

Montgomery Planning | Countywide Planning and Policy

03/18/2021 Agenda item 03

Pedestrian Master Plan Briefing

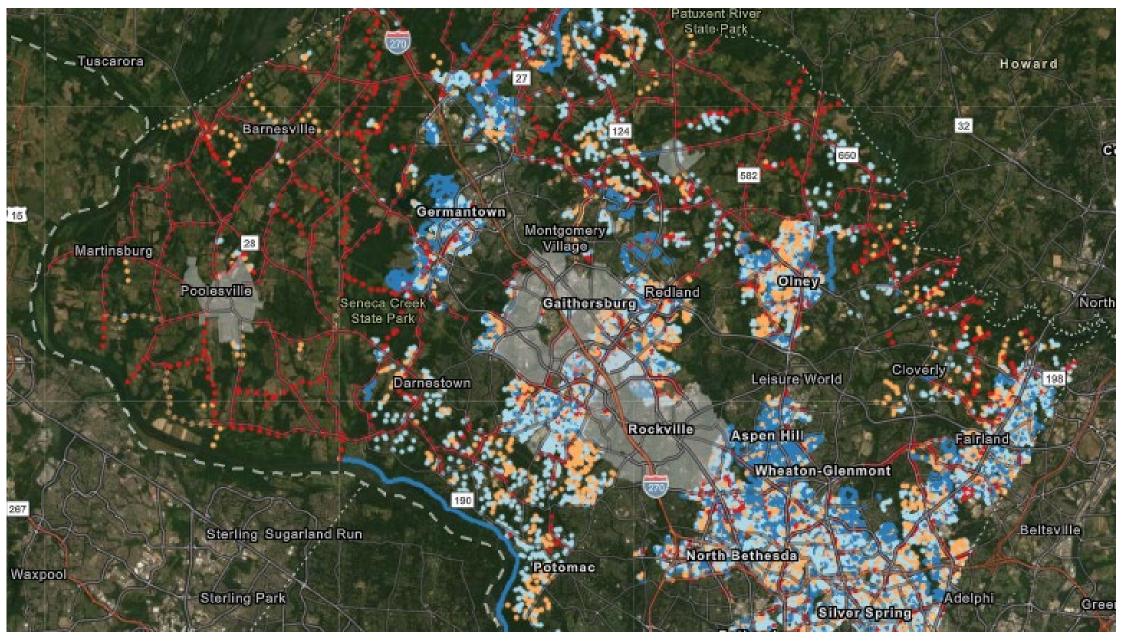


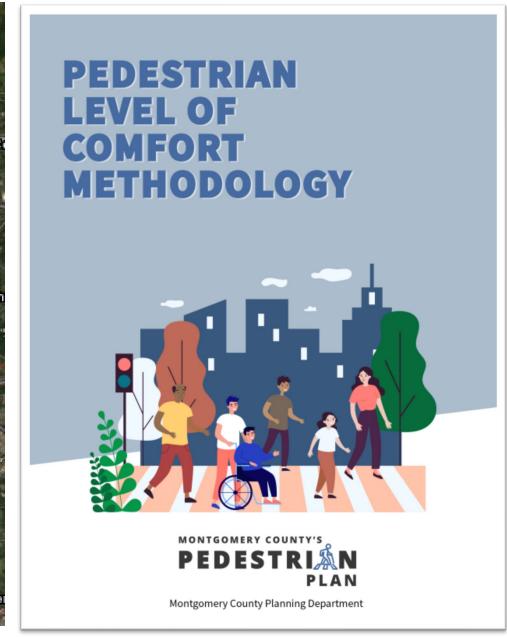
Agenda

- Pedestrian Level of Comfort Status
- Countywide Pedestrian Survey
 - Purpose
 - Process
 - Results
- Existing Conditions Report Elements

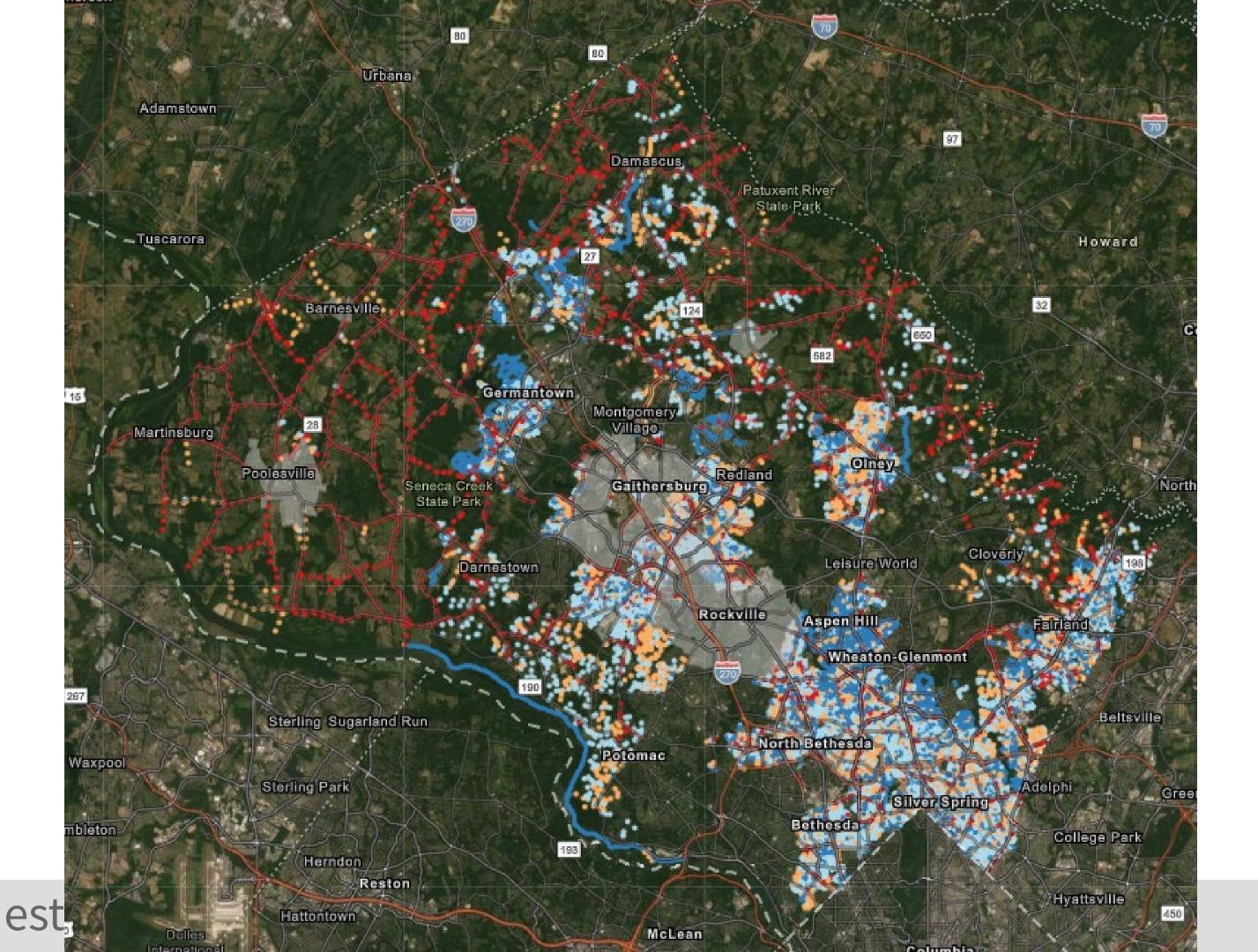


Pedestrian Level of Comfort Update

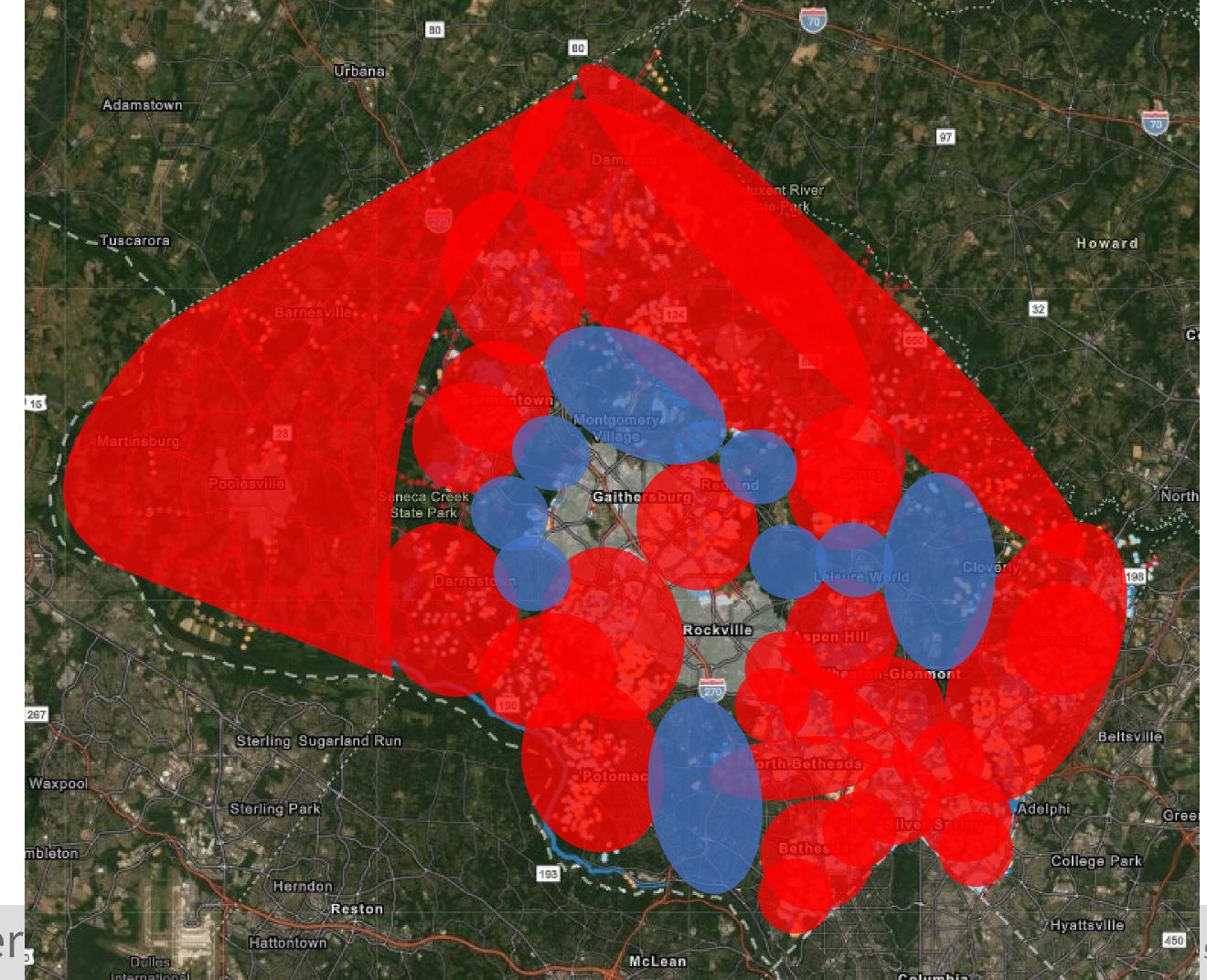




PLOC Today

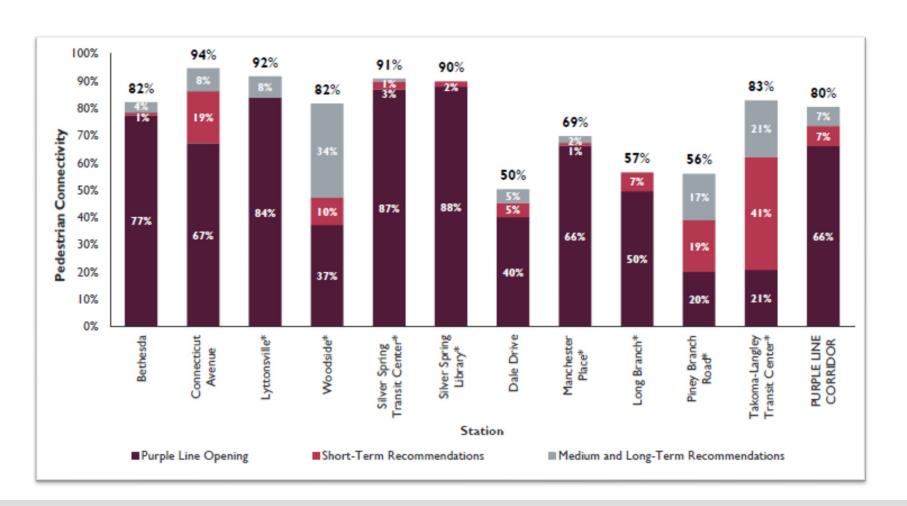


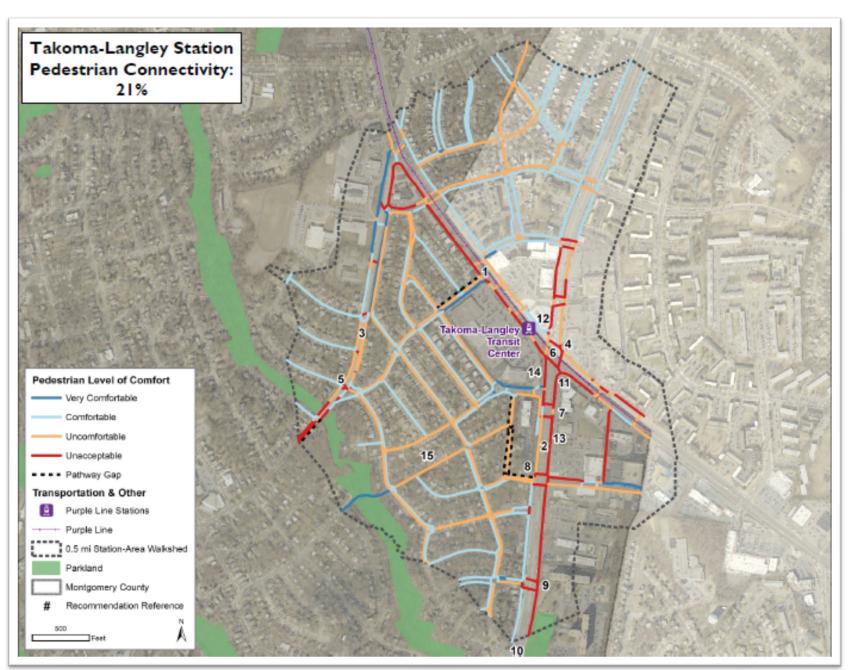
- Completed most of the county (RED)
- Currently filling in gaps between activity centers (BLUE)
 - Prioritizing locations with more development activity



Pedestrian Level of Comfort Update

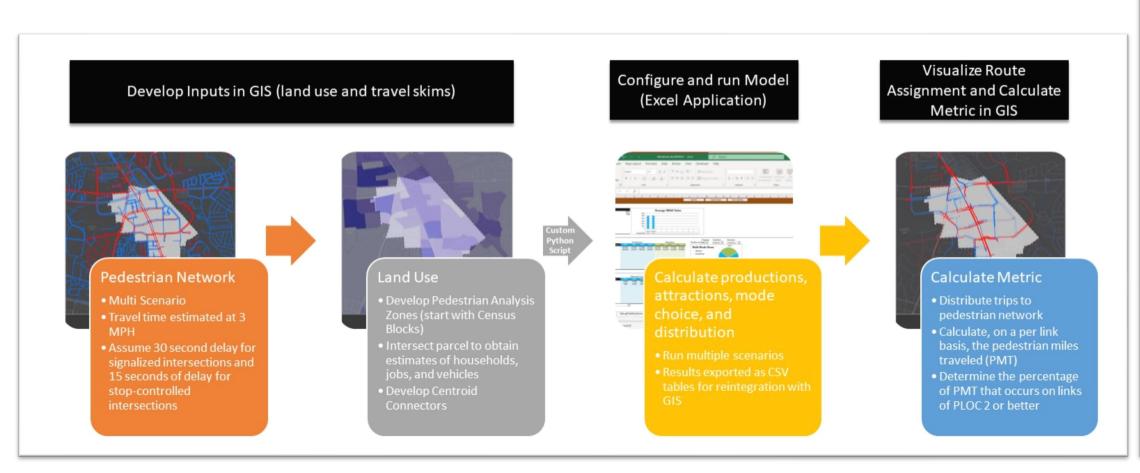
- PLOC Application
 - Purple Line Connectivity Report

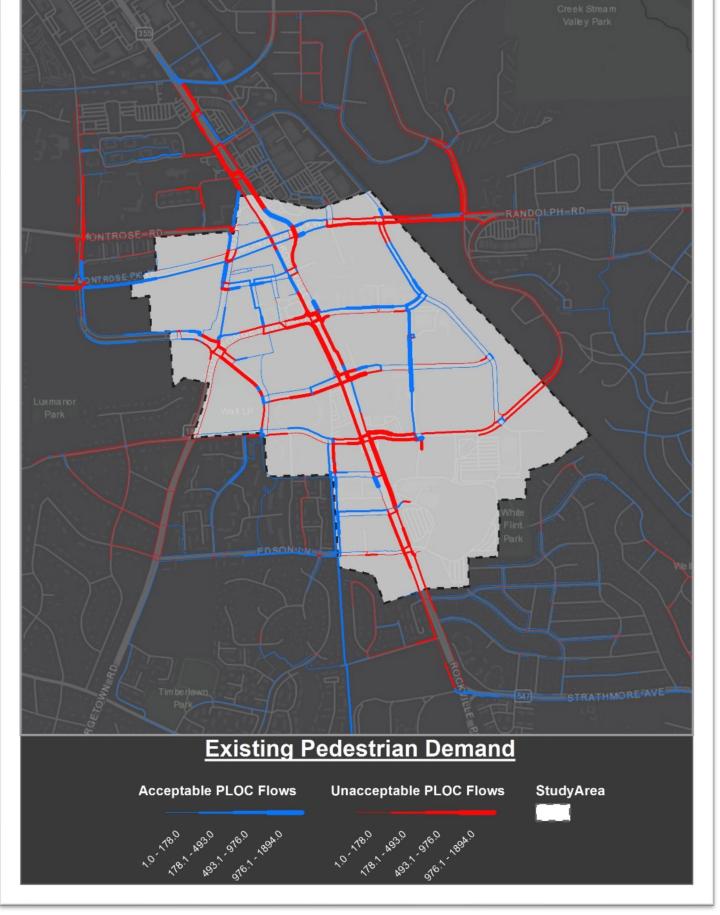




Pedestrian Level of Comfort Update

- PLOC Application
 - Accelerating the Pike District

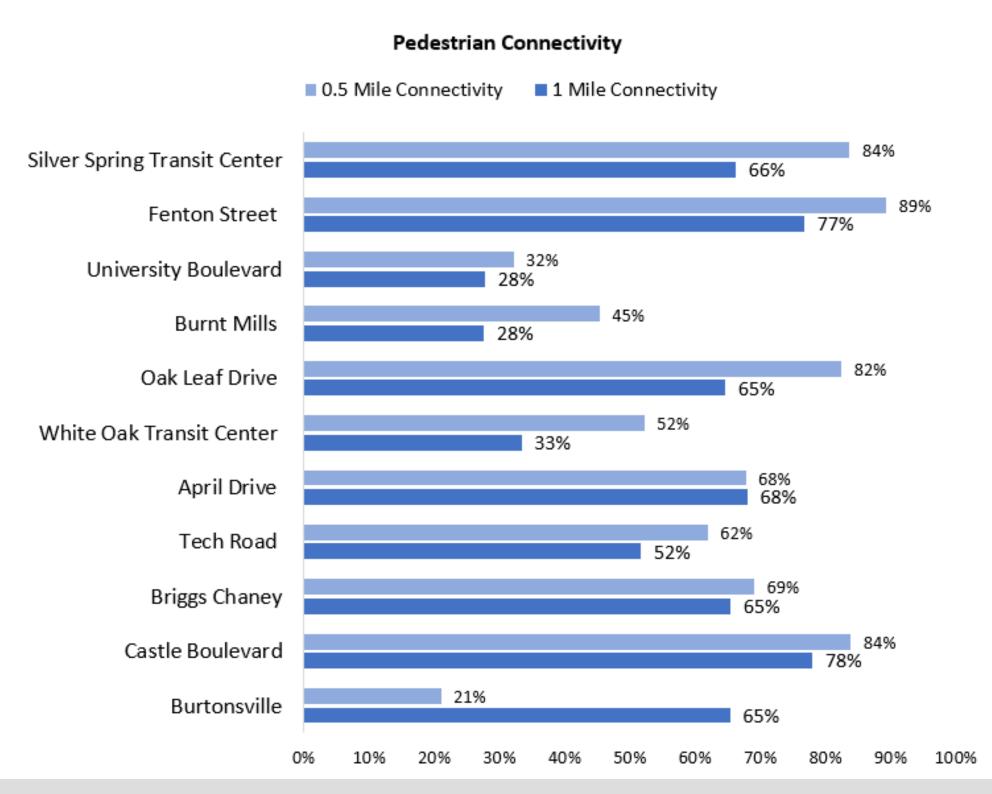






Pedestrian Level of Comfort Update

- PLOC Application
 - US 29 Mobility Reliability Study



Pedestrian Level of Comfort Update

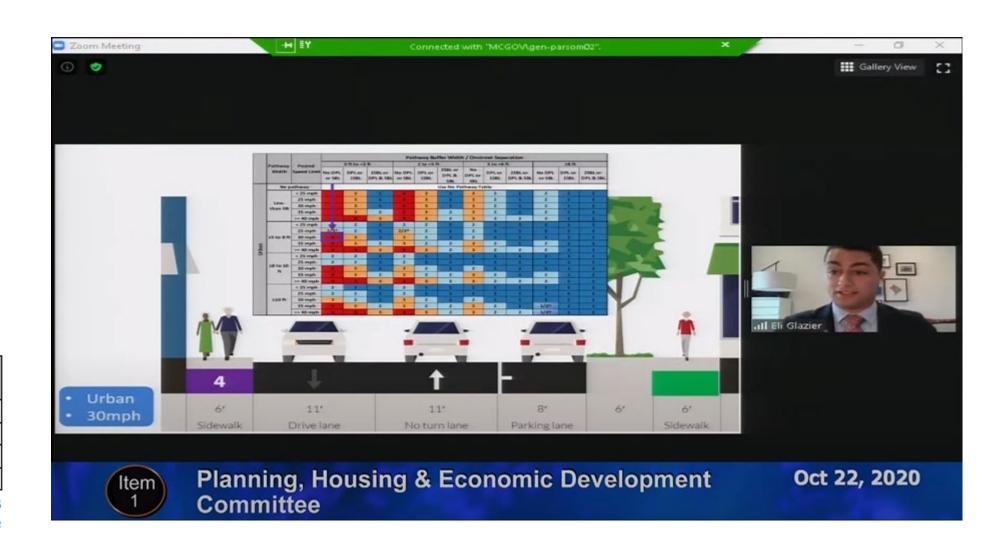
PLOC Application

 Incorporation into GIP Local Area Transportation Review (LATR)

Table T3. Pedestrian Adequacy Test Scoping

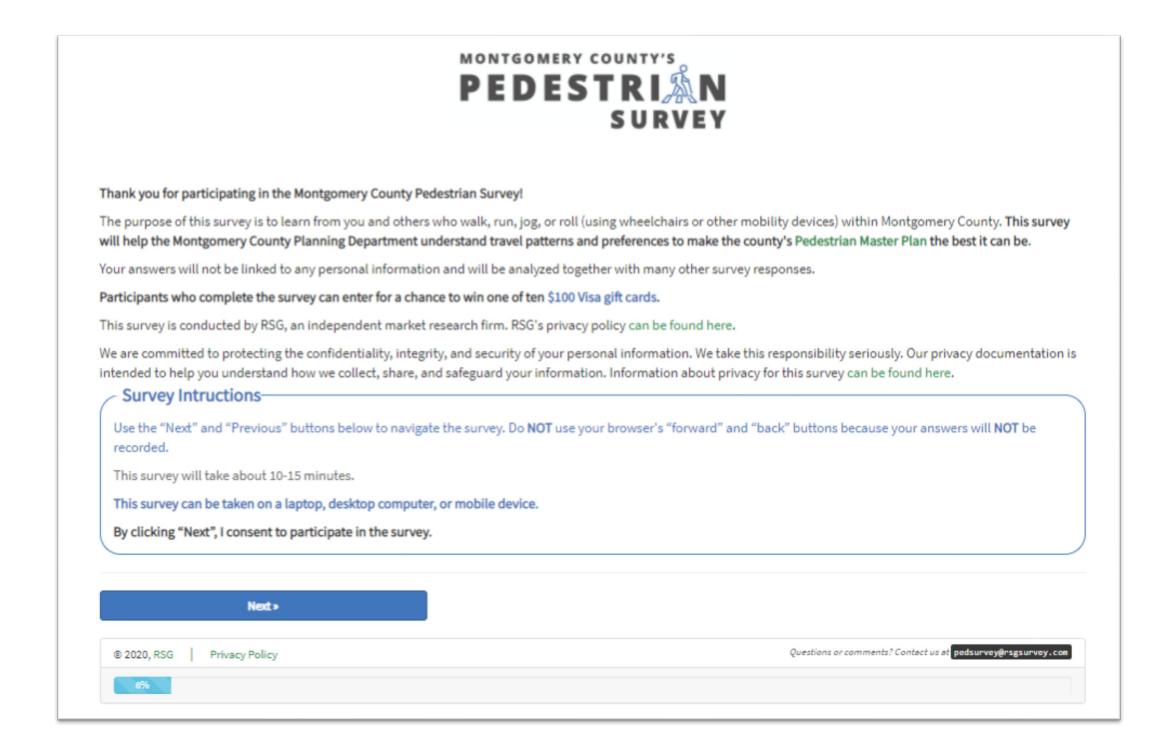
Peak-hour Person Trips Generated	Red and Orange Policy Area Walkshed*	Yellow and Green Policy Area Walkshed*
50-99	400'	250'
100-199	750'	400'
200-349	900'	500'
350 or more	1,000'	600'

^{*}The maximum required length of sidewalk and streetlighting improvements beyond the frontage is 4 times the appropriate value in this column. The maximum span required for ADA improvements beyond the frontage is equal to the appropriate value in this column.



Countywide Pedestrian Survey

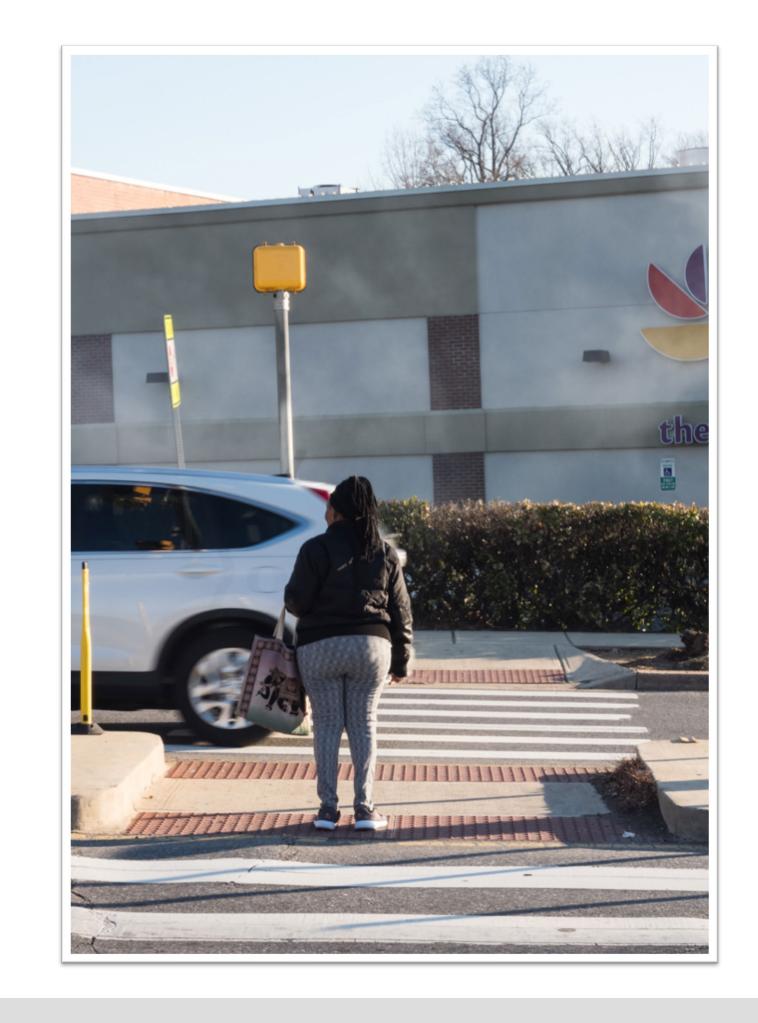
 The first statistically-valid countywide survey to understand how and why people walk and roll in **Montgomery County**



 Increase understanding of existing conditions/perceptions/attitudes

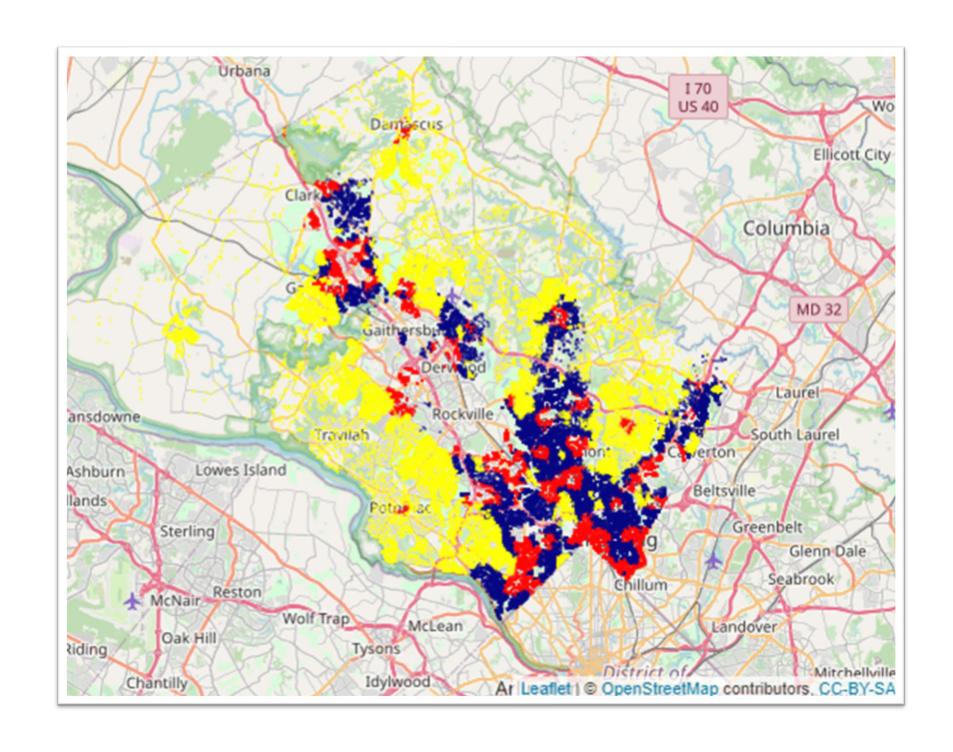
Identify potential recommendations

 Act as a benchmarking tool for master plan implementation



- Staff interested in sampling multiple geographies beyond "countywide"
 - Urban (Downtowns and Town Centers) Red
 - Transit Corridors (within 1 mile of masterplanned transit corridors) – Blue
 - Exurban/Rural (everywhere else) Yellow

Rockville and Gaithersburg excluded due to independent planning authority



- Online survey with postcard recruitment
- Postcards with unique password sent to 60,000 households randomly distributed equally across the three geographies (urban, transit corridor, rural/exurban)
- Survey available in English, Spanish, and Simplified Chinese

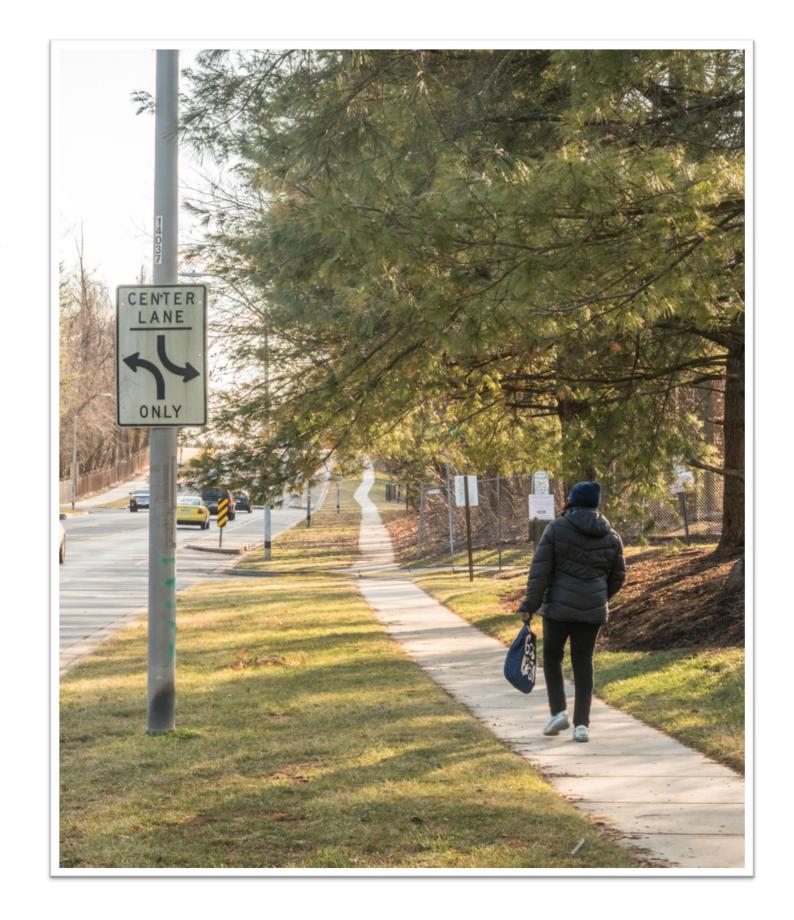


- Anticipated 2% response rate (1,200 total completes)
- Actual rate more than double!

SURVEY RESPONSE SUMMARY

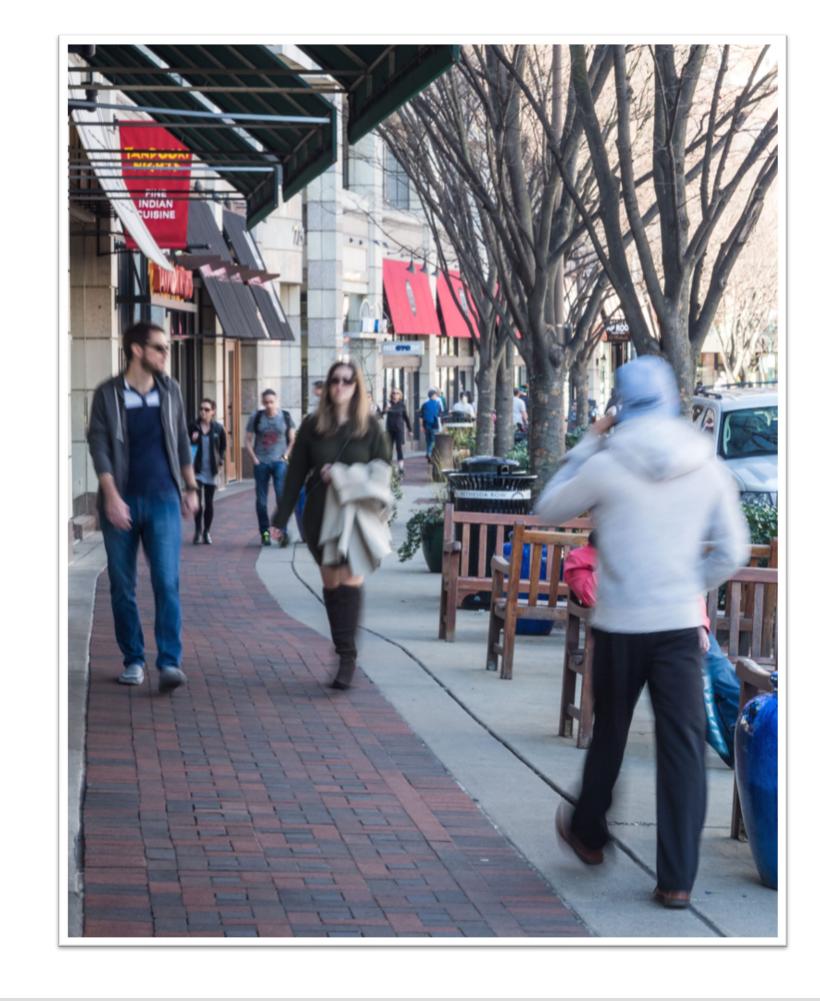
	Urban (1)	Transit (2)	Exurban/ Rural (3)	Total
Invitations	20,000	20,000	20,000	60,000
Survey Completes	772	815	851	2,438
Spanish Completes	7	18	3	28
Chinese Completes	2	3	7	12
Overall Response Rate	3.9%	4.1%	4.3%	4.1%
Margin of Error (95% CI)	4%	3%	3%	2%

- After survey closed, consultant weighted responses using 2018 American Community Survey (U.S. Census Bureau) estimates of:
 - Income
 - Race
 - Hispanic, Spanish, or Latino Origin
 - Population
- Weighted to ensure survey results are representative of the County population

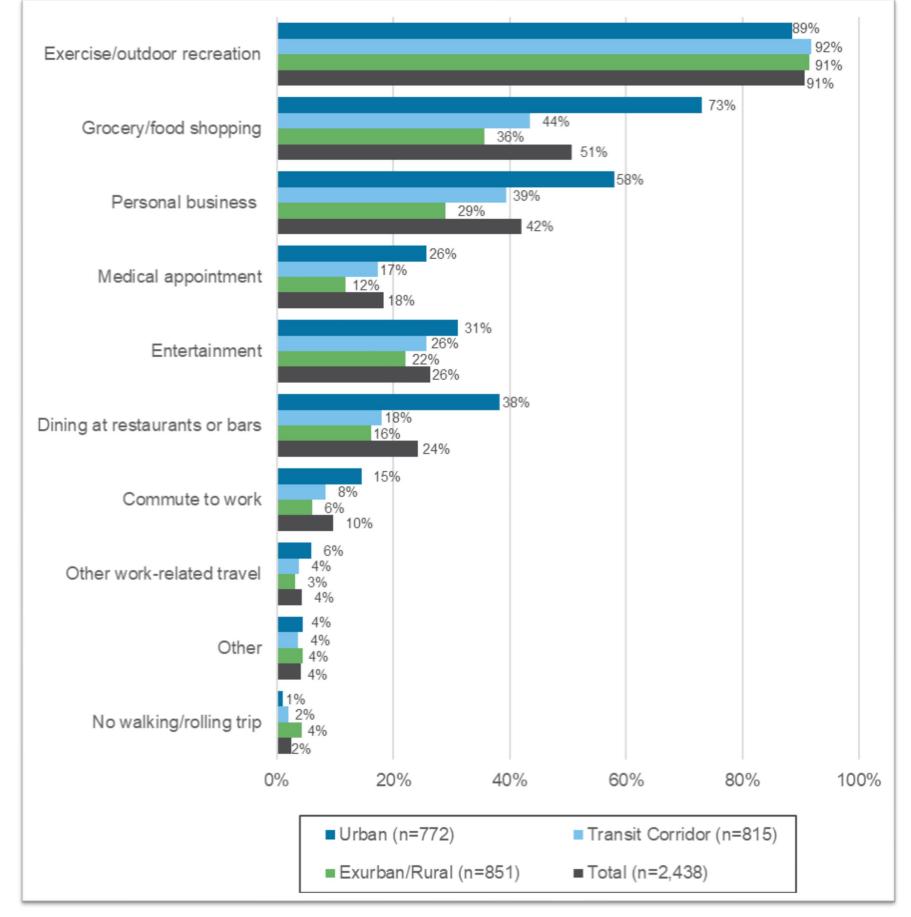


Survey Findings

- Three Buckets
 - Understand existing pedestrian attitudes and activities
 - Highlight what improvements are most important
 - COVID-19-specific travel behavior changes

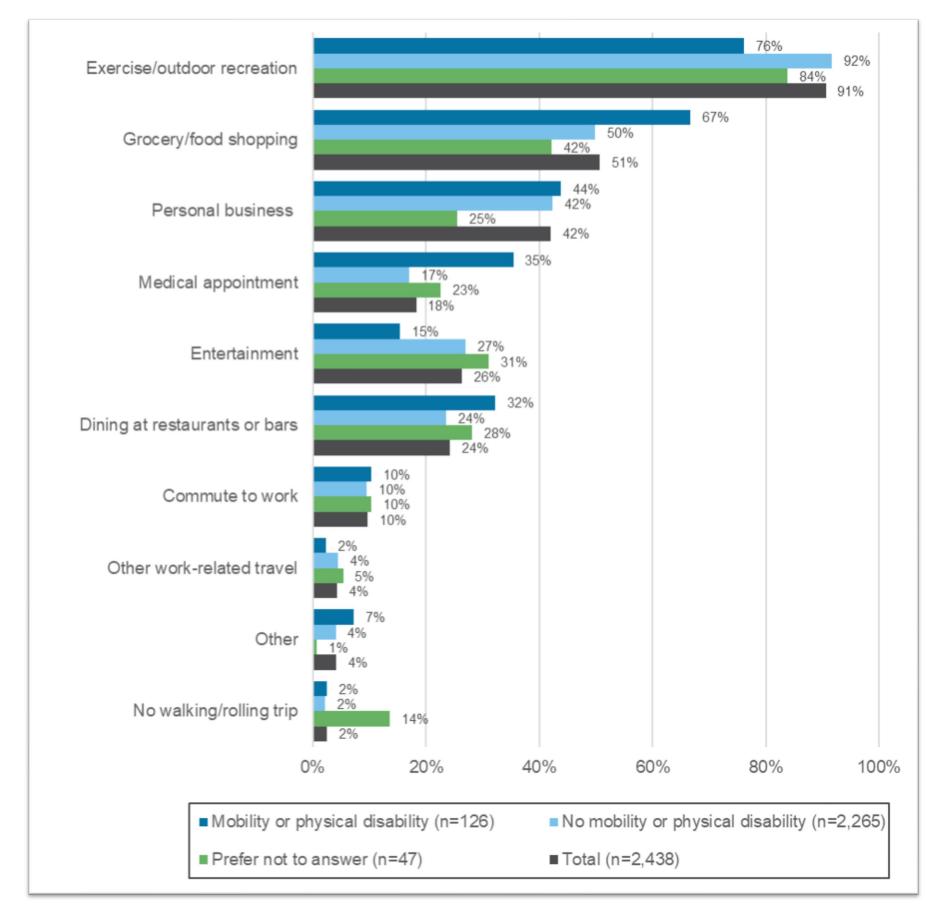


- Walk purpose
 - Exercise/Outdoor recreation most popular
 - Other walk purposes much more common in urban areas
 - Commute to work much higher than shown in 2019 ACS (10.0% vs. 2.4%)



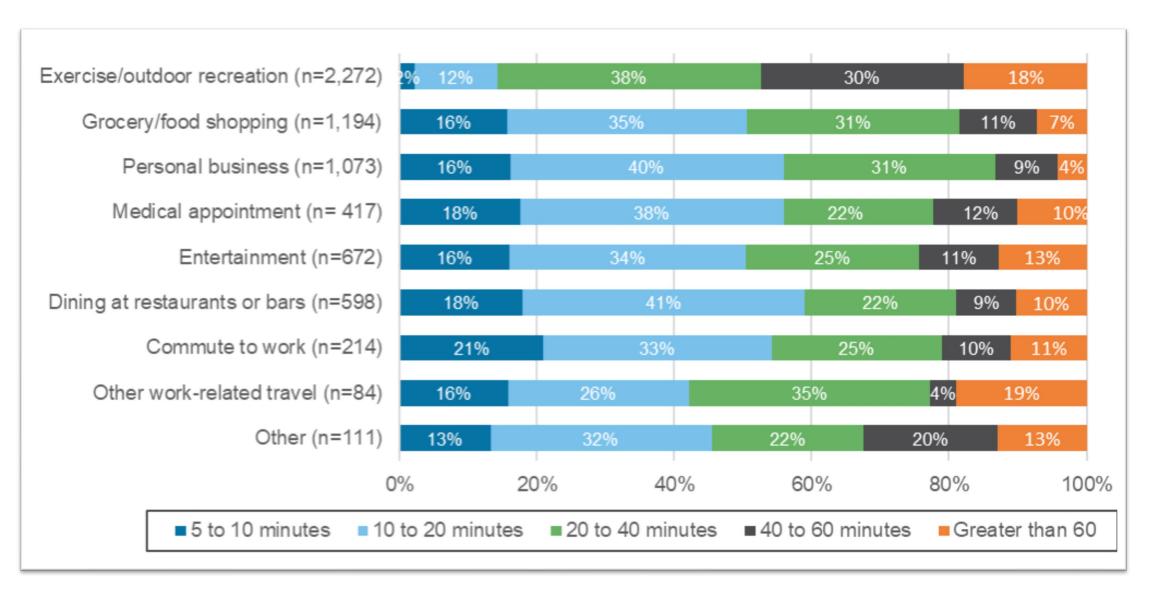
WALK PURPOSE IN PAST MONTH

- Respondents with reported disabilities
 - Less likely to walk/roll for exercise
 - More likely to walk/roll as part of a grocery trip, medical appointment, or when dining out



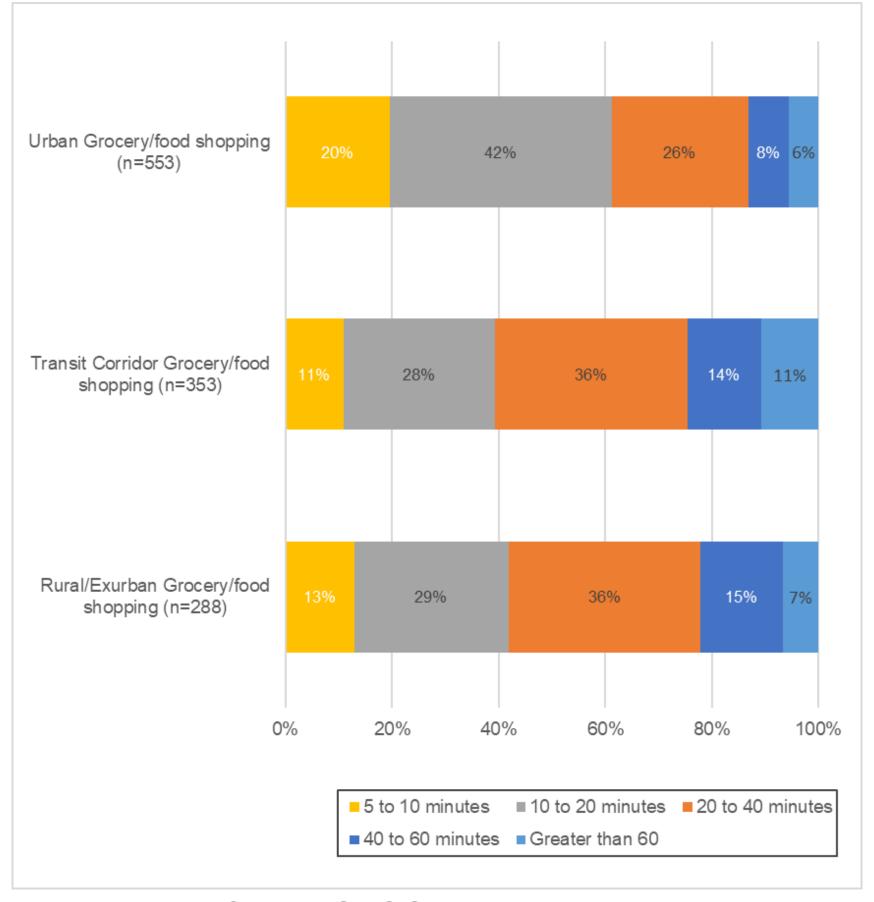
WALK PURPOSE IN PAST MONTH BY REPORTED DISABILITY

 Exercise/recreation trips take longer than other pedestrian trips types



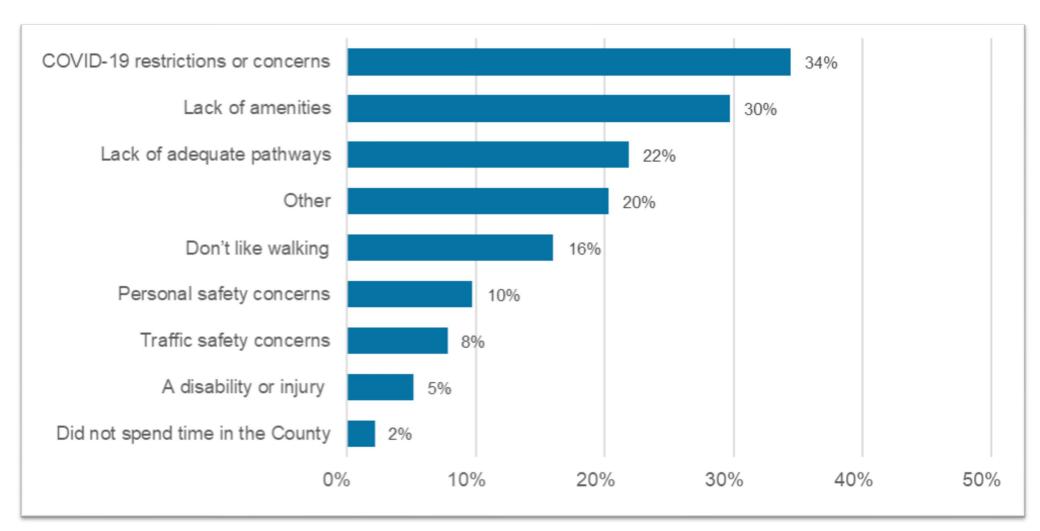
TRIP DURATION

- Pedestrian trips in urban areas are shorter than those in other areas
 - Grocery Store trips < 20 minutes
 - Urban: 62%
 - **Transit Corridors: 39%**
 - Rural/Exurban: 42%



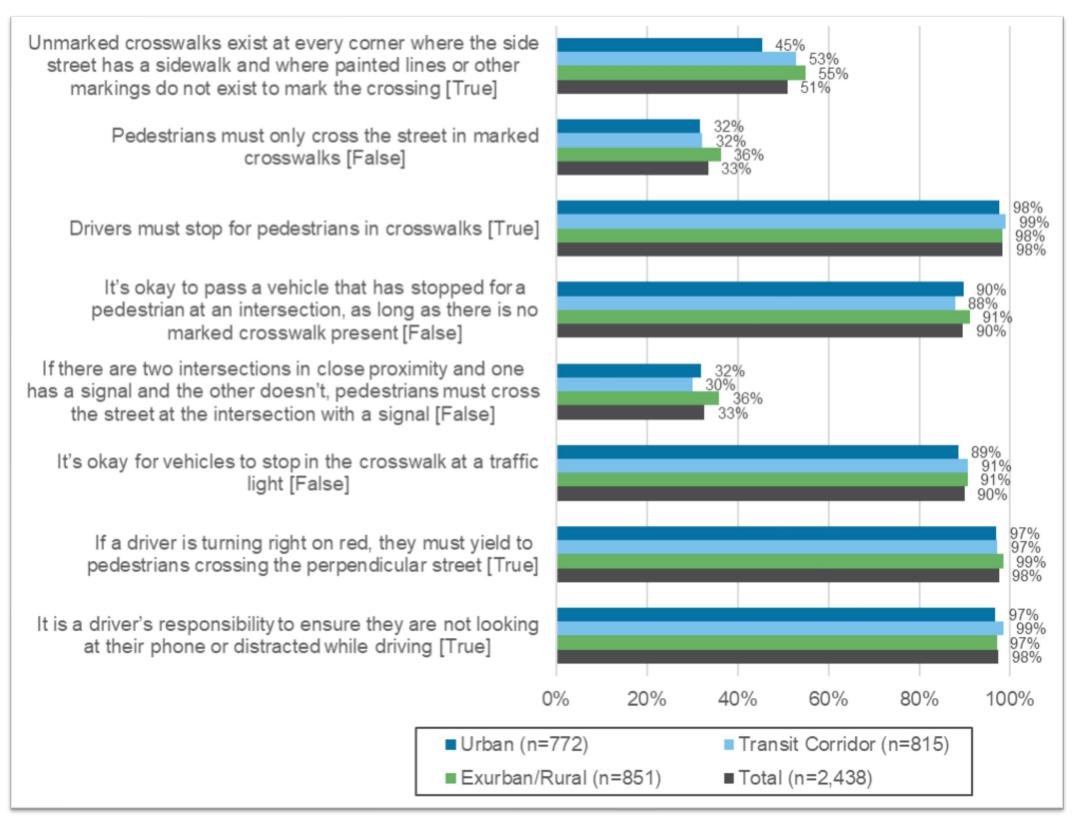
TRIP DURATION BY GEOGRAPHY

- Why 2% of all respondents did not take any walking trips
 - COVID-19
 - Nothing to walk to
 - Poor pedestrian pathways



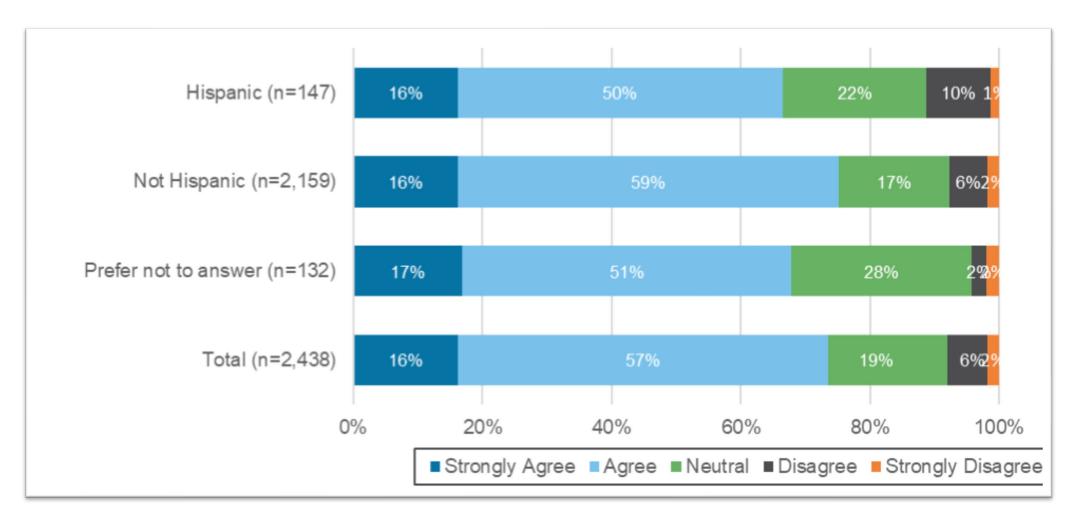
REASON FOR NO WALKING TRIPS

- Knowledge of traffic laws generally high
- Many respondents unclear about laws relating to crosswalks



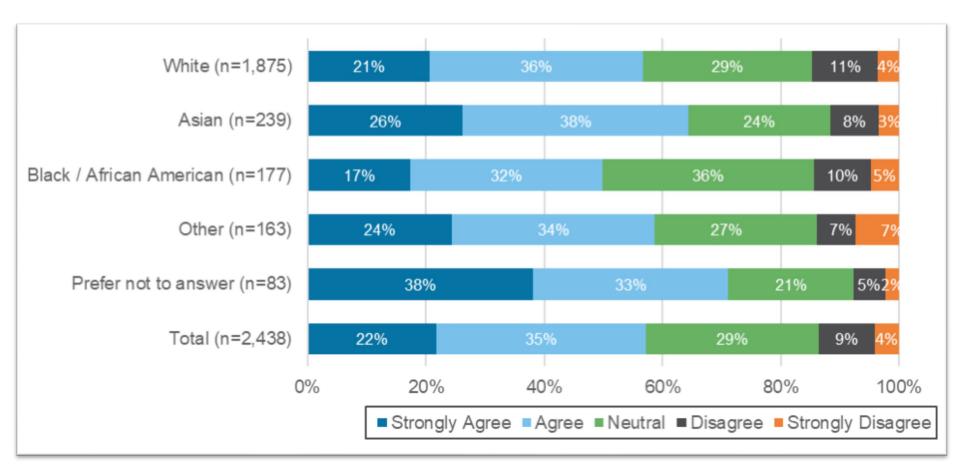
TRAFFIC LAW AWARENESS

- Comfort in public space is more than just traffic safety
- Hispanic respondents are slightly less likely to agree that they feel safe walking/rolling in public space compared to non-Hispanic respondents



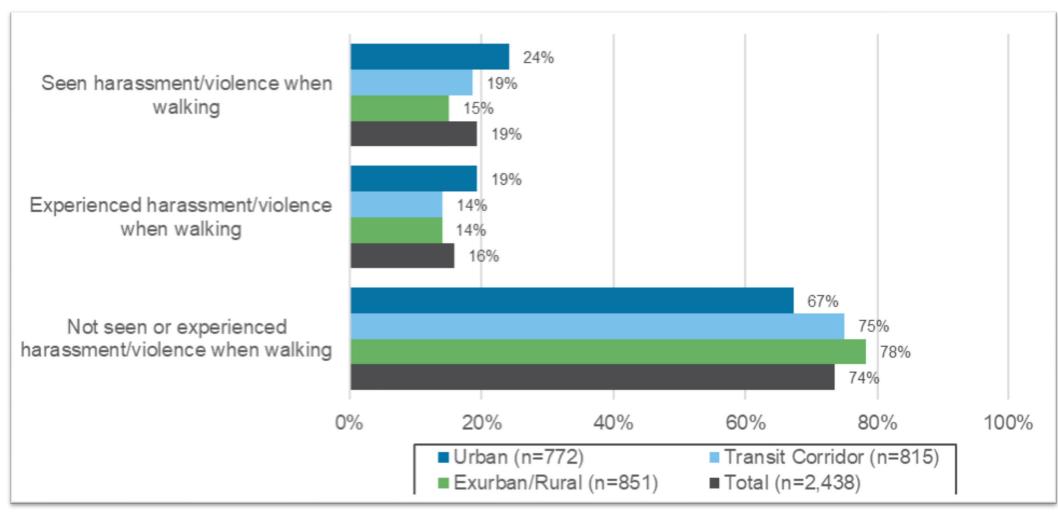
FEEL SAFE WHILE WALKING/ROLLING IN PUBLIC SPACES

 Black/African American respondents less likely to agree that they feel more comfortable seeing police in public space than White or Asian respondents



I FEEL MORE COMFORTABLE WHEN I SEE POLICE IN **PUBLIC SPACE**

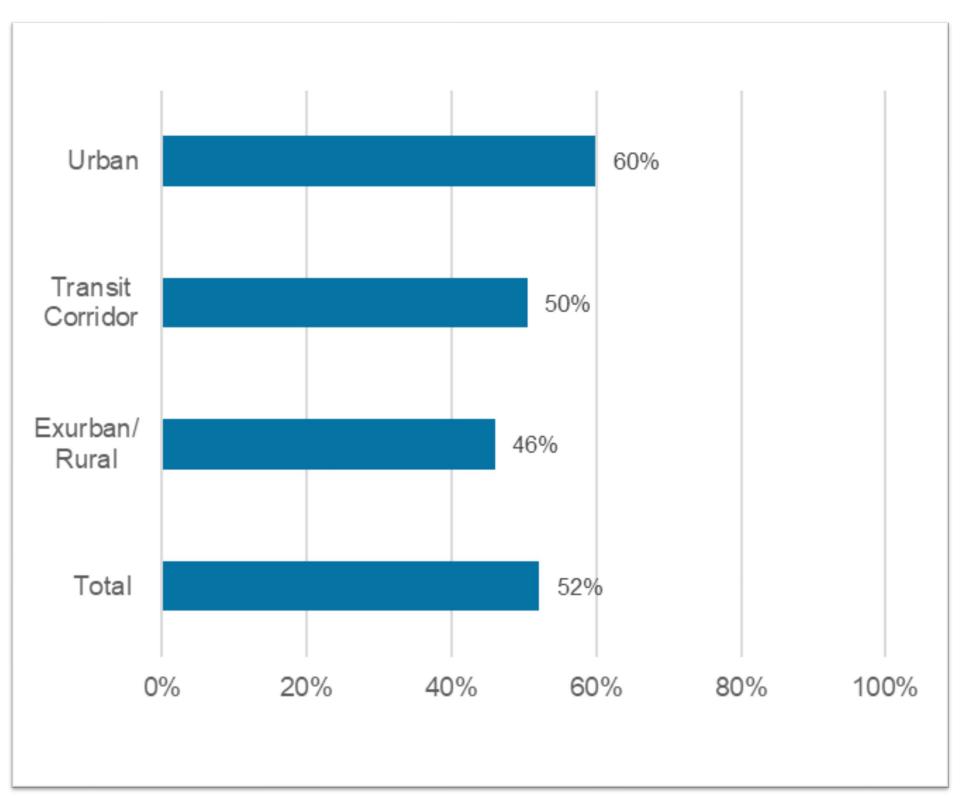
- Respondents in Urban areas more likely to have seen or experienced harassment or violence while walking
- No significant findings in analyzing this topic by reported gender



HARASSMENT OR VIOLENCE WHILE WALKING BY GEOGRAPHY

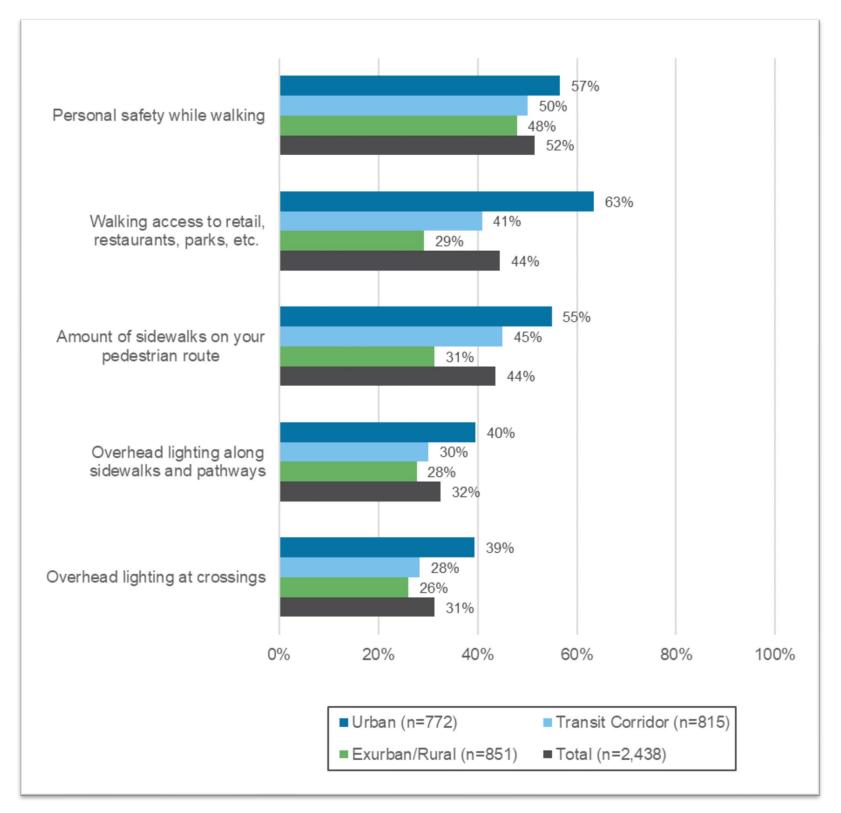
How satisfied are respondents with the pedestrian experience? What is most important to improve?

 Respondents in urban areas more satisfied with pedestrian experience than respondents in **Transit Corridors or** Exurban/Rural areas



PEDESTRIAN SATISFACTION BY GEOGRAPHY

- Urban respondents much more satisfied with
 - Destination Access
 - Sidewalk Presence
 - Lighting
 - Personal Safety
- Transit Corridor and Exurban/Rural respondents rarely more satisfied than Urban respondents



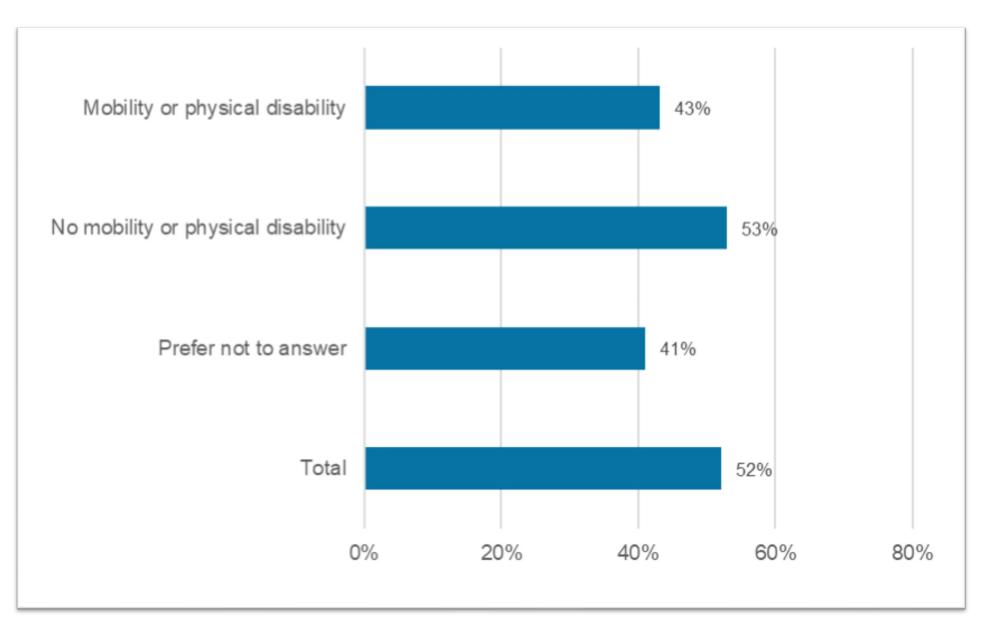
SATISFACTION BY GEOGRAPHY

Statement	Satisfaction Percentage	Statement	Satisfaction Percentage
Personal safety while walking	52%	Overhead lighting at crossings	31%
Distance to cross the street	49%	Distance between sidewalks and cars	31%
Time to cross the street at pedestrian signals	47%	Snow removal	28%
Number of marked crosswalks	46%	Number of vehicles cutting across the crosswalk	22%
Pedestrian signage	46%	Speed of moving cars along sidewalks and paths	21%

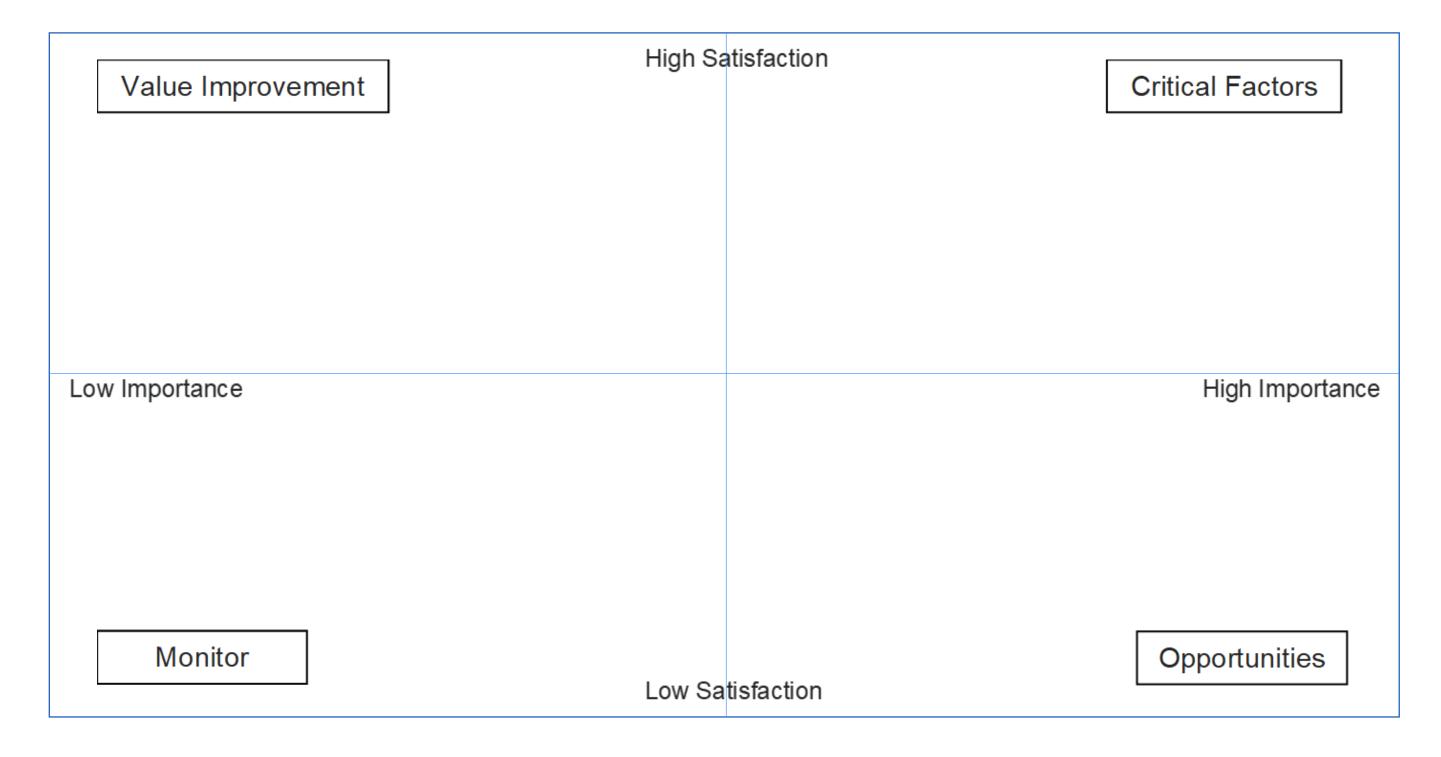
TOP 5 HIGH SATISFACTION TOPICS

TOP 5 LOW SATISFACTION TOPICS

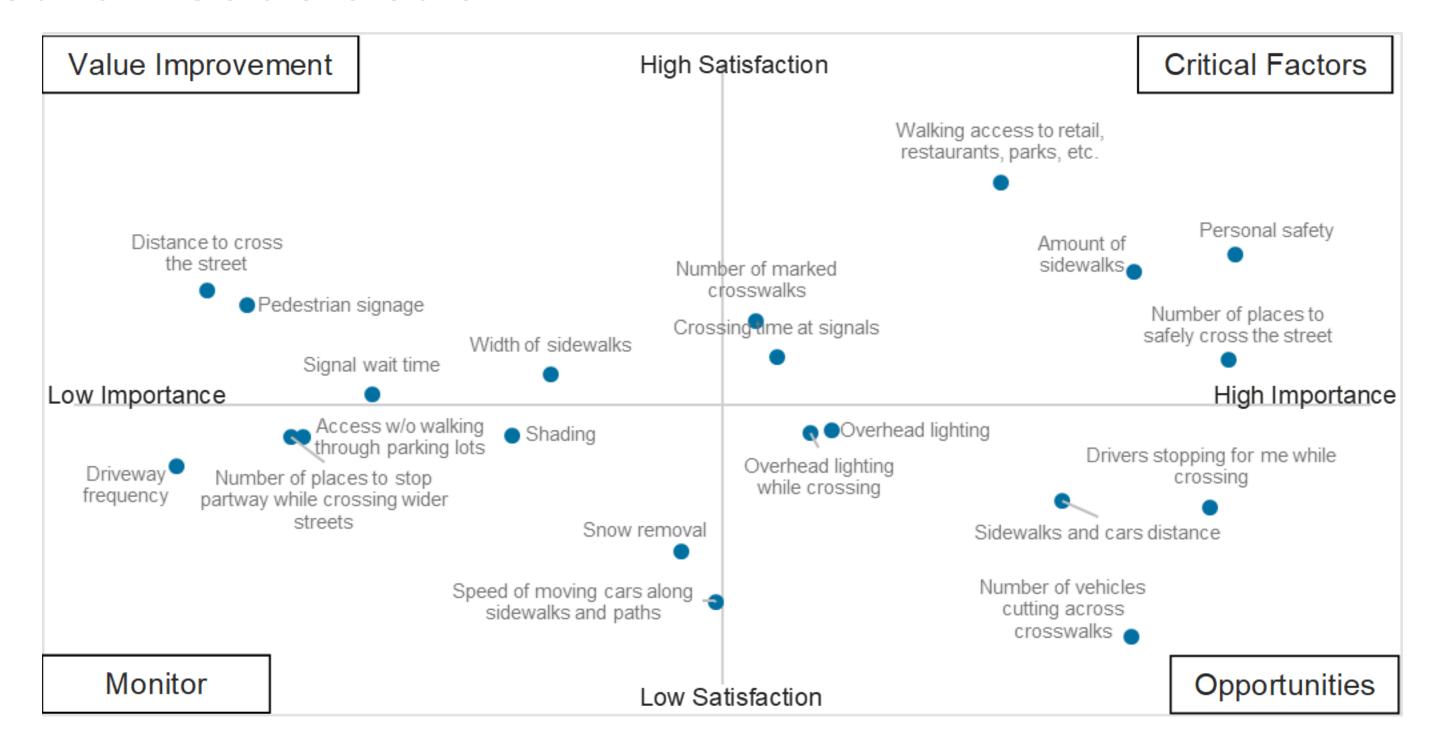
 Respondents with a reported disability are less satisfied with the pedestrian environment than those not reporting a disability



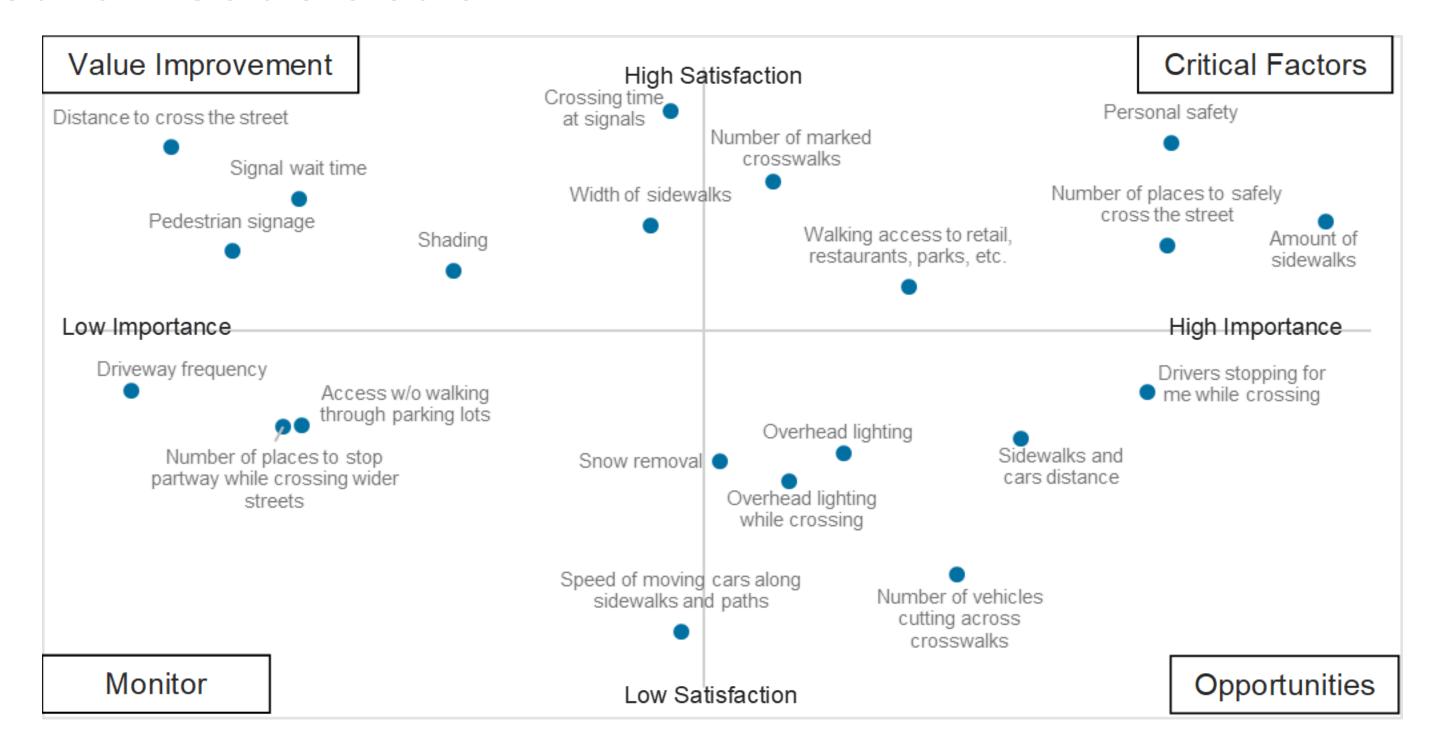
PEDESTRIAN SATISFACTION BY REPORTED DISABILITY



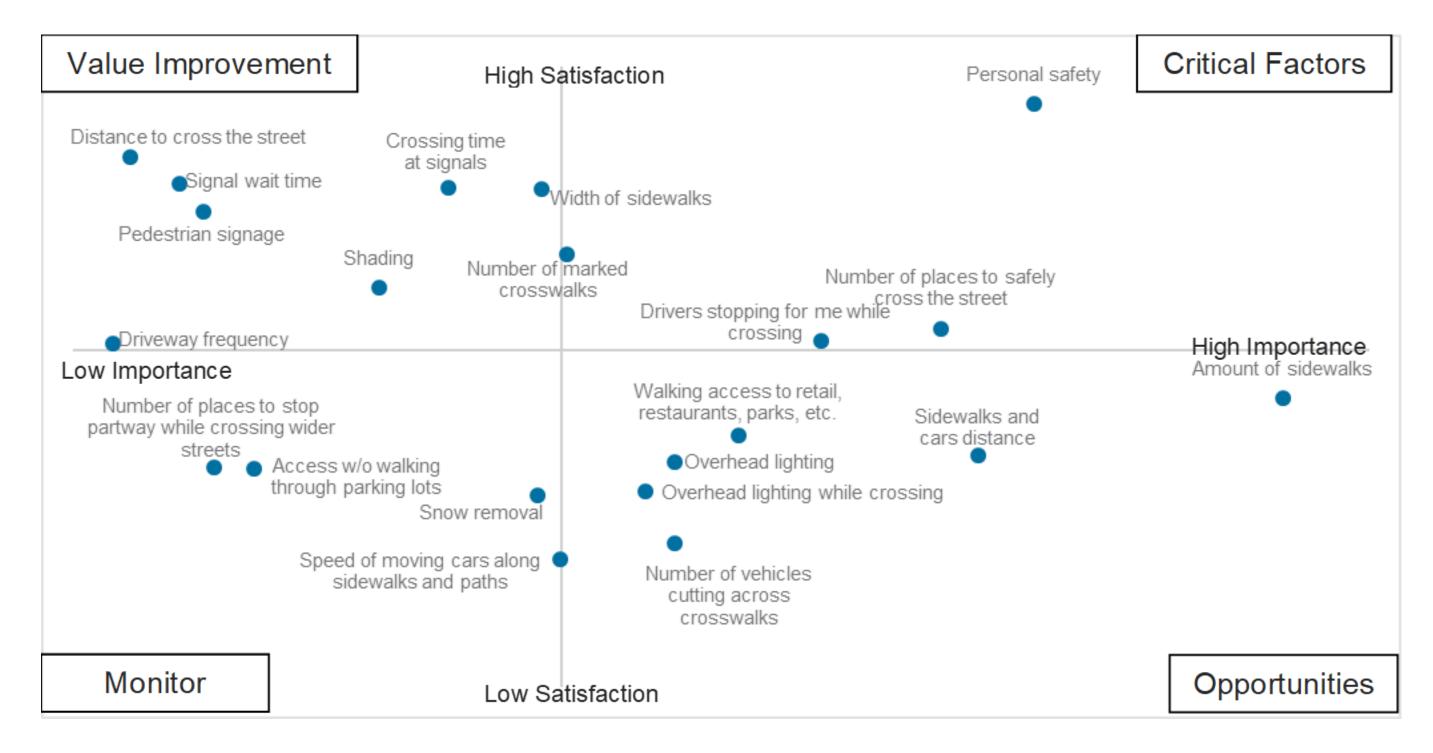
QUAD CHART: SATISFACTION VS. IMPORTANCE



URBAN QUAD CHART: SATISFACTION VS. IMPORTANCE



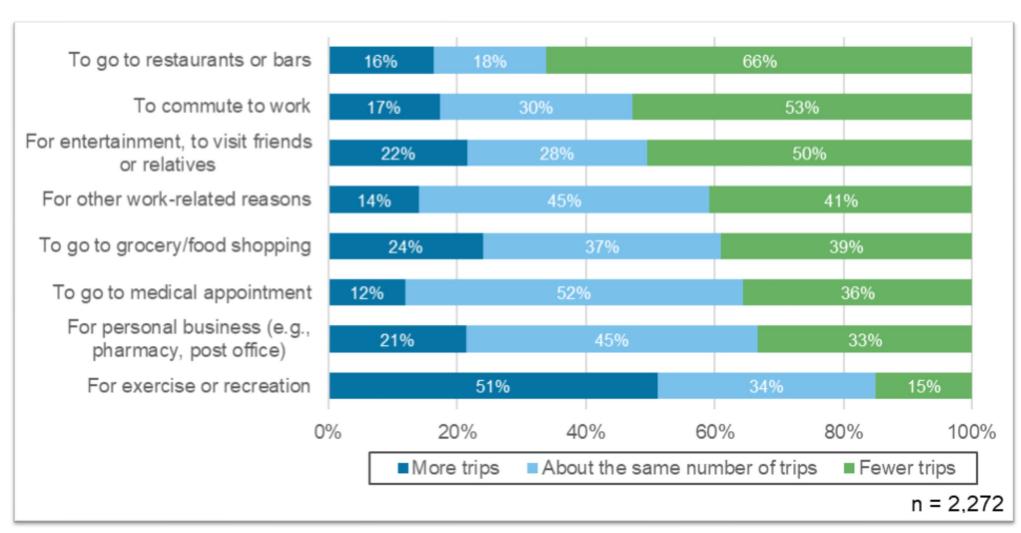
TRANSIT CORRIDOR QUAD CHART: SATISFACTION VS. IMPORTANCE



RURAL/EXURBAN QUAD CHART: SATISFACTION VS. IMPORTANCE

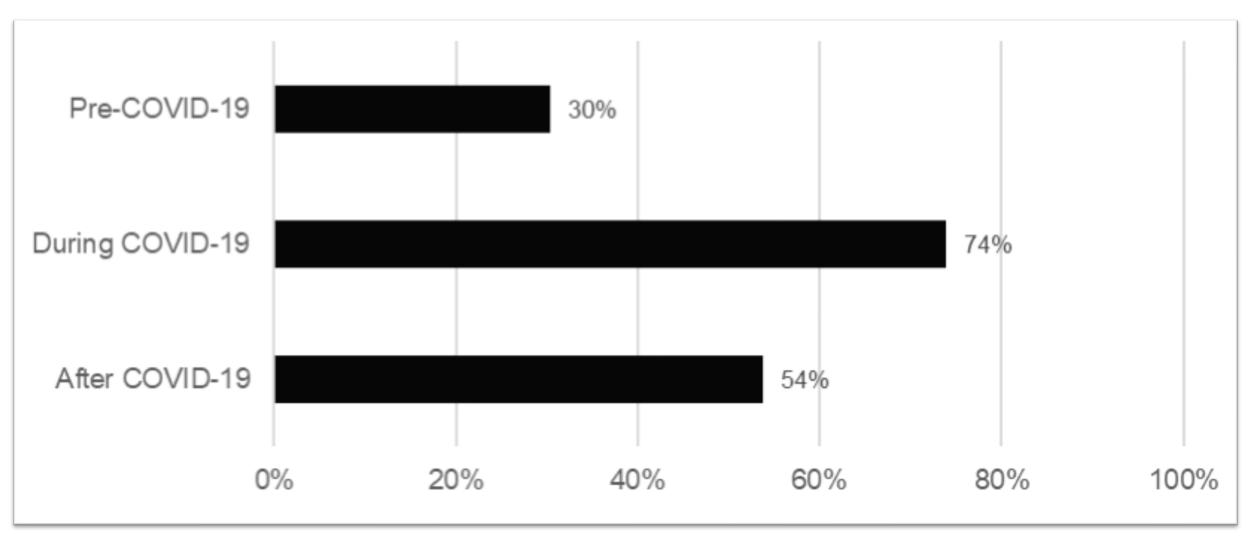
COVID-19 Travel

- 51% of respondents are walking more for recreation/exercise, while 66% are walking less to restaurants and bars
- 53% less commuting to work by walking
- 50% taking fewer trips to entertainment venues by walking



CHANGE IN WALKING OR ROLLING TRIPS DUE TO COVID-19

COVID-19 Travel



TELEWORK 1 OR MORE DAYS A WEEK

54% of respondents anticipate teleworking at least one day a week after COVID-19, compared to 30% who did so before COVID-19

Existing Conditions Report Update

- Report Outline Drafted
- Major Components
 - PLOC Analyses (Areawide, Public Facility Access)
 - Pedestrian Crash Analysis
 - Student Travel Tally
 - Pedestrian Shortcuts
 - Countywide Pedestrian Survey

