions to
		exurbs. Eliminating single family zoning		inform revisions and reorganization
		countywide is a promising strategy. We		of the draft plan.
		need to eliminate barriers to missing		
		middle housing, and parking minimums. I		
		would like to see bolder goals and tactics in		
		the final plan.		
	Build More Housing, of More Types, in	WMCCA Comment: To say, "Montgomery	Kenneth Bawer	Thrive Montgomery 2050 views new
	More Ways	County needs to build more housing" begs	for West	residents and new housing as a
	Montgomery County needs to build more	the question, "When will Montgomery	Montgomery	benefit to Montgomery County.
	housing. Declining production and	County have enough housing?" The current	County Citizens	Access to quality affordable and
	increased development costs have	population is now about one million people.	Association	attainable housing should be a right.
	resulted in rising housing costs and an	Do we want to plan for a county where the		
	increase in the number of cost-burdened	population is 10 million or 25 million		Putting artificial limits on growth is
	households. Without an appropriate	people? The current draft Plan treats		neither practical nor desirable for
	range of housing types at attainable price	population growth as an expectation,		several reasons. For example, since
	points, the county will be unable to	rather than either a desired goal or a		we cannot stop people from coming
	attract and retain the employment base	potential problem. Job and business growth		to this region, limiting growth in the
	necessary to support our economic well	must only be pursued on a sustainable		county will make housing increasingly
	being. (P. 86)	basis, that is, only if they can be attained		more expensive and exacerbate
		without negatively impacting quality of life		inequities and other issues.
		(including, for example, air and water		Additionally, communities with
		quality, traffic, and yes, our happiness		population decline also typically
		rating) and without negatively impacting		experience economic decline.
		the environmental quality of our natural		
		areas (for example, no stormwater or other		

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		water quality impacts, no ecological		
		degradation, etc.).		
	The county needs housing growth in	WMCCA Comment: Up-zoning (density	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees. Decisions to upzone
	transit accessible locations including	increases) in these areas need to be	for West	or downzone should be informed by
	current and planned rail and bus rapid	balanced by down-zoning (density	Montgomery	the context and the desire to meet a
	transit corridors. Predominantly single-	decreases) in other areas	County Citizens	specific goal. Additionally,
	family detached houses currently line		Association	downzoning risks limiting the ability
	these transit corridors limited by zoning			of the county to meet its housing
	that only allows only this type of housing.			supply gap or future infill
	Low to moderate density increases would			development opportunities.
	allow the introduction of more housing			
	types near transit to serve a mix of			
	incomes and household types. (P. 86)	14/44004.0		S. K. II.
	Action 5.1.1.a: Expand housing options in	WMCCA Comment: Add, "Any up-zoning	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees. Decisions to upzone
	detached residential areas near high-	must be balanced by down-zoning in	for West	or downzone should be informed by
	capacity transit by modifying the zoning	other areas of the county."	Montgomery	the context and the desire to meet a
	code to allow duplexes, triplexes, and		County Citizens	specific goal. Additionally,
	quadruplexes, residential types by-right		Association	downzoning risks limiting the ability
	and with smaller lot areas. (P. 87).			of the county to meet its housing supply gap or future infill
	Also, Goal 5.2/Policy 5.2.1.			development opportunities.
	Trends and Challenges (P. 13)	WMCCA Comment: Why are we using the	Kenneth Bawer	Staff disagrees. The county is
	7. We are not producing enough housing	"must keep up with the Jones'" mentality?	for West	investing in high-capacity transit
	in accessible locations to meet our needs.	We need to focus on sustainability. If you	Montgomery	(Purple Line, BRT) and with that
	While the number of housing units in	want to compare us with other parts of the	County Citizens	investment, more housing should be
	Montgomery County increased 32% from	region, we need to ask what has the	Association	considered in those areas to help
	295,723 in 1990 to 390,673 in 2018, this	housing increase in those regions done for	7155001011011	meet the county's housing supply
	increase was lower than the 53% increase	their quality of life and the environment.		needs as well as ensure ridership and
	in the region.	Moving construction to areas with lower		to get drivers off the road
	But we cannot continue to rely on a few,	land prices has been the driver of suburban		
	high-density Metro station areas to	sprawl for decades.		
	provide enough housing to bring down			
	costs. We need other locations where			
	lower land prices will support low- to			

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	medium-density residential building			
	types.			
	Rent stabilization	Actions should be added on rent stabilization and protecting legal rights of tenants.	Andrew Saundry, Jenna Bauer, Berk Ehrmantraut, Frank Fritz	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Goal 5.1: Provide and produce housing units that meet the diverse household sizes and needs of all Montgomery County residents in terms of type, size, accessibility, affordability, and location. (P. 87)	WMCCA Comment: Add: "This will take place primarily through the slow conversion of existing housing units without necessarily increasing the total number of housing units."	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Staff disagrees that new housing units are not needed or anticipated. Thrive Montgomery 2050 has multiple policies and actions to support increasing the housing supply through new construction as well as adaptive reuse of underutilized and vacant office and retail properties to make sure our housing supply meet the needs of its residents.
	Policy 5.1.1. "Encourage the production of a broad variety of housing types to achieve attainable price ranges." (P. 86)	The actions associated with this policy should not only address breaking down zoning barriers, but also other land use regulations that make middle housing types difficult to build.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Staff concurs.
	Action 5.1.1.a. (P. 86)	We urge you to include "small apartment buildings," in addition to "duplexes, triplexes, and quadruplexes."	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Small apartment buildings are part of the Missing Middle Housing types and should be considered in appropriate locations.
	Action 5.1.2.b: Establish incentives to encourage conversion of existing high-vacancy office and retail sites into residential uses through adaptive reuse or redevelopment of the site. Create flexible zoning incentives for conversion of planned and existing office and retail sites to residential uses, including	WMCCA Comment: We object to the concept of "flexible regulations and zoning controls" and "flexible zoning initiatives". We don't have flexible speed limits for a reason. We don't want an officer to say, "The speed limit is 25, but I'll be flexible and make it 45 for you, Mr. Jones." Regulations and zoning controls should be	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Thrive Montgomery 2050 is a 30-year plan with broad policy guidance. Regulatory controls should be flexible enough to address changing conditions and enable innovation in development. Flexible zoning incentives would be adopted as part of the zoning code and would provide

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	allowing properties to reallocate their nonresidential Floor Area Ratio to residential use. (P. 87)	fixed, not flexible. The implication is that the Planning Board can change regulations and zoning controls based on a whim or developer influence.		parameters around the conditions in which these incentives can be applied.
	Policy 5.1.7: Provide family-sized housing units in new multi-family housing developments.	Policy 5.1.7. The zoning ordinance should be changed to allow increased density when additional bedrooms are built for multifamily units. See the SSP staff report for 10/30/2020 for information that relates number of bedrooms to the revenue the building owner receives.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	All zoning and other regulatory changes needed to implement the recommendations of the draft Plan will be discussed through subsequent detailed studies and master plan amendments.
	Regarding Goal 5.2/Policy 5.2.1. Housing for older adults and people with disabilities	The MDOT MTA supports the inclusion of accessible, affordable housing for older adults and people with disabilities near high-capacity transit and encourages Montgomery County to coordinate with the Maryland Department of Disabilities to ensure mutually beneficial efforts.	MDOT	Staff concurs.
	Action 5.2.1.b: Provide incentives to encourage county employers and property owners to develop mixed-income housing at employment centers by redeveloping surface parking lots and underutilized property.	Action 5.2.1.b should be expanded beyond just mixed income housing and employment centers. This could apply to the adaptive reuse of office parks such as Rock Spring.	Seth Grimes	Staff concurs and views office parks such as Rock Spring as employment centers.
	Goal 5.3. Continue to promote the policy of mixed-income housing development through the implementation of county policies, programs, regulations, and other tools and incentives. (P. 89)	This goal's associated policies and actions are too reliant on the moderately priced dwelling unit (MPDU) program. Montgomery County needs a strategic, targeted approach to intentionally create mixed-income neighborhoods, of which the MPDU program should only be one part.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	Comment noted.
	Action 5.4.2.a: Explore changes to the zoning code to support the creation of permanent supportive housing units like	The other area of the report we'd like to comment on pertains to the recommendation that the Planning Board	Barry Wides,	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
No.	Single-Room Occupancy (SRO) or Personal Living Quarter (PLQ) units byright in all residential and mixed-use zones.	explore changes to the zoning code to support the creation of single room occupancy (SRO) or personal living quarters (PLQ) by-right in all residential zones. Our association has provided input to the county as to how best to regulate and oversee unlicensed single-family rentals, which these SROs and PLQs would be. The county typically does not license these rentals and has nowhere near the resources today to inspect these properties for which an owner does apply for a license. Major increases in county resources and strengthening of the county's rental housing code would be needed to ensure the health and safety of residents of these	President, North White Oak Civic Association	inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Goal 5.5. Minimize displacement of people, especially among low-income residents, people of color, people with disabilities and older adults. (P. 90)	units. This goal should include rent stabilization and just cause eviction in the associated policies and actions.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.
	Policy 5.5.12: Use the county's Subdivision Staging Policy to monitor the secondary effects of targeted growth policies, including loss of market-rate affordable housing and displacement.	Policy 5.5.12. The SSP is not the correct vehicle for monitoring growth housing trends.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	SSP, now called the Growth and Infrastructure Policy, will be one of the mechanisms to track the progress of housing and other goals of the Plan.
	Goal 5.5: Minimize displacement of people, especially among low-income residents, people of color, people with disabilities and older adults.	Goals 5.5 and 5.6. Move these goals to the proposed equity element.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Goal 5.6: Expand housing access through elimination of fair housing barriers and enforcement of fair housing laws to protect residents from discrimination. (P. 93)			
	Goal 5.6. Expand housing access through elimination of fair housing barriers and enforcement of fair housing laws to protect residents from discrimination. (P. 93)	This goal should include a right to legal counsel for people facing eviction in the associated policies and actions.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	These comments will be considered and discussed further during the Planning Board worksessions to inform revisions and reorganization of the draft plan.

Safe and Efficient Travel (Revised-- Theme #3: Transportation and communication networks: connecting people, places and ideas)

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The Safe and Efficient Travel chapter	MDP	
		addresses the transportation element as		
		required in the LUA. Planning [MDP] staff is		
		pleased to see the county proposes a		
		transformative and bold transportation		
		vision and associated goals and policies		
		that emphasize non-single-occupancy-		
		vehicle (SOV) transportation such as transit,		
		walking, and bikingThe Draft Plan		
		effectively integrates planning issues such		
		as safe and efficient travel with economics,		
		equity, and environmental resilience.		
		Specific to transportation issues, page 73	MDP	
		provides a good summary of major		
		challenges facing the county's		
		transportation system. Planning suggests		
		that the Draft Plan also discuss how the		
		county's increasingly aging population		
		(page 16) will impact the demands on and		
		adaptability of its transportation network.		
		The county should also consider a brief		
		discussion of emerging transportation		
		technologies such as shared transportation,		
		zero emissions vehicles, and connected and		
		automated vehicles. These issues and		
		challenges will also influence the		
		development of transportation goals and		
		policies.		
		Page 75 (Goal 4.1): Bus Rapid Transit (BRT),	MDP	
		a more frequent bus service for peak and		
		non-peak periods, is different from a		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		commuter/express bus service which		
		focuses on serving peak periods. A		
		commuter or express bus service may be		
		more appropriate for certain potential		
		regional bus services such as to Tysons, VA		
		and Columbia, Howard County. The county		
		may want to add "commuter/express		
		service" in transit policy statements if it is		
		appropriate.		
		The county may want to develop a policy to	MDP	
		address improving walking and biking in		
		rural villages and communities. To assist		
		small towns and rural communities to plan		
		incremental bicycle and pedestrian facility		
		improvements, the Federal Highway		
		Administration published "Small Town and		
		Rural Multimodal Networks," a resource		
		guide for pedestrian and bicycle facility		
		design guidelines and best practices in a		
		rural setting.		
		Page 34 – Regarding first mile/last mile	MDOT	
		problem. The MDOT MTA supports the		
		focus on the significance of non-SOV access		
		to transit.		
		Page 34 – Regarding Figure 21: Map		
		of the Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) system. It		
		may be valuable to overlay the existing		
		MARC / WMATA system and stations on		
		this map to further demonstrate the		
		connectivity of the system.		
		Prioritizing transit will have a major effect	League of	
		on equity, the environment, population	Women Voters	
		growth, health, and our economy. The	of Montgomery	
		county is making strides, but LWVMC	County	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		encourages a more coordinated effort		
		across all transit modes to produce a		
		greater impact. Retrofitting an existing		
		environment is difficult and working with		
		our diverse population poses many		
		challenges, but transit will be key to		
		resolving many issues in the coming years.		
		The entire general plan is directed toward	Harold Pfohl,	
		walking, bicycling, and the use of transit.	Summner	
		The use of an automobile is anathema. In	Village	
		order for this to succeed the network served		
		by public buses needs to increase		
		astronomically along with the number of		
		buses. The cost of that is huge. Not long		
		ago there was a move to decrease the		
		number of buses serving various lines due		
		to cost. And now?		
		The Thrive Montgomery 2050 Draft Plan's	Lloyd Guerci	
		assumption of good public transit is		
		unrealistic.		
		The Thrive Montgomery 2050 Draft Plan		
		fails to assure that the needs of lower		
		income workers will be met.		
		It is impossible to overstate the importance	Edmund Morris	
		of people being able to travel by transit,		
		cycle, or foot - individual and public health		
		benefits abound, certainly, as do economic		
		activity and social integration - and so it is		
		imperative that the County focus on		
		creating as equitably accessible and		
		effectively navigable spaces as possible. I'd		
		like to add, however, that one of the missed		
		opportunities is to build transit-first, or to		
		build transit in concert.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		To dis-incentivize the use of automobiles	Harold Pfohl.	
		the plan proposes to reduce public parking	Summner	
		and increase the cost of remaining public	Village	
		parking to market rates. Diversity and		
		inclusion are core to the plan. If people in		
		single-family residential neighborhoods		
		need to walk 15 minutes to bus stop, wait		
		for a bus to downtown Bethesda in order to		
		shop, enjoy dining there or take in a movie		
		the odds are that the plan will effectively		
		have excluded them from Bethesda by		
		making it arduous to get there. How much		
		will the plan exclude people? What are the		
		unintended consequences?		
		Pedestrian and bicycle safety receives great	Harold Pfohl,	
		emphasis. Nowhere is there any plan	Summner	
		dealing with the great danger that	Village	
		bicyclists pose to others in their nearly		
		complete disregard of traffic laws whether		
		on a street or on a trail.		
		Safety and equity should be assigned as a	Kristy Daphnis,	
		higher priority; currently they are pretty far	Montgomery	
		down the list. Pedestrian and bicycle	County	
		injuries are up nationwide and	Pedestrian,	
		disproportionally impact low income and	Bicycle, and	
		vulnerable populations. These goals should	Traffic Safety	
		be front and center.	Advisory	
			Committee	
		A separate and specific action should be	Kristy Daphnis,	
		added to create transportation metrics to	Montgomery	
		gauge efficiency. For example, measuring	County	
		the cost and time differences between	Pedestrian,	
		transit and car travel per trip, and	Bicycle, and	
		comparing them across different	Traffic Safety	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		communities. Adding a more specific time	Advisory	
		element as a measure of convenience of	Committee	
		mobility would put more focus on		
		eliminating long and inconvenient transit		
		trips, which deter people from using		
		transit.		
		Cyclist safety is a major issue for residents;	Nadiya	
		Rebecca was struck riding her bike in	Kutischeva &	
		Downtown Silver Spring. Combining cycling	Rebecca Mann	
		and transit is an effective way to solve the		
		last mile problem: adding bike racks,		
		allowing bikes on the Metro, and increasing		
		the number of protected bike lanes. The		
		county must make a comprehensive		
		interwoven network of protected bike		
		lanes so that all residents can easily		
		connect to rail and BRT.		
		We are in a climate crisis, and any project	Eyal Li, Takoma	
		to increase driving is climate denial. My	Park Resident	
		family has recently gotten rid of our car,		
		but my mom has been hesitant to bike to		
		Downtown Silver Spring since she was hit		
		by a car last April. If we are serious about		
		getting people out of cars, the county must		
		make it easier to take alternate modes of		
		transport and harder to drive.		
		Restricting the use of cars only makes life	Quentin Remein	
		more difficult. People need more routes to	for Cloverly Civic	
		work than can be efficiently provided by	Association	
		public transportation. Tradesmen need to		
		use vehicles to get to job sites and parking		
		to do their jobs. Families need cars to		
		transport children to schools and after		
		school sports and other activities. Planning		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		for people involves planning for cars		
		needed by people for shopping, visiting		
		friends and loved ones, and attending		
		churches and other activities.		
		Supporting public transit options with an	Andy Leon	
		aging community does not make sense,	Harney, Village	
		since they depend more heavily on cars.	Manager for	
			Section 3 of	
			Chevy Chase	
		Unsure if the plan indicates a 15-minute	Zach Weinstein,	
		city means not driving but walking. Short	Downtown	
		driving trips must be eliminated and more	Silver Spring	
		transit options would especially benefit the		
		elderly and handicapped who cannot drive.		
		I admire the plan's emphasis on transport.		
		We currently have all the road capacity we		
		need and this plan has great transit goals.		
		One of the areas where our community has	Barry Wides,	
		been shortchanged pertains to	President, North	
		transportation. Since the 1981 White Oak	White Oak Civic	
		Master Plan, there had been	Association	
		recommendations for separated lanes on		
		US 29 for bus transit. While we pleased to		
		see the launch of the Flash bus, we look		
		forward to the County addressing ways the		
		US 29 can be reconfigured to allow the		
		Flash bus by-pass rush hour congestion.		
		We wholeheartedly support the	Barry Wides,	
		recommendation for the county to develop	President, North	
		an interconnected web of transportation	White Oak Civic	
		and green corridors focused on pedestrians	Association	
		and bicyclists. We would welcome the		
		opportunity to work with the Planning		
		Board, County Council, and County		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Executive to identify transportation and		
		green corridors in White Oak and develop		
		an action plan to link stream valleys,		
		natural lands, parks, open spaces with trails		
		for walking and biking and to link Paint		
		Branch and Northwest Branch as described		
		in footnote 1.		
		Thirdly, a thorough appreciation of	M. Allen	
		personal "agency" should be a hallmark of		
		the Thrive Montgomery 2050 Plan.		
		Personal "agency" at all levels of		
		development is huge motivational and		
		dignified value that		
		both the individual and many cultures		
		esteem throughout our society. Why would		
		you take away this personal "agency" from		
		our beloved senior population which will		
		make up more than 21% of the County		
		population, just to consign them to living		
		cramped with few transportation options,		
		from jammed buses to potentially crowded		
		thoroughfares? Confinement of living		
		spaces for our seniors is like asking them to		
		live in a group home mentality. Such an		
		honored generation should be appreciated		
		for their years of contribution to the		
		Montgomery County tax base and wisdom		
		and knowledge they've conveyed to		
		successive generations. Why would they		
		want to be told that the community they		
		lived in for decades may be re-zoned and		
		they would have to resort to a limited		
		quality of life option? Equally, it's hard to		
		envision a Thrive Montgomery 2050 Plan		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		limited to foot traffic, bicycles and buses when the car made the American Dream a		
		reality and a journey of epic personal		
		evolution.		
		In a previous draft of the plan, the largest number of comments were on public transit and "retrofitting existing communities" should be the first priority of improving public transit. In the nearly 30 years I've lived in Montgomery County (the length of this plan), public transit has declined, not improved. WMATA bus routes have been cut and headway	Phyllis Edelman	
		between buses has increased.		
		Include planning for public transportation along I-270 to access Germantown efficiently.	Martha A. Schoonmaker, and Margaret Latimer	
		The Thrive Montgomery Plan recommending reduced usage of automobiles does not recognize the transportation needs and importance of the automobile. We do need to provide for better commuter transportation, but people still need to use cars for shopping, visiting friends, attending evening and weekend activities, and activities in nearby communities not served by public transportation. Many residents, especially low-income residents, have jobs that require them to work in the evenings and night, at locations not served by public transportation. Also they have	Quentin Remein, Michele Albornoz, Linda and Gay Mullings	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Trends and challenges	service jobs that require them to travel to different locations during the day, or need tools and materials that need to be taken to the worksite. The plan disadvantages them by limiting their use of cars and access to parking. WMCCA Comment: We wholeheartedly	Ken Bawer for	
	9. We need to stop planning for cars and emphasize transit, walking and biking	agree with this.	WMCCA	
	Stop planning for cars	A goal of Thrive Montgomery is to stop planning for cars and even to make it difficult for people to get around using a car. This is not a good goal for this Plan. A reasonable and more realistic goal would be to plan more for pedestrians and cyclists and to make it easier for people to move around without using their cars. But the county is too large and too connected with the greater metropolitan area, people are moving within and through the county in so many directions, making trips for so many diverse reasons, that making it hard for them to do so will be detrimental to our residents, the county's economy, and the region as a whole.	Deborah Ingram, Chevy Chase	
	11. Declining trends in public health and well-being indicate a growing need for a healthier more active lifestyleall residents can benefit from a more active lifestyle supported by a renewed emphasis on transit, walking, and biking.	WMCCA Comment: We agree on the need to emphasize transit, walking, and biking. However, the County has done an extremely poor job of promoting safe walking and biking in the past. Especially in the lower density areas, many roads have no sidewalks or trails alongside them. Even the lack of bicycle racks at retail centers sends the message, "Bikes are not welcome	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		here." This is not only a public health issue, it is a climate change issue - walking and biking to destinations means less		
	Equally useful as opportunities for connection, we must enhance and connect the growth corridors with trails in the stream valley corridors at their intersections to expand active transportation options via walking and cycling. (P. 38)	automobile exhaust. WMCCA Comment: Trails for bicycles should be built along all existing and planned rail and bus rapid transit (BRT) corridors. Bicycle trails should be separated with jersey-type barriers, for example, to completely shield bicycles from vehicular traffic. Trails in the stream valleys should natural surface only so as to not add to impervious surface coverage.	Ken Bawer for WMCCA, Kathleen Mihm	
		This is overstated. As noted before, there are times when cars are more practical. In addition, transit will also be using roads as well as some microtransit options (e.g. Uber, neighborhood transit) and mail order delivery trucks. Public transit should be prioritized over walking and biking for the non-15 minute	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	
	Trends in public health and well-being indicate a growing need for a healthier lifestyle.	travel. Better health and well-being are worthy goals, but it isn't clear how this plan proposes to change what is already on the ground in a county that is mostly built out. We should take a realistic look at how we can provide additional transit, biking, and walking opportunities in areas where it makes sense without conveying the idea that residents living in areas that require trips by car are somehow problematic.	County Executive, 8-14- 20 (This comment was made on the 6- 11-20 draft of Vision, Goals, Policies and Actions)	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Plan for people not cars	"Plan for people not cars", we agree with	Dan Wilhelm for	
		providing more transit, walking and biking	Greater	
		alternatives.	Colesville Civic	
			Association	
		Biking is simply not practical for older	David S.	
		residents, residents who must travel some	Forman,	
		distance to their jobs, residents with	Bethesda, Peter	
		disabilities, and residents with young	Rizik, Josh	
		children. Bicycles also do not work well for	Silverstein,	
		anyone in adverse weather conditions.	Randolph Civic	
		Most people cannot walk to buy and carry	Association	
		home a week's supply of groceries on foot		
		or by bike, even if a grocery store is only		
		fifteen minutes away. Indeed, I would bet		
		that every member of the Planning Board		
		lives within 3 miles of a food store. Do any		
		of you regularly bicycle when you buy the		
		bulk of your groceries, or when you drop off		
		and pick up your laundry? I am convinced		
		that if you asked the public you would find		
		that most of us do NOT want to live only in		
		a Complete Community, bicycling to the		
		grocery. A wonderful thing about living in		
		Montgomery County is the great variety of		
		parks, restaurants, entertainment venues,		
		and stores that are more than 3 miles		
		away and not easily accessible by public		
		transport. Automobiles are an essential		
		component of life in Montgomery County.		
		The county population must reduce its	Don Slater,	
		dependency on automobiles. The county	Silver Spring	
		should incentivize the use of mass transit		
		(including busses) and incentivize the use of		
		electric vehicles (EVs) over fossil fuel ones		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		At the turn of the 20th century, much of the	Don Slater,	
		country was farmland and rural commerce	Silver Spring	
		centered on the small towns within that		
		landscape. All of those little towns were		
		connected to each other, and often to a		
		larger city, by some kind of rail system.		
		Most of those interurban rail lines are gone,		
		but good bus service can take their place		
		and provide that same level of connectivity		
		without having to resort to a car with one		
		person in it.		
		In order to provide for this goal, we must	Don Slater,	
		work very hard to reduce our addiction to	Silver Spring	
		the fossil fuel automobile. Reduced car		
		traffic is one of the keys to success for		
		Vision Zero. Biking and walking are also		
		risky in high traffic areas. For many in our		
		lower income populations, a car is not an		
		option and good bus service is critical. To		
		accomplish this objective, we should build		
		the entire Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) network		
		as quickly as possible. It is likely that the		
		new administration will be more amenable		
		to providing funding for this.		
		There is no recognition of Vision Zero. We	Kristy Daphnis,	
		recommend adding additional context	Montgomery	
		setting to connect this master plan to	County	
		Vision Zero plan, and additional context on	Pedestrian,	
		the county and state's joint complete	Bicycle, and	
		streets program and guidance. This	Traffic Safety	
		discussion would help connect where we	Advisory	
		are now to where we need to be in the	Committee	
		future.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		We'd like to see options that would allow	Kristy Daphnis,	
		for more pilot projects and demonstration	Montgomery	
		programs around transit and micro-	County	
		mobility, and walking and biking	Pedestrian,	
		infrastructure	Bicycle, and	
			Traffic Safety	
			Advisory	
			Committee	
		We have a hidden transportation gem	Don Slater,	
		running through the county in the form of	Silver Spring	
		the MARC Brunswick Line. The county		
		should work with MTA and USDOT to		
		provide reverse service, weekend service,		
		and midday service on this line. Like all		
		mass transit, dependable and frequent		
		service quickly creates ridership.		
		We encourage the County to develop a	Andy O'Hare,	
		broader approach focused on BRT, specify	President EBCA	
		how transit-centric transportation will be		
		staged given COVID-19 realities, flexibly		
		plan for traffic and technology		
		advancements, integrate with other		
		regional transportation plans, and		
		accommodate demographics including		
		aging, disabled, and young families that		
		cannot always use public transit; also,		
		coordination with MDOT will be essential		
		along with the recognition that many		
		County residents and visitors will use their		
	Transit is unrealistic	Cars.	Carylamari	
	Transit is unrealistic	This Plan expects that Transit is and will be	Cary Lamari	
		the main form of transportation and this		
		plan goes so far to claim we must stop		
		planning for the Automobile. While these		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		goals may be notable, I suggest they are		
		unrealistic in a 500 square mile County		
		While relying on Transit as our ultimate		
		mode of transportation we must		
		acknowledge that according to planning		
		data the best years of transit only 5.6% of		
		commuters over the age of 16 rely on		
		buses.		
		Page 76 and 77 (Refer to Action 4.1.2.a and	MDP	
		Action 4.2.2.a): The Draft Plan should add		
		"total" as "the total number of through-		
		lanes" in the action statements, to clarify		
		the accommodation of two through-lanes		
		in each direction of a rail or BRT corridor.		
		Page 78 (Goal 4.5): Planning suggests that	MDP	
		the county consider adding a policy to		
		address the needs of teleworkers,		
		ridesharing and park & ride facilities, and		
		other Transportation Demand		
		Management (TDM) strategies.		
		Page 78 (Refer to Action 4.4.1.b): Planning	MDP	
		suggests that the county prioritize BRT		
		corridors for access management planning.		
		Page 78 (Refer to Policy 4.5.3): The county	MDP	
		may want to consider an action item to		
		address all levels of electric vehicle (EV)-		
		ready requirements, i.e., EV-capable, EV		
		Supply Equipment (ES)-ready outlet, and		
		EVES-Installed, for residential, commercial,		
		and public buildings developments.		
		Page 80 (Goal 4.8):	MDP	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		o Please add "the state" in policy		
		statements to indicate the state should be a		
		partner for county's transportation needs.		
		o The Draft Plan could include a		
		policy to address existing interstate		
		highways. Although the system is operated		
		and maintained by the state, a county		
		policy would help the state to develop plans		
		for future improvements. Since the county		
		is shifting its transportation focus on transit		
		and non-single occupancy vehicle		
		transportation, perhaps, the county will		
		promote a multimodal transportation		
		system and emphasize people, instead of		
		the vehicle, throughout the interstate		
		highway system in the county.		
		Page 80 (Refer to Policy 4.8.3): Planning	MDP	
		suggests adding "safety, economic, and		
		environmental" to the policy statement to		
		clarify the goals for connected and		
		automated vehicles consideration.		
		A major goal of the draft Plan is to change	Todd Hoffman	
		the culture and use of County	for Coalition of	
		transportation modes, by getting people	Incorporated	
		out of cars and instead focusing on mass	Municipalities	
		transit and walkability. This set of goals	and Community	
		underpins many of the recommendations in	Organizations	
		other parts of the draft Plan, such as		
		Complete Communities. This ambitious		
		goal, while laudable in some respects, does		
		not recognize the substantive disconnect		
		between the County's current transit		
		infrastructure and the transportation		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		network that would be needed to realize		
		this goal. The draft Plan's focus is both		
		unrealistic, not consistent with the		
		transportation realities of other parts of the		
		DMV, and not appropriate or equitable for		
		many County businesses and residents.		
	Focus on Developing Transit but with a	The draft Plan focuses on improving mass	Todd Hoffman	
	Broader Approach	transit through adding bus rapid transit	for Coalition of	
		(BRT) routes and to a lesser degree rail	Incorporated	
		service. Other forms of transit should be	Municipalities	
		considered and incorporated	and Community	
			Organizations	
	Specify How an Evolution from Car-	The draft Plan does not adequately	Todd Hoffman	
	centric Transportation to Transit-centric	consider interim stages between the	for Coalition of	
	Transportation Will be Staged and	County's transportation situation as it	Incorporated	
	Managed	exists now and as it may become over time.	Municipalities	
		This evolution and its timing for items such	and Community	
		as sidewalk and bicycle route installations	Organizations	
		or improvements as well as ADUs and infill		
		development's demand for on-street		
		parking are of particular interest given the		
		large investment of public funds that would		
		be needed and the uncertainties in		
		obtaining funding.		
	Continue to Plan for Traffic	The proposed BRT and rail options, even	Todd Hoffman	
		when added to existing Metro and bus lines	for Coalition of	
		(and the future Purple Line and planned	Incorporated	
		BRT routes), will not create a transit	Municipalities	
		network sufficient to get most County	and Community	
		residents out of cars and hence to reduce	Organizations	
		traffic. The County's size, current		
		settlement patterns, diverse population,		
		and demographics require continued		
		planning for vehicles and traffic, and the		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		draft Plan should include strategies to do		
		so. The County must maintain policy goals		
		that include the realities of vehicular		
		mobility and support acceptable motor		
		vehicle levels of service. Traffic impacts		
		everyone and planning for motor vehicle		
		traffic still matters. The draft Plan now		
		ignores the vehicular traffic needs of both		
		small businesses and apartment		
		developers, who tell us that they need to		
		provide parking.		
		The Thrive Montgomery plan does not take	Patria A.	
		into consideration residents who rely on	Thomas	
		automobiles for transport to their jobs.		
		While improved commuter transportation is		
		of value, commuter options are not a one		
		size fits all alternative. For example, I often		
		work late hours at my job on Washington,		
		D.C.; I am not comfortable using mass		
		transit late at night and prefer to use my		
		own automobile. The plan reduces parking		
		options and limits the use of automobiles		
		for residents who rely on them for a variety		
		of activity.		
	Reevaluate Transit Needs in Light of	The spread of COVID-19 and subsequent	Todd Hoffman	
	Lessons from the Pandemic	changes to all areas of work, retail, delivery	for Coalition of	
		services, and family life are an object lesson	Incorporated	
		in changing needs. The information already	Municipalities	
		gleaned from changes to travel and	and Community	
		telecommuting patterns should be	Organizations	
		incorporated into the draft Plan.		
	Provide Flexibility for Future	The draft Plan is not poised to	Todd Hoffman	
	Developments	accommodate future transportation	for Coalition of	
		solutions, which are constantly evolving.	Incorporated	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The impacts of conversion to electric	Municipalities	
		vehicles over the next 25 years, growth in	and Community	
		private multi-passenger services (e.g.	Organizations	
		Uber and Lyft), and new forms of		
		transportation that are likely to become		
		available soon, such as autonomous		
		vehicles, are not considered. Development		
		in areas near transportation hubs will		
		progress and impose new transportation		
		needs, and the ongoing pandemic will		
		change transportation needs in ways that		
		cannot yet be predicted. The draft Plan		
		should exhibit adequate flexibility to		
		respond to current conditions or adapt to		
		changing conditions over its time frame.		
	Integrate with Other Jurisdictions from	Despite recognizing these realities, the	Todd Hoffman	
	the Outset	draft Plan does not adequately consider	for Coalition of	
		that State and Federal roads crisscross the	Incorporated	
		County and will not be subject to the draft	Municipalities	
		Plan, nor the need to integrate the County's	and Community	
		transportation modes with other adjacent	Organizations	
		jurisdictions. It is unclear whether MDOT		
		was consulted with on this draft Plan. Also,		
		County residents and non-residents will still		
		routinely need cars to travel to other parts		
		of the County, to other parts of Maryland,		
		to DC, and to Northern Virginia.		
		Commercial traffic and delivery vehicles will		
		continue to use, and depend, on adequate		
		roadways and traffic control within the		
		County.		
	Accommodate Many Groups Who Cannot	While the draft Plan focuses on equity, if	Todd Hoffman	
	Use Mass Transit	the County does not plan for cars and	for Coalition of	
		insists on 'road diets', one direct	Incorporated	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		consequence would be a significant	Municipalities	
		negative impact on many groups of County	and Community	
		residents, for whom the draft Plan would	Organizations	
		create inequities including:		
		Low income residents;		
		Senior citizens;		
		 People with many types of disabilities. 		
		Some municipalities in other states are not	Todd Hoffman	
		exclusively dedicating one lane to BRT;	for Coalition of	
		rather the lane becomes dedicated during	Incorporated	
		certain traffic conditions. What novel ways	Municipalities	
		could streets be repurposed for BRT?	and Community	
			Organizations	
		The draft Plan mentions developing a	Todd Hoffman	
		"logistics plan to facilitate increasing	for Coalition of	
		volumes of ecommerce-related deliveries."	Incorporated	
		However, downtowns and town centers are	Municipalities	
		slated for more density. How will the	and Community	
		increase in delivery vehicles factor into lane	Organizations	
		reduction, parking decreases, and zero		
		emissions?		
		The October 2020 draft plan promotes use	TAME Coalition	
		of autonomous vehicles and a network of		
		urban sensors, new technologies that		
		would require so-called "5G"		
		radiofrequency cellular networks. The		
		General Plan Update should not promote		
		this highly questionable change. Residents'		
		input on this major change, along with that		
		of public health experts familiar with the		
		international scientific literature on		
		radiofrequency exposures must be sought		
		and thoroughly examined.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		A great sidewalk or bikeway that we don't	Ronit Dancis,	
		build is a lost opportunity to reduce car	Alain Norman,	
		traffic. We need to start looking at them	Silver Spring	
		the same way we look at trees. Walkable,		
		bikeable, transit-oriented communities are		
		healthy communities. They are good for		
		our hearts, minds, souls, friendships, and		
		our planet.		
		The county should find ways to	Ethan Goffman,	
		charge for the many problems associated	Rockville	
		with car use, such as congestion, traffic		
		accidents, and air pollution. Drivers should		
		pay for the problems they cause. If		
		possible, the county should institute a		
		congestion charge. Another alternative		
		would be a county-wide parking fee, since		
		localities tend to provide free parking to get		
		people to patronize their businesses,		
		creating a kind of free-parking bidding war.		
		The county should discourage SUVs and	Ethan Goffman,	
		oversized cars, which not only have a	Rockville	
		disproportionate environmental impact but		
		kill pedestrians at twice the rate of sedans.		
		Perhaps some sort of health impact fee on		
		these vehicles could be implemented? An		
		educational campaign about the problems		
		with SUVs would also be helpful.		
		We basically need four transportation	Ethan Goffman,	
		networks, one for public transit, one for	Rockville	
		cars, one for pedestrians, one for bicycles		
		and other small vehicles that go under 15		
		mph. Cars have by far the greatest		
		environmental and health impact and		
		should stop receiving priority.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		This chapter still does not mention demand	Jane Lyons for	
		management policies, promoting pilot	Coalition for	
		projects, or the importance of frequent	Smarter Growth	
		transit — all of which are critical to achieve		
		the outlined vision.		
		I believe that further development in	Bruce Shulman	
		Montgomery County to supply jobs,		
		housing, shopping, restaurants and other		
		commercial establishments is necessary		
		to ensure that the County has sufficient		
		resources to fund the government and for		
		other purposes. However, the manner in		
		which growth is being handled is clearly		
		unsustainable because there is little or no		
		room left to build additional roads for		
		increased traffic. I believe that truly		
		"smart growth" can limit or slow		
		increases in the volume of automobile		
		and truck traffic on our roads, which is		
		the key issue in ensuring that		
		Montgomery County is able to grow and		
		prosper in the future.		
		We need better public transportation.	Katie Nolan,	
		Before my roommate lost her job, she	Silver Spring	
		sometimes spent more time in transit than		
		she did at work, despite the fact that her		
		job was a mere seven minute drive from our		
		apartment. People can't sustain their lives		
		like that.		
		safety for all users is MDOT SHA's top	MDOT	
		priorityMDOT SHA is implementing its		
		"Context Driven – Access and Mobility for		
		All Users" guide that focuses MDOT SHA on		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		creating a safe, accessible, and balanced		
		multimodal transportation system. A core		
		tenet reestablished in this guide is the need		
		to appropriately balance accessibility and		
		mobilityOne of the approaches MDOT		
		SHA now is taking is reducing roadway		
		speed in Maryland's most urban areas, an		
		approach that has been shown to reduce		
		the likelihood and severity of pedestrian		
		crashes In the near-term, MDOT SHA is		
		evaluating opportunities to implement		
		other low-cost, high-impact proactive		
		treatments such as leading pedestrian		
		intervals, lane reductions, continental		
		crosswalks, right-turn on red restrictions,		
		and improved lighting where appropriate.		
		We try to be the type of family you hope to	Susan Spock and	
		encourage with the Thrive plan. We chose	Caldwell Harrop,	
		our home to be in a walkable location, and	Bethesda	
		frequently walk, bike, and take a variety of		
		mass transit. My husband (who signs below		
		with me) has biked to work downtown for		
		26 years. We can (and often do) walk:		
		5 minutes to access buses that go to the		
		Metro, Bethesda, and downtown DC;		
		10-30 minutes to three strip mall centers		
		with a variety of services; 25 minutes to the		
		library; 30 minutes to Friendship Heights &		
		Metro; and 60 minutes to Bethesda. Over		
		the past 35 years, we have owned only one		
		car, except for 10 years when our girls were		
		in school, when we owned two. Our use of a		
		car and other types of travel is shown in a		
		chart attached to this statement, designed		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		to demonstrate that even though we live in		
		a somewhat connected community, we still		
		rely heavily on our car. The draft of Thrive		
		Montgomery 2050 ignores this reality of		
		many people's lives: no matter how much		
		they may walk, bike, or take transit, they		
		still need to use a car, especially in parts of		
		Montgomery County that are much less		
		accessible than ours.		
		Bike trail availability may not substantially	Susan Spock and	
		change commuting patterns, and while	Caldwell Harrop,	
		good for the powerful bike lobby, may not	Bethesda	
		be a practical commuting option for the		
		overwhelming majority of residents		
		Transit will never be reliable, frequent, and	Susan Spock and	
		universal: It is highly unlikely that various	Caldwell Harrop,	
		forms of transit other than cars will ever be	Bethesda	
		able to satisfy the needs of people living		
		throughout our large, spread-out county—		
		it is far too expensive for the county to		
		afford.		
		Urban areas still need parking: While an	Susan Spock and	
		"urban" center like downtown Bethesda	Caldwell Harrop,	
		could attract some people to live there	Bethesda	
		without frequent use of cars, it still needs		
		parking for visitors from other areas and for		
		its residents to reach parts of the		
		metropolitan area not conveniently		
		accessed by transit.		
		Employers need to provide easy access for	Susan Spock and	
		employees: I do not have data on this point,	Caldwell Harrop,	
		but if I were an employer, easy access,	Bethesda	
		including car travel and parking, would be a		
		priority for me in deciding where to locate.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Has the county thoroughly researched the		
		needs of future employers? Job growth is		
		essential to allow the county to thrive.		
		Traffic congestion before the pandemic was	Susan Spock and	
		already a problem, and Thrive may help,	Caldwell Harrop,	
		but will also hurt: Thrive calls for fewer	Bethesda	
		lanes of traffic, and fewer left-turn lanes.		
		While it is important that we be able to		
		cross roads safely, it is also critical that left-		
		turn lanes be used where necessary to		
		prevent serious travel delays. Thrive calls		
		for dramatic reductions in parking, but the		
		lack of parking spaces in areas that need		
		them will back up traffic as drivers circle,		
		looking for a space, adding to climate		
		problems. People will not stop driving		
		just because there is no parking. They will		
		become angry and frustrated, or go to		
		another location. The zoning code already		
		restricts parking in ways that are hard to		
		understand and that harm working		
		families. For example, my in-laws live at Fox		
		Hill, a Bethesda retirement community that		
		was approved with so few parking spaces		
		that employees have to park at a nearby		
		church and take a shuttle—certainly not		
		anticipated under the zoning code. Even		
		then, there are so many aides and visitors		
		to the site, and so few spaces, that many		
		people park in fire zones. There is also very		
		poor transit to the site. My easy 12-minute		
		drive would take at least 40-minutes by		
		transit, using two buses and walking—		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		hardly how I would choose to drop off		
		groceries or pay a quick visit.		
		We also note that the draft Thrive	Melanie Rose	
		Montgomery Plan is anti-automobile. That	White, Chair	
		is a noble goal given the need to adopt	Citizens	
		strategies to thwart climate change.	Coordinating	
		However, the vast majority of county	Committee on	
		residents of necessity now rely on motor	Friendship	
		vehicles, and the infrastructure, including a	Heights	
		huge mass transit system, are unlikely to		
		exist even by 2050, given the incredible		
		costs and questionable demand.		
		Implementation would necessarily		
		discriminate against large numbers of		
		County residents for whom vehicular travel		
		is a necessity in circumstances in which		
		walking and biking are not practical.		
		When I moved to Montgomery County, I	Jessica Bronson,	
		was excited to live near a Metro station.	Gaithersburg	
		However, we still ended up relying on my		
		car most of the time because necessities		
		like grocery stores, pharmacies, and		
		preschools were not readily accessible. A		
		10-15 minute car ride can turn into a 1-2		
		hour public transit trip. I am excited at the		
		prospect of complete communities, and		
		would like to see an even stronger		
		emphasis on mass transit, buses, walking,		
		and biking as the highest priority modes of		
		transportation.		
		The goal of more efficiently moving traffic	Northwood Four	
		along densely travelled major	Corners CA	
		thoroughfares should not impact the		
		quality of life in nearby communities. One		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		of the primary goals of the TM 2050		
		planning process is to promote the concept		
		of Connecting Communities so that "Every		
		resident should have the opportunity to		
		live, work, play, exercise, shop, learn, and		
		make use of public amenities and services		
		within a 15-minute walk or bike ride." The		
		need to move high traffic volume through		
		the Four Corners Route 193/US 29		
		intersection should be balanced against the		
		desire of local residents to enjoy a walkable		
		community.		
		The Food Council also supports the Better	Catherine Nardi	
		Buses Platform, developed by the Coalition	and Heather	
		for Smarter Growth, which seeks to	Bruskin for MC	
		prioritize buses as the mode of choice,	Food Council	
		being fare-free and carbon neutral. By		
		ensuring accessibility to critical food access		
		points through public transportation routes,		
		residents will become more likely to rely on		
		public transportation, which tends to be		
		more inclusive of people with physical		
		disabilities than bike or walking		
		pathways.		
	If most people have to drive to the	That may be, but there is no other easy way	Susan Spock and	
	Metro station or a bus stop to access	to access transit; and using transit is better	Caldwell Harrop,	
	transit, transit benefits are	than driving to distant areasIf the county	Bethesda	
	diminished. (P. 35)	wants to promote transit use, it should		
	Action 4.3.1.a: Eliminate motor vehicle	have parking and drop-offs at Metro		
	parking minimums for new development	stations and major bus stops.		
	projects in downtowns, town centers,			
	and rail and BRT corridors to encourage			
	travel by walking, bicycling, and transit.			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Start planning for people instead of	This sounds catchy, but it is meaningless.	Susan Spock and	
	planning for cars (P. 42)	People drive cars and will continue to need	Caldwell Harrop,	
		cars. Planning for people means planning	Bethesda	
		for cars as well as planning for walking and		
		bikes. Traffic congestion after Covid may		
		return, sucking economic prosperity out of		
		the county.		
	Thrive 2050's vision for the future is that	As noted, this might be true in more urban	Susan Spock and	
	"most people can live without a car and	areas, but impossible for people in rural	Caldwell Harrop,	
	meet daily needs with a short walk, bike	and suburban areas, especially for the	Bethesda	
	ride, or transit trip." (P. 46)	elderly, the disabled, and parents.		
	Vision for Safe and Efficient Travel. (P. 74)	WMCCA Comment: Define "micromobility".	Ken Bawer for	
			WMCCA	
	We simply cannot be equitable, address	We suggest replacing "roads" with	Jane Lyons for	
	climate change, and support a	"highways." Building new roads should be	Coalition for	
	strong economy by building more roads.	permissible in cases where they improve	Smarter Growth	
	(P. 74)	connectivity of street grids.		
		Focus on Transit and Walkability (p. 75) –	Marilyn	
		We need to reorient the underlying land	Balcombe for	
		use pattern into walkable, bikeable	Germantown	
		Complete Communities and make transit	Chamber of	
		more accessible to a greater number of	Commerce	
		people by concentrating all future		
		development in transit-oriented places.		
		I'm assuming this pertains to residential		
		development versus commercial		
		development. If not, this is a Catch-22,		
		further isolating communities that are		
		already isolated.		
		Focus on Transit and Walkability (p. 76, first	Marilyn	
		full paragraph) The county's major	Balcombe for	
		roadwaysGreat Seneca Highway and	Germantown	
		Rt. 118 are missing from this list.	Chamber of	
			Commerce	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	New micromobility solutions such as e-	I cannot see myself or other older residents	Susan Spock and	
	scooters and rideshare bicycles will	getting to the Metro either way, as I have	Caldwell Harrop,	
	provide new capabilities to solve the first	osteopenia and can't afford to fall. These	Bethesda	
	mile/last mile problem to bring reliable	are also not good solutions in the rain,		
	daily access to high speed transit. (P. 76)	heat, snow, or ice, which occur often in this		
		area.		
	Focus on Transit and Walkability	WMCCA Comment: Remove Purple line now	Kenneth Bawer	
	These existing east-west corridors include	that construction has stopped?	for West	
	the new Purple Line and the planned BRT		Montgomery	
	along Randolph Road. (P. 76)		County Citizens	
			Association	
	For example, early conceptual planning	WMCCA Comment: The County needs to	Kenneth Bawer	
	and regulatory review stages have begun	come out against the maglev project	for West	
	on the proposed highspeed	due to the biodiversity, value, history,	Montgomery	
	superconducting magnetic levitation	research and fossils on the federal, state,	County Citizens	
	(maglev) system between Washington,	academic, and city land, refuges, and	Association	
	DC, and Baltimore, and a proposed 35-	parklands that almost entirely comprise the		
	mile underground tunnel/loop to move	footprint for the proposed maglev		
	electric vehicles between Washington	corporation's trainyards, trainlines, power		
	and Baltimore in 15 minutes. (P.76)	stations, road realignments, powerline		
		realignments, parking lots, and new roads.		
	Supporters of regional connectivity have	WMCCA Comment: Change to "have also	Kenneth Bawer	
	also discussed a Purple Line extension to	discussed a Purple Line extension,	for West	
	create suburb-to-suburb connection	BRT, and monorail to create"	Montgomery	
	between Tysons in Fairfax County, VA,		County Citizens	
	and Largo in Prince George's County.		Association	
	(P.76)			
	Goals, Policies and Actions. (P. 76)	WMCCA Comment: Add new Policy &	Kenneth Bawer	
		Action: Encourage people to move closer	for West	
		to their jobs by offering government	Montgomery	
		subsidies for moving expenses, based on	County Citizens	
		need, for people who wish to avoid long	Association	
		commutes by moving closer to their job.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Not only would this reduce demand for new		
		road construction, but it would also		
		take cars off the road. Our guess is that this		
		would be less expensive than		
		building/widening roads. It is a given that		
		housing costs increase the closer-in you		
		move. That is one of the trade-offs that		
		someone has to make: a longer commute		
		with a bigger house vs. a shorter commute		
		with a smaller house or		
		apartment/townhouse. The reason we have		
		suburban sprawl was (and is) the lure of		
		less expensive/larger houses coupled with		
		relatively cheap (arguably government		
		subsidized) gasoline and roads. Solving		
		congestion is not a simple problem and		
		there are many variables in the equation.		
		Just to throw out one variable: what if gas		
		was taxed the way it should be (as in		
		Europe), say phasing in a tax of \$1 or more		
		per gallon? This would have lots of possible		
		repercussions: people buying smaller cars,		
		moving closer-in, switching to transit,		
		moving to Virginia (which may not be a bad		
		thing), etc		
	Goal 4.1: Get people out of their cars and	Goal 4.1 Delete the first sentence since it is	Dan Wilhelm for	
	transform Montgomery County into a	not a goal, but rather an objective. The	Greater	
	community of walkable, people-centric	second sentence is a goal but reword it	Colesville Civic	
	places. Make public transit, walking, and	something like: Plan, design and implement	Association	
	bicycling the preferred travel mode for	the transportation system to encourage		
	daily trips and substantially reduce the	people to use public transit, walking and		
	need for personal vehicles.	biking rather than the need to drive.		
	Goal 4.1: Get people out of their cars and	Instead, the goal should be to facilitate all	Robert E. Oshel,	
	transform Montgomery County into a	transportation options so that residents can	Silver Spring	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	community of walkable, people-centric places. Make public transit, walking, and bicycling the preferred travel mode for daily trips and substantially reduce the need for personal vehicles.	choose the one that works best for them in any given situation. Cars are not the enemy. They are simply a tool for transportation, as are shoes, bikes, buses, and trains. We should not favor one mode of transportation over the others in the plan, especially if doing so requires increasing density in single family neighborhoods to support public transportation.		
	Policy 4.1.1: Change the primary function of streets from moving automobiles to moving people and creating great places that are accessible and safe for all roadway users, environmentally sustainable and economically competitive. All rules and regulations regarding how we approve growth should support this approach.	Policy 4.1.1. There needs to be a balanced approach to using roads. Some roads will be primarily for vehicles and transit and others will also be used equally by all modes.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	Action 4.1.4.a. Provide dedicated transit lanes as part of the replacements of the American Legion Bridge. (P. 76)	In accordance with the County Council's most recent position, this action should also include engineering the new American Legion Bridge to be able to accommodate heavy rail.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	
	Action 4.1.1.b: Update the Master Plan of Highways and Transitways to consider whether to remove master-planned but unbuilt highways and road widenings.	This is a noteworthy incorporation of iterative planning that allows the County to revisit previous plans and ensure they are considerate of current conditions and context.	MDOT	
	Action 4.1.1.b	WMCCA Comment: Change to "Update the Master Plan of Highways and Transitways to remove master-planned but unbuilt highways and road	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		widenings, especially the M-83 highway."		
		M-83 is unneeded, would be		
		environmentally destructive, and takes		
		funds away from mass transit projects.		
		Action 4.1.1b - Delete "consider whether	Benjamin Ross	
		to".		
		Stop planning for cars and emphasize	Roberta (rg)	
		transit, walking and biking. Agreed! And in	Steinman	
		support of this, update the Master Plan of		
		Highways and Transitways to remove		
		master planned but unbuilt highways and		
		road widenings, especially the M-83		
		highway.		
	Remove M-83	[R]remove the proposed M83 Highway,	TAME coalition	
		from the Master Plan of Highways and		
		Transitways and other master plans		
	M-83 and Montrose Parkway East	The Plan calls for examining the potential	John Parrish	
	extension	removal of highways from the Master Plan		
		of Highways and Transitways. The Mid-		
		County Highway extension known as M-83		
		should be highlighted as an example of		
		why we need to revise the master plan. This		
		highway is a relict of poor planning that		
		would devastate streams, forests,		
		biodiversity and communities. Likewise, the		
		Montrose Parkway East extension from		
		Rockville Pike to Veirs Mill Road should be		
		abandoned and the road right-of-way		
		designated as a greenway park.		
	Policy 4.1.2: Plan and implement a high	Policy 4.1.2. High quality transit is not	Dan Wilhelm for	
	quality transit network that seamlessly	defined. The correct term is premium	Greater	
	connects the county's downtowns and	transit. Transit goes between places, not	Colesville Civic	
	town centers and regional destinations.	between places and itself.	Association	
	Make transit the fastest and most reliable			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	way to get between downtowns, town			
	centers, and rail and BRT corridors.			
		Action 4.1.2b - Delete "Develop a strategy	Benjamin Ross	
		to".		
		Action 4.1.2.b — Note — expanded	Marilyn	
		commuter rail capacity on the MARC	Balcombe for	
		Brunswick Line has been a Chamber priority	Germantown	
		for decades.	Chamber of	
			Commerce	
	Policy 4.1.3: Prioritize safe, connected,	WMCCA Comment: Bicycle lanes must be	Kenneth Bawer	
	low-stress bicycle, and pedestrian	separated from motor vehicle lanes by	for West	
	networks in downtowns, town centers,	structures such as jersey walls. (See photo	Montgomery	
	rail and BRT corridors, and community	on p. 75)	County Citizens	
	equity emphasis areas over projects that		Association	
	increase traffic capacity.			
	Policy 4.1.4: Extend rail and bus rapid	Policy 4.1.4. Eliminate rail since it is too	Dan Wilhelm for	
	transit (BRT) directly to regional	costly.	Greater	
	destinations such as Tysons and Arlington		Colesville Civic	
	in Virginia; and Frederick, Columbia, and		Association	
	Downtown Baltimore in Maryland.	Policy 4.1.4 Please note MDOT MTA is	MDOT	
		developing a Statewide Transit Plan to		
		provide a 50-year vision of coordinated		
		local, regional, and intercity transit across		
		the state. This plan will define public		
		transportation goals and strategies for		
		Maryland's rural, suburban, and urban		
		regions with a vision toward increasingly		
		coordinated, equitable, and innovative		
		mobility. For questions or comments		
		regarding the Statewide Transit Plan,		
		please email mtastp@mta.maryland.gov		
		Action 4.1.4.a." The MDOT MTA and	MDOT	
		Virginia's Department of Rail and Public		
		Transportation (VDRPT) are conducting a		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		jointly led study of Transit Service and		
		Traffic Demand Management (TDM)		
		options across the American Legion Bridge		
		with representation from local jurisdictions		
		and stakeholders including Montgomery		
		County and Maryland-National Capital Park		
		and Planning Commission (MNCPPC).		
		Consider ensuring that the 2050 Plan goals,	MDOT	
		policies, and actions support and/or align		
		with the TDM study, especially as it relates		
		to Action 3.2.2.a on page 68, Action 3.7.1.b		
		on page 70, and Action 4.1.4.a on page 76.		
	Policy 4.1.4	WMCCA Comment: Change to "Extend rail	Kenneth Bawer	
		and bus rapid transit (BRT) and possibly	for West	
		monorail"	Montgomery	
			County Citizens	
			Association	
	Action 4.1.4.a	WMCCA Comment: Change to "Provide	Kenneth Bawer	
		dedicated transit lanes as part of the	for West	
		replacement of the American Legion Bridge	Montgomery	
		as well as dedicated pedestrian and bicycle	County Citizens	
		lanes so as to connect the C&O Canal NHP	Association	
		on the Maryland side to the Potomac		
		Heritage Trail on the Virginia side.		
		Pedestrian and bicycle lanes on a new		
		bridge have been on the planning books for		
		decades.		
	Policy 4.1.6: Develop and regularly	Policy 4.1.6. Eliminate this policy since it is	Dan Wilhelm for	
	update short-term and long-term bus	an operational task and doesn't belong	Greater	
	transit plans. These plans will extend	here.	Colesville Civic	
	local and regional bus service to		Association	
	underserved communities in			
	Montgomery County, improve reliability,			
	frequency, and span of service and			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	restructure local and regional bus service to integrate with existing and planned rail and BRT.			
	Policy 4.1.7: Reduce single-occupancy vehicle use and incentivize non-auto transportation options by locating most new growth near rail and BRT.	Policy 4.1.7. Eliminate since it is already covered elsewhere in Goal 4.1	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		Policy 4.1.8 - Delete microtransit. Microtransit is geometrically unworkable and consistently fails in practice.	Benjamin Ross	
	Goal 4.2: Redesign street systems in downtowns and town centers to be active, people-centric places. Most travel to, from and within these areas will occur via walking, bicycling, and transit. Policy 4.2.1: Expand the street grid in downtowns, town centers, rail and BRT corridors, and suburban communities to create shorter blocks, improve access and transportation system redundancy, and slow the speed of traffic. Use development projects and roadway modifications to provide new street connections.	Goal 4.2 and its policies. The points here are already covered in Goal 4.1 and its policies.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	Policy 4.2.2: Redesign downtowns and town centers so that walking and bicycling are the preferred modes of transportation by breaking up large blocks, adding more frequent safe crossings, creating space for wide sidewalks, bikeways, trees and adequate lighting, and providing			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	accessibility to the transportation			
	system.			
	Policy 4.2.3: Reallocate some street space			
	dedicated to motor vehicle travel to			
	other uses such as walking, bicycling, and			
	transit; environmental features such as			
	stormwater management and street			
	trees; and placemaking opportunities to			
	align with the economic, environmental,			
	and equity values in this plan.			
	Policy 4.2.1	WMCCA Comment: This is not a good idea.	Kenneth Bawer	
		This will result in more miles of impervious	for West	
		roadway, leading to more stormwater	Montgomery	
		runoff, leading to more degradation of	County Citizens	
	Astissa 4.2.2 s. Hadata the Master Dlag of	stream valleys.	Association Kenneth Bawer	
	Action 4.2.2.a: Update the Master Plan of	WMCCA Comment: Add: Bikeways must be separated from motorized vehicles by solid	for West	
	Highways and Transitways to limit the number of through-lanes in downtowns	barriers such as jersey walls, not simply low		
	and town centers to a maximum of four	curbs.	Montgomery County Citizens	
	general purpose lanes and repurpose	curbs.	Association	
	space for transit lanes, wider sidewalks,		Association	
	bikeways, trees, and stormwater			
	management. Discourage new turn lanes			
	in downtowns and town centers. (P.78)			
	in downtowns and town centers. (1.70)	Action 4.3.1.a applies to downtown areas,	Seth Grimes	
		but it should be extended to adjacent areas	Seem Grimes	
		as well, perhaps with the same 15-minute		
		criteria.		
	Market-based parking rates	Page 77 (Refer to Policy 4.3.2): The Draft	MDP	
		Plan could include other parking		
		management tools such as on- or off-site		
		shared parking and connecting adjacent		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		retail and business establishments to help		
		manage parking effectively.		
	Market-based parking rates	Action 4.3.2a - Rather than market rates,	Benjamin Ross	
		which are depressed by parking subsidies		
		embedded in past policies, parking charges		
		should be at rates sufficient to support the		
		cost of construction and operation.		
	Market-based parking rates	Please clarify how the General Plan's Action	Josh Silverstein,	
		4.3.2.a regarding market-based parking	President,	
		rates can be reconciled with the equity	Randolph Civic	
		provisions of the Public Hearing Draft.	Association	
		Goal 4.4 - Add new policy 4.4.5: "Eliminate	Benjamin Ross	•
		all slip lanes, diverging diamonds, and		
		cloverleafs."		
		Policy 4.4.3 - The priority for pedestrian	Benjamin Ross	
		safety should be the places with high		
		fatality rates (mostly high-speed arterials),		
		not places with high crash rates (mostly		
		downtowns with heavy foot traffic, slow		
		vehicle speeds, and less serious injuries).		
	Regarding Policy 4.4.1 and Policy 4.4.3	The MDOT SHA is advancing plans and	MDOT	
	with respect to transportation-related	policies and implementing best practices		
	fatalities and severe injuries and crash	and guidance to work toward Vision Zero,		
	locations analysis:	especially, since the April 2019 adoption of		
		House Bill 885 that established Maryland as		
		a Vision Zero state. For MDOT, Vision Zero		
		is the umbrella under which numerous		
		safety strategies are housed. One of those		
		strategies at MDOT SHA is Context Driven,		
		which includes the Context Guide, a draft of		
		which was published in September 2019.		
	Regarding Action 4.4.1.b: Develop an	Please consider adding more detail to this	MDOT	
	Access Management Plan.	action step. Also consider incorporating a		
		requirement that local developers		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		implement context sensitive design		
		solutions into the County's local area		
		transportation reviews (LATR).		
	Policy 4.5.1: Incentivize the use of modes	WMCCA Comment: Change to: Incentivize	Kenneth Bawer	
	other than single-occupant vehicles by	the use of modes other than single	for West	
	providing high quality transit, walking,	occupant vehicles by providing high quality	Montgomery	
	and bicycling networks. (P. 79)	transit, and safe walking and bicycling	County Citizens	
		networks, both of which are separated from	Association	
		motorized vehicles by solid barriers such as		
		jersey walls, not simply low curbs.		
	Action 4.5.2.a: Conduct a study to	Please clarify what MDOT's role will be with	MDOT	
	determine how to apply congestion	these studies, if any. Is the County seeking		
	pricing in Montgomery County, including	technical assistance or participation?		
	how to foster equity and distribute the			
	revenue to promote walking, bicycling,			
	and transit.			
	Action 4.6.1.a: Conduct a study to			
	reexamine the travel needs of vulnerable			
	users of the transportation system and			
	create strategies to improve their access			
	to jobs, food centers, age restricted			
	housing, health care, and other services.			
	Prepare an Aging Readiness Functional			
	Master Plan to support safe			
	transportation options for the county's			
	aging population and address topics such			
	as transit use, curbside management, and			
	street infrastructure.			
	Goal 4.5: Eradicate greenhouse gas	Goal 4.5. Eliminate this under	Dan Wilhelm for	
	emissions and dangerous pollutants from	transportation since it is covered under	Greater	
	the transportation system.	Element 6. Also, at most one can only	Colesville Civic	
		reduce greenhouse gases, not eradicate it.	Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Goal 4.6: Create an equitable	Goal 4.6. Eliminate since actions dealing	Dan Wilhelm for	
	transportation system that provides	with funding priorities and fares don't	Greater	
	affordable and accessible travel options	belong in this document.	Colesville Civic	
	to jobs, education, and services.		Association	
	Goal 4.7: Convert auto-centric	Goal 4.7. Eliminate since it is already	Dan Wilhelm for	
	transportation corridors into safe,	covered under Goal 4.1	Greater	
	people-centric multimodal streets with		Colesville Civic	
	rail and BRT. Most travel to, from and		Association	
	within transportation corridors will occur			
	via walking, bicycling, and transit.			
		Goal 4.7:Most travel to, from and within	Marilyn	
		transportation corridors will occur via	Balcombe for	
		walking, bicycling, and transit – This is an	Germantown	
		"urban-centric" goal that doesn't meet the	Chamber of	
		reality of our existing communities.	Commerce	
	Rustic roads	Add the following policy and action:	Robert J.	
		Policy 4.7.3: Ensure that the system of	Tworkowski,	
		designated rustic roads is protected and	Chair, Rustic	
		maintained to preserve important historic,	Roads Advisory	
		cultural, and natural features enabling a	Committee	
		strong agritourism benefit to both farms		
		and residents.		
		Action 4.7.3.a: Montgomery County		
		Planning Department in coordination with		
		MCDOT, the Rustic Roads Advisory		
		Committee, and producers and advocates		
		for the Agricultural Reserve, review and		
		recommend safety measures, such as		
		reduced speed limits, for rustic roads and		
		all roadways in the Agricultural Reserve		
		with the goal of increasing safe travel for		
		bicyclists and pedestrians, while continuing		
		to protect rustic roads.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Goal 4.8: Create a seamlessly integrated	Goal 4.8. This goal is saying to form	Dan Wilhelm for	
	regional transportation system by	another COG, but it already exists. Are you	Greater	
	coordinating transportation planning	proposing to create another COG?	Colesville Civic	
	within the region and between	Coordination is also needed with Howard	Association	
	neighboring jurisdictions.	County and others counties north of		
		Montgomery County.		
	Goal 4.8	The MDOT MTA supports the focus on	MDOT	
		integration between systems and		
		throughout the region.		
		Action 4.8.2a - Delete. This already exists in	Benjamin Ross	
		the Washington Suburban Transit		
		Commission. Creation of a regional road-		
		building authority would be directly		
		contrary to the plan's aim of shifting		
		transportation priorities.		
	Policy 4.8.3: Assemble a regional coalition	MDOT leads the statewide Maryland	MDOT	
	of jurisdictions and other stakeholders to	Connected and Automated Vehicle (CAV)		
	guide transportation technological	Working Group, where all stakeholders can		
	change related to connected and	learn about CAV initiatives within the state		
	autonomous vehicles in a way that	and companies can submit an expression of		
	supports our goals and that addresses	interest form to test AVs in Maryland. For		
	the needs of disadvantaged populations.	more information please email		
		cavmaryland@mdot.maryland.gov.		
	Policy 4.9.3: Design streetscapes to	WMCCA Comment: Add: Managing	Kenneth Bawer	
	mitigate disruption from climate change,	stormwater effectively in streetscape	for West	
	manage stormwater effectively, and	designs will eliminate the need for the	Montgomery	
	provide tree canopy for shade and	destructive practice of so-called "stream	County Citizens	
	habitat. (P. 82)	restorations" in stream valleys.	Association	
		This plan should define the County's transit	County Exec	
		choices, and not merely be a laundry list of		
		possible projects.		
	Goal 4.1	The policy recommendations for	County Exec	
		realignment and reconfiguration of		
		roadways to accommodate increased		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		pedestrian and bicycle traffic may		
		negatively impact fire-rescue response		
		times by inadvertently increasing vehicular		
		traffic and congestion, while the narrowing		
		of roadways will make turns more difficult		
		for large fire-rescue apparatus. Similarly,		
		the proposal for "a grid of streets and		
		alleys" and smaller blocks with more		
		crosswalks could also hinder response		
		times.		
		The priority goal of the public	County Exec	
		transportation system is to get residents to		
		their jobs and schools. There is interest in		
		including schools in the Complete		
		Communities by repurposing office		
		buildings, but no clear plans for jobs.		
	Action 4.1.1.b	This only makes sense if enough people can	County Exec	
		live near their jobs – which is not feasible		
		for at least some significant subset of the		
		population. Mass Transit projects require		
		viable roads and are most efficient in		
		transporting more people.		
	Policy 4.1.2	Should we be capitalizing on our Amtrak	County Exec	
		access more? Do our Amtrak stations have		
		significant needs? Are there positions we		
		can advocate for toward improving the		
		Capitol Limited service? Even if the plan		
		ultimately doesn't suggest significant		
		changes to the County's Amtrak access, it		
		should at least acknowledge that it exists.		
	Policy 4.1.2	Need to ensure this recognizes the need for	County Exec	
		bus depots & transit centers (particularly in		
		locating & acquiring ROW). This should		
		establish that a future Transit Functional		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Plan will identify these locations, for		
		inclusion into future area master plans.		
	Policy 4.1.2	MARC needs to also be considered.	County Exec	
	Policy 4.1.2	Young millennials – due to the WMATA	County Exec	
		struggles and the advent of Uber and other		
		transportation options – have largely		
		abandoned the use of metro. This has		
		significant implications for our future use of		
		mass transit. This should be addressed.		
	Action 4.1.2.b	IMPORTANTShould not specify median.	County Exec	
		Policy 4.7.2 reads *preferably* in the		
		median. This would be better language		
		here.out		
	Action 4.1.2.c	What is the expectation of connections to	County Exec	
		Baltimore? Would this be more along the		
		lines of Express Bus via I-95? It would be		
		difficult to implement BRT (and especially		
		rail) unless managed lanes are included		
		along I-95, which this phrasing might imply		
		support for. Consider rephrasing if that is		
		not the intent, or clarifying how else this		
		might be achieved.		
	Action 4.1.2.d	Consider expanding this action item with a	County Exec	
		suggestion that the Brunswick Line be		
		considered for through-running into		
		Virginia.		
	Policy 4.1.4	This needs to establish a clearer	County Exec	
		implementation vision for low-density		
		areas. I suggest defining the intent of		
		shifting vehicle trips to transit as far		
		upstream in a trip as able. As discussed w/		
		MNCPPC on 6/4/2020, consider a vision		
		that supports the bullets below. The 2nd		
		and 3rd bullets may affect the phrasing of		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Policy 4.1.4.		
		Serve high-density areas (Red/Orange		
		Policy Areas) with high-intensity transit &		
		walking/biking access. Strengthened public		
		parking programs (PLDs) in Downtowns and		
		Town Centers should focus on catching		
		auto users at the periphery.		
		Serve lower-density areas (Orange/Yellow		
		Policy Areas) with micro-transit, bikeways,		
		&/or Bike & Ride facilities to concentrate		
		these areas' ridership into the higher-		
		intensity stops along a high-intensity transit		
		network.		
		Serve lowest-density areas (Green Policy		
		Areas) with Park & Ride facilities at regional		
		upstream points: likely focusing on in-line		
		facilities along interstates / major		
		highways, but not excluding the potential		
		for neighborhood / area-focused P&Rs.		
		Should encourage out-of-County P&Rs.		
	Goal 4.2	Transit should be the highest priority since	County Exec	
		it has the potential to move the most		
		people the most distance most cost-		
		effectively. This order should be changed.		
	Action 4.3.1.a	To the extent that utility relocations are	County Exec	
		required, costs could be significant.		
	Action 4.3.1.b	If this is done, negative neighborhood	County Exec	
	0.145	impacts need to be mitigated.		
	Goal 4.5	There are no policies or action items that	County Exec	
		address non-vehicular contributors, such as		
		construction (particularly the production of		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Policy 4.5.3	concrete/cement and asphalt) or the waste and recycling of vehicles, tires, batteries, etc. Without these actions: we will fail to eradicate GHGs & dangerous pollutants from the transportation system. Should include an action item for electric	County Exec	
	,	charging infrastructure.	,	
	Action 4.5.3.b	(3 above):The Executive supports the goals of reducing emissions and currently has several initiatives underway including EV vehicles towards meeting 2040 climate goals. Updating public and private fleets to zero emission vehicles is an aggressive objective that may not be feasible.	County Exec	
	Action 4.6.1.e:	Unclear what level of subsidy is to be considered. Would need to know that to adequately provide fiscal information.	County Exec	
	Action 4.8.1.b	What does "preserves our values" mean?	County Exec	

Complete communities (Revised--Theme #2: Complete communities: mix of uses and forms)

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Thrive advocates not just for housing, but	County	
		housing in Complete Communities, 15-	Executive, 8-14-	
		minute living with lots of services within a	20 (This	
		15-minute walk or bike ride. The cost of	comment was	
		transforming—how many of our	made on the 6-	
		communities?into 15-minute living is not	11-20 draft of	
		mentioned, nor are the trade-offs. For	Vision, Goals,	
		Equity, are we better off with 15-minute	Policies and	
		living or investing in early childhood	Actions)	
		education and schools? This plan is silent		
		on education and on how to assure that		
		there is complete Equity in education, even		
		though that's where the multi-		
		generational benefit is.		
		There's an underlying assumption that	County	
		"Complete Communities" are the answer	Executive, 8-14-	
		to economic development, but that is not	20 (This	
		clear, demonstrated or proven. People	comment was	
		want to work near where they live if	made on the 6-	
		possible, but they also want to live in	11-20 draft of	
		areas/neighborhoods with good schools,	Vision, Goals,	
		recreation, parks and other amenities. The	Policies and	
		plan spends lots of time on Complete	Actions)	
		Communities without explaining where		
		jobs are located, and how jobs are part of		
		the 15-minute living. The plan needs to		
		better explain how Complete Communities		
		fit with our residents' employment.		
		Support the idea of complete communities	Dan Wilhelm for	
		but some changes are needed.	Greater Colesville	
			Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The 15-minute Complete Community is not	Lloyd Guerci	
		adequately described and fleshed out		
		across the County.		
		the description of Complete Communities		
		is in part unacceptable vague, which		
		viewed another way, amounts to a lack of		
		reasonable transparency on what is		
		proposed.		
		The Thrive Montgomery 2050 Draft Plan		
		fails to show that Complete Communities		
		are likely to be viable and workable across		
		the County.		
		The Thrive Montgomery 2050 Draft Plan		
		fails to justify a core premise that there		
		will be sufficient employment in Complete		
		Communities to make them viable.		
		The Thrive Montgomery 2050 Draft Plan		
		fails to justify an economic assumption		
		that Complete Communities will have		
		viable commercial elements.		
		The notion of local schools that children		
		can walk to in Complete Communities is		
		both wholly unrealistic and potentially		
		socially problematic.		
		As to zoning, if the Complete Communities		
		are to be successful, they must have real		
		public		
		space and real open space. The Planning		
		Board should recommend changes to the		
		Zoning Ordinance on what counts as public		
		use space and open space.		
		The land would fall into one of two	Dan Wilhelm for	
		categories: CBDs, Metro Policy areas, and	Greater Colesville	
		town centers (which we just call town	Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		centers); and areas between them. There		
		are many acres in urban and suburban		
		areas that are not within a town center.		
		The text reads as if everything is in a town		
		center. The text needs to be changed to		
		correct that impression.		
	Healthy environments equal healthy	We support the approach and emphasis	Denisse Guitarra	
	communities, 15-minute living	given in the plan to connect people to their	for Audubon	
		environment and promote healthy and	Naturalist Society	
		active lifestyles as stated in the "15-		
		minute living" policy recommendation. We		
		support increasing access to green spaces		
		for all people while simultaneously		
		working to eliminate structural barriers		
		that prevent individuals from accessing		
		nature.		
		The idea of Complete Communities with	Herb Simmens	
		15-minute living is the land use answer		
		to many of the issues we are facing today		
		including the racial and economic		
		segregation of our communities, housing		
		affordability, and increased greenhouse		
		gas emissions from vehicle miles traveled.		
		This is a remarkably sweeping assertion,		
		yet one looks in vain for evidence or		
		argument to support this statement.		
		How many of the one million plus		
		residents now experience 15-minute living,		
		how many residents does Thrive aim to		
		have 15-minute living, and what will it		
		take to make it happen? Absent some		
		even order of magnitude estimates, the		
		15-minute concept is little more than a		
		planning slogan.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Think of complete communities as	Edmund Morris	
		investments in public health and public		
		safety – communities that have access to		
		quality services, recreation, diverse modes		
		of transportation and economic		
		opportunities, and can support people		
		across income levels promote healthier,		
		safer, and more trusting people. It's the		
		communal experience that creates		
		community, after all, not just the		
		colocation.		
		I want to explicitly highlight enthusiastic		
		support for a transit-first planning ethos,		
		and the abandonment of car-centric		
		design. Likewise for the recognition that		
		diversity in housing types is essential, and		
		should not be limited to new development		
		but ought to focus on making existing		
		communities more adaptable.		
	Do walkable complete communities near	The goal for Thrive Montgomery is to	Patricia Depuy	
	transit bring jobs to the area?	produce more housing that is affordable	Johnson	
		and attainable with the idea that the ability		
		to live equitably will attract businesses and		
		will bring jobs to the area. The idea is that		
		Complete Communities with mass transit		
		and walkability will attract young people		
		who will come and jobs will follow. It		
		doesn't work that way.		
		b. Page 32-34. In general, the	Jane Lyons for	
		concept of Complete Communities needs	Coalition for	
		more work. There is no standard definition	Smarter Growth	
		and no explanation of how 15-minute		
		living will be different in urban, suburban,		
		and rural communities. There are certain		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		critical amenities that are not mentioned, such as healthy food. We also believe it should be explicitly stated that no community is "complete" unless it is racially and economically diverse. There should be no enclaves of whiteness, wealth, or poverty in Montgomery County.		
	The goal is to create Complete Communities that are diverse and can provide most essential services within a 15-minute walk, bike ride, or drive. (P. 33)	We urge you to remove driving from this definition of 15-minute living. The vast majority of county residents already live a 15-minute drive from their daily needs, rendering the Complete Communities a meaningless argument for embracing a more compact, mixed use, sustainable built environment. Moreover, the worldwide concept of the 15-minute neighborhood is specifically focused on walking and biking. changes that grow the pie and result in a higher quality of life for all.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	
		The draft Plan should also reflect the diversity of communities and neighborhoods that exist throughout the County by defining the different ways in which different types of neighborhoods can achieve the goals of Complete Communities. Montgomery County is not "one size fits all," and the draft Plan should recognize the County's differences by establishing separate parameters for determining what is a "Complete Community" in the urban, suburban, and rural parts of the County.	Todd Hoffman for Coalition of Incorporated Municipalities and Community Organizations; Melanie Rose White, Chair Citizens Coordinating Committee on Friendship Heights	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Specify the Proportion of the County that	Todd Hoffman	
		Could Evolve into Complete Communities	for Coalition of	
		and Better Consider Transportation Needs	Incorporated	
		for the Other Areas. Many areas of the	Municipalities	
		County will never become Complete	and Community	
		Communities, and even those that do will	Organizations	
		have limits that cannot be circumvented		
		by walking, cycling, or using only mass		
		transit.		
		The Complete Community is not	Melanie Rose	
		sufficiently delineated in terms of needed	White, Chair	
		infrastructure, likely business entry and	Citizens	
		costs. The evolution toward these	Coordinating	
		communities is not fairly described and	Committee on	
		whether they or the transition toward	Friendship	
		them are economically and fiscally realistic	Heights	
		is not documented. It is problematic that		
		there isn't even one (although Kensington		
		apparently approaches being one) in the		
		county, yet the entire county is to be		
		transformed to something unproven for		
		the wide range of conditions (e.g, existing		
		property ownership and uses, and		
		state/county infrastructure that exist		
		across our county, county fiscal condition).		
		In fact, based on the vagaries of the draft		
		plan we have no idea of approximately		
		how many Complete Communities there		
		would be and where they would likely be.		
		The ideal of a "Complete Community" – a	Phyllis Edelman	
		place where people of all ethnic, racial,		
		religious, socioeconomic backgrounds and		
		ages can live, work and relax within a		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		15-minute walk, bike or public transit ride		
		– is worth supporting, but I am skeptical		
		that it is realistic. Other than the		
		characteristics I've just listed, the Planning		
		Department has not completely defined		
		these communities in other terms.		
		While building Complete Communities will	Phyllis Edelman	
		ostensibly solve that issue for residents of		
		those areas, what about those populations		
		in our county who do not live in these		
		Complete Communities? They, too, should		
		be able to access a safe, public space to		
		meet with friends and enjoy the fresh air in		
		a green, natural environment. If we want		
		to promote equity in all areas, we cannot		
		leave behind any community within our		
		County.		
		We are excited to see the concept of	Josh Silverstein,	
		Complete Communities with 15-minute	President,	
		living in the Public Hearing Draft, including	Randolph Civic	
		its emphasis on walking and biking for	Association	
		communities in areas like the Randolph		
		Civic Association's. A consideration		
		mentioned throughout the Public		
		Hearing Draft, but not reemphasized in the		
		Complete Communities Section is the		
		importance of accessibility for those		
		unable to walk or bike.		
	Access to food	While public transportation, walkability,	Catherine Nardi	
		and bike accessibility are critical priorities	and Heather	
		to reduce emissions, special consideration	Bruskin for MC	
		should be made to address food access	Food Council	
		barriers for residents without access to a		
		car and/or with physical disabilities. First,		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		the "Complete Communities" goals should		
		include multiple food access points		
		conveniently located within communities,		
		at which culturally-appropriate,		
		affordable, and nutritious food options are		
		available. We support the establishment of		
		healthy corner stores, farmers markets,		
		and other access points for federal benefits		
		usage in under-resourced communities as		
		recommended in the 2017 Retail Trends		
		Study.		
		Page 32 (Refer to Figure-19): Planning	MDP	
		[MDP] suggests using an urban-to-rural		
		transect to reflect the different contexts of		
		complete communities.		
	Cost of retrofitting existing communities	Creation of Thrive Montgomery's	Harold Pfohl,	
		Complete Communities within areas that	Sumner Village	
		are fully built out requires the acquisition,		
		demolition and redevelopment of		
		numerous residences. The cost of that is		
		huge – will it be feasible? And the		
		acquisition of land for trails? Parks?		
	Provide a map of Complete Communities	This section should provide a map	Todd Hoffman	
		including different types of communities	for Coalition of	
		(urban, rural, suburban) and clarify	Incorporated	
		whether or not Complete Communities	Municipalities	
		will be located in the Agricultural Reserve	and Community	
			Organizations	
	Provide a map of Complete Communities	We were pleased to see that the draft Plan	Andy O'Hare,	
		considered Complete Communities but the	President EBCA	
		inclusion of a map that spotlights which or		
		what proportion of urban, suburban and		
		rural communities are to become		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Complete Communities replete with		
		Missing Middle housing would be helpful;		
		additionally, there is a paucity of relevant		
		national best practices, omission of any		
		description as to how both incorporated		
		and unincorporated communities will be a		
		part of the redevelopment process that		
		recognizes building and setback authority,		
		a disconnect with MCPS' plans for larger or		
		magnet schools, and a lack of defined		
		minimum amenities and metrics for		
		determining a successful Complete		
		Community with adequate public facilities,		
		green space, transit infrastructure, and		
		affordable housing. In short, the concept		
		of, location of, and metrics for Complete		
		Communities is incomplete.		
	Define three types of Complete	The Goals, Policies, and Actions for	Todd Hoffman	
	Communities.	Complete Communities should describe	for Coalition of	
		what is required to be present in each of	Incorporated	
		the three types of Complete Communities	Municipalities	
		as well as how those areas of the County	and Community	
		that will not be part of a Complete	Organizations,	
		Community will be served.	Rachel Taylor,	
			Clarksburg	
			Resident	
		Complete communities are a choice people	Quentin Remein	
		can make under the existing master plan.	for Cloverly Civic	
		If more complete communities are	Association	
		required, the marketplace can provide for		
		them by the redevelopment of		
		communities. People make choices to		
		residential areas based on their own		
		choices. Most retail/services are now		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		available for delivery, so people do not		
		even have to live near them. They can		
		choose the type of exercise and play that		
		they choose rather than being forced to		
		accept walking and bike riding.		
		Again people can make their own choices		
		for places for social gathering rather than		
		being restrained by what is in their		
		neighborhood.		
		We are submitting a comment in respect	Mark Quinn	
		of the Montgomery County Thrive 2050	President,	
		initiative. We support a thoughtful	Heritage Walk	
		approach to the issues outlined in the plan,	Home	
		but we represent a single family HOA	Corporation	
		community where people have invested	(Windermere)	
		themselves and their money in the belief	HOA	
		that the commitment to that style of		
		housing for our neighborhood was clear		
		and absolute. Thus, we expect that any		
		County honor that commitment to us and		
		respect the community's status and		
		authority as an HOA.		
		The Plan should specify the parameters for	Irene Lane, Town	
		the diverse urban, suburban, and rural	of Chevy Chase	
		"Complete Communities" that exist	Councilmember	
-		throughout the County.	Doboroh Inggar	
		Unclear if and how complete communities	Deborah Ingram,	
		will be executed across the county, they seem better suited for small areas.	Chevy Chase	
		Complete communities are still undefined which makes them difficult to assess.		
		Urban, suburban, and rural complete		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		communities should be defined better and		
		specified where they will be located.		
		Focusing on transit hubs seems		
		inequitable since these areas are already		
		populated with amenities, underserved		
		areas should be improved first.		
		There is concern around how Complete	Amy Medd for	
		Communities will be implemented in rural	Sandy Spring	
		communities such as Ashton. Projects are	Ashton Rural	
		already being built that diminish Ashton's	Preservation	
		rural character, such as townhouse	Consortium	
		developments. Where does Ashton fit into	(SSARPC),	
		the rural end of the transect?	President of	
			Sandy Spring	
			Ashton Rural	
			Preservation	
			Consortium	
		[We] applaud the Plan's highlighting the	Peter Gray,	
		trend/challenge number 9 (page 22), that	Washington Area	
		the County needs to stop planning for cars	Bicyclist	
		and should emphasize transit, walking and	Association	
		biking. As we emerge from the COVID		
		crisis, it is even more clear that we will not		
		thrive, transportation-wise, if we do not		
		emphasize non-auto alternatives to get		
		around the County.		
		to addition the design to the second section in		
		In addition, the plan's emphasis on equity,		
		means we should be planning and		
		implementing ideas that allow County		
		residents who cannot afford to use cars, to		
		have reasonable and safe alternatives to		
		the automobile. Moreover, WABA		
		wholeheartedly endorses the Plan's		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		commitment to a compact form of		
		development which will facilitate the use		
		of non-auto modes of transportation by		
		placing more jobs and commercial		
		activities in easier reach of County		
		residents.		
		As a resident of the Forest Estates		
		neighborhood in Silver Spring, I am very		
		fortunate to be a 10 minute walk from a		
		metro station. But my neighbors and I still		
		lack truly walkable commercial amenities,		
		such as groceries and restaurants which		
		development adjacent to the Forest Glen		
		metro might bring. We also suffer from a		
		lack of safe, walkable and bikeable		
		connections from our neighborhood to the		
		Silver Spring and Wheaton CBDs which are		
		both only a few miles away. The		
		neighborhood's children should also have a		
		safe route to get to the public schools that		
		they attend. These problems could be		
		resolved by a fulsome implementation of		
		Goal 4, including a full buildout of the		
		County Bike Master Plan and BRT		
		implemented along Georgia Avenue.		
		We strongly recommend that Thrive	Irene N. Lane,	
		Montgomery provide equal weight to the	Town	
		importance of job creation, transit, and	Councilmember,	
		housing and include strategies for how	Town of Chevy	
		public revenue will substantially increase	Chase	
		in order to fund the Complete Community		
		concept with its decentralized public		
		facilities, small local schools, and transit		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		infrastructure projects. Essentially, there		
		needs to be a plan for how the County will		
		thrive economically by attracting new		
		industries, companies and small		
		businesses to the County.		
		The Chamber supports compact	Marilyn	
		development and complete communities.	Balcombe,	
		The 1964 Wedges & Corridors plan	Gaithersburg-	
		envisioned strong commercial corridor	Germantown	
		with residential and retail components.	Chamber of	
		The commercial enterprise component is	Commerce	
		still lacking. We don't see how 15-minute		
		communities can be executed in		
		decentralized suburbs that depend on		
		cars.		
		The complete communities vision and		
		details need to be extended for suburban		
		and rural communities. There are areas of		
		the county that cannot meet our current		
		transportation needs without increased		
		road capacity.		
		A major solution to housing,		
		transportation, and jobs challenges to		
		bring more jobs upcounty; more jobs in		
		Germantown mean shorter commutes,		
		less congestion, less emissions and the		
		plan needs to explicitly support that goal.		
	Define Amenities and Features of Each	The draft Plan should spell out the minimal	Todd Hoffman	
	Type of Complete Community.	basic and specialized services and	for Coalition of	
		amenities that each of the three types of	Incorporated	
		Complete Communities (urban, suburban,	Municipalities	
		and rural) should contain.	and Community	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
			Organizations,	
			Andrew Saundry	
	Prioritize Green Space	The draft Plan should include a policy	Todd Hoffman	
		which requires that Complete Communities	for Coalition of	
		have access to nearby natural green space	Incorporated	
		(i.e., no artificial turf and wherever	Municipalities	
		possible unchanged natural landscape).	and Community	
			Organizations	
	Assist Small Businesses	The draft Plan should acknowledge the	Todd Hoffman	
		need to make sure small businesses can	for Coalition of	
		afford to start, operate, and remain in the	Incorporated	
		community as those communities	Municipalities	
		redevelop.	and Community	
			Organizations	
	Retain Historic Preservation	The draft Plan should include a policy that	Todd Hoffman	
		requires that historic designations for	for Coalition of	
		commercial and residential properties	Incorporated	
		located in Complete Communities will	Municipalities	
		continue under current Historic	and Community	
		Preservation laws and rules.	Organizations	
		The draft Plan proposes to grow	Todd Hoffman	
		commercial centers that are attractive as	for Coalition of	
		headquarters locations for large,	Incorporated	
		multinational corporations, major regional	Municipalities	
		businesses, federal agencies, and small	and Community	
		and locally owned businesses. How do	Organizations	
		these commercial centers fit with the		
		proposed Complete Communities?		
	How the concept of Complete	The concept of "complete communities" is	Naomi Spinrad,	
	Communities can be applied to a county	relatively new and is currently being	Chevy Chase	
	that has a variety of spaces is not	applied in urban areas, many laid out with	West	
	explained.	grids or within distinct relatively small		
		neighborhoods. There is nothing		
		comparable in Montgomery County. Nor		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		does the draft plan provide any examples		
		of how this might work here, or the likely		
		differences in complete communities in our		
		rural, suburban, or urban areas (actually		
		semi-urban in contrast to those places, like		
		Paris, Barcelona, and Houston TX already		
		applying complete communities to land		
		use plans). Without this information the		
		plan's vision is blurred and there is no way		
		to measure success contextually.		
	The draft does not pay enough attention	This is a serious flaw, given the goals of	Naomi Spinrad,	
	to improving disadvantaged	the plan. By improving I mean providing	Chevy Chase	
	neighborhoods.	quality attainable housing to broaden the	West	
		economic base of such communities, as		
		well as convenient, reliable, affordable,		
		and convenient transit so that it's possible		
		for residents to get to jobs more than 15		
		minutes away. While the challenge of		
		gentrification must be addressed,		
		enhancing the appeal of lower income		
		communities to both potential residents		
		and businesses should be as important as		
		diversifying established communities.		
		East County is receiving a lot of attention	Christopher	
		(FDA consolidation, White Oak Master	Bolton	
		Plan, Science Gateway Master Plan) and		
		gentrification is a real possibility for these		
		residents, especially since it is a high-		
		minority population. More needs to be		
		done to protect these residents from		
		being displaced.		
		The investment of areas that have been	Robert	
		underfunded, like East County for over	Stubblefield	
		forty years is long overdue. The creation of		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		walkable areas as well as bike transit I feel		
		is pivotal for helping meet environmental		
		goals as well as the creation of affordable		
		housing. That being said, I feel that this		
		plan needs to have a racial impact analysis		
		of how this will help benefit the		
		communities that for too long have been		
		left on the margins. Those closest to the		
		pain are the ones that need to be in power		
		and those close to the problem are the		
		ones close to the solution.		
	Retain Historic Preservation	The draft Plan should include a policy that	Todd Hoffman	
		requires that historic designations for	for Coalition of	
		commercial and residential properties	Incorporated	
		located in Complete Communities will	Municipalities	
		continue under current Historic	and Community	
		Preservation laws and rules.	Organizations	
			T .	
		The 15 –minute walk applies to larger	Dan Wilhelm for	
		town centers but not the areas between	Greater Colesville	
		them.	Civic Association	
		Consider modifying the definition of 15-	Todd Hoffman	
		minute living. Fifteen-minute living figures	for Coalition of	
		prominently throughout the draft Plan as a	Incorporated	
		benefit of achieving Complete	Municipalities	
		Communities. However, many areas of the	and Community	
		County cannot realistically expect to	Organizations	
		experience this ill-defined conceptIt is		
		unclear [] how this concept can be		
		applied to rural, suburban, and urban		
		Complete Communities.		1
		I suggest adding a 15 minute bus ride to	Jean Cavanaugh,	
		complete community definition. I do not	Silver Spring	
		support adding a 15 minute car ride.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		A fatal flaw in the Thrive Montgomery	David S. Forman	
		2050 plan is its goal of achieving "15-		
		minute" cities. Although in vogue among		
		city planners, 15-minute cities are simply		
		inappropriate for most of Montgomery		
		County. The idea originated in Paris,		
		where it makes some sense. People in Paris		
		already live in densely populated multi-		
		story apartment buildings in		
		neighborhoods with streets that can't		
		handle all the automobile traffic, and there		
		are no supermarkets but instead people		
		walk every day to the boulangerie on their		
		block for their daily fresh baguette. But		
		trying to recreate this in Montgomery		
		county except in a few limited locations		
		would be astronomically expensive,		
		disruptive, and unwanted.		
		The concept of 15-minute living also is not	Deborah Ingram,	
		adequately defined and developed. We are	Chevy Chase	
		offered 15-minute living by walking,		
		cycling, driving, and transit. This is all very		
		vague and confusing. Many of the goals		
		specifically talk about a 15-minute walk for		
		all county residents which clearly is		
		impractical. As for complete communities,		
		the concept of 15-minute living does not		
		appear to be a realistic one for a county as		
		large and as sparsely settled as		
		Montgomery County		
		Montgomery County is a large,	Don Slater, Silver	
		geographically diverse area. We have well	Spring	
		defined urban spaces, several large		
		suburban swathes, conventional small		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		towns, and a significant agricultural		
		expanse. 15-minute living will not look the		
		same in Aspen Hill as it does in Chevy		
		Chase. The county can change the nature		
		of the suburbs and get people out of their		
		cars by creating town centers on transit		
		lines. Small towns have always had a level		
		of self-sufficiency that supports 15-minute		
		living. The plan should acknowledge the		
		differences in the existing communities		
		and work within their boundaries		
		Car is the only way I can get around, my	Sebastian Smoot,	
		commute is five miles and takes seven	Burtonsville	
		minutes; public transit would take three		
		hours and biking would take one hour. I		
		do hope that we can execute 15-minute		
		communities. This concept should maybe		
		include housing for essential employees		
		that currently rely on their cars for work. It		
		should also go beyond to make sure		
		there's a variety of housing options in		
		every neighborhood.		
		The county needs to work aggressively	Ethan Goffman,	
		with the state to build schools in transit-	Rockville, Wendy	
		oriented areas to facilitate smart growth.	Calhoun	
		Lack of school capacity should not be a		
		reason to stop dense, diverse, walkable,		
		transit-oriented neighborhoods.		
		The key to 15-minute living and better	Andrew Saundry,	
		schools is the construction of more	Alain Norman,	
		schools in disadvantaged areas. An action	Silver Spring	
		should be added on building new schools.		
		Fifteen Minute Complete Communities has	Patricia Depuy	
		to be specifically redefined. As Chair	Johnson	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
NO.	issue/Topic Area	Anderson said: "Fifteen minutes can mean many things in Montgomery County." It can mean walking to a neighborhood store, biking 5 miles or driving 15. It can mean "walking to the end of one's driveway." In bad weather (hot, cold, rain, snow) it can mean getting in a car to do simple errands. When buying a week's groceries it also means driving. As far as old people are concerned. We are not about to give up driving and move into a condo even "at 81" as Chair Anderson suggested. You underestimate the 'baby boomers'. We are independent, mobile, like to walk and bike, but depend on a car for vital necessities as well as entertainment. This Plan waves off a	Commenter	Stall Response
		significant population in the county. It is not a representative plan. The services will exist in larger town centers, but few if any would exist between them. The area between centers is largely made up of single family housing and that will change little over the life of the plan	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		The town centers should largely be along premium transit corridors (Metrorail, Purple Line or BRT). The few town centers elsewhere will have limited transit and much fewer services.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association Dan Wilhelm for	
		Please modify or, better yet, delete the apparent value statement on the bottom of page 51. It is presumptuous to assume "most older adults" do or do not need or	Greater Colesville Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		want "larger houses", or they are "forced" to live there.		
	Zoning techniques like minimum lot size requirements in single-family neighborhoods created uniform housing, which resulted in neighborhoods defined primarily by income. (P. 52)	WMCCA Comment: It would be more accurate to include the fact that minimum lot size requirements was used to protect drinking water supplies in some areas.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	The lack of housing diversity by unit type and size is also a significant burden for the county's older adults. Most would continue to live in the same neighborhood where they raised their families if there were options to downsize. However, the current pattern of development forces them to continue to stay in larger houses they don't need or move to locations away from their families and social support network. (P. 52)	WMCCA Comment: What is the evidence to support the above statements? What is the average distance from existing homes of older adults to the closest retirement community?	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Today there are few remaining vacant properties to accommodate new growth. Approximately 85% of the county's land area is constrained by existing development, environmental constraints and other factors, leaving only 15% of land available to accommodate growth (see Issues Report for details).	WMCCA Comment: There is too much emphasis on the need for new growth. It is never explained why growth is good for existing residents. What kind of growth are we talking about: jobs, population, number of buildings, etc.? The emphasis should be on sustainable growth.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Policy 1.1.1. Every resident should have the opportunity to live, work, play, exercise, shop, learn, and make up of	This is contrary to the statement made about Complete Communities on page 32, which included driving. We prefer this definition.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	public amenities and services within a			
	15-minute walk or bike ride. (P. 53)			
		Goal 1.1 / Policy 1.1.1/ Action 1.1.1.a – the	Marilyn	
		phrase at the very end of this sentence is	Balcombe for	
		the crux of my argument "broad array	Germantown	
		of Complete Communities throughout the	Chamber of	
		county within the urban, suburban, and	Commerce	
		rural context". The draft plan does a great		
		job of laying out the vision for the urban		
		context, the vision needs to be extended		
		for both suburban and rural communities.		
	Action 1.1.2.a: Review and revise the	WMCCA Comment: Add, "In conjunction	Kenneth Bawer	
	zoning categories and requirements in	with this, review and revise the zoning	for West	
	the Montgomery County Zoning	categories to 1) better protect our drinking	Montgomery	
	Ordinance as needed to accommodate a	water supplies in those watershed	County Citizens	
	variety of uses and densities within	areas that feed into WSSC Water Filtration	Association	
	Complete Communities. (P. 55)	Plants and Little Seneca Lake (an		
		emergency drinking water source) and 2)		
		better protect rural and low-density		
		areas outside the sewer envelope from		
		sprawl.		
	Policy 1.1.2	Policy 1.1.2 - The necessary legalization of	Benjamin Ross	
		missing-middle neighborhood housing is a		
		change of		
		general policy. It should not and as a		
		practical matter cannot be accomplished		
		through individual master plans and		
		rezonings. It requires a zoning text		
		amendment that changes the allowable		
		housing in existing residential zones based		
		on proximity to transit.		
		Goal 1.1 / Policy 1.1.3 – Prioritize walking	Marilyn	
		and bicycling as the highest priority mode	Balcombe for	
		of transportation and funding of the	Germantown	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		CIP. This policy will automatically pit the	Chamber of	
		needs of urban areas against suburban	Commerce	
		and rural communities and downplays the		
		very real need for increased road capacity		
		in suburban areas of the County. I		
		understand that may be the exact		
		intention of the policy, but it doesn't meet		
		the transportation needs of a large portion		
		of the county population.		
	Policy 1.1.3: Prioritize walking and	Auto traffic will continue to be a primary	Dan Wilhelm for	
	bicycling as the highest priority mode of	means of mobility outside town centers	Greater Colesville	
	transportation in communities and the	where premium transit is not available.	Civic Association	
	most critical infrastructure needs	Therefore, contrary to policy 1.1.3, walking		
	through master plans, future	and bicycling will not be the highest		
	development, and county funding of	priority. A balanced approach for all		
	Capital Improvements Program (CIP)	modes of travel is needed. Outside of		
	infrastructure projects.	larger town centers, transit and auto are		
	, ,	probably the highest priority for travel and		
		walking/biking are largely for leisure.		
	Policy 1.1.3. (P. 54)	In addition to walking and bicycling, buses	Jane Lyons for	
		should also be considered the highest	Coalition for	
		priority modes of transportation.	Smarter Growth	
	Action 1.1.4.a	WMCCA Comment: For every up-zoned	Ken Bawer for	
		area, there should be an equal downzoned	WMCCA	
		area. The down-zoned areas should be		
		given Transfer of Developable Rights		
		(TDRs), similar to what happened in the Ag		
		Reserve, that can be sold to developers in		
		the up-zoned areas. Without a balance		
		between up-zoning and down-zoning, the		
		overall density in the County will continued		
		ratcheting up.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Local bus service will not be everywhere	Dan Wilhelm for	
		outside of town centers, but will exist in	Greater Colesville	
		some urban and suburban areas.	Civic Association	
	Policy 1.1.5. (P. 54)	Additional actions are required to ensure	Jane Lyons for	
		the co-location of essential services.	Coalition for	
			Smarter Growth	
	Goal 1.1: Retrofit existing communities	In goal 1.1, change the word	Dan Wilhelm for	
	and create new communities where	"communities" in two places to "town	Greater Colesville	
	people can meet their daily needs by	center" since community is a general area	Civic Association	
	walking, bicycling, or transit.	while town center is more defined.		
	Goal 1.2: Orient communities around	In goal 1.2, many town centers will not	Dan Wilhelm for	
	convenient social gathering	have any public building or in some cases a	Greater Colesville	
	places accessible	park. The County needs to guard against	Civic Association	
	to neighborhood residents by walking	over specifying design, art and public		
	and biking.	benefits. The private sector needs freedom		
		to innovate.		
	Goal 1.3: Promote active lifestyles by	In goal 1.3, eliminate the first four words:	Dan Wilhelm for	
	making parks and open spaces a central	"Promote active lifestyles by".	Greater Colesville	
	element of the community.		Civic Association	
		Policy 1.2.3 - Add: Preserve the integrity of	Benjamin Ross	
		historic preservation by preventing its use		
		as a backdoor means of downzoning.		
	Policy 1.3.1	WMCCA Comment: Add: Increase access to	Kenneth Bawer	
		parks by asking for (possibly in exchange	for West	
		for a tax credit) or purchasing (via eminent	Montgomery	
		domain) public access points (i.e., short	County Citizens	
		connector trails between homes from a	Association	
		road or sidewalk to parks. There are miles		
		of parkland that is not easily accessible		
		within neighborhoods because there are		
		extremely limited access trails. Examples		
		include both Muddy Branch and Watts		
		Branch SVPs. Note: Muddy Branch SVP		
		does have a few access trails between		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		homes, but these are signed as being		
		private. It should not be allowed to have		
		private access trails to public parks.		
	Policy 1.3.2	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Move	Kenneth Bawer	
		aggressively to acquire new park land	for West	
		through creative measures including the	Montgomery	
		use of imminent domain and bond	County Citizens	
		referendums (see Fairfax County). This	Association	
		must be done in all areas in the county,		
		not primarily down county.		
	Goal 1.4: Equitably distribute the benefits	In goal 1.4, delete the first sentence so the	Dan Wilhelm for	
	of land use planning and public and	second sentence becomes the goal. The	Greater Colesville	
	private investment throughout. Ensure	idea of metrics is good but not to be used	Civic Association	
	that no community is disadvantaged by a	to monitor implementation, especially by		
	disproportionate share of adverse	the private sector. This goal might be		
	impacts from future land use decisions	moved to an equity element.		
	and investments.			

Connectedness

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		We support connectedness objectives of	Josh	
		accessibility, transparency, and plain	Silverstein,	
		language. We support expansion of	Randolph Civic	
		communications infrastructure in	Association	
		underserved parts of the county.		
		By supporting diverse and adaptable	Maria	
		growth, you can impact young student	Salmeron	
		leaders like me that immigrated from their	Melendez,	
		native country in Latin America to pursue	Silver Spring	
		the American Dream. Yet students like me		
		are stunted by the segregation in MCPS		
		schools and neighborhoods. My family		
		made the decision to move from Bethesda		
		to Silver Spring, which I am extremely		
		thankful for. I wish to continue to challenge		
		the status quo and realize Montgomery		
		County should be for all, and Thrive 2050		
		should be for all.		
		I wish to live in a future where people of	Avery Smedley,	
		different races, backgrounds, and incomes	Silver Spring	
		can live together, when it is not a threat to		
		see black people in a white neighborhood.		
		The Plan is cavalier in its depiction of	Patricia Depuy	
		restrictions and is an incomplete story. My	Johnson	
		community has not had restrictive		
		covenants since the 1960's. In fact, it has		
		organically grown diverse over the years. I		
		also find it curious that the Planning Staff		
		refers to racism and zoning at this time,		
		when earlier, they consciously overlooked		
		an African American cemetery buried		
		beneath cement in their haste to give		
		developers one more piece of property to		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		build on.		
		I'm sorry that many people have suffered from racism, segregation, and lack of inclusion. But plans cannot change these problems. These are matters of the heart of individual residents. I hope residents can work together to make real changes using love and respect of other and look forward—our community looks forward to		
		continuing to serve others in our		
		community. Over the years we have made strides in equity, but we have a long way to go, especially in providing equal and high quality education for all county students. But improving equity, which we must do, does not require increasing density in single family neighborhoods and forcing people to use less convenient modes of transportation to get to where they need to go.	Robert Oshel, Silver Spring	
		There is a statement that we need to make neighborhoods more diverse. In east county, are you saying that we need more white people? People are going to move where they decide and we don't think the government should be in the business of telling people where they should live. We recommend removing that statement. The implementation of complete communities will provide the interaction this element is after.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		Equity — in housing, transportation, education, access to public spaces both	Phyllis Edelman	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		built and green – is a very important issue		
		for our County, but in many specific areas,		
		it's unclear how this plan provides that for		
		all residents of our Montgomery		
		County community.		
		Equity : get baselines so we can measure	Edmund Morris	
		how much we've improved, and gauge the		
		difference between perceived disparities		
		and structural ones. Remember there is a		
		critical difference between "equal"		
		(nominally the same) and "equitable"		
		(proportionate). Remember there may be		
		differences in the way a need must be		
		satisfied, based on those being served. Use		
		qualitative parameters and feedback, not		
		just quantitative service metrics, in		
		evaluation.		
		One key element that needs to be	Edmund Morris	
		highlighted over and over again is the need		
		to ensure network connectivity as an		
		infrastructure priority . Digital		
		communications are great, but if there is		
		not widespread access, it becomes a driver		
		of inequity. Information access		
		is the most critical element of our modern		
		society, and is becoming more so. Ensuring		
		every resident can actually access the		
		internet regardless of where they are in the		
		county should be a consideration.		
	Inclusive.	WMCCA Comment: While it sounds nice to	Kenneth Bawer	
	Various housing types at a mix of price	imagine that planners will engage everyone	for West	
	points in Complete Communities and	in the decision making, our experience is	Montgomery	
	along rail and BRT corridors	that sometimes this engagement is merely	County Citizens	
	accommodate diverse populations and	to check off the box of public input. In	Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	help achieve equity and integration on a	recent years, residents have their say and		
	neighborhood scale. Residents have a say	then planners do what they want,		
	in how their neighborhoods look and feel.	sometimes seeming to favoring		
	Planners engage everyone in decision	development interests over the interests of		
	making about the future of their	residents. If this plan wants to give		
	communities. (P. 47)	residents a say, then we suggest that		
		residents, not the Planning Board, be		
		allowed to vote on decisions in their		
		communities. Alternatively, there could be		
		equal numbers of Planning Board members		
		and voting representatives from		
		communities for each project.		
	Inclusive	While this is true, residents having the	Jane Lyons for	
	Residents have a say in how their	loudest voice in how their neighborhoods	Coalition for	
	neighborhoods look and feel.	look and feel is what led to segregation and	Smarter	
	(P. 47)	our housing shortage. Thrive needs to	Growth	
		grapple with how to take residents'		
		concerns into consideration while also		
		ensuring broader public involvement and		
		pursuing the greater public good.		
		Community education and outreach efforts,	Catherine	
		especially to residents in traditionally	Nardi and	
		under-resourced neighborhoods with	Heather	
		limited food access, should continue to be	Bruskin for MC	
		purposeful and focused, to ensure the	Food Council	
		inclusion of equitable food system support		
		strategies within the Thrive 2050 Plan.		
		These engagement efforts will effectively		
		build relationships, strengthen trust, and		
		foster partnerships within Montgomery		
		County, and elevate the voices of		
		community leaders seeking meaningful		
		changes.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Something not included at all is a	Katherine	
		commitment by the county to ensure	Lucas McKay	
		development does not cause physical or		
		cultural displacement to existing vulnerable		
		communities. That is something the county		
		has worked on and should make an explicit		
		commitment to, through proactive		
		engagement with community leaders from		
		the start of the process and prioritizing BRT,		
		making cycling and walking safer, and		
		investing in housing preservation alongside		
		housing growth. Inclusiveness is critical to		
		future affordability and should be central to		
		Thrive.		
		We encourage you to include goals,	Jane Lyons for	
		policies, and actions to actively pursue	Coalition for	
		creating more public spaces, especially	Smarter	
		public meeting and event spaces.	Growth	
		Additionally, we urge you to include actions		
		for creating shared identity through		
		signage, wayfinding, and other public		
		communications, including to reflect the		
		diversity of languages spoken in		
		Montgomery County.		
	Goal 2.1: Create strong neighborhoods	Goals 2.1 and 2.3. Modify to say it applies	Dan Wilhelm	
	and communities that foster	to town centers. The policies and actions in	for Greater	
	communication and interaction among	them do not apply to other areas.	Colesville Civic	
	residents and create a culture of		Association	
	inclusion.			
	Goal 2.3: Improve access			
	to neighborhood-based services such			
	as housing, jobs, professional and			
	government services, educational			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	opportunities, and parks and open spaces			
	at the local, county-wide, and regional			
	level. Focus on county residents with the			
	greatest socioeconomic needs and for			
	those who are geographically isolated			
	from these services.			
		Goal 2.2 Build civic capacity within	Marilyn	
		communities and make government	Balcombe for	
		planning and decision-making	Germantown	
		processes accessible, transparent, and	Chamber of	
		easy for everyone to participate in and	Commerce	
		understand. This is critical, but has to done		
		in a way that reaches people who aren't		
		already in the room. An interesting		
		gauge of current reach would be to map		
		out the home addresses of everyone who		
		testifies or submits testimony on the		
		THRIVE draft plan.		
		Policy 2.2.2 - Actions should be more	Benjamin Ross	
		concrete and specific. Add: "Outreach to		
		groups that are underrepresented in		
		traditional planning meetings by collecting		
		opinions at gathering points such		
		as bus stops."		
		Page 61. 2.2 Add Incorporate charrettes	Herb Simmens	
		and Citizen Assemblies into design		
		and planning processes		
	Goal 2.4: Use technological innovation	Goal 2.4. Modify to say it is accomplished	Dan Wilhelm	
	to increase community connectedness	outside the master plan and development	for Greater	
	and resilience	review process.	Colesville Civic	
	for all residents.		Association	
		Page 63. 2.4 Health impacts of technology	Herb Simmens	
		should be included in any discussion		
		of technology.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Goal 2.5: Assess racial equity and social	Goal 2.5 Move to the equity element.	Dan Wilhelm	
	justice impacts across		for Greater	
	all Montgomery Parks		Colesville Civic	
	and Montgomery Planning initiatives.		Association	

Resilient Economy

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The discussion on page 5 of stagnant wages	County	
		is the only reference in this Introduction to	Executive, 8-14-	
		the Diverse Economy goals and policies	20 (This	
		addressed later in the document. This	comment was	
		section should discuss in greater detail the	made on the 6-	
		Diverse Economy goals and policies to	11-20 draft of	
		clearly establish that wage and	Vision, Goals,	
		employment growth have equal priority	Policies and	
		with the other goals of this Plan.	Actions)	
		In the Resilient Economy chapter, Planning	MDP	
		[MDP] recommends that the economic		
		contribution of agriculture be included.		
		Economic Health: the age of having enough	Edmund Morris	
		major employers to spread around is		
		ending; consolidation in the most durable		
		industries is eroding the ability of smaller		
		players to expand. Focus less on attracting		
		whales and more on nourishing minnows		
		and trout. Being a diverse, vibrant place		
		where people want to live will take care of		
		enticing the big companies. Everyone		
		else actually needs the investment.		
		I cannot separate these two elements	Edmund Morris	
		[Adaptable growth and Resilient Economy]		
		as cleanly as the draft plan does, because		
		they are intrinsically intertwined in a way		
		many of the other elements are not (quite).		
		The popular notion that growth drives		
		economic success misses the fact that		
		growth is also a product of the success, and		
		that courting businesses is less important		
		than creating spaces in which people with		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		options want to live - and in which everyone who lives feels like they have opportunity. Thus investing in artisanship, freelancers, pop-up retail, mobile service (including food trucks and the like) and building institutional architecture that allows for diversity of uses (and information architecture that allows for diversity of income).		
	Name of the Chapter	Change the name to "Strong Economy". Strong is substantially different than resilient and that is what we need.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		it is clear that there is an understanding that economic health and economic disruption need to be drivers to effect change. The Plan identifies many issues and challenges that should be solved over the years. We submit that without the influx of private economic investment and public investment in infrastructure, the County will not be able to fully solve and address these issues. As such, the Thrive Plan must prioritize economic health for such will serve as a catalyst for attracting investment and in turn provide the necessary ingredients for the County to achieve its other goals of environmental resilience and community equity.	Stacy Silber	
		With construction costs continuing to rise and rents remaining flat, developers and investors no longer just evaluate whether to invest in Montgomery, Fairfax or DC.	Stacy Silber	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Rather, they consider places like Charlotte		
		and Atlanta that also have great needs for		
		housing and the policies in place to		
		attract businesses.		
		Thus, to ensure economic investment in the		
		County, the Plan needs to set a hierarchy of		
		priorities so that Policies, which encourage		
		investment in housing and commercial		
		growth, are not inadvertently negated by		
		other costly Policies and Actions that act as		
		deterrents. To that end, certain Policies		
		and/or Actions may need to be removed.		
	Food Economy	As climate and health emergencies	Catherine Nardi	
	·	continue to impact global food production	and Heather	
		and distribution, the local food supply will	Bruskin for MC	
		be increasingly important to feed our	Food Council	
		County and region; strengthening and		
		supporting our local food production		
		capacity should be a long-term goal. In		
		addition to the goals set forth in the Thrive		
		2050 report, we recommend the following		
		to further bolster our local food economy:		
		 Shared use kitchens, cut and wash 		
		facilities and processing equipment for farm		
		produce, meat, and grains, and		
		aggregation and distribution infrastructure,		
		as well as long-term access to affordable		
		farmland and protected land leases,		
		particularly for BIPOC and historically		
		disadvantaged farmers, are needed for		
		local businesses to meet these expanding		
		market opportunities and address future		
		crises.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		 County institutions, including 		
		government-facility food service		
		operations, hospitals, and academic		
		institutions, should prioritize a percentage		
		of food procurement from hyperlocal		
		sources, while balancing affordability for		
		local consumers and the true value of the		
		product to ensure economic sustainability		
		for the producers. The Montgomery County		
		Farm to Food Bank Program serves as a		
		model for these sourcing partnerships to		
		follow.		
		• Free programming and resources should		
		be made available to all County residents in		
		accordance with the recommendations of		
		the Food Literacy Assessment , to increase		
		awareness of the food production		
		capabilities that lie within the 93,000 acre		
		Agricultural Reserve and beyond, in various		
		parts of the County and at various levels.		
		Page 69 (Refer to Action 3.4.1.a): Planning	MDP	
		[MDP]suggests that the county coordinate		
		with the Maryland Department of		
		Transportation in the county-wide freight		
		plan development process. The need for		
		freight truck parking as it relates to I-270		
		and I-495 should also be addressed.		
		Page 70 (Refer to Action 3.7.1.b): The	MDP	
		county may want to add		
		"commuter/express bus" to the action		
		statement [see the comment above re:		
		Page 75 (Goal 4.1)].		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		With respect to housing and economic	Harold Pfohl,	
		development the plan takes the position	Summner	
		that if affordable housing is available then	Village	
		business will come to Montgomery County.		
		The County most certainly needs affordable		
		housing, but insofar as attracting business		
		is concerned and insofar as employment is		
		concerned transportation is far and away		
		the most important consideration. Finish		
		the purple line and radically improve bus		
		service, thereby improving access to jobs		
		and correspondingly, improved income.		
		There are four cornerstones to strategy:	Harold Pfohl,	
		people, assets, time, and money. The	Summner	
		County is suffering severe revenue shortfall	Village	
		as a result of the economic collapse due to		
		Covid 19. Additionally there has been		
		virtually no net new business formation		
		over the past decade and hence very little		
		increase in public revenue from business		
		and little in the way of new job		
		opportunities. The plan ignores the costs		
		and at the end states that this will be dealt		
		with on an individual project basis, and		
		secondly that new resources and new		
		solutions will be found.		
		The authors posit that Thrive Montgomery	Harold Pfohl,	
		2050 is a necessary plan to deal with the	Summner	
		unprecedented uncertainties we face. If so,	Village	
		where is the section dealing with the		
		possibility of significant increase in		
		population with no meaningful increase in		
		employment/business? With long term		
		diminished revenue? Proceeding with the		

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No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Although the draft plan speaks of		
		minimizing the "negative externalities" of		
		land development, it ignores the issue of		
		locating beneficial economic development		
		in or near communities that may be less		
		attractive initially, but whose appeal can be		
		improved with incentives.		
		Highlight the opportunities and need for	Martha A.	
		business growth and development north of	Schoonmaker,	
		the Shady Grove Metro – bringing jobs to	and Margaret	
		where people live. Without alternatives in	Latimer,	
		place, "We Must Stop Planning for Cars,"		
		disadvantages the Upcounty and other		
		regions which were developed when a		
		different culture and philosophy of growth		
		was at work.		
		Too often, economic growth is given priority	Ethan Goffman,	
		above all else. Equity and environmental	Rockville	
		sustainability should be more important		
		objectives than economic growth.		
	Bring quality jobs to the east county	The county should strive to bring quality	Ethan Goffman,	
		jobs to east county, to help end the east-	Rockville	
		west imbalance in jobs and housing.		
	Prioritize Economic Growth	The draft Plan should recognize economic	Todd Hoffman	
		growth as one of the County's top	for Coalition of	
		challenges.	Incorporated	
		The county's sluggish economic growth	Municipalities	
		should be listed in the draft Plan as, at	and Community	
		least, one of the top 3 challenges the	Organizations	
		County is facing and job creation should be		
		included as one of the major goals because		
		good paying jobs will be significant in		
		addressing the County's economic		
		inequities.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		The county should look at market-oriented	Tricia Swanson,	
		approaches to solve our problems, and the	Montgomery	
		plan must explicitly recognize the role of	County	
		redevelopment and achieving our	Chamber of	
		environmental and equity goals in addition	Commerce	
		to improving our economic		
		competitiveness.		
		The Chamber Board members' greatest		
		concern was accessing and retaining top		
		talent, and this plan must create places		
		where talent wants to live. This plan is not		
		a one-size-fits-all solution and must be		
		implemented differently in different places,		
		but all need investments.		
		A stronger economic vision of the Ag		
		Reserve is needed, we must preserve the		
		economic vitality of farming while also		
		shaping it to serve our entire county.		
		The County has not done a good job of	Bernadine	
		dispersing economic equity throughout the	Karns, Acting	
		County and has not given every part of the	President,	
		County equitable economic opportunities	Calverton	
		for all residents and families, parents, and	Citizen	
		children.	Association	
	Lack of emphasis on upcounty	A second highlight the Thrive Montgomery	M. Allen	
	commercial development	2050 Plan is short on is the emphasis of Up-		
		County Commercial development of the		
		technology sector, long envisioned by many		
		previous administrations. It is vital to the		
		Up-County tax base and the livelihood of		
		our well-educated citizenry to bring		
		technology, including biotech, from		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Rockville, all the way to Frederick,		
		particularly in the much needed		
		Germantown, MD area. By emphasizing an		
		expansion of the tax base through		
		Commercial enterprise, more and more		
		of Montgomery's publicly-educated finest		
		can take advantage of the quality of life		
		that has sustained this region for decades.		
		Commercial development in the tech sector		
		should be a primary plank in the vision		
		for Thrive Montgomery 2050.		
		The Plan is also fatally flawed without a	Patricia Depuy	
		county wide effort to generate new jobs. To	Johnson	
		pass this plan without an economic or		
		employment blueprint, that is realistic,		
		during this time of severe budgetary		
		deficits, is not in the best interests of its		
		citizens.		
	Competitive.	WMCCA Comment: Add to this: "only	Kenneth Bawer	
	The county retains and attracts large	insofar as they do not negatively impact our	for West	
	companies, small businesses, and high	goal of environmental sustainability and	Montgomery	
	quality educational institutions. (P. 47)	improved quality of life. This includes	County Citizens	
		having no negative impact on our natural	Association	
		areas, including streams. We will not		
		sacrifice water and air quality,		
		overcrowding of roads and schools, or other		
		indicators of quality of life simply to add		
		jobs.		
	Issues, first paragraph:	The sentence in the middle of the first	Dan Wilhelm for	
	Slow job growth, limited new business	issues paragraph needs to be rewritten	Greater	
	formation, wage stagnation, rising	since it indicates that causes and effects are	Colesville Civic	
	economic and social inequity, a high cost	the same. Rather say: "The county is	Association	
	of living and doing business, and	experiencing slow job growth, limited new		
		business formation, wage stagnation, rising		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	increasing traffic congestion negatively affect economic activity	economic and social inequity, a high cost of living and doing business". Page 21 contains information about the slow job		
		growth and wage decline. It is uneconomical for businesses to locate here		
		except in high cost areas like Bethesda. Also the traffic congestion and the		
		long/uncertain regulatory approval process negatively affects businesses ability and willingness to locate or expand in the county."		
	All Goals and Policies in this element.	Throughout the policies in this element, eliminate reference to a good-paying job. While that is the desired outcome it is not something the county can directly control. Rather, the county can take actions which should lead to good-paying jobs.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	Growth	The most important goal is not included. That goal/policy is to reduce the cost for building here. The existing SSP is a good start in achieving this goal including: • Elimination of the school moratorium • Reducing school impact taxes • Exempting some properties from both transportation and school impact taxes. The opportunity zone is the most important since federal incentives are provided. The enterprise zone is another vehicle for economically encouraging growth.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		With all these new developments in the area, my fear is that businesses and residents will be displaced due to higher rents. I want to see more protections for	Danny Chu	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		renters and businesses to regulate how		
		much owners can charge their tenants.		
		Number 10 under trends and challenges	Seth Grimes,	
		suggests we need to look for regional	Takoma Park	
		solutions. We must consider how to take	Resident,	
		advantage of our proximity to economic	Former City	
		opportunities in neighboring jurisdictions:	Councilmember	
		job centers colleges and universities, and		
		cultural and recreational attractions. There		
		has been little coordination in the past to		
		promote these connections until the		
		development in White Oak. More attention		
		needs to be given to East County and		
		strategies to enhance development there.		
	increasing traffic congestion negatively	We urge you to change this to "high	Jane Lyons for	
	affect economic activity. (P. 65)	travel times negatively affect economic	Coalition for	
		activity." Traffic congestion does not	Smarter Growth	
		necessarily correspond with high travel		
		times, given destinations are located in		
		relatively close proximity. In fact, traffic		
		congestion in walkable urban places is		
		actually a reflection of a successful, vibrant		
		urban economy.		
	Page 66, Diversity. Montgomery County	We disagree with this approach to	Jane Lyons for	
	already has several competitive	economic development. The county's	Coalition for	
	industries such as biotechnology and the	energy is better spent cultivating existing	Smarter Growth	
	federal government, but it must cultivate	major industries and closely related		
	new ones to ensure that its portfolio	industries, rather than trying to cultivate		
	remains competitive.	new industries. The positive spillover effect		
		of having several large successful industries		
		will result in a more diversified economy.		
	Connectedness (P. 66-67)	This section should make the argument that	Jane Lyons for	
		urbanism and a high-quality transportation	Coalition for	
			Smarter Growth	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		system results in improved "connectedness"		
		or agglomeration economies.		
	Policy 2.1.3: Design public	Goal 2.1.3. The County streets and		
	infrastructure (e.g., streets,	roadways will be the primary means of		
	pathways, and trails) such that	transportation for many years to come and		
	social gathering, recreation, and	need to be properly maintained and		
	active living are major priorities.	repaired. Poorly maintained streets are a		
	Use public art, seating, historic	major deterrent to investment and		
	preservation and other placemaking	commerce. "Active Living" within a community is promoted when the residents		
	techniques to create distinctive	feel pride in their neighborhood		
	community-based places. Make	appearance, including the streets, and have		
	these spaces safe, attractive,	safe access.		
	informative, convenient, and easy to			
	access for all ages and abilities.			
	Promote active lifestyles and social interaction among divers			
	e community members.			
	Policy 3.1.1	WMCCA Comment: New Policy: Such efforts	Kenneth Bawer	
	1 Officy 3.1.1	will not include the use of subsidies in the	for West	
		form, for example, of tax breaks such as	Montgomery	
		multi-year tax abatements. Tax-payer	County Citizens	
		subsidies of large corporations will no	Association	
		longer be tolerated - these enterprises need		
		to pay their own way and not be subsidized		
		by taxpayers. In addition, new business		
		development will not get ahead of		
		infrastructure and public services. New		
		businesses will contribute funds to the		
		roads, sidewalks, schools, fire departments,		
		community centers, parks, etc., required to		
		support the needs of the new residents that		
	Carlon	they employ.	Variable David	
	Goal 3.2	WMCCA Comment: New Policy: The County	Kenneth Bawer	
		will not use tax breaks (e.g., payment in lieu	for West	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		of taxes, property tax exemptions, etc.) for	Montgomery	
		any commercial development projects.	County Citizens	
		Development must proceed on its own	Association	
		merits with any risks shouldered by		
		commercial enterprises, not the public. Tax		
		concessions to sports arenas, for example,		
		have been shown to not return the public's		
		initial "investment".		
		Page 68. 3.2 These commercial centers are	Herb Simmens	
		not mentioned in the discussion of		
		complete communities. Are they separate		
		from Complete Communities, included		
		within their boundaries, overlapping or		
		what? Much more attention and clarity are		
		required regarding the location and special		
		characteristics of expected future		
		employment.		
	Policy 3.2.1: Encourage high densities, a	Policy 3.2.1. The zoning density has a	Dan Wilhelm for	
	compact form of development,	bearing upon the cost to develop. Zoning	Greater	
	a diverse range of activities and urban	density goes a long way to setting the value	Colesville Civic	
	amenities in existing and emerging	of the land. The policy should be to have	Association	
	commercial centers located near	lower density by right and provide density		
	transit to increase economic	bonuses when developers propose features		
	competitiveness.	that the county wants. One such feature		
		would be to provide more bedrooms in high		
		rise multifamily buildings.		
	Action 3.2.1.a: Study potential land	Action 3.2.1.a. We don't agree with this	Kenneth Bawer	
	value capture strategies including a	proposed action.	for West	
	differential tax or split-rate property		Montgomery	
	tax—where land is taxed at a higher rate		County Citizens	
	than improvements—to return publicly-		Association	
	created land value to the public, to			
	encourage dense development of			
	existing commercial centers and to			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	discourage vacant and underutilized			
	properties.			
	Policy 3.2.2: Improve transportation	Policy 3.2.2 Move this to the transportation	Dan Wilhelm for	
	connections between existing	element. What about other major	Greater	
	commercial and employment centers and	employment centers, including White Oak?	Colesville Civic	
	transit hubs to connect Montgomery		Association	
	County businesses to workers and the			
	rest of the region, nation, and world.			
	Action 3.2.2.a	WMCCA Comment: Use less jargon. Aren't	Kenneth Bawer	
		taxis a one-seat transit service?	for West	
			Montgomery	
			County Citizens	
			Association	
	3.2.2 a. Establish a one-seat transit	This recommendation flies in the face of the	Herb Simmens	
	service from major employment	county's commitment to eliminating		
	centers to at least one of the three	80% of GHG's by 2027. We need to be		
	international airports in the region	thinking about phasing out airports over		
	(Baltimore- Washington International,	the next 30 years, not increasing access to		
	Dulles International, or Reagan National	them.		
	Airport). (P. 69).	Action 3.2.2b - Add White Flint.	Doniamin Doss	
			Benjamin Ross	
		Goal 3.2/ Policy 3.2.2 / Action 3.2.2.b: Both Germantown and the I-270 Corridor were	Marilyn Balcombe for	
		envisioned to be is supposed to be major	Germantown	
		employment centers and should continue to	Chamber of	
		_	Commerce	
		,		
		•		
	Goal 3.3. Increase the number of well-	, ,	Dan Wilhelm for	
		-		
	1 , 0,	,		
	, , ,			
	Same office by construction	1		
	Goal 3.3.: Increase the number of well-paying jobs for all education and skill levels. Encourage the expansion of job training and other professional	be included as such. While it's great to have the Great Seneca Science Corridor included, but that does not capture the biotech expansion along the entire I270 corridor. Goal 3.3. The idea of the second sentence is good so delete the first sentence. The result of training and education can be better paying jobs and in some cases retaining a job at the same income level. The focus	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	development opportunities to encourage	needs to be on education, especially college		
	economic mobility.	and adult education. Employers need		
		people with the desired skills. The needed		
		skills can shift over time and people		
		therefore need continuing education. There		
		are also immigrants who need education in		
		English, but that idea should not be		
		included in the plan.		
	Policy 3.3.1	WMCCA Comment: No! Prioritize	Kenneth Bawer	
		sustainability (e.g. carbon footprint	for West	
		neutrality), quality of life for existing	Montgomery	
		residents, and protection/enhancement of	County Citizens	
		the natural environment in land use	Association	
		planning, including development review		
		processes, master planning and functional		
		plans.		
	Action 3.3.1.a	WMCCA Comment: Change to say,	Kenneth Bawer	
		"Complete an Employment Growth and	for West	
		Access Functional Plan to determine if and	Montgomery	
		where land use policies limit growth of and	County Citizens	
		access to a variety of job types.	Association	
		Recommend strategies for addressing		
		these limits only if they can be		
		accomplished while maintaining		
		sustainability (e.g. with a neutral carbon		
		footprint), quality of life for existing		
		residents, and the protection/enhancement		
		of the natural environment."		
	Goal 3.4: Preserve land for Production,	Goal 3.4. This goal should be deleted since	Dan Wilhelm for	
	Distribution, and Repair (PDR) activities	land is needed for all enterprise activities,	Greater	
	that provide well-paying jobs to those	not just PDR.	Colesville Civic	
	without advanced degrees, provide		Association	
	essential goods and services, and propel			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	economic competitiveness for the			
	county.			
		The county should reconsider reserving	Salim Furth,	
		land for production distribution and repair.	Takoma Park	
		This keeps land cheaper for those favored		
		land uses. Those uses could include		
		manufacturing, but it will most likely be		
		warehouses, serve and delivery, and big		
		box retail. Businesses like Amazon should		
		not have preferential access to land. Small		
		businesses have enough difficulty		
		competing without the challenge of land		
		use regulation.		
		Action 3.4.1a - Minimize impacts rather	Benjamin Ross	
		than eliminate. Elimination is not feasible		
		and setting it		
		as a goal will impede location of needed industrial sites.		
		Page 70. 3.4.1.b Include electric and	Herb Simmens	
		conventional cargo bicycles as an integral	nero similiens	
		part of any freight mobility plan		
	Goal 3.5	WMCCA Comment: Add this language: This	Kenneth Bawer	
	Goal 3.5	enhanced job and business growth	for West	
		must only be pursued on a sustainable	Montgomery	
		basis, i.e., only if it can be attained	County Citizens	
		without negatively impacting quality of life	Association	
		(e.g., air quality, traffic, happiness		
		rating) and environmental quality of our		
		natural areas (e.g., no stormwater or		
		other water quality impacts, no ecological		
		degradation, etc.).		
	Policy 3.5.3: Build connections between	Policy 3.5.3. Move into policy 3.3.	Dan Wilhelm for	
	the private sector, the community,		Greater	
	and higher education, and research			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	organization, including the Universities at Shady Grove, Montgomery College, and the University of Maryland's flagship campus in Prince George's County, to enhance the innovation economy.		Colesville Civic Association	
	Goal 3.6	WMCCA Comment: This is a dog whistle for developers. We need regulations so that we don't end looking like Tysons Corner. Add this language: These must only be removed if it can be proved that it can be done without negatively impacting quality of life (e.g., air quality, traffic, happiness rating) and environmental quality of our natural areas (e.g., no stormwater or other water quality impacts, no ecological degradation, etc.).	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Goal 3.6: Identify and remove regulatory and other barriers to encourage real estate development and business establishment and expansion. Policy 3.6.2: Encourage infill development by making the associated processes accessible to smaller or newer developers that want to take advantage of a diverse range of opportunities such as building Missing Middle Housing. Policy 3.6.3: Continue to use innovative technology to improve the development process internally and for the public, including routinely evaluating existing	Goal 3.6. The major objective should be to shorten the length of time to obtain regulatory approval. Also in the multiple stage planning process, once an item is approved at one stage it should not be reopened for decision at a later state, which often happens, especially when staff personnel change. • A policy should be added to review regulations to eliminate unnecessary or outdated ones. • Delete draft policies 3.6.2 (housing in the wrong element) and 3.6.3 (use technology – if anything this is an action).	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	review software and updating to suit			
	requirements and processes.			
	Goal 3.7: Play a prominent role in	Goal 3.7. Need to also work with other	Dan Wilhelm for	
	creating a culture of regionalism and in	counties, especially for transportation.	Greater	
	making the combined Baltimore-		Colesville Civic	
	Washington region a global leader in		Association	
	economic innovation and sustainable			
	development practices.			
		County Planning staff have stated that	Todd Hoffman	
		corner stores and other businesses will be	for Coalition of	
		added to existing neighborhoods, but only	Incorporated	
		on the edges of those neighborhoods, not in	Municipalities	
		the middle of them. How will the placement	and Community	
		of these businesses be determined and	Organizations	
		controlled? How will zoning be altered to allow these uses?		
		What business climate conditions will be	Todd Hoffman	
		created to attract companies and keep	for Coalition of	
		them in the County and what types of	Incorporated	
		housing and transportation do employers	Municipalities	
		need?	and Community	
		necu.	Organizations	
		What metrics and consequences will be put	Todd Hoffman	
		into place to ensure minority business	for Coalition of	
		owners have equitable access?	Incorporated	
		,	Municipalities	
			and Community	
			Organizations	
		Has the County considered focusing	Todd Hoffman	
		incentives and commercial land use policies	for Coalition of	
		to attract specific industries that take	Incorporated	
		advantage of our unique access to DC so	Municipalities	
		that these industries become synonymous		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		with Montgomery County? Examples might	and Community	
		include agritourism (in conjunction with	Organizations	
		Washington DC tourism and Agricultural		
		Reserve), medical research (benefiting from		
		proximity to the National Institutes of		
		Health and the Food and Drug		
		Administration), and green manufacturing		
		(converting 'strip malls' and department		
		stores to manufacturing centers).		

Healthy and Sustainable Environment

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		With regard to the environment, the plan	County	
		needs to address the full range of	Executive, 8-14-	
		environmental concerns—not just climate	20 (This	
		change—including the environmental	comment was	
		impacts of density, even compact density.	made on the 6-	
		In particular, there needs to be a more	11-20 draft of	
		thorough recognition of the need to replace	Vision, Goals,	
		old infrastructure, including stormwater	Policies and	
		management, sewer, water, roads, bridges	Actions)	
		and culverts, as well as the infrastructure		
		requirements for the compact, dense		
		housing.		
		there must be a much greater emphasis	County	
		throughout the plan on restoring the tree	Executive, 8-14-	
		canopy. There also must be a recognition of	20 (This	
		the environmental toll of tearing down	comment was	
		existing buildings (often mis-labelled	made on the 6-	
		"beyond their useful life") to build new	11-20 draft of	
		buildings.	Vision, Goals,	
			Policies and	
			Actions)	
		Planning [MDP] is pleased to see the	MDP	
		county's proposed goals and policies that		
		emphasize climate change		
		The goals, policies, and actions in the		
		Healthy and Sustainable chapter of the		
		Draft Plan aligns with the sensitive area		
		element of the LUA.		
		Most importantly, the Draft Plan includes in		
		the Diverse and Adaptable Growth chapter		
		the connection to the land use policies,		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		programs and regulations that allow for		
		flexibility to address unanticipated issues		
		surrounding sensitive environmental		
		features including climate change		
		relationships in the following policy: [Policy		
		7.3.1]		
		The Water Resources Plan (WRP) functional	MDP	
		plan examines Montgomery County's land		
		use, growth, and stormwater management		
		in the context of adequate drinking water		
		supplies, wastewater treatment capacity,		
		water quality regulatory requirements, and		
		inter-jurisdictional commitments. Planning		
		[MDP] recommends that an action item be		
		added to the Draft Plan to analyze the		
		county's existing and proposed land use		
		mapping in relation to the current WRP to		
		determine whether any changes are needed		
		to ensure conformance with or support of		
		the Draft Plan, and if so, to include a		
		proposal to update and revise the WRP in		
		the appropriate time frame.		
		We would like to see more integration with	Jane Lyons for	
		the county's upcoming Climate Action and	Coalition for	
		Resilience Plan; more about creating	Smarter	
		capacity in the electric grid and green	Growth, Berk	
		buildings; strategies to attack food deserts;	Ehrmantraut,	
		siting renewable energy with parking lots,	Silver Spring	
		and commercial and industrial rooftops		
		preferred; and planting more street trees to		
		build the urban canopy.		
		Our chief recommendation is that future	Takoma Park	
		efforts in the Thrive 2050 planning process	Mobilization	
		be closely coordinated with the pending		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		draft Montgomery County Climate Action	Environment	
		and Resilience Plan (CARP). In order to fully	Committee	
		address the climate emergency that the		
		Montgomery County Council recognized in		
		December 2017 with Resolution 18-974, the		
		Thrive Plan needs to incorporate the		
		climate targets and goals of the CARP into		
		its vision, high level goals and proposed		
		actions. This integration will likely cut		
		across the various sections of the Thrive		
		Plan and will not fit only under the "Healthy		
		and Sustainable Environment" section of		
		the document.		
		Let Thrive 2050 be informed by the work of	Laura Mol	
		the County's concurrently developing		
		climate action plan.		
		Np net loss—of forest cover, of Agricultural		
		Reserve acreage.		
		Net gain only—in non-impervious cover;		
		stormwater-treated acres.		
		The League agrees with the County that	League of	
		climate change is the most important	Women Voters	
		environmental factor facing us between	of Montgomery	
		now and 2050 and that 100% clean energy	County	
		is a correlating goal that should help		
		decrease the level of greenhouse gases.		
		Environmental resilience : we need to	Edmund Morris	
		increase our natural resources. It is not		
		enough to preserve them. This means		
		making natural resources part of everyday		
		life and part of every development project.		
		do not settle for being simply sustainable;	Edmund Morris	
		strive to be regenerative and exemplary.		
		Biophilic design, urban agriculture,		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		underground and over-street spaces, low-		
		maintenance streetscapes (e.g.: stop		
		planting annuals for decoration), and		
		scaffolded opportunities for community		
		agri- and horticulture should be built into		
		every conceivable space that is built from		
		here on out. By 2050, we want a County		
		that is literally green and vibrant, teeming		
		with people and naturally-enhanced		
		environments.		
		We are a collection of about 30 scientists,	Nanci	
		engineers, sociologists, and concerned	Wilkinson,	
		citizens of Montgomery County who came	Cedar Lane	
		together when the UN Intergovernmental	Ecosystem	
		Panel on Climate Change gave its most dire	Study Group	
		warning. Thrive assumes unlimited fossil		
		fuels, but oil supply is finite. The plan		
		should include two more scenarios: one		
		where the current economy and lifestyle		
		remains how it is currently, and one where		
		our economy declines at 6-8% per year and		
		our lifestyles and policy options become		
		severely constrained.		
		Thrive Montgomery 2050 appears to have	Cedar Lane	
		been developed under the assumption that	Ecosystems	
		we have an almost endless supply of fossil	Study Group,	
		fuel and other natural resources on the	Patty McGrath	
		planet for our use.		
		Review and incorporate the systems		
		modeling, projection, and		
		recommendations form the experts and		
		revise the Plan over the next years by		
		adding at least two more scenarios: a		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		steady state economy; and a declining		
		economy.		
		Include a more explicit accounting for the		
		effects of climate change.		
		(Numerous studies and resources cited)		
	Food deserts	I would like to see a greater emphasis on	Jessica Bronson,	
		tackling food deserts.	Berk	
			Ehrmantraut	
	Food Security	Food access is innately intertwined with the		
		various community structures that support		
		a growing population, such as affordable		
		housing and workforce development		
		opportunities. Planning goals in this section		
		should incorporate food access as an		
		intrinsic part of fostering an affordable and		
		attainable lifestyle in Montgomery County.		
		Food is not simply an "amenity," but a basic		
		human necessity, and should be recognized		
		as such in the planning process. Affordable,		
		healthy food access considerations should		
		be incorporated into the General Plan,		
		focusing on people living below the self-		
		sufficiency standard, seniors, children,		
		people with disabilities, and foreign-born		
		residents. The Food Council welcomes the		
		opportunity to collaborate with the		
		Montgomery County Department of		
		Planning to envision a roadmap to end food		
		insecurity as a component of the General		
		Plan and extension of the five year Food		
		Security Plan , which is entering its fourth		
		year of implementation.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		We are also in favor of supporting and		
		sustaining existing farmland whenever		
		possible in the County. Recent COVID-19		
		pandemic experience has shown that the		
		industrial supply chain may not always		
		cover periods of high demand. Therefore,		
		local foods and produce are not only		
		healthy and flavorful, but also essential in		
		times of peak demand.		
		Emphasizing the interrelatedness of the	MDP	
		elements of land use planning, Planning		
		finds it refreshing that the Draft Plan		
		provides for a discussion of the climate		
		change within the Safe and Efficient Travel		
		chapter. For example, "We simply cannot		
		be equitable, address climate change, and		
		support a strong economy by building more		
		roads." (p. 72) The Draft Plan acknowledges		
		that transit and walkability are key to		
		addressing climate change – building more		
		roads must be avoided.		
		[T]he Draft Plan, as now constituted, does	MDP	
		not provide the required level of land use		
		and growth policy detail for Planning to		
		evaluate water and sewer plans or		
		amendments for consistency. A		
		jurisdiction's water and sewer		
		infrastructure is one of the most effective		
		tools to facilitate and/or restrict growth;		
		therefore, Planning [MDP] recommends		
		including in the Draft Plan explicit		
		references to the county's master plans for		
		the intended implementation of water and		
		sewer service policy and to provide clarity		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		on how plan consistency should be		
		evaluated in future master plans or		
		water/sewer plan amendment proposals.		
		The mineral resources element has not	MDP	
		been addressed. Planning [MDP]		
		recommends that the county provide		
		information on current active mining or		
		other geological resources if the		
		information is available or add a proposal		
		to do so in the future within the		
		Implementation chapter.		
		Since this is a full comprehensive up-date to	MDP	
		the general plan, and explicit incorporation		
		of the Growth Tier Map into comprehensive		
		plan is unclear, Planning suggests that a		
		sentence be added under Other Regulations		
		(page 127), that says "The official map		
		displaying the Growth Tier areas is included		
		in Chapter 50, Section 50.4.3 of the		
		Subdivision Regulations and is adopted by		
		reference into Thrive 2050 in accordance		
		with the Maryland Sustainable Growth and		
		Agricultural Preservation Act of 2012."		
		the proposed new plan has less overarching	Scott Plumer for	
		protections for the environment and	Darnestown	
		against sprawl than the plan it intends to	Civic Association	
		replace.		
		The Food Council applauds the Department	Catherine Nardi	
		of Planning for addressing the need to	and Heather	
		ensure healthy food access for all residents	Bruskin for MC	
		within this section, and encourages the	Food Council	
		incorporation of additional "Actions" to		
		accompany the "Policies" that have been		
		established. Data collection and analysis		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		are necessary to gain a better		
		understanding of, and adequately		
		address, the "concentration sources of		
		unhealthy food" within our communities		
		and work towards establishing more		
		inclusive, nutritious, locally-produced		
		offerings.		
		In recent months, the number of residents		
		and community-based organizations		
		exploring food production opportunities		
		have grown tremendously, and support for		
		urban and community gardening, as well as		
		residential agriculture, through zoning and		
		programming recommendations within the		
		General Plan, should support the expansion		
		of local food production efforts and ensure		
		a sustainable, nutritious local food supply.		
		The Plan should also include actions to		
		explore and implement food waste		
		composting infrastructure within the		
		County's borders, which will improve the		
		health of our soils and serve as valuable		
		resource and economic opportunity for our		
		farmers, residents, and the government, all		
		while bringing us closer to meeting the		
		County's Zero Waste goals in the near term.		
	Tree Canopy Preservation	I would like to see more emphasis on	Jean Cavanaugh,	
		preserving and growing the county's tree	Silver Spring,	
		canopy especially in urban and areas that	Rachel Taylor,	
		are planned for densification. The literature	Clarksburg	
		I have read on 15-minute living applies to		
		real cities, but regardless, all point to		
		necessity of having community spaces,		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		significant natural spaces, and trees for all		
		the reasons we have all discussed ad		
		nauseam over the years (environmental,		
		health, agriculture/bees, reduce crime,		
		manage stormwater, etc). Reduce lot		
		coverage allowances in order to preserving		
		and grow the tree canopy especially in		
		denuded business districts and close in		
		suburbs.		
		The role of the Montgomery Parks system	TAME Coalition	
		must be further highlighted, including the		
		role of Park forests and other Park natural		
		areas in the health and well-being of		
		County residents.		
		TPMEC supports Montgomery Planning's	Nathalie Peter	
		commitment to compact urban	for Takoma Park	
		development. Adopt a strong goal to	Mobilization	
		reduce the additional impacts of compact	Environment	
		urban development, e.g., stormwater	Committee	
		management.		
		Promote climate friendly policies, goals and		
		actions. Adopt a county net POSITIVE forest		
		policy goal that includes actions to protect		
		and increase, both native forest cover and		
		overall tree canopy, Adopt a strong goal to		
		reduce the additional impacts of compact		
		urban development, e.g., stormwater		
		management. Plan for higher and more		
		variable water tables. Adopt a stronger		
		building GHG reduction policy goal, Provide		
		guidance on siting renewable energy		
		projects. Promote adaptable infrastructure		
		that mitigates the negative impacts of		
		climate change. Plan for and support		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		alternative modes of transportation that		
		significantly reduce and ultimately		
		eliminate transportation related emissions.		
		Existing forests and forest patches should	Galen Tromble,	
		not only be protected and conserved, but	Silver Spring	
		they should be expanded.		
		New and existing native habitat should be		
		promoted on private property as well as		
		public areas, not only adjacent to streams		
		but in broad corridors across the county –		
		including down-county.		
		Building social connections within		
		neighborhoods is an extremely important		
		goal but doing so should be done without		
		fragmentation of natural areas.		
		The plan should emphasize the importance		
		of prioritizing native habitat as land cover.		
		The plan should expressly recognize that		
		tree canopy and cover over the built		
		environment do not approximate forests or		
		native plant communities at all.		
		it should be a County priority to ensure		
		that greenways, protected areas, and		
		conservation easements are healthy		
		ecological systems and not overrun by		
		invasive species that can destroy		
		ecosystem function or unnecessarily		
		fragmented.		
		Climate change must be conveyed as an	Herb Simmens,	
		emergency. The plan needs stronger	Climate	
		language and actions regarding climate	Mobilization	
		change.	Montgomery	
			County Chapter,	
			Jessica Bronson,	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
			Lauren Brown,	
			Conservation	
			Montgomery	
	Establish a climate workgroup	Establish a climate workgroup to ensure	Herb Simmens,	
		that this plan aligns with the upcoming	Climate	
		Climate Action and Resilience Plan (CARP).	Mobilization	
		Convene a public meeting that focuses on	Montgomery	
		the connections between Thrive and CARP.	County Chapter,	
		Delay the deadline for comments until after	Walter Weiss,	
		the CARP is released so people have time	Nanci	
		to review it.	Wilkinson,	
			Cedar Lane	
			Ecosystem	
			Study Group,	
			David	
			Blockstein,	
			Clean Energy	
			Working Group,	
			Takoma Park	
			Mobilization	
			Environment	
			Committee	
		The plan should explicitly include county's	Herb Simmens,	
		stated goal of reducing greenhouse gases,	Climate	
		80% by 2027 and 100% by 2035.	Mobilization	
			Montgomery	
			County Chapter,	
			Walter Weiss,	
			Montgomery	
			County Faith	
			Alliance for	
			Climate	
			Solutions	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		I welcome Complete Communities that the	Steven Kraft,	
		plan describes; I live near Flower Hill	Gaithersburg	
		Development and I would love to see more		
		of the county implement the same. We		
		must change our housing types and expand		
		access to transit if we want to meet climate		
		goals. Climate change poses threats of		
		financial, physical, and mental hardships,		
		and close knit, green, walkable		
		communities will help cope with them.		
		The other area where our community has	Barry Wides,	
		been shortchanged pertains to the limited	President, North	
		accessibility of the forested areas of the	White Oak Civic	
		nearby Paint Branch and Northwest Branch	Association	
		Parks. While there have been many		
		recommendations in Master Plans over the		
		years for improved trails and connectors to		
		our nearby parks, very few have ever been		
		implemented. However, have watched		
		major trail improvements be made		
		throughout parts of the county that are		
		west and northwest of White Oak.		
		To this point, we are supportive of the		
		report's recommendation that every		
		community has a network of inclusive, safe,		
		and accessible public parks, trails, and		
		other recreational spaces that connect		
		neighborhoods, increase opportunities for		
		social interaction, encourage active		
		lifestyles. We support the recommendation		
		that the walking and transit accessibility of		
		the existing network of parks and trails,		
		nature centers, and cultural sites be studied		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		to identify opportunities to improve		
		accessibility to parks and trails for all		
		residents.		
	Climate change	Climate change is the smothering 800	M. Allen	
		lbs. elephant in the room. Not only does it		
		have the potential to be a perennial "black		
		swan", it also has the potential to spin off		
		other potential "black swan" events, such		
		as devastation to our watershed		
		stormwater management and the		
		encroachment we've seen on the endemic		
		flora and fauna of our varied environmental		
		landscape. COVID-19 can be seen to be		
		related to a considerable Environmental		
		encroachment and deterioration of		
		undeveloped areas.		
		Section 6 – Healthy and Sustainable	Marilyn	
		Environment – Embracing urbanism is a	Balcombe for	
		worthy, sustainable goal, but where is the	Germantown	
		suburban and rural context referred to in	Chamber of	
		Goal 1.1. Having a compact form of	Commerce	
		development with a variety of non-auto		
		transportation modes does not fit the		
		reality of existing development.		
		rethinking how businesses, institutions, and	Solid Waste	
		households use resources and manage	Advisory	
		wastes is necessary to achieve the goals	Committee	
		outlined in the Thrive report. However, this	(SWAC)	
		topic is largely ignored in the Plan, with no		
		details for how the County could realize the		
		vision of economic health, equity, and		
		environmental resilience.		
		All plans adopt zero-waste strategies at		
		local community and countywide levels,		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		including decentralized infrastructure and		
		institutions for residents to reduce		
		waste, reuse, repair, and recycle/compost -		
		without reliance on a private		
		vehicle.		
		Our County aim to contain wastes produced		
		here within the boundaries of our own		
		county, to the greatest extent possible.		
		As a matter of equity, we should not		
		burden poor communities locally or abroad,		
		nor can we use the atmosphere,		
		waterways, or soils for waste management		
		unless strictly and transparently		
		regulated, with careful assessment of		
		public health and local ecologic impacts.		
		Reduction of materials use, whether		
		through a shift away from disposability to		
		durability, or simply buying less and buying		
		better designed and less resource		
		intensive goods, should be the primary		
		strategy to minimize waste.		
		All of the goals, objectives and strategies	John Parrish	
		outlined in the Environment section (pgs.		
		66-73) of the 1993 General Plan should be		
		retained and strengthened in the Thrive		
		update. The Thrive draft plan departs		
		greatly from natural resource protection.		
		Instead, the Thrive focus has become		
		strongly anthropocentric in a time where an		
		eco-centric approach is the most urgent		
		need if our civilization is to survive through		
		the end of this century.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Suggestion to keep certain text from the		
		February 2020 Issues Report on Healthy		
		and Sustainable Environment,		
		Environmental Concerns, Climate change,		
		Water and sewer, and The Agricultural		
		Reserve.		
		The Healthy and Sustainable Environment		
		section needs to strongly emphasize forest		
		preservation, water quality, preservation of		
		the Agricultural Zone, and sustaining native		
		biodiversity.		
		The Thrive plan needs to incorporate and		
		strengthen language from the 1993		
		General Plan (Objective 8, pg. 72) calling		
		for increasing and conserving the County's		
		forests. The Plan should call for		
		improvements to laws, master plans, and		
		environmental guidelines to overcome any		
		shortcomings of the 1993 plan.		
	Forest preservation	The Thrive plan needs to incorporate and	John Parrish	
		strengthen language from the 1993		
		General Plan (Objective 8, pg. 72) calling		
		for increasing and conserving the County's		
		forests. The Plan should call for		
		improvements to laws, master plans, and		
		environmental guidelines to overcome any		
		shortcomings of the 1993 plan.		
	Water Quality	The Thrive plan needs to recognize the	John Parrish	
		short comings of the previous General Plan		
		and address the short comings by calling		
		for stronger protections for streams and		
		water quality if we and our streams are to		
		really thrive.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Agricultural Zone	The Agricultural Zone continues to be	John Parrish	
		threatened by large lot developments,		
		industrial solar and by the applications of		
		toxic pesticides and herbicides to grow		
		crops. The Thrive plan needs to encourage		
		sustainable organic-based agriculture and		
		promote better policies to prohibit land		
		uses that undermine agriculture and public		
		health. Industrial solar should not be		
		permitted and harmful crop herbicides and		
		pesticides should be banned.		
	Biodiversity	We are now living amid a sixth great	John Parrish	
		extinction event where species are rapidly		
		disappearing from our planet due to		
		massive human caused habitat destruction.		
		The Thrive plan needs to incorporate		
		language calling for preservation and		
		enhancement of native biodiversity,		
		specifically the ecological systems that		
		support our native plant and animal		
		communities. Objective 6 (pg. 71) of the		
		1993 General Plan should be retained and		
		strengthened in the updated plan.		
	Climate Change and a paradigm shift	It is good that the Thrive plan	John Parrish	
		acknowledges climate change as a		
		significant threat to our human and		
		natural communities. However, it does not		
		offer a plan that has the ability to		
		withstand the disruptions forecast by a		
		consensus of the scientific community to		
		occur within the 2050 timeframe. The Plan		
		needs to shift to a radically different		
		paradigm where humans are encouraged		
		to live more simply, and with, a deeper		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		respect to our limited precious natural		
		resources.		
	Noise	The Thrive plan should encourage ways to	John Parrish	
		sharply reduce noise pollution. One good		
		way is to ban or more strongly regulate		
		noise emissions from leaf blowers and lawn		
		mowing equipment. A strengthened		
		noise ordinance that calls for a sharp		
		reduction in decibel levels is needed for		
		peace of mind and body.		
	Community Gardens	Thrive should promote the creation of	John Parrish	
		more community gardens to accommodate		
		the high demand and promote a healthier		
		lifestyle. Expansion of the community		
		garden program will also give people living		
		in apartments and town homes an		
		opportunity to grow fresh food.		
		Suggestion to keep certain text from the	Roberta (rg)	
		February 2020 Issues Report on	Steinman	
		Environmental Concerns, Climate change,		
		Water and sewer, and The Agricultural		
		Reserve.		
		Maintain the Green Wedges. "The Wedge is	Roberta (rg)	
		as important today as it was 30 years ago.	Steinman	
		It permits the renewal of our air and water		
		resources and the protection of natural		
		habitats. It is very much the green lung of		
		Montgomery County The proximity of the		
		Wedge to the Corridor provides a sanctuary		
		for those who need a change from the		
		concrete and glass of more urban settings."		
		(The 1993 General Plan Refinement, p.9).		
		Create safe passages for Wildlife: The need	Roberta (rg)	
		for safe passage for wildlife between	Steinman	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		protected areas is critical to their migration		
		and to ensuring the healthy genetic		
		diversity of animal and plant populations to		
		withstand the challenges of habitat		
		fragmentation and climate change.		
		Prohibit use of plastic synthetic turf . The	Roberta (rg)	
		plastic turf contains toxic chemicals that	Steinman	
		pose a hazard to public health and the		
		environment.		
		Preserve the Agricultural Reserve . It is	Roberta (rg)	
		important that agricultural use be viewed	Steinman	
		as a valued and permanent land use.		
		Agricultural land preservation in the		
		Agricultural Wedge is not a holding use for		
		future development.		
	impervious reduction	Implement County-wide impervious	Roberta (rg)	
		reduction and address run-off at its	Steinman	
		upstream sources.		
	Preserve and restore forests.	We are losing our high-quality interior	Roberta (rg)	
		forests in Montgomery County due to a	Steinman	
		number of factors, including fragmentation.		
		We must take care of, and strive to restore,		
		and over the longer horizon re-grow more		
		interior forest, to begin to replace the		
		interior forest we've lost and destroyed		
		over the decades. Strengthen the		
		longstanding MNCPPC-Montgomery Parks		
		policy of protecting at least 2/3 of our		
		regional parks, as Conservation land (per		
		the Ten-Year PROS plan).		
	Trends and Challenges	WMCCA Comment: Upgrades to our	Kenneth Bawer	
	12. Climate change threatens all aspects	infrastructure to handle weather conditions	for West	
	of life.	have been woefully inadequate for	Montgomery	
		decades. Therefore, to only point the finger		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	We will need significant investments in	at climate change is highly disingenuous.	County Citizens	
	upgrading our infrastructure to withstand	Some of our stream valleys are highly	Association	
	the threats of extreme weather and other	degraded due to decades of inadequate		
	disruptions. These improvements will put	stormwater control regulations - yes, this		
	extra burden on the county's financial	will be made worse by climate change. We		
	resources.	expect more intense storms caused by		
		global warming. To lessen the burden on		
		the County's financial resources, a Thrive		
		2050 goal should be to enact more		
		stringent stormwater control requirements		
		for new build homes and home renovations		
		(i.e., much more than the current 1 inch or		
		so of rain in 24 hours). For the huge number		
		of existing homes, there should be a new		
		regulation that properties must be		
		retrofitted to control storm water to "new		
		build standards" upon property transfer –		
		who pays the cost could be negotiated		
		between buyer and seller. For commercial		
		property, stormwater control to "new build		
		standards" should be required upon sale.		
		Grandfathering for commercial property		
		should not be allowed.		
	Montgomery County is a leader in	WMCCA Comment: Change, "Montgomery	Kenneth Bawer	
	protecting and enhancing the natural	County is a leader in protecting and	for West	
	environment through a broad range of	enhancing the natural environment" to	Montgomery	
	planning initiatives, policies, and	"Montgomery County's vision is to become	County Citizens	
	regulations to protect sensitive	a leader in protecting and enhancing the	Association	
	environmental resources. But many	natural environment" There is no way we		
	indicators such as stream water quality,	can claim to be a leader when, for example,		
	forest loss, loss of plant and animal	we are trashing our natural areas by doing		
	species, and increased imperviousness	so-called "stream restorations" which		
	point to greater stewardship challenges.	convert natural (although not always		
	As the population expands and the region	pristine) areas into engineered stormwater		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	continues to develop, pressures on our	conveyances (with some exceptions such as		
	natural systems increase. (P. 97)	"daylighting" piped streams and concrete		
		culvert removal). We are not a leader in		
		protecting our natural environment when		
		overdevelopment is degrading the water		
		quality in Little Seneca Lake, our emergency		
		drinking water supply.		
		Our vision for 2050 is a County in which the	Kenneth Bawer	
		creation of wildlife and plant corridors has	for West	
		the same priority as development corridors.	Montgomery	
		The need for safe passage for wildlife	County Citizens	
		between protected areas is critical to	Association	
		ensuring the healthy genetic diversity of		
		animal and plant populations to withstand		
		the challenges of habitat fragmentation		
		and climate change. Residents will be		
		encouraged to replace traditional turf		
		lawns with conservation landscaping using		
		native plants to support native pollinators		
		and birds and control stormwater runoff.		
		County codes will be revised so that		
		residents do not get citations from a		
		Housing Code Inspector that they are		
		violating Chapter 58 of the Montgomery		
		County Code by permitting weeds and grass		
		to grow in excess of 12 inches when, in fact,		
		they have replaced their turf grass with an		
		area of conservation landscaping.		
	Vision for Healthy and Sustainable	WMCCA Comment: We need a goal and	Kenneth Bawer	
	Environment (P. 97)	policy to require returnable bottles. The	for West	
		Northeast has done this for decades. We	Montgomery	
		need to stand up to the retail stores who	County Citizens	
		have pushed back on this forever.	Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		WMCCA Comment: We need a goal and		
		policy that retailers can only sell products in		
		packaging that can be recycled by the		
		County.		
		WMCCA Comment: We need conservation		
		measures to be enacted to conserve water		
		(for example, an "excessive use" charge		
		which would a higher charge that kicks in		
		when the "standard" per person daily		
		usage is exceeded – to discourage lawn		
		watering, for example).		
		WMCCA Comment: We need a County-wide		
		education program about the need to		
		conserve water.		
		conserve water.		
		WMCCA Comment: We need to change the		
		code to allow grey-water systems and		
		composting toilets.		
		WMCCA Comment: We need to change		
		how WSSC sewage overflows are reported		
		and how the public is notified		
		MAAGGA Garagest Theorem to a stand		
		WMCCA Comment: The county must get		
		serious and honest about reporting true air		
		quality conditions to residents. Currently,		
		Montgomery County's has a single air quality monitoring station in the middle of		
		an open field near Lake Frank surrounded		
		by forest - not exactly where most people		
		breathe the air. The county needs a		
		network of near-road air quality monitoring		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		stations to accurately enable assessments		
		of public health and to daylight equity		
		issues.		
		Considering the urgency of climate change	Kenneth Bawer	
		and other environmental issues in the	for West	
		County, we believe that strong actions with	Montgomery	
		certain goals are necessary to achieve	County Citizens	
		sustainability, even as the many details of	Association	
		implementing these actions will be left to		
		the future.		
		Our vision for 2050 is a County in which low	Kenneth Bawer	
		density and rural areas in the County	for West	
		(those areas outside the Sewer Envelope)	Montgomery	
		are afforded special protection since these	County Citizens	
		areas contain watersheds which contribute	Association	
		drinking water to millions of people in the		
		DC area from the WSSC Water Filtration		
		Plants and the Little Seneca Lake		
		emergency drinking water reservoir.		
		Astonishingly, the County water supply is		
		mentioned in only one paragraph (Policy		
		6.2.3) on page 101. Our drinking water		
		sources need to be protected by new		
		Drinking Water Special Protection Areas,		
		downzoning, purchase of land outright or		
		via eminent domain, enhanced tax credit		
		for conservation easements, etc.		
	This pattern of sustainable growth and	WMCCA Comment: This is unrealistic. With	Kenneth Bawer	
	development creates multiple benefits	compact development comes more	for West	
	for Montgomery County and results in a	impervious surfaces which leads to	Montgomery	
	future county that is:	degraded stream water quality. Unless	County Citizens	
	Urban.	compact (read more dense) development is	Association,	
	Compact form of development, coupled	balanced by down-zoning of other areas,	David	
	with conservation of the Agricultural	the amount of impervious surface in the	Blockstein,	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Reserve, has proven to be better for the environment resulting in improved stream water quality. (P. 46)	county will increase. We call for down- zoning and increased protections in the low density and rural areas outside of the sewer envelope to balance the proposed increased density areas. Plus, conservation of the Ag Reserve is already under attack with the proposal for commercial solar.	Clean Energy Working Group, Takoma Park Mobilization Environment Committee	
	Reuse, recycling and composting of food and yard waste results in very little municipal solid waste generation. (P.97)	WMCCA Comment: With respect to reuse, county solid waste transfer stations must allow residents to remove items (such as electronics, metal items, etc.) for reuse instead of shipping it away. Home hobbyists can repair electronics, and do it yourselfers can find uses for metal scraps and perfectly good metal filing cabinets, for example. This will, presumably, require signing of liability waivers, but this is already routinely done at Parks events.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Active. County residents enjoy an active, healthy lifestyle. Connecting to the outdoors and their neighbors boosts their physical and mental health. Every resident has walkable access to opportunities for social engagement, physical activity, and quiet contemplation, whether in parks or other public spaces. The county's built and natural resources are designed to encourage physical activity. Fewer vehicles using clean energy, have resulted in drastically reduced greenhouse gas emissions. (P. 46)	WMCCA Comment: Increased housing density will probably not lead to increased physical health. Most urbanized areas suffer from reduced air quality due to more vehicular traffic. Assuming a gradual conversion to all electric vehicles, increased urbanization will hurt the health of residents within the time span of Thrive 2050.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		I'd like to urge the county to consider	Matteo	
		developing more purpose-built facilities for		
		playing soccer on hard courts in urban		
		areas. While soccer is traditionally played		
		on grass, in many urban environments,		
		soccer is played on any flat open surface		
		available, most often on concrete. In fact,		
		globally, a specific form of soccer has even		
		been formalized and called "Futsal" due to		
		the prevalence of playing the game on		
		concrete. Here in Montgomery County,		
		because of the availability of lights and the		
		low barriers to entry (no permitting		
		necessary), soccer is often played on tennis		
		courts throughout the county. I'd propose		
		the county take two routes:		
		1. Convert underutilized tennis courts into		
		soccer courts		
		2. Develop shared, multi-purpose facilities		
		that include concrete spaces for soccer		
	Urbanism and Complete Communities	The emphasis on urbanism as a strategy to	Denisse Guitarra	
	(P. 33)	protect natural spaces and reduce sprawl,	for Advocate	
		while concentrating development around	Audubon	
		transit corridors is a balanced approach to	Naturalist	
		sustainable development. Urbanism will	Society	
		ensure that county residents can easily		
		access basic needs within a short distance		
		and prioritize affordable and attainable		
		housing. However, we would like to see an		
		increase protection on stormwater		
		management that not only meets but		
		exceeds our current stormwater regulatory		
		requirements in order to accommodate the		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		upcoming increase in frequent and heavier		
		rainstorms due to climate change.		
	Integrate Environmental Sustainability	The draft Plan does not integrate the goals	Todd Hoffman	
		of infill development and environmentally	for Coalition of	
		sustainable development. We recommend	Incorporated	
		that this integration, with metrics, be	Municipalities	
		fleshed out fully to support the County's	and Community	
		goal of climate resilience.	Organizations	
		Another matter we would like to address is	Griffin Benton,	
		the counties current standards regarding	MBIA	
		Stream Valley Buffers and the unintended		
		consequences of requiring them on sites		
		that have been previously developed within		
		urban areas. An amendment to the general		
		plan sets the vision for numerous other		
		planning documents and policies, and		
		provides the opportunity to revise or		
		improve upon the existing policies in		
		response to the changes that have evolved		
		over the past several decades. Stream		
		Buffers in Urban Areas Stream buffers		
		contained in the County's Environmental		
		Guidelines were written for a different era		
		when most development occurred on		
		greenfield site that were either wooded or		
		in agriculture. At this time, less was known		
		about pollutant loading rates for Nitrogen		
		and Phosphorous based on different land		
		uses so a surrogate (conservative set aside)		
		was used in the place of actual data or		
		science.		
	Update Infrastructure Policy	A policy should be added to the draft Plan	Todd Hoffman	
		regarding the need for updated	for Coalition of	
			Incorporated	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Policy 6.2.4 calls for infrastructure	infrastructure in each instance infill	Municipalities	
	improvements to meet climate change	development is occurring But	and Community	
	challenges	the draft Plan lacks a policy that calls for	Organizations	
		infrastructure improvements to meet added		
		demands placed by infill development on		
		water/sewer lines, electrical lines,		
		communications facilities, stormwater		
		capacity, and other critical infrastructure		
		needs for communities.		
	Urbanism as Key to True Sustainability	WMCCA Comment: Change to,	Kenneth Bawer	
	Montgomery County has been a pioneer	"Montgomery County strives to be a leader	for West	
	in protecting and preserving its natural	in protecting and preserving its natural	Montgomery	
	environment.(P. 97)	environment." Again, there is no way we	County Citizens	
		can claim to be a pioneer or leader when	Association	
		we are trashing our natural areas by doing		
		so-called "stream restorations" which		
		convert natural (although not always		
		pristine) areas into engineered stormwater		
		conveyances (with some exceptions such as		
		"daylighting" piped streams and concrete		
		culvert removal).		
	Together, these two land uses	WMCCA Comment: Much as we would like,	Kenneth Bawer	
	[Agricultural Reserve and parkland] and	this statement is demonstrably false. Again,	for West	
	numerous regulatory mechanisms and	there is no way we can claim to be in the	Montgomery	
	policy initiatives have put the county in	forefront of environmental protection in the	County Citizens	
	the forefront of environmental	country when we are trashing our natural -	Association	
	protection in the country.	areas by doing so-called "stream		
	(P. 97)	restorations" which convert natural		
		(although not always pristine) areas into		
		engineered stormwater conveyances (with		
		some exceptions such as "daylighting"		
		piped streams and concrete culvert		
		removal).		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Our vision for 2050 is a County that has	Kenneth Bawer	
		taken stronger actions to achieve	for West	
		sustainability. We believe that	Montgomery	
		sustainability should be a prerequisite for	County Citizens	
		economic growth. Even as Thrive	Association	
		Montgomery 2050 is a conceptual plan,		
		actions to protect and remediate the		
		environment such as "conduct a study" and		
		"develop a plan" are so general as to be		
		potentially ineffective.		
		Furthermore, the residents in these rural	Kenneth Bawer	
		and low-density areas that have well water	for West	
		need to have their groundwater supplies	Montgomery	
		protected. To protect our drinking water	County Citizens	
		supply, these areas should be accorded	Association	
		policies such as severe limitations on sewer		
		line extensions (including closing loopholes		
		and backdoors in the Water & Sewer Plan		
		such as the abutting mains policy and the		
		Potomac peripheral sewer service policy)		
		coupled with education for septic system		
		owners on proper care and maintenance of		
		their systems. Our vision for 2050 is for a		
		County that is no longer totally negligent		
		on this issue - to date there are no required		
		septic inspections, no required pump-outs,		
		and no proactive education programs.		
		The county is forcing our 30,000 septic	Kenneth Bawer	
		system owners to go it alone until their	for West	
		systems fail and the County can	Montgomery	
		recommend sewer line extensions as the	County Citizens	
		only option.	Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Currently, there is little protection for well		
		water quality in Montgomery County and		
		the state. Our vision is that the County ask		
		our legislators to support the Maryland		
		Private Well Safety Program bill (once		
		finalized)		
		Our vision is for the County to help fund	Kenneth Bawer	
		research for new, innovative septic systems	for West	
		at the University of Maryland. Also, in the	Montgomery	
		rural and low-density areas, our vision is for	County Citizens	
		severe limitations on new road construction	Association	
		and road widening, and stricter		
		requirements to control stormwater and		
		impervious surfaces than within the sewer		
		envelope. And our vision is that the County		
		reaffirm its opposition to a second Potomac		
		River crossing in western Montgomery		
		County.		
		Our vision for 2050 is a County where all	Kenneth Bawer	
		decisions and policies are informed by	for West	
		science. Decisions will be based on the fact	Montgomery	
		that any amount of impervious surface	County Citizens	
		degrades our water quality (as exemplified	Association	
		by the continuing battle for Ten Mile		
		Creek).		
		Our vision is that, if stormwater runoff is	Kenneth Bawer	
		mandated to be controlled outside of	for West	
		stream valleys, there would be no reason	Montgomery	
		for stream construction work.	County Citizens	
			Association	
		Our vision for 2050 is a County where the		
		use of synthetic turf fields is prohibited.		
		Our vision for 2050 is a County that is	Kenneth Bawer	
		finally honest about air and water quality	for West	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		conditions. The county must commit to	Montgomery	
		honestly reporting true air quality	County Citizens	
		conditions to residents. Currently, we have	Association	
		a single air quality monitoring station in the		
		middle of an open field near Lake Frank		
		surrounded by forest - not exactly where		
		most people breathe the air. Our vision is		
		for a network of near-road air quality		
		monitoring stations to accurately enable		
		assessments of public health and to		
		daylight equity issues.		
		Our vision for 2050 concurs with the need	Kenneth Bawer	
		to concentrate density along transportation	for West	
		corridors to encourage the use of mass	Montgomery	
		transit. However, our vision also balances	County Citizens	
		any up-zoning along development corridors	Association	
		and centers with downzoning in other		
		areas.		
		This includes the protection of our low-		
		density and rural areas outside of the sewer		
		envelope from creeping sewer sprawl (and		
		resulting development pressure to increase		
		zoning density once sewer lines are		
		extended).		
		Public health should be incorporated by	David Helms,	
		emphasizing priority areas determined by	Pedestrian,	
		obesity, behavioral health, diabetes, and	Bicycle,	
		cardiovascular disease. The plan should	Transportation	
		include policies that establish partnerships	Safety Advisory	
		such as the Healthy Montgomery	Committee	
		Transforming Communities Initiative. The		
		plan should also include descriptors of a		
		healthy environment such as clean water,		
		value of clean air, value of parks and health		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		living, and the value less road miles to		
		maintain the value of human life.		
		A lot of the material seems to be written	Peter Rizik	
		before the COVID pandemic. In light of the		
		pandemic, many health officials suggest		
		density may drive higher infection rates,		
		and many of the concepts in the plan push		
		for higher density solutions. As for middle		
		market housing, where will it be built? In		
		already dense areas and create even more		
		density? I want to make sure that public		
		health officials and advisors will have input.		
		The Commission should allocate more	Dave Scull,	
		funds for recreational use of the	Kathleen Mihm	
		Agricultural Reserve, especially trails.		
	Goal 6.1: Use a compact form of	Goal 6.1 and polices 6.1.1, 6.1.2 and 6.1.4.	Dan Wilhelm for	
	development including a mix of uses and	These have already been covered in the	Greater	
	reduced reliance on cars to create and	complete communities element and thus	Colesville Civic	
	support a variety of urban, suburban and	should be deleted from this element.	Association	
	rural places that benefit human health.			
	Encourage active lifestyles to reduce our			
	carbon footprint, mitigate climate			
	change, and protect natural resources.			
	Policy 6.1.1: Accommodate growth			
	through a compact, bikeable, walkable,			
	mixed-use form of infill			
	and redevelopment to create long-term			
	sustainability for both human and			
	environmental health.			
	Policy 6.1.2: Develop compact			
	development strategies suitable for			
	different parts of the county to more			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
NO.	efficiently use or redevelop sites as much as possible and create walkable, bikeable neighborhoods. Use smart growth principles and best practices to increase open spaces for active recreation. Policy 6.1.4: Direct new development and redevelopment to areas with existing or master-planned infrastructure to support the concepts of compact form of development and Complete Communities, and to avoid sprawl. Policy 6.1.3: Plan in three dimensions. Creatively integrate and use different building levels, from below ground to rooftops, to provide sustainability benefits in densely developed areas. Examples include using underground spaces for stormwater, utilities, and soil volume for trees; using terraces, building step-backs, and	Policy 6.1.3. This policy is a mix of ideas that are poorly explained and those ideas should be moved into goal 6.2.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	Staff Response
	rooftops for gathering spaces and vegetation; and using building faces and rooftops for solar energy generation.			
	Policy 6.1.4	Add: Proposed Addition to 6.1.4 and in the introductory pages of the general plan: Expansion of the current sewer envelope should be extremely restricted. Mitigate current and prevent future highway and arterial level non-transit traffic in areas outside the current sewer envelope.	Scott Plumer for Darnestown Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Goal 6.2: Mitigate, reduce, and adapt	Goal 6.2. This goal and its policies contain	Dan Wilhelm for	
	to climate change through land use and	multiple poorly written ideas. Many of the	Greater	
	infrastructure that	ideas are covered under Complete	Colesville Civic	
	is more resilient to climate change and	Communities; and Safe and Efficient Travel.	Association	
	moves the county to a climate positive	Accordingly they should be deleted from		
	future.	here.		
	Action 6.2.1.a: Develop guidelines			
	and standards for climate-sensitive	The idea of action 6.2.1.a should be made		
	design principles and materials for new	into a policy, and maybe a goal to increase		
	public and private development	the building designs to use less energy, less		
	projects. Ensure these standards include	water, and less light and noise pollution. A		
	strategies to maximize greenhouse	policy also is needed to deal with reducing		
	gas reductions in the built environment,	the amount of stormwater run-off and the		
	including approaches for generating	negative effects from it (water		
	clean renewable energy and reducing	temperature, and volume of run-off in a		
	heat island effect.	storm). The standards need to address 100		
		year storms since we are having them		
		several times a decade. There needs to be a		
		policy about retrofitting streams		
		undergoing severe erosion. The other items		
		in this goal should be deleted since they are		
		not something the county can effect		
		(redesign the electrical, and		
		communications utility infrastructure)		
	Policy 6.2.3: Upgrade the county's water	WMCCA Comment: Our vision for 2050 is a	Kenneth Bawer	
	supply and distribution systems to	County in which low density and rural areas	for West	
	withstand the effects of climate change	in the County (those areas outside the	Montgomery	
	and continue to meet the county's	Sewer Envelope) are afforded special	County Citizens	
	current and long-term needs for safe and	protection since these areas contain	Association	
	adequate drinking water supply. (P. 101)	watersheds which contribute drinking		
		water to millions of people in the DC area		
		from the WSSC Water Filtration Plants and		
		the Little Seneca Lake emergency drinking		
		water reservoir. Astonishingly, the County		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		water supply is mentioned in only one		
		paragraph (Policy 6.2.3) on page 101. Our		
		drinking water sources need to be		
		protected by new Drinking Water Special		
		Protection Areas, downzoning, purchase of		
		land outright or via eminent domain,		
		enhanced tax credit for conservation		
		easements, etc.		
		Policy 6.2.3 - Reword: "Integrate climate	WSSC Water	
		change with the planning efforts on the		
		County's water supply to		
		ensure that an adequate and safe supply of		
		drinking water will be available to meet		
		current and future		
		needs."		
	Goal 6.3: Improve health and well-being	Goal 6.3. Improving health is not something	Dan Wilhelm for	
	for all Montgomery County residents and	that belongs in this document. It is handled	Greater	
	address the health disparities that	by private industry and much of the	Colesville Civic	
	currently exist.	regulation is undertaken by FDA and other	Association	
		federal agencies. Congress is the one who		
		would establish policy. The plan should talk		
		about parks and recreation facilities.		
	Goal 6.3: Improve health and well-being	WMCCA Comment: Add: Increase access to	Kenneth Bawer	
	for all Montgomery County residents and	parks by asking for (possibly in exchange	for West	
	address the health disparities that	for a tax credit) or purchasing (via eminent	Montgomery	
	currently exist.	domain) public access points (i.e., short	County Citizens	
		connector trails between homes from a	Association,	
	Policy 6.3.5: Promote active and healthy	road or sidewalk to parks. There are miles		
	lifestyles and active transportation	of parkland that is not easily accessible		
	including walking and biking for all	within neighborhoods because there are		
	segments of the population in all parts of	extremely limited access trails. Examples		
	the county, by maintaining and improving	include both Muddy Branch and Watts		
	built and natural environments. Ensure	Branch SVPs.		
	that all county residents in urban and			

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	suburban communities have access to a park or open space within walking distance from their homes. Enhance and protect our park system of natural and built elements to promote and increase opportunities for healthy active lifestyles and physical fitness. Foster human-to-human and human-to-nature connections. (P. 102)	WMCCA Comment: Add: One way the County will protect our park system of natural elements is to ban so-called "stream restorations" which convert natural (although not necessarily pristine) areas into engineered stormwater conveyances (with some exceptions such as "daylighting" piped streams and concrete culvert removal).		
	Policy 6.3.7: Achieve nighttime light levels near natural areas that protect wildlife and enhance our ability to enjoy the night sky. (P. 102)	WMCCA Comment: Change to read, "Achieve nighttime light levels near natural areas and residential areas"	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Goal 6.4: Provide all residents with safe, convenient access to affordable, healthy foods.	Goal 6.4. Delete this goal since it is federal responsibility to regulate food safety.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	Goal 6.4. (P. 101)	Creating mixed-income communities should be considered a key strategy for eliminating food deserts and providing access to healthy foods.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	
	Goal 6.5: Preserve, restore, enhance, expand, and sustainably manage natural and other green areas to support human life and a diversity of animal and plant life. Provide appropriate and accessible outdoor recreation opportunities for all. (P. 103)	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Create private—public partnerships to align the profit motives of individuals to the environmental sustainability of the County.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
		Nature seems like a sidebar, with thin language. Section 6.5 has more study than specific actions. Forest protection is listed as something to be studied but it should	David Blockstein, Clean Energy Working Group, Takoma Park	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		recommend a net increase of native	Mobilization	
		forests.	Environment	
			Committee	
		We must encourage healthy lifestyles and	David Magill,	
		parks can really help. The mindset that	Mid-Atlantic	
		parks can be good stewards of the land and	Off-Road	
		strongly support active recreation is really a	Enthusiasts,	
		key element of the plan. An area that didn't		
		come across as strongly is that we have an		
		opportunity to build a really strong regional		
		trail network. Put parks near as many		
		neighborhoods as possible with trails or		
		exercise features and connections		
		wherever possible.		
	Policy 6.5.1: Minimize imperviousness by	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Prioritize	Kenneth Bawer	
	limiting and removing unnecessary	limiting and removal of unnecessary	for West	
	impervious surfaces while respecting	impervious surfaces to achieve related	Montgomery	
	goals, needs, and conditions in different	goals, especially for MS4 permits.	County Citizens	
	parts of the county. (P. 103)		Association	
	Policy 6.5.2: Protect, enhance, and	WMCCA Comment: Add: One way the	Kenneth Bawer	
	increase the coverage, connectivity, and	county will accomplish this is by banning	for West	
	health of natural habitats such as forests,	so-called "stream restorations" which	Montgomery	
	non-forest tree canopy, wetlands, and	convert natural (although not necessarily	County Citizens	
	meadows through land acquisition,	pristine) areas into engineered stormwater	Association	
	easements, habitat restoration, and	conveyances.		
	ecosystem management.			
	(P. 103)	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Perform		
		educational outreach and provide		
		incentives to cultivate private land by		
		sustainable methods including organic		
		lawns, native plants, meadow restoration,		
		and zero-emission electric tools.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
No.	Action 6.5.2.a: Conduct a study to identify forests and other natural areas with high value for climate mitigation, resilience, and biological diversity. Establish appropriate forest and nonforest canopy goals and strategies to protect plant and wildlife diversity and human health. Action 6.5.2.b: Conduct a study of the Special Protection Area (SPA) program law, regulations and implementation and determine what changes are needed to achieve the original SPA program goals	WMCCA Comment: The need for safe passage for wildlife between protected areas is critical to ensuring the healthy genetic diversity of animal and plant populations to withstand the challenges of habitat fragmentation and climate change. WMCCA Comment: Our drinking water sources need to be protected by new Drinking Water Special Protection Areas that may include down-zoning, purchase of land outright or via eminent domain, enhanced tax credit for conservation easements, lower impervious surface caps, greater stormwater management requirements, etc.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	Staff Response
	and objectives. Action 6.5.2.c: Study the County Forest Conservation Law and regulations intended to preserve specimen and champion trees. Identify improvements to the law and regulation's effectiveness and efficiency, including guidelines of native trees for inclusion in development and natural area protection projects that are resilient to climate change and support native wildlife, including pollinators. Action 6.5.2.d: Develop a long-range	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Perform outreach and develop incentives to conserve forests on private lands. Increase accountability and penalties for violations. WMCCA Comment: New Action: Create a	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	forest quality management plan to	million-tree initiative for Montgomery	for West	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	address fragmentation, deer pressure, invasive threats, and the forest's capacity to withstand and mitigate climate impacts.	County. Plant 1,000,000 native trees on public and private lands by 2030.	Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Policy 6.5.3: Design and construct transportation and other infrastructure improvements using environmentally sensitive methods.	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Perform educational outreach and develop incentives for partial and total conservation easements on private forest land.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Policy 6.5.4: Preserve and enhance privately owned forest land through incentives and other approaches such as easements, forest mitigation bank programs, or transfer of development rights.	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Develop incentives to cultivate native trees that are robust to climate change on private forest land		
	Policy 6.5.5: Reduce and manage invasive and other problem species to levels that pose no significant threats to green areas.	WMCCA Comment: New Action: Perform educational outreach and develop incentives to reduce invasive and other problem species to insignificant levels by 2030.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
	Policy 6.5.6: Protect watersheds and aquifers and improve water quality and stream conditions through enhancements and retrofits such as green streets, increased tree canopy, and green stormwater management.	WMCCA Comment: Add: One way the county will protect streams is by banning so-called "stream restorations" which convert natural (although not necessarily pristine) areas into engineered stormwater conveyances.	Kenneth Bawer for West Montgomery County Citizens Association	
		WMCCA Comment: New Action: Create a County–State partnership to improve the integration of wetlands management and enforcement into County operations.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		WMCCA Comment: Actively work with		
		WSSC to propose and implement		
		watershed protection plans for those		
		watersheds that feed into WSSC Water		
		Filtration Plants (for example, as an		
		alternative to the previously proposed mid-		
		Potomac River intake extension). This will		
		NOT include so-called "stream		
		restorations" which convert natural		
		(although not necessarily pristine) areas		
		intoengineered stormwater conveyances.		
	Action 6.5.6.a: Develop incentives for	WMCCA Comment: No, no, no. Reword to	Kenneth Bawer	
	developers to restore existing streams	say, "Develop incentives for developers to	for West	
	and daylight piped streams during the	daylight piped and cement culvert-bound	Montgomery	
	redevelopment process.	streams during the redevelopment	County Citizens	
		process." Other than that, most so-called	Association	
		"stream restorations" convert sections of		
		natural stream valleys into artificial,		
		engineered stormwater conveyances		

Diverse and Adaptable Growth

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Planning [MDP] is interested in following	MDP	
		the implementation of the Draft Plan's		
		goals, policies, and actions for the		
		Agricultural Reserve and the food system,		
		because the county's experience could		
		provide best practices for other counties to		
		emulate.		
		Since this is a full comprehensive up-date to	MDP	
		the general plan, and explicit incorporation		
		of the Growth Tier Map into comprehensive		
		plan is unclear, Planning [MDP] suggests		
		that a sentence be added under Other		
		Regulations (page 127), that says "The		
		official map displaying the Growth Tier		
		areas is included in Chapter 50, Section		
		50.4.3 of the Subdivision Regulations and is		
		adopted by reference into Thrive 2050 in		
		accordance with the Maryland Sustainable		
		Growth and Agricultural Preservation Act of		
		2012."		
		This chapter, placed toward the end of the	Jane Lyons for	
		plan, doesn't add much that hasn't	Coalition for	
		already been said. We believe it would be	Smarter Growth	
		most beneficial for this section to focus		
		on the policies that support diverse and		
		adaptable growth — including the county's		
		tax regime, review/permitting processes,		
		and adequate public facilities ordinance —		
		in addition to the Agricultural Reserve.		
		Moreover, most of this chapter is focused		
		on the Agricultural Reserve without making		
		a strong argument about how it should be		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		used in the future. How can the Agriculture		
		Reserve best help us meet our		
		environmental, health, land use, economic,		
		and food production goals, and balance		
		those interests?		
		If the County is to grow and traffic to be	Bruce Shulman	
		limited, the areas around Metro stations		
		and other mass-transit facilities must be		
		built up in a manner that encourages		
		people to live, work, shop and entertain		
		themselves within walking distance.		
		The above idea can be implemented by		
		limiting the number of parking spaces in		
		building garages.		
	VisionFlexible.	WMCCA Comment: We object to the	Kenneth Bawer	
	Residents have a variety of choices when	concept of "flexible regulations and zoning	for West	
	selecting their preferred community	controls." We don't have flexible speed	Montgomery	
	setting and housing type. The bulk of new	limits for a reason. We don't want an	County Citizens	
	residents live in more dense, urban areas.	officer to say, "The speed limit is 25, but I'll	Association	
	Concentrating new growth in already	be flexible and make it 45 for you, Mr.		
	developed areas makes the best use of	Jones." Regulations and zoning controls		
	the county's available land and	should be fixed, not flexible. The implication		
	infrastructure, and helps to protect the	is that the Planning Board can change		
	environment. Flexible regulations and	regulations and zoning controls based on a		
	zoning controls result in a vibrant mix of	whim or developer influence.		
	residential and commercial uses. (P. 47)			
		Throughout the Plan, reference is made to	WSSC Water	
		focusing on infill and redevelopment. WSSC		
		Water cannot comment on the impact that		
		this policy will have on the capacity of the		
		water and sewer systems which serve the		
		County without specific data provided. This		
		data would need to include an update from		
		the latest COG Demographic Projections		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Round 9.1, broken down by Transportation		
		Area Zones that reflect the increase in		
		business and housing proposed from the		
		latest 2045 Round 9.1 projections.		
		Piecemeal Sector plans do not allow for a		
		comprehensive county-wide analysis		
		required. If such data is available, please		
		know that it will take several months for us		
		to analyze using our computerized		
		hydraulic models of the water and sewer		
		systems if our budget allows.		
	Goal 7.1: Focus growth on infill	Goals 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 should be deleted	Dan Wilhelm for	
	development and redevelopment	since the subject is already covered in under	Greater	
	concentrated around rail	the Complete Communities element.	Colesville Civic	
	and BRT.		Association	
	Goal 7.2: Transform land uses surrounding rail and BRT corridors to accommodate future population growth and varied lifestyle preferences in attractive, walkable, and mixed-use communities. Goal 7.3: Manage growth and development as a mature, built-out county by maximizing use of constrained land and identifying innovative solutions to deliver public facilities and infrastructure.			
		Goal 7.2 – Urban-centric doesn't address	Marilyn	
		the reality of existing neighborhoods.	Balcombe for	
		Action 7.2.2.c – How?	Germantown	
			Chamber of	
			Commerce	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Changing the plan for development into an	Quentin	
		urban county does not recognize the single-	Remein,	
		family land uses, small business and	Michele	
		commercial land use, the agricultural land	Albornoz, Linda	
		uses, and the open space spaces land uses.	and Gay	
		The plan needs to provide for all land uses	Mullings	
		in Montgomery County.		
		Title. The title for this element needs to be	Dan Wilhelm for	
		changed to Agriculture Reserve.	Greater	
			Colesville Civic	
			Association	
		Food is a basic human right, and the food	Catherine Nardi	
		system is deeply connected to all aspects of	and Heather	
		a resident's life. Thrive 2050 should	Bruskin for MC	
		reflect this, by applying a food system lens	Food Council	
		to each of the plan elements, and by		
		drawing insight from diverse County		
		stakeholders when considering health		
		equity and food justice, economic		
		opportunity, and environmental resilience.		
	List some of the transit stations where	It may be valuable to explicitly list some of	MDOT	
	growth will be focused	the transit stations where growth will be		
		focused, the connections between them,		
		and the existing network of major corridors.		
		The one question we raise, is the statement	Griffin Benton,	
		at page 38 referring to concentrating "all	MBIA	
		new growth" along transit corridors. This		
		seems to be a bit of an overstatement given		
		the diversity of housing and employment		
		choices affected by societies since the		
		beginning of time. While there have been		
		ebbs and flows with respect to interest		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		levels in urban, suburban and rural		
		locations, each has its followers, and		
		all are necessary.		
	transportation needs of older adults	The MDOT MTA supports the focus on	MDOT	
		planning for the transportation needs of		
		older adults		
		Silver Spring is at the hub of Metrorail,	Ethan Goffman,	
		numerous buses, MARC, and the future	Rockville	
		Purple Line. This means that it should be		
		the focus of future attempts to bring major		
		projects, such as the bid to bring Amazon to		
		Montgomery County. For instance, MARC		
		would make it easy to live in Baltimore and		
		work in Silver Spring, a strong selling point		
		for future projects.		
	Growth around metro stations and	If the County is to grow and traffic to be	Bruce Shulman	
	mass-transit facilities	limited, the areas around Metro stations		
		and other mass-transit facilities must be		
		built up in a manner that encourages		
		people to live, work, shop and entertain		
		themselves within walking distance.		
		Limit the number of parking spaces in		
		multifamily buildings very close to transit,		
		construct multi-purpose buildings		
		containing retail on the lower floors,		
		_		
		offices in the middle and housing at the		
		upper levels.		
		While the October draft plan has	TAME Coalition	
		strengthened the support for the		
		Agricultural Reserve overall, there remains		
		the need for much greater review and input		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Policy 7.4.3: Increase public awareness of the agricultural, environmental, and economic benefits of the Agricultural Reserve and better connect communities throughout the county to this vital resource through public education and outreach, school programs, and	from producers in the Ag Reserve. The Council's and Planning Board's support for commercial solar in the Ag Reserve must be reversed, since solar developers are offering tenfold and greater land rents, and farmers are being priced off of the land they now farm. Policy 7.4.3 The government should not be in the business of increasing public awareness, except as part of MCPS education.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	fostering agritourism and ecotourism.	The plan lacks a complete analysis and policy recommendations on the pros and cons of continuing or changing the systems in place in the Agricultural Reserve. Reserve stakeholders have frequently expressed concern regarding the absence of specificity in long-term commitments to protect the Reserve in the Thrive 2050 update, and Planning should address that need proactively. Also net zero forest loss, net zero buildings, stronger climate change policies, and metrics and implementation.	Denisse Guitarra for Audubon Naturalist Society	
	Rustic roads	While it is understandable that the focus of the Draft is on corridors linking the developed areas of the County, the committee believes that rustic roads deserve mention in the Draft as they	Robert J. Tworkowski, Chair	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		provide access to and links between the	Rustic Roads	
		rural areas of the County, most notably the	Advisory	
		Agricultural Reserve.	Committee	
	Add:	Add the following action:	Robert J.	
		7.4.3.1: Promote the County's rustic roads	Tworkowski,	
		as the primary means for the public to	Chair, Rustic	
		access the Agricultural Reserve and thereby	Roads Advisory	
		not only achieve the desired awareness of	Committee	
		its agricultural, environmental, and		
		economic benefits through direct		
		experience, but also come to appreciate the		
		many opportunities for personal benefits		
		from access to health-enhancing nature,		
		outside recreation, and artistic experiences.		

Design, Arts and Culture

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		This chapter, placed toward the end of the	Jane Lyons for	
		plan, doesn't add much that hasn't	Coalition for	
		already been said. We believe it would be	Smarter Growth	
		most beneficial for this section to focus		
		on the policies that support diverse and		
		adaptable growth — including the county's		
		tax regime, review/permitting processes,		
		and adequate public facilities ordinance —		
		in addition to the Agricultural Reserve.		
		Moreover, most of this chapter is focused		
		on the Agricultural Reserve without making		
		a strong argument about how it should be		
		used in the future. How can the Agriculture		
		Reserve best help us meet our		
		environmental, health, land use, economic,		
		and food production goals, and balance		
		those interests?		
		In general, while we respect that these	Todd Bressi for	
		introductory sections were written through	Arts and	
		a highly collaborative process and reflect	Humanities	
		many voices, we feel a final round of	Council	
		editing might result in a more cohesive		
		statement.		
	Issues and challenges	This is a series of ideas that might better be	Todd Bressi for	
		bullet points, if that style is allowable here.	Arts and	
			Humanities	
			Council	
		Numerous edits in the narrative section of	Todd Bressi for	
		the chapter.	Arts and	
			Humanities	
		Plantin Pinner With Little	Council	
		Planning Director Wright in her speeches	Jean Cavanaugh,	
		seems to rely quite a bit on "great design."	Silver Spring	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		However, our county doesn't have a form		
		based zoning code or any other mechanism		
		that requires a builder to build anything		
		other than to the envelope (height,		
		setback, FAR) defined. Establish local		
		design guideline panels (implemented		
		through master and sector plans,		
		not the general plan) that have more teeth		
		than the Bethesda model has, or we won't		
		get "great design."		
	Update the Locational Atlas of Historic	The draft plan currently requires a program	Deborah Chalfie,	
	Resources	to periodically catalog "building types in	Board member	
		the county with a high risk of	Art Deco Society	
		obsolescence," 6 but it does not currently	of Washington	
		include a requirement for a systematic		
		review and updated survey of the County's		
		historic, and potentially historic, resources.		
		ADSW believes it is absolutely critical for		
		the Planning Board to add an Action Step		
		under Goal 8 that would require more		
		regular and systemic maintenance of the		
		Atlas by the Historic Preservation staff to		
		avoid a piecemeal approach and help		
		prevent regrettable oversights until it is too		
		late. Adequate funds need to be		
		appropriated and allocated to enable them		
		to document and inventory the list of		
		historic resources for the Locational Atlas		
		and Index. The Atlas must include		
		midcentury buildings that are now of such		
		as age as to be considered historic.		
		We need to rethink public spaces to make	Sebastian	
		them gathering spaces, which can be done	Smoot,	
			Burtonsville	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		by neighborhoods doing their own		
		placemaking events.		
		As with green space, recreation, and	Edmund Morris	
		commerce, art and culture (i.e.:		
		performances) should be interwoven into		
		everything. Consider it as a lens for		
		development approval: is the development		
		within range of a venue? Does it have		
		opportunities for local artists to put their		
		stamp on it? Does it leave room for purely		
		aesthetic and recreational engagement?		
	Whether in urban, suburban or rural	it is interesting to see the guidance for rural	Amy Medd for	
	settings, the density and scale of compact	communities and to reflect on what it	Sandy Spring	
	development can vary to reflect the	means for Ashton's rural village center. The	Ashton Rural	
	desired community character. (P. 33)	plan espouses the compact form of	Preservation	
		development. The SSARPC certainly doesn't	Consortium	
		want sprawl in Ashton, but we would like	(SSARPC) for	
		the Planning Board and the County Council	Sandy Spring	
		to heed what is written on page 33 of the	Ashton Rural	
		public hearing draft: "Whether in urban,	Preservation	
		suburban or rural settings, the density and	Consortium	
		scale of compact development can vary to	(SSARPC)	
		reflect the desired community character."		
		NA/a haliawa that the design avidalines and		
		We believe that the design guidelines and		
		maximum height and density proposed in		
		the Ashton Village Center Sector Plan could		
		reflect such a character. However, what the		
		land owner and developer of the southeast		
		quadrant requests will not look or feel		
	0.1. Head asign to share Markers	rural.	A	
	8.1: Use design to shape Montgomery	Our question to you and your staff is where	Amy Medd for	
	County as a collection of world class	is the rural end of the transect? The kind of	Sandy Spring	
		suburban development that has been	Ashton Rural	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	towns, cities and rural villages with neighborhoods that celebrate their history, geography, and culture. Action 8.1.1.a: Create a countywide urban design vision and guidelines for growth using a rural-to-urban transect.	happening in Sandy Spring at Thomas Village and Porter Road in Ashton do not fit a rural definition of design. Is the whole county going to become one monolithic townhouse development after another?	Preservation Consortium (SSARPC)	
	Goal 8.1: Use design to shape Montgomery County as a collection of world-class towns, cities and rural villages, with neighborhoods that celebrate their history, geography, and culture. Goal 8.5: Sustain an arts and culture ecosystem that enriches the lives of county residents and the vitality of its communities, supporting <i>Thrive</i> Montgomery 2050's strategic goals for economic health, community equity, and environmental resilience.	Goals 8.1 and 8.5. The county can encourage art and culture in new development but it should not be part of the regulatory process. The way to do this is create a guide that developers could use if they desire. What is attractive for one person may not be for someone else. Also tastes change over time so regulating it would lock in something that will get dated.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
		Add a new policy: Policy 8.1.2: Use public art tools to strengthen the involvement of artists in planning and design of county facilities and private development, and to recognize the diverse cultures of communities throughout the county.	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	
	Goal 8.2: Create and preserve great places with attractive streets and public spaces, inspired urban design, and high-quality architecture that delivers lasting beauty.	Goal 8.2. This largely deals with parks and that entire subject needs to be part of the Healthy and Sustainable Environment element.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Policy 8.2.1: Ensure high quality design for all public and private architecture, infrastructure, and open space projects using design guidelines, design advisory panels, and other tools. Make design excellence a priority, even when cost saving measures are considered. Use design competitions for major new civic facilities to create the highest-quality public structures that are a source of civic pride.	Should "Use design competitions for major new civic facilities to create the highest-quality public structures that are a source of civic pride." be an action?	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	
		Add a new action: Action 8.2.1.c: Collaborate with the Public Art Trust to improve coordination for public art in county construction and to develop standardized public art interventions for basic infrastructure elements.	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	
	Policy 8.2.1. Make design excellence a priority, even when cost saving measures are considered. (P. 117)	We strongly disagree with this prioritization of values. Affordability and sustainability should be prioritized before subjective design considerations.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	
		Modify the text as follows: Policy 8.2.5: Use public art and placemaking activities tools to engage residents in higher levels of social interaction in public spaces. Create public spaces that are welcoming and encourage all residents to gather and interact in ways that build a sense of community. support the cultural and social practices of the people will use them, provide for equitable access and use, and generates respect for diversity while building community.	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Add a new action:	Todd Bressi for	
		Action 8.2.6.b: Expand access to	Arts and	
		professional resources in anthropology,	Humanities	
		ethnography, public history and related	Council	
		fields to support community placemaking		
		projects.		
	Goal 8.3: Use design as a tool to avoid	Goal 8.3. This goal talks about the	Dan Wilhelm for	
	and mitigate the negative effects of	environment and it needs to be part of	Greater	
	climate change.	Healthy and Sustainable Environment	Colesville Civic	
		element.	Association	
		In 8.3.3 a. Add "most all buildings and	Herb Simmens	
		projects should be net-zero by 2027,		
		consistent with the county goal of an 80%		
		reduction in GHG emissions by that year."		
	Regarding Action 8.3.3.c.	Consider expanding the street tree-planting	MDOT	
		program to include all infrastructure		
		improvements, not just bicycle and		
		pedestrian facility improvements.		
	Action 8.4.1. Partner with DPS and other	Mitigation and offsets are also welcome.	Deborah Chalfie,	
	county agencies to update the County	However, also within this same action step	Boardmember	
	Code to fast track and create incentives	is permission to "fast track" projects that	Art Deco Society	
	for projects that adaptively reuse	may demolish up to 50% of an existing	of Washington	
	at least 50% of an existing structure or	structure or building materials, and the		
	preserve at least 50% of all existing	floor of protection is incentivized, but not		
	building materials on site. (P. 120).	required. ADSW is concerned that the 50%		
		standard could lead to façadism and		
		mismatched hybrids that technically meet		
		the standard but violate the integrity of the		
		original building and satisfy no one. We		
		urge the Planning Board to strengthen the		
		adaptive reuse action steps to reference		
		the importance of taking a holistic view of		
		projects, and to require the preservation		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		standard to be higher when a lesser		
		standard would undermine the integrity of		
		the original building or the end product as a		
		whole.	5 460 1 6	
	Goal 8.4: Make buildings in the county	Goals 8.4 and 8.6. The design is a function	Dan Wilhelm for	
	more resilient to disruption	of the private sector not the regulatory	Greater	
	through flexible design and high adaptive	public sector and thus needs to be deleted	Colesville Civic	
	reuse potential.	from this document.	Association	
	Goal 8.6: Ensure all communities benefit			
	equitably from good design, regardless of			
	their location or demographics.			
	<u> </u>	Added text highlighted in red:	Todd Bressi for	
		Action 8.5.1.c: Create a new Public Art Trust	Arts and	
		Master Plan that guides the provision of	Humanities	
		public art and better aligns it with planning	Council	
		processes, development review, capital		
		project budgeting, and county services <mark>and</mark>		
		Thrive Montgomery 2050 policies regarding		
		the design of county facilities. The plan		
		should also examine the applicability of an		
		expansive view of public art practice —		
		including civic practice, social practice and		
		creative placemaking — and consider the		
		management of the county's expansive		
		legacy public art collection.		
		This element needs to be deleted since after	Dan Wilhelm for	
		the above changes, there is nothing	Greater	
		remaining.	Colesville Civic	
			Association	
	Action 8.5.6.c. Amend the Zoning	Density, given its core importance in	Jane Lyons for	
	Ordinance to make public art a	achieving the county's vision of future	Coalition for	
	prerequisite of receiving incentive density	growth, should not be held as a bargaining	Smarter Growth	
	within the Commercial/Residential and	chip for public art.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Employment Zones."			
	Employment Zones." Update the Locational Atlas of Historic Resources. (P. 123).	The draft plan currently requires a program to periodically catalog "building types in the county with a high risk of obsolescence," but it does not currently include a requirement for a systematic review and updated survey of the County's historic, and potentially historic, resources. ADSW believes it is absolutely critical for the Planning Board to add an Action Step under Goal 8 that would require more regular and systemic maintenance of the Atlas by the Historic Preservation staff to avoid a piecemeal approach and help prevent regrettable oversights until it is too late. Adequate funds need to be appropriated and allocated to enable them to document and inventory the list of historic resources for the Locational Atlas and Index. The Atlas must include midcentury buildings that are now of such	Deborah Chalfie, Boardmember Art Deco Society of Washington	
	Action 8.5.2.c	as age as to be considered historic. Add the text in red: Action 8.5.2.c: Develop strategies, in collaboration with arts advocacy partners, for building arts capacity as a component of economic development, housing, social service and other community-based organizations.	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	
	Action 8.5.4.a	Addition in red and deletions in strike through. Action 8.5.4.a: Create an "arts space bank" of underused spaces and a non-profit entity that will facilitate the use of these spaces	Todd Bressi for Arts and Humanities Council	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		by artists and allow arts and culture		
		organizations to manage them via an arts		
		and culture non-profit. The "arts space		
		bank" could include new or existing county		
		facilities (such as community centers,		
		libraries, and schools) and as well as		
		underused commercial (office, retail) and		
		institutional buildings.		
	Policy 8.5.5	Policy 8.5.5: Include recommendations	Todd Bressi for	
		promoting public art, cultural spaces, and	Arts and	
		cultural hubs in all future sector plans and,	Humanities	
		when applicable, functional plans.	Council	
	Action 8.5.6.b	Action 8.5.6.b: Develop a policy, in	Todd Bressi for	
		collaboration with arts advocacy partners,	Arts and	
		for allocating funds from the Public Art	Humanities	
		Trust into county construction projects,	Council	
		such as buildings, parks, transportation		
		infrastructure, public schools and		
		Montgomery College.		
	Policy 8.5.8: Implement	Should this be an action, under Policy 8.5.6?	Todd Bressi for	
	recommendations of the county's Public		Arts and	
	Art Roadmap in partnership with arts		Humanities	
	advocacy organizations.		Council	

Implementation

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		With slow job growth and reduced	Melanie Rose	
		revenues project for many years to come,	White, Chair	
		how will the county fund improvements	Citizens	
		and provide reliable and efficient transit,	Coordinating	
		schools, utilities, healthcare facilities, parks,	Committee on	
		libraries, athletic fields, and community	Friendship	
		centers among other facilities that would	Heights	
		be necessary to support new "Complete		
		Communities" featuring "Fifteen Minute		
		Living." how the County will be able to		
		afford retrofitting existing established		
		neighborhoods with the infrastructure and		
		amenities that they currently lack to turn		
		them into "Complete Communities."		
		Page 128 (Partnership for implementation):	MDP	
		The Draft Plan should include "cities and		
		municipalities in Montgomery County" in		
		the list of the partnership entities. The Draft		
		Plan may also include a brief discussion on		
		the need for the interjurisdiction		
		coordination to help with Plan		
		implementation.		
		What are the expectations for "partners" in	Todd Hoffman	
		the implementation of Thrive Montgomery?	for Coalition of	
		We noticed that municipalities were not	Incorporated	
		listed among the potential partners.	Municipalities	
			and	
			Community	
			Organizations	
		The following comments relate to the	MDP	
		actions listed in the Implementation Guide		
		published as a separate document:		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
No.	Issue/Topic Area	 Comment Page 5 (refer to 3.4.1.a) could include MDOT Agency Roles Page 5 (Refer to Action 4.5.3.a): Could include ZEEVIC in Agency Roles. Page 6 (Refer to Action 4.5.1.a): Could include BRTB in Agency Roles. Page 7 (Refer to Action 6.2.2.a): Could include MDE in Agency Roles. Page 7 (Refer to Action 6.5.2.a): Could include the Maryland Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in Agency Roles. Page 8 (Refer to Action 6.5.2.d): Could include DNR in Agency Roles. 	Commenter	Staff Response
		o Page 7 (Refer to Action 6.2.2.b): Could include ZEEVIC in Agency Roles. o Page 11 (Refer to Action 4.8.2.a): Could include the Maryland CAV Working		
		Group in Agency Roles.		
		It should be noted that Montgomery County has a Sustainable Community Action Plan. As part of the Sustainable Community designation, quality of life, environment, economy, transportation, housing and local planning and land use are all subjects of the Action Plan. Planning [MDP] suggests the county review the Action Plan for consistency with the Draft Plan and consider if any of the actions support implementation of the Draft Plan.	MDP	
		Staff and commissioners have stated the plan will give them tools they do not now have – these tools need to be explicitly identified. For full transparency, the plan	Naomi Spinrad, Chevy Chase West	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		should state clearly what additional tools		
		are necessary and why, and how they will		
		be used.		
		Utilize Master & Sector Plans for	Andy O'Hare,	
		implementation as well as design	President EBCA	
		excellence standards; and update the		
		Implementation Plan so that it reflects the		
		realities of COVID-19.		
	Need for metrics to assess implantation	Because this plan is moving forward despite	Naomi Spinrad,	
	and success of the Plan	the fact that it is based on pre-Covid-19	Chevy Chase	
		data and assumptions, there must be a	West	
		point early in the plan – at 3-5 years in – to		
		reevaluate whether the underlying		
		assumptions and policies flowing from		
		them are still valid. The plan should include		
		a section listing all the elements that might		
		be affected and what adjustments might		
		need to be made as a result of this		
		reevaluation.		
		As important, timelines and signposts need		
		to be included for everything. How many		
		additional housing units in how many		
		years, located where. Priorities for transit		
		routes, to be completed in what period.		
		Eliminating food deserts, by what means,		
		where, how soon. Restoration of tree		
		canopy, by numbers of trees or acreage and		
		locations as well as timing. And so on. Every		
		metric allows for adjustment depending on		
		success, so the measurement intervals must		
		be clear.		
		Metrics and Implementation: We	Denisse	
		recommend that the plan incorporates	Guitarra	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		clear and more specific metric	for Audubon	
		requirements to ensure that the policies	Naturalist	
		and actions stated in the plan are enforced.	Society, David	
			Helms,	
			Pedestrian,	
			Bicycle,	
			Transportation	
			Safety Advisory	
			Committee,	
			Rachel Taylor,	
			Katherine	
			Lucas McKay,	
			Silver Spring	
		Create implementation metrics now: We	Jane Lyons for	
		should not wait until two years have passed	Coalition for	
		after the completion of Thrive to establish	Smarter	
		metrics for measuring the plan's success.	Growth	
		Our itemized comments below offer		
		recommendations for high-level metrics.		
	Without economic analysis, it is difficult if	Metrics play a role as well in economic	Naomi Spinrad,	
	not impossible to set priorities	analysis. It is possible to estimate what	Chevy Chase	
		creating a particular BRT route will cost	West	
		given conditions along the route and the		
		level of sophistication in the buses and		
		service. Different types of housing can be		
		costed out in different locations. Figures		
		may vary depending on how quickly goals		
		are to be achieved. But in the absence of		
		metrics and economic analysis, we are		
		provided with nothing more than a vision.		
		And without metrics, the executive cannot		
		do its required economic analysis. And		
		without both metrics and economic		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		analysis, setting realistic priorities is impossible.		
	For example, implementing some of the transportation goals and policies may require the transfer of control of major roadways from the State Highway Administration (SHA) to Montgomery County to give the county more control over road design and function. (P. 126)	Statements in this section about specific decisions that may or not be made in the future don't belong here. Page 125. The text in the next to last paragraph about state roads needs to be deleted. The County should not take over control of state roads. The County is unable to adequately fund repair of county roads and adding state roads would require a major tax increase.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	 Connectedness Chapter Action 2.2.2b calls for the development of a civic engagement toolkit to guide the civic engagement plan for each master plan. Resilient Economy Action 3.3.2 calls for an update to the master planning process to include the development of employment objectives and the assessment of plan scenario employment impacts. Different areas of the county support different levels of employment, so the employment objectives will need to be considered specifically for each master plan. 	Page 126. The two bullets under master plans need to be deleted since our recommendation is to move all actions to an appendix as possible work programs. Employment objectives don't belong in master plans since the government can't control them.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	Tools to Implement the General Plan. (P. 128).	The county's adequate public facilities ordinance, the Growth and Infrastructure Policy, should be listed here.	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter Growth	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Performance Measures. The Plan recommends developing baseline performance measures as a Montgomery	We strongly disagree with this. What gets measured gets done, and Montgomery County cannot wait for two years to get	Jane Lyons for Coalition for Smarter	
	Planning work program item within two years of Plan adoption. (P. 129-130)	started on Thrive's implementation. Therefore, we encourage you to create baseline performance measures in the next draft of Thrive. In our testimony on the draft vision, goals, policies, and actions, we recommended emphasizing the following when selecting metrics: i. life outcomes of residents — the Montgomery of 2050 should not be a place where income, race, ethnicity, gender identity, or zip code are determinative of health, wealth, or educational outcomes; ii. vehicle miles traveled and average residential distance from high-frequency transit;	Growth	
		iii. greenhouse gas and carbon emissions, by sector; and		
		iv. integration — whether our neighborhoods and communities include residents of different incomes, races, ethnicities, ages, etc.		
	Tools to implement the General Plan. (P. 126-127)	Pages 126/127/132-134. These sections need to be deleted and placed in an appendix.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic	
	Action examples: Additional data collection and studies.		Association	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
	Action examples: New plans, updates to existing plans and Zoning Ordinance Action examples: Creation of new tools and guidelines Action examples: New programs (P. 132-134)			
	Facilities plans: Thrive Montgomery 2050 includes guidance that applies specifically to the design, placement, and funding of public facilities. Future planning for public facilities, including county government facilities, park facilities, public schools, and Montgomery College, should reflect this guidance and direction in order to ensure they are compatible with and help implement the goals of Thrive Montgomery 2050.	Page 128. The discussion on facility plans needs to be deleted since the Planning Board reviews them under mandatory review when public facilities are getting ready to be implemented. Master Plans provide guidance before that.	Dan Wilhelm for Greater Colesville Civic Association	
	As a document whose primary function is to guide land use the draft plan is very short on information about how to identify sites for parks and green space, schools, and other public facilities and services.	Do you envision eliminating adequate public facilities requirements? If not, more attention must be paid in the plan to how to provide for these.	Naomi Spinrad, Chevy Chase West	
		The plan does not provide that the infrastructure enhancements are completed before the plan is enacted. Public transportation, adequate public facilities, and schools need to be in place before the plan is enacted. The Council recently approved legislation that allows new development to proceed without needed infrastructure improvements. We need this infrastructure to be completed first!		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		How will the county pay for all of the	Phyllis Edelman	
		elements of this plan and in particular the		
		Complete Communities when estimates of		
		lost revenue for the county have		
		grown increasing larger as this year has		
		progressed?		
	Funding for schools	First, having attended public schools in the	Alain Norman,	
		County, I know that maintaining an	Silver Spring	
		excellent public school system is crucial to		
		the ensuring that people can thrive in		
		this County, and in the face of global		
		competition. So, I applaud the		
		plan for repeatedly emphasizing the need		
		to facilitate access to schools at all levels. I		
		might urge the County to ensure that		
		funding goes to build as many schools as		
		possible to avoid overcrowding and – given		
		current trends – to take all relevant		
		steps necessary to ensure students have		
		access to computers and the Internet to be		
		able to receive excellent education virtually.		
		The draft Plan will be expensive to	Andy O'Hare,	
		implement so the County should specify	President EBCA	
		payment plans for public facilities, pay		
		more attention to how existing		
		disadvantaged and low-income		
		communities specifically will gain better		
		access to transit and other amenities,		
		coordinate with MCPS, Police and Fire &		
		Rescue, and build in equity so that		
		Complete Communities are available		
		throughout the entire County.		
	Specify Payment Plans for Public Facilities	The Plan should address how the County	Todd Hoffman	
		will pay for decentralized public facilities.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Throughout the draft Plan there is lack of	for Coalition of	
		clarity regarding 15-minute living in general	Incorporated	
		and 15-minute access to public facilities in	Municipalities	
		particular. The draft Plan encourages co-	and	
		location of "essential services such as	Community	
		schools, medical clinics, daycare centers,	Organizations	
		libraries and recreation centers within		
		communities". While the County in some		
		instances does currently provide for		
		co-location, it has an extensive range of		
		centralized facilities, including swim		
		centers, sports centers, motor vehicle		
		offices, and immersion programs in schools.		
		The draft Plan appears to be reversing this		
		centralization and sharing of public		
		facilities by calling for decentralizing these		
		services so that residents have 15-minute		
		access. Regardless of how the Plan		
		ultimately defines 15-minute living, building		
		and operating these decentralized facilities		
		will add significant costs to the County's		
		budget and should be addressed as part of		
		the draft Plan.		
	Coordinate with School Facilities and	We recommend that the Planning Board	Todd Hoffman	
	Programs	work closely with MCPS and the Board of	for Coalition of	
		Education to determine if decentralization	Incorporated	
		of middle and high schools, plus the	Municipalities	
		possible termination of magnet and	and	
		immersion programs, is in the best interest	Community	
		of the County and its students.	Organizations	
	Prioritize Equity	Public facilities are not equitably distributed	Todd Hoffman	
		throughout the county. The draft Plan	for Coalition of	
		should prioritize adding missing public	Incorporated	
		facilities to disadvantaged neighborhoods	Municipalities	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		and upgrading the facilities currently in	and	
		those neighborhoods. Transforming existing	Community	
		single-family neighborhoods near rail and	Organizations	
		BRT transit into Complete Communities will,		
		in many places, involve improving access to		
		public facilities such as libraries, recreation		
		centers, schools, parks, government offices,		
		and natural green spaces, among other		
		things. This improved access may		
		necessitate construction of new facilities.		
		Transforming existing neighborhoods near		
		transit into Complete Communities appears		
		to be the draft Plan's priority. However,		
		some of these neighborhoods are already		
		more amenity rich than many of the		
		County's disadvantaged neighborhoods.		
		Given budgetary constraints, it seems		
		unlikely that improvements can be made in		
		all neighborhoods simultaneously. To better		
		serve those with greatest need in the		
		County, the priority should be to make		
		improvements in the neighborhoods with		
		the greatest socioeconomic needs and the		
		poorest access to those services.		
	Coordinate with Police and Fire	We recommend that the Planning Board	Todd Hoffman	
	Protection Services	work closely with representatives of MCPD,	for Coalition of	
		County and local Fire Departments to	Incorporated	
		ensure that the Plan does not adversely	Municipalities	
		impact public safety and fire protection	and	
		services. Historically, there is a strong	Community	
		relationship between population density	Organizations	
		and the need for police and fire and		
		emergency services. Decentralization may		
		require expenditures for land acquisition		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		and construction; how it might affect		
		staffing is unclear. We believe extensive		
		additional input is needed from MCPD,		
		MCFRS, and private fire departments		
		regarding urban, suburban, and rural		
		Complete Communities and the most		
		effective, cost-efficient deployment of these		
		services.		
		Page 131. Delete the "getting started"	Dan Wilhelm	
		discussion since it is setting actions. The	for Greater	
		previous discussion indicated the Thrive	Colesville Civic	
		plan sets the vision and not actions.	Association	
		It would be helpful to explain the	League of	
		evaluation process, albeit briefly, in the	Women Voters	
		main document as well as having an	of	
		extensive explanation in a separate	Montgomery	
		document. The public needs to know how	County	
		the county is tracking progress toward its		
		goals and what the timetable is for		
		evaluation.		
	Use Master Plans and Sector Plans	We strongly urge that zoning changes be	Todd Hoffman,	
		established through a Master Plan or Sector	for Coalition of	
		Plan approach and not through a global	incorporated	
		ZTA approach. Implementing changes to	municipalities	
		housing and uses in neighborhoods through	and community	
		a Master Plan or Sector Plan is more	organizations	
		appropriate than other approaches because		
		the County's neighborhoods have such		
		varied characteristics – one size does not fit		
		all. This approach also allows communities		
		and planners to have a dialog based on the		
		actual experience of living and/or working		
		in a neighborhood as decisions are made		
		about changes to the physical		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		characteristics of the neighborhoods (see		
		item 5 in the Complete Communities		
		section).		
	Move Design Excellence Criteria to Other	Design excellence should be addressed	Todd Hoffman	
	Plans	in Master and Sector Plans rather than in	for Coalition of	
		Thrive Montgomery. The promotion of	Incorporated	
		design excellence in public buildings is a	Municipalities	
		commendable goal but is beyond the scope	and	
		of a general plan such as Thrive	Community	
		Montgomery. This goal is not clearly	Organizations	
		defined in the draft Plan and can be subject		
		to changing trends and individual opinion;		
		for these reasons we urge that it not be		
		imposed on a community through the Plan.		
		Within each Master or Sector Plan, a panel		
		including relevant experts and community		
		representatives, with input from		
		neighboring properties, should be part of		
		the design excellence process. Also, design		
		guidelines should not be used in place of		
		zoned density, but rather to enhance the		
		aesthetic appearance of allowed density.		
	Improve Implementation Timeline	The implementation timeline should reflect	Todd Hoffman	
		the realities of obtaining financing to build	for Coalition of	
		the new mass transit, bicycle routes,	Incorporated	
		sidewalks, parks, greenways, and	Municipalities	
		decentralized public facilities that will be	and	
		needed to create Complete Communities	Community	
		across the county and make the Plan a	Organizations	
		success. The timeline must include metrics		
		to measure progress and success.		
		The Plan should explain the impact its		
		adoption will have on existing Master Plans		
		and Sector Plans. Will recently adopted		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Master and Sector Plans be revised to		
		reflect the Goals, Policies, and Action		
		items in the Plan?		
	Timeline	Add a five-year checkup to review the	Jean	
		impact of the pandemic on long term plans	Cavanaugh,	
			Silver Spring	
			resident	
	Fiscal Impacts/Tax Burdens	The plan suggests increasing the	Naomi Spinrad,	
		recordation tax, something already	Chevy Chase	
		included in the Growth Policy. It also	West resident	
		recommends split-rate property taxes but		
		does not explain whether or how that		
		might affect owners of single-family		
		properties if there is ultimately any		
		rezoning of such properties. These and any		
		other revenue-raising considerations need		
		to be addressed.		
	Add Financing Strategies	We recommend that the draft Plan include	Todd Hoffman	
		high-level fiscal analyses or associated	for Coalition of	
		financing and investment strategies that	Incorporated	
		address how amenities will be added to all	Municipalities	
		communities around the County so that	and	
		they become Complete Communities	Community	
			Organizations	
		The document does not include financing	Peter Rizik	
		or a revenue model. I'd like to see a		
		breakdown of our tax bases in the coming		
		decades. Identify what will we promote,		
		protect, or grow.		
	Share the Costs Between Developers &	The draft Plan should indicate how the	Todd Hoffman	
	Residents	costs of achieving the goals of the Plan will	for Coalition of	
		be shared between developers and	Incorporated	
		residents.	Municipalities	
			and	

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		Constructing Complete Communities will	Community	
		put a great burden on the public treasury to	Organizations	
		provide (duplicative but equitable) public		
		facilities for all communities. It is unclear		
		where the vast sums that will be needed to		
		fund the many capital improvement		
		projects called for in the draft Plan will		
		come from.		
		Complete communities is an attractive idea	Salim Furth,	
		but it is not feasible. Instead, planning	Takoma Park	
		should focus on reviewing development		
		regulations to provide developers with		
		certainty and clarity, the duration of the		
		process, what is and isn't allowed, and all		
		the monetary costs they should expect (like		
		school impact fee schedules). Community		
		input should be primarily at the planning		
		phase, and not be required for projects		
		that fit into planning vision for an area.		
		Perhaps most significantly, the draft Plan	Melanie Rose	
		fails to recognize that the County is	White, Chair	
		suffering from severe constraints on its	Citizens	
		operating and capital budgets, likely for	Coordinating	
		many years to come. According to the	Committee on	
		County Executive's office, a \$1 billion deficit	Friendship	
		in the County budget is projected by the	Heights	
		end of the next six years. The County has		
		also had sluggish job growth over the last		
		15 years, which has stood at 5% annually.		
		By comparison, job growth in similar		
		counties has grown by 21%. Maryland has		
		lagged Virginia in job growth and as of		
		early this year, Prince George's County		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		exceeded Montgomery County in job		
		growth.		
		We also question how the County will be		
		able to afford retrofitting existing		
		established neighborhoods with the		
		infrastructure and amenities that they		
		currently lack to turn them into "Complete		
		Communities." The draft Thrive		
		Montgomery Plan will require a great deal		
		of capital investment in new or existing		
		County communities to achieve the Plan's		
		goals. These funds, however, are not now		
		available, and are unlikely to be available in		
		the near or mid-term future, without		
		substantial County tax increases.		
		Finally, we note that the draft Plan assumes		
		that "If you build it, they will come." This		
		assumption won't work, however, unless a		
		significant number of new jobs are created.		
		In view of its staggering costs, which		
		businesses would not want to absorb, there		
		is a significant likelihood that this plan will		
		exacerbate Montgomery County's failures		
		in job growth. This County, with its low job		
		growth rate and looming revenue deficits,		
		needs to focus on incentives and incubator		
		policies that will bring industry and		
		business to the County. Fill those empty		
		office buildings with businesses and		
		startups.		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		From an economic standpoint,	Deborah	
		establishment of complete communities	Ingram, Chevy	
		and 15-minute living in the next 30 years	Chase	
		seems not just visionary, but fantastical.		
		Currently, the County does not have		
		sufficient funds to update its schools,		
		libraries, recreation centers, much less build		
		new ones. Nor does the County have		
		sufficient funds to build the sidewalks and		
		bike lanes currently needed (e.g., sidewalks		
		to get passengers to Purple Line stations).		
		There also are no funds to significantly		
		expand our transit system. The County has		
		finally managed to open the BRT route on		
		Rt. 29, but that took years and there is no		
		money to implement other BRT routes that		
		have been on the list for years, to expand		
		MARC service, etc. We cannot expect		
		Montgomery County to thrive under this		
		new general plan if it does not have a		
		sound economic footing.		
		There is a lack of acknowledgement of	Andy O'Hare,	
		COVID-19's impact on our economy, public	President EBCA	
		revenue deficits, transit use changes, work		
		preferences and lifestyle; in addition, there		
		appears to be an unsupported premise that		
		increased Missing Middle housing stock		
		creates Complete Communities and no		
		attempt in giving equal weight to the		
		importance of job creation, transit, and		
		housing; furthermore, there is a glaring		
		omission of strategies for how public		
		revenue will substantially increase in order		

No.	Issue/Topic Area	Comment	Commenter	Staff Response
		to fund decentralized public facilities, small		
		local schools, and transit infrastructure		
		projects, and a dearth of strategies that		
		attract new industries, companies and		
		small businesses to the County.		