Montgomery Planning

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

MontgomeryPlanning.org

MCPB Item No. Date: 7-1-21

ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring, Sketch Plan No. 320210030 and Preliminary Plan No. 120210040

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Completed: 6/21/21

Description

- Sketch Plan: Request to redevelop the property with a 2,353,236 sf continuing care retirement community;
- Preliminary Plan: Request to subdivide the property into two lots for a 2,353,236 sf continuing care retirement community (CCRC) comprised of up to 1,300 independent living units (with 15% MPDUs), 210 assisted living and memory care units, 50 units of skilled nursing care, and up to 5,300 square feet of retail; and a public park.
- Location: 10400 Fernwood Road, Bethesda;
- Property Size: 33.64 acres;
- Zone: CRF 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150;
- Master Plan: Rock Spring Sector Plan;
- Applicant: ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring LLC;
- Acceptance date: October 7, 2020;
- Review Basis: Chapters 50, 59.

Summary

- Staff recommends **approval** of the Sketch and Preliminary Plans with conditions.
- The Preliminary Plan amends conditions of Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan No. H-135.
- The Property is currently occupied by Marriott International Headquarters which will move to downtown Bethesda in 2022.
- Proposed public benefits are in the following categories: Major Public Facility, Transit Proximity, Diversity of Uses; Quality Building and Site Design; Protection and Enhancement of the Natural Environment; and Retained Building.
- Key features of the Project include: construction of a 1.6-acre multi-generational park that will be dedicated to the M-NCPPC Parks Department, reuse of an existing parking garage, extension of a bicycle facility beyond the property frontage, and employment of approximately 650 staff at the CCRC.
- The Applicant requests a waiver to exceed the maximum amount of parking allowed under Section 6.2.10. The parking waiver request will be evaluated at site plan.
- Staff received correspondence expressing concerns about tree removal and proposed building placement from residents of the Montgomery Row townhouse community.



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- A. Prior Approvals
- B. Conceptual Plan for Bike Lane Transition South of Property
- C. MCPS Learn Grow Lead Letter
- D. Agency Approval Letters
- E. Correspondence

SECTION 1: RECOMMENDATION AND CONDITIONS

Sketch Plan 320210030

Staff recommends approval of ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring, Sketch Plan No. 320210030, for a continuing care retirement community with up to 2,347,936 square feet of residential uses and up to 5,300 square feet of non-residential uses on 33.64 acres, zoned CRF 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150. The following site development elements shown on the latest electronic version as of the date of this Staff Report submitted via ePlans to the M-NCPPC are binding under Section 59-7.3.3.F:

- 1. Maximum density and height;
- 2. Approximate location of lots and public dedications;
- 3. General location and extent of public open space;
- 4. General location of vehicular access points; and
- 5. Public benefit schedule.

All other elements of the Sketch Plan are illustrative and subject to refinement at the time of Site Plan.

This approval is subject to the following conditions:

1. Density

The Sketch Plan is limited to a maximum of 2,353,236 square feet of total development on the Subject Property.

2. MPDUs

The development must provide 15% MPDUs in conformance with Chapter 25A.

3. <u>Height</u>

The development is limited to a maximum height of 150 feet, as measured from the building height measuring point(s), as illustrated on the Certified Site Plan.

4. Incentive Density

The development must be constructed with the public benefit categories listed below, unless modifications are made under Section 59-7.3.3.1 at the time of Site Plan. Total points must equal at least 100 and be chosen from at least four categories as required by Section 59-5.3.5.E.2. The requirements of Division 59-4.7 and the *Commercial Residential and Employment Zones Incentive Density Implementation Guidelines* must be fulfilled for each public benefit and points will be established at Site Plan approval.

- a. Major Public Benefit;
- b. Transit Proximity;
- c. Diversity of Uses;
- d. Quality Building and Site Design;
- e. Protection and Enhancement of the Natural Environment; and
- f. Retained Building.

5. <u>Future Coordination for Preliminary Plan(s) and Site Plan(s)</u>

In addition to any other requirements for Site Plans under Chapter 59, the following must be addressed when filing a Site Plan:

- a. Fire and Rescue access and facility details;
- b. Streetscape details;
- c. Demonstration of how each public benefit satisfies the Zoning Ordinance and Incentive Density Implementation Guideline requirements;
- d. Noise study and noise mitigation;
- e. A vibrant, multi-generational, ADA compliant public park on Lot 2, to be designed in coordination with the Department of Parks;
- f. Draft TDM Plan;
- g. High quality bicycle parking, as required by the Zoning Code and described in the Planning Department's Bicycle Parking Guidelines (pages 13–15); and
- h. Application notice for parking waiver.

Preliminary Plan 120210040

Staff recommends approval of ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring, Preliminary Plan No. 120210040. All site development elements shown on the latest electronic version as of the date of this Staff Report submitted via ePlans to the M-NCPPC are required except as modified by the following conditions.

1. General Approval

This Preliminary Plan is limited to two lots for up to 1,300 dwelling units for senior adults, 210 assisted living/memory care units, 50 skilled nursing units, and 5,300 square feet of commercial uses.

2. MPDUs

The development must provide 15% MPDUs in conformance with Chapter 25A.

- 3. Adequate Public Facilities/Preliminary Plan Validity
 - a. The Adequate Public Facilities ("APF") review for the Preliminary Plan will remain valid for ten (10) years from the mailing date of the Planning Board Resolution, subject to the following phasing:
 - i. The Applicant must obtain building permits for a minimum of 500 units within five (5) years of the resolution mailing date.
 - ii. The remaining building permits must be issued prior to the ten-year APF validity period or the Applicant must apply for an APF validity extension.
 - b. The Preliminary Plan will remain valid for 36 months from its initiation date (as defined in Montgomery County Code Section 50.4.2.G), and prior to the expiration date of this validity period, a final record plat for all property delineated on the approved Preliminary Plan must be recorded in the Montgomery County Land Records or a request for an extension filed.
- 4. Outside Agencies
 - a. The Planning Board has reviewed and accepts the recommendations of the Montgomery County Department of Transportation ("MCDOT") in its letter dated June 16, 2021 and incorporates them as conditions of the Preliminary Plan approval. The Applicant must comply with each of the recommendations as set forth in the letter, which may be amended by MCDOT if the amendment does not conflict with any other conditions of the Preliminary Plan approval.
 - b. Before recording a plat for the Subject Property, the Applicant must satisfy MCDOT's requirements for access and improvements.
 - c. The Planning Board has reviewed and accepts the recommendations of the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services ("MCDPS") – Water Resources Section in its stormwater management concept letter dated May 7, 2021 and incorporates them as conditions of the Preliminary Plan approval. The Applicant must comply with each of the recommendations as set forth in the letter, which may be amended by MCDPS – Water Resources Section if the amendment does not conflict with any other conditions of the Preliminary Plan approval.
 - d. The Planning Board has reviewed and accepts the recommendations of the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services ("MCDPS"), Fire Department Access and Water Supply Section in its letter dated February 8, 2021 and incorporates them as conditions of approval. The Applicant must comply with each of the recommendations as set forth in the

letter, which MCDPS may amend if the amendment does not conflict with other conditions of Preliminary Plan approval.

5. Local Map Amendment Approval

The Applicant must comply with the binding elements of County Council Resolution No. 19-492 approving Local Map Amendment H-135.

6. Future Site Plan Approval

- a. Except for clearing and grading associated with demolition of the existing building, the Applicant must receive Staff certification of a site plan for the first phase of development before approval of a record plat application or any clearing or grading on the Subject Property. The number and location of site elements including but not limited to buildings, MPDUs, on-site parking, site circulation, sidewalks and shared pathways is determined through Site Plan review and approval.
- b. If an approved site plan or site plan amendment for the Subject Property substantially modifies the lot or right-of-way configuration or quantities shown on this Preliminary Plan, the Applicant must obtain approval of a Preliminary Plan amendment before certification of the site plan or site plan amendment.

7. Forest Conservation

- a. The Applicant will be permitted to file a Sediment Control Final Forest Conservation Plan (FFCP) for demolition only to accomplish the demolition of the existing building prior to the submission of a Site Plan. The Sediment Control FFCP must include a variance request for any specimen trees not already approved for disturbance or removal that will be disturbed during the demolition process. The Sediment Control FFCP will only include the LOD necessary to accomplish the demolition of the building. The area of the Sediment Control FFCP will be incorporated into the overall FFCP that will be submitted with the first Site Plan Application.
- b. The Preliminary Plan Resolution for Plan No. 120210040 amends the following Conditions of approval for Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan No. H-135, as included in Planning Board Resolution No. MCPB 20-020:

Condition 4: Except as approved in a Sediment Control FFCP for demolition only: Prior to the start of any clearing, grading, or demolition on the Property the Applicant must record a Category I Conservation Easement over all areas of forest planting, as specified on the approved FFCP approved with the Site Plan. The Category I Conservation Easement approved by the M-NCPPC Office of the General Counsel must be recorded in the Montgomery County Land Records by deed and the Book and Page for the easement must be referenced on the record plat.

Condition 6: Except as approved in a Sediment Control FFCP for demolition only: Prior to any demolition, clearing, grading or construction on the project site, the Applicant must provide financial surety to the M-NCPPC Planning Department for the 0.41 acres of new forest planting and for the variance mitigation trees on the Property credited toward meeting the requirements of the FFCP approved with the Site Plan on the Property.

Condition 8: <u>Except as approved in a Sediment Control FFCP for demolition only</u>: Prior to any demolition, clearing, grading, or construction on the Property, the Applicant must submit a two-year Maintenance and Management Agreement (MMA) approved by the M-NCPPC

Office of General Counsel. The MMA is required for all forest planting areas and landscape plantings credited toward meeting the requirements of the FFCP <u>approved with the Site Plan</u>.

Condition 11: Except as approved in a Sediment Control FFCP for demolition only: No clearing, grading, or any demolition may occur prior to receiving approval of the FFCP submitted with the Site Plan and satisfying any off-site planting requirements.

8. Frontage Improvements

- a. Prior to the recordation of plat(s), the Applicant must satisfy all necessary requirements of MCDPS to ensure construction of the following along the Property frontage:
 - i. a six to seven-foot-wide sidewalk; and
 - ii. a 10-foot wide separated bidirectional bike lane.
- b. Prior to issuance of the first residential use and occupancy permit, all frontage improvements must be completed.
- 9. Off-Site Improvements
 - a. Prior to approval of the first Site Plan, the Applicant must finalize the design of the off-site bicycle improvements along Fernwood Road/Westlake Terrace between Motor City Drive and Democracy Boulevard.
 - b. Prior to issuance of the first residential use and occupancy permit, the off-site bicycle improvements must be completed.
- 10. Private Roads

The Applicant must provide Private Roads "Connector Internal Drive" and "Relocated Shared Entrance Drive" (between Fernwood Road and "Connector Internal Drive") and "Central Internal Drive" including any sidewalks, bikeways, storm drainage facilities, street trees, street lights, private utility systems and other necessary improvements as required by either the Preliminary Plan or the subsequent Site Plan within the delineated private road area (collectively, the "Private Road"), subject to the following conditions:

- a. The record plat must clearly delineate the Private Road and include a metes and bounds description of the boundaries of the Private Road.
- b. The Private Road must be subjected by reference on the plat to the Declaration of Restrictive Covenant for Private Roads recorded among the Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland in Book 54062 at Page 338, and the terms and conditions as required by the Montgomery County Code with regard to private roads set forth at § 50-4.3.E et seq.
- c. Before issuance of a building permit, the Applicant must deliver to the Planning Department, with a copy to MCDPS, certification by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Maryland that the Private Road has been designed and the applicable building permits will provide for construction in accordance with the paving detail and cross-section specifications required by the Montgomery County Road Code, as may be modified, on this Preliminary Plan or a subsequent Site Plan, and that the road has been designed for safe use including horizontal and vertical alignments for the intended target speed, adequate typical section(s) for vehicles/pedestrians/bicyclists, ADA compliance, drainage facilities, sight distances, points of access and parking, and all necessary requirements for emergency access, egress, and apparatus as required by the Montgomery County Fire Marshal.
- d. A separate bond shall be set aside for ongoing maintenance requirements with respect to the private roads, in an amount approved by M-NCPPC Staff.

- 11. <u>Record Plat</u>
 - a. The record plat must show necessary easements, including public access easements on areas shown on the Preliminary Plan as Public Open Space.
 - b. The record plat must reflect a minimum four-foot wide public infrastructure area within or adjacent to all Private Streets.
 - c. The record plat must reflect common ingress/egress and utility easements over all shared driveways.
 - d. The record plat must reflect all areas under common ownership.

12. <u>Parks</u>

- a. The Applicant must dedicate to Maryland-National Capital Park & Planning Commission ("Commission") the 1.64-acre (approximately) portion of the Subject Property identified as "Lot 2" on the approved Preliminary Plan for use as a public park. The land must be dedicated to the Commission at the time of record plat through notation on the plat and by providing a deed approved by the Commission's Office of General Counsel in form and substance. The Applicant reserves the right to retain a temporary construction easement along the western boundary of the park to facilitate the construction of the adjacent building and to ensure the safety of the park users. The Commission will hold the deed in escrow until park construction is complete and the land is ready for transfer to the Montgomery County Department of Parks ("Department of Parks.")
- b. Prior to issuance of the final residential use and occupancy permit for Phase 1-A, the Applicant must build a public park on "Lot 2" in accordance with Preliminary and Site Plan approvals. The Applicant must work with the Department of Parks on the design, and obtain a Park Construction Permit to design and build the park to the Department of Parks standards.
- c. The Applicant will enter into an agreement with the Department of Parks to maintain the Park for the first five years following completion of the Park.
- d. The Applicant and the Department of Parks will consider an additional limited ongoing landscaping agreement whereby the Applicant assumes maintenance responsibility of flower beds and potentially other identified areas.

13. Certified Preliminary Plan

- a. The Applicant must include the agency approval letters and the Preliminary Plan Resolution on the approval or cover sheet(s).
- b. The certified Preliminary Plan must contain the following note: Unless specifically noted on this plan drawing or in the Planning Board conditions of approval, the building footprints, building heights, on-site parking, site circulation, and sidewalks shown on the Preliminary Plan are illustrative. The final locations of buildings, structures and hardscape will be determined at the time of site plan approval. Please refer to the zoning data table for development standards such as setbacks, building restriction lines, building height, and lot coverage for each lot.
- c. Prior to submittal of the Certified Preliminary Plan, the Applicant must make the following changes:
 - i. Include all relevant cross-section details for the Private Roads.
 - ii. Correct vehicle parking calculation.

SECTION 2: SITE DESCRIPTION

Site Vicinity and Analysis

The 33.64-acre Property, identified as Lot N737 Rock Spring Park, Part of Parcels 6 and 12, is the current location of Marriott International Headquarters. It is located at 10400 Fernwood Road and bordered by the I-270 spur to the west, Fernwood Road to the north and east, and an office park/hotel complex to the south. Two large office park complexes and a townhouse development are located on the north side of Fernwood Road, opposite the Property.

The vicinity is primarily commercial in character and includes office buildings, Westfield Montgomery Mall, a hotel, a Home Depot and a car dealership. The vicinity also includes one residential development, the Montgomery Row townhouse community across the street from the Property on Fernwood Road. Further residential development is planned for the area with a 343-unit multi-family building on the north side of Westlake Terrace (Ourisman Ford Site Plan no. 82009014B) and Plan applications for 717 multi-family units at Westfield Montgomery Mall (Site Plan 82005003E).



Figure 1: Vicinity Map

Property Description

The Property is improved with the 775,000-square-foot Marriott headquarters office building, located towards the center of the Property, and a three level curvilinear structured parking garage located on the western side of Property. Large surface parking lots cover much of the Property between the parking garage and the office building and along Fernwood Road. The Property contains approximately 2,718 vehicle parking spaces. A gravel road that transitions to dirt is located between the garage and the western Property line, along I-270. The Property has a number of WSSC, storm drain, and other types of existing easements.



Figure 2: Aerial View of Property (Property outlined in red)

The Thomas Branch stream runs along the southern boundary of the Property which also contains areas of wetland and FEMA designated floodplain. There are no forested areas onsite, but the Property contains a number of specimen trees. There are areas of steep slopes, 25% and greater, located primarily on the south and west portions of the Property.

The Property fronts on Fernwood Road, which turns into Westlake Terrace heading west towards the bridge over the I-270 spur. Access to the Property is provided by four existing driveways, including three signalized, full-movement access points on Fernwood Road. The southernmost entrance is located at a

signalized intersection with a shared access drive that also provides access to Bethesda Marriott Suites and the office complex located directly south of the property; this entrance leads to employee parking and loading areas. The signalized Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive intersection serves as the primary entrance to Marriott International, with low brick walls and brick pavers demarcating the formal entrance into Marriott's campus. An entrance at the signalized intersection of Rockledge Drive and Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road provides access to Marriott employee parking. An additional right-in, right-out only driveway is located on Fernwood Road between Rockledge Drive and Rock Spring Drive.

There are three bus stops along the Property frontage. The existing sidewalk along Fernwood Road and Westlake Terrace is six-to-seven feet wide.

Zoning/Regulatory History

The existing office complex was the subject of site plan nos. 819841670, 819850860, and 819940180, all approved under the Property's former I-3 Zone. In 2018, Sectional Map Amendment H-126, which implemented the recommendations of the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan*, rezoned the Property to CR-1.5, C-0.75, R-0.75, H-150. On June 9, 2020, the County Council approved Local Map Amendment LMA H-135, by Resolution 19-492, to rezone the Property to CRF-1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150 (Attachment A). The LMA approval includes the following binding elements:

- 1. Provide 1.5 acres of contiguous open space along Fernwood Road, to be improved as a park.
- 2. Provide a minimum of 5,000 square feet of retail space.
- 3. Provide at least one major public facility that meets master plan guidance, as defined in Section 4.7.3.A of the Zoning Code, with details determined by the Planning Board at Sketch and Site Plan review.
- 4. The project will satisfy the use restrictions of a residential care facility pursuant to Zoning Ordinance Section 3.3.2.E.

SECTION 3: PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Proposal

Uses and Density

Marriott International plans to relocate to their new headquarters office building in downtown Bethesda during the fourth quarter of 2022, at which time the Applicant will demolish the existing office building on the Subject Property. The Applicant proposes to redevelop the Property with a 2,353,236-square-foot continuing care retirement community (CCRC) comprised of up to 1,300 independent dwelling units, 160-210 assisted living/memory care units, and 30-50 skilled nursing units. The facility will employ approximately 650 full-time staff. In addition to the residential units, a total of approximately 100,000 to 130,000 square feet of amenity space will be provided within the CCRC including food service, recreation areas, exercise rooms, and medical support space. The Project also includes approximately 5,300 square feet of retail located on Fernwood Road at the intersection with Rockledge Drive.



Figure 3: Sketch Plan

Buildings

The Project will consist of eight new buildings and the reconstruction/reuse of a portion of an existing three-level garage structure to accommodate residential uses above. The buildings will generally range in height from six stories up to 13 stories, with a maximum height of 150 feet. Each of the buildings will have its own building height measuring point, which will be shown on subsequent certified site plan(s).

Buildings along Fernwood Road are oriented toward the street and designed to engage with the street level activity in strategic places. At the intersection of Fernwood Road and Rockledge Drive, the corner of the building is chamfered on the street level to create a small outdoor plaza area in front of a retail space that will anchor the corner and help activate the street. Halfway between the Rockledge and Rock Spring intersection, another street level entrance leads to a shared fitness center and classroom space open for community use. The Marketing Center with a public café will be located at the junction of Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive. This building will frame the proposed Civic Green/Park and serve the greater community.



Figure 4: Massing Diagram

The buildings will be designed to create human-scaled architecture by employing a variety of methods, including varying building heights; massing that is broken down by volumetric offsets, bays, balconies, varying roof lines and roof terraces if and where appropriate; clearly expressed bases with taller ground floor heights; accentuated building corners; and main entries. A variety of elevational compositions, materials and color palettes will provide variety between the buildings, while maintaining continuity and compatibility between the buildings, to reinforce the overall CCRC's identity as a whole and singular community. The final design, location, and materials will be reviewed at the time of Site Plan.

The layout of buildings will form distinctive courtyards or 'outdoor rooms' connected visually and physically to many of the indoor community spaces at ground level. Each independent living building will house an average of 150 to 250 residential units. Elevated enclosed bridges between buildings provide connectivity for the residents to move freely and safely between all the buildings year-round, through all seasonal weather conditions.

The supporting amenity space within the overall Project will include food service, recreation areas, exercise rooms, and medical support space. Most of the common-resident shared functions such as dining, fitness, wellness, arts, activities, library, meeting spaces, indoor pool and many other community purposes will be dispersed strategically amongst the buildings at ground level, with many such uses having a direct connection to the outdoor landscaped areas and internal courtyards, thus functioning as an extension to those interior spaces.



Figure 5: Architecture Precedents

Open Space

The Project provides approximately 11 acres, over 30% of the Site area, as public open space. The most prominent public open space is the 1.6-acre multi-generational park ("Park"), located along Fernwood Road in the eastern portion of the Property. To facilitate the dedication of the Park to the Parks Department, the Applicant proposes to subdivide the Property into two separate lots, with Lot 1 comprising the CCRC and Lot 2 comprising the Park.



Figure 6: Open Space Plan

The Park (Lot 2) will be designed, in coordination with the Park's Department, as a multi-generational space to accommodate the senior residents of the Project, as well as employees and families in the neighborhood. The Applicant will preserve as many of the existing healthy trees in the Park area as possible and the ultimate design of the Park will reflect this. The western edge of the Park will be framed by the two adjacent buildings. The Park is strategically located to provide a connection to the linear park system including the stream valley park located on the southern and western edges of the Property.

The Park, which will be designed as a more structured space with various improvements, will be complemented by the 8.9-acre linear open space along the south and west sides of the Property. The linear open space will be more passive and contemplative and will provide an attractive place for strolling or jogging, as well as resting on the benches. The trail along the perimeter of the Property will meander through the stream valley, behind the existing parking structure and will then intersect with Fernwood Road at the western edge of the Property.



Figure 7: Precedent Images for the Park (Lot 2)



Figure 8: Precedent Images for Thomas Branch Stream Open Space

Access/Circulation

The Applicant proposes to utilize existing vehicular access at the three signalized intersections and will eliminate the right-in/right-out driveway. The portion of the southern access road west of the entrance to the adjacent property will be relocated further to the north, out of the stream valley buffer. The other two access points will be located at signalized intersections in approximately the same location as the existing driveways, one at Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive, and the other at Fernwood Road and Rockledge Drive. Private roads will provide internal circulation. The Applicant proposes to construct ten (10) above-grade pedestrian walkways, which provide additional safe, weather-protected connections for residents, staff, and visitors to access buildings and garages.

The Applicant is proposing to upgrade the existing sidewalks located to the back of curb and gutter along Fernwood Road to a consistent six to seven-foot wide sidewalk with physical separation in the form of tree panels and/or separated bikeways. An eight-foot loop walking trail circumvents the proposed development, routing southwards from Westlake Terrace, parallel to I-270, before running eastwards along the Thomas Branch, ultimately terminating at the Park and the forest conservation area adjacent to Fernwood Road. While privately maintained, the Applicant has committed to provide the trail as a publicly accessible pathway, with amenities and wayfinding to further enhance walking and bicycling in the area.

Fernwood Road Diet/ Separated Bike Lane

During the first phase of development, the Applicant will implement a "road diet." One vehicle lane will be removed from eastbound Fernwood Road to allow construction of high-quality bicycle facilities with sufficiently wide separation from the roadway. The Applicant coordinated with Planning Staff and MCDOT to connect the bike lane along the Property frontage to the Westlake Terrace bikeway improvements anticipated with the Westfield Montgomery Mall development (Site Plan No. 82005003E). The Applicant proposes to transition the 10-foot bidirectional separated bicycle lanes into the twelve-foot sidepath approved along the eastern portion of the Westfield Montgomery Mall frontage, facilitating bicyclist circulation. As part of the restriping of Westlake Terrace and Fernwood Road, the lane markings on the bridge over I-270 will be restriped to accommodate the separated ten-foot bidirectional bike lanes with a three-foot painted buffer, transitioning to the twelve-foot sidepath at the Motor City Drive – Westlake Terrace intersection.

Staff and MCDOT are working with the Applicant to extend the bikeway southwards to the Fernwood Road and Democracy Boulevard intersection as the Project enters the Site Plan review stage. A conceptual plan for the bikeway transition south of the Property is included as Attachment B.

Parking and Loading

A total of 1,800 parking spaces are proposed, the majority of which will be provided in the existing structured parking garage or a new below grade parking garage, with on-street parking provided along the private streets. The Project provides 48 long-term bicycle parking spaces and 10 short-term bike racks. Four loading spaces are proposed. The final design and parking counts will be determined at Site Plan review.



Figure 9: Circulation Plan

Phasing

The Applicant plans to build the Project in three phases (Figure 10). The Phasing Plan reflects the anticipated sequential order of development, but the Applicant may reorder the development of the phases, overlap or stagger the development, depending upon market forces.

- Phase I is split into two sub-phases, Phase I-A and Phase I-B. Phase I-A consists of buildings RB 1.1 and 1.2 and modifications to the existing garage. Phase I-B is the marketing center.
- Phase II is comprised of buildings RB 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4.
- Phase III includes the health center that houses the assisted living, memory care, and nursing center; building RB3.0; and the restoration and improvement of the open space and stream buffer along the southern end of the Property.

The Applicant requests an extended APF validity period of ten years under Section 50-4.3.J.5.b and proposes the following phasing schedule:

Years 1-5: 500 units constructed Years 5-8: 1310 units constructed Years 8-10: 1560 units constructed



Figure 10: Phasing Plan

Community Outreach

The Applicant held a virtual pre-submittal public meeting on August 5, 2020. The Applicant has complied with all other posting and noticing requirements. Staff has received correspondence from two residents of the townhome community located across the street from the proposed Project (Attachment E). The residents are concerned about the removal of mature trees along Fernwood Road and the lack of an open green area between the street and the proposed building.

Staff worked extensively with the Applicant team to try to save the mature trees along Fernwood Road. However, the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* recommended rezoning the Property to CR, which requires pulling the buildings closer to the street to enhance the pedestrian experience and promote a sense of place. Pulling the buildings up to the street will compromise the health of many of the existing trees along Fernwood Road. The Applicant plans to retain existing trees within the proposed Park area.

SECTION 4: SKETCH PLAN ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

The purpose of a Sketch Plan is to identify general land uses, development intensity, and public benefits for the optional method of development in the CR, CRT, EOF or LSC Zones (or equivalent Floating Zones). The Sketch Plan is intended to be conceptual in nature with an emphasis on building densities, massing, heights and anticipated uses, the locations of open and public use spaces, the general circulation patterns for all modes of transportation, an estimated range of peak hour trips and relationships between existing or proposed adjacent buildings and rights-of-way. Details of the proposed development are determined during Preliminary and Site Plan review. Section 59-7.3.3.E of the Zoning Ordinance states: "To approve a sketch plan the Planning Board must find that the following elements are appropriate in concept and appropriate for further detailed review at site plan. The sketch plan must:"

1. meet the objectives, general requirements, and standards of this Chapter;

Objectives

The Sketch Plan is consistent with the purpose of the Commercial/Residential Floating (CRF) Zone to:

A. allow development of mixed-use centers and communities at a range of densities and heights flexible enough to respond to various settings;

The Sketch Plan allows the soon to be vacant Property to be redeveloped with a CCRC that will serve the increasing senior population of Montgomery County. The proposed use takes full advantage of the Property's prime location to introduce a residential use to an aging office park where the existing supply of office space surpasses the demand. The Property, which is currently covered by a significant amount of surface parking, will be transformed into a neighborhood with the vast majority of parking located in above and below-ground parking garages. In addition, the CCRC will employee approximately 650 full-time staff, contributing to the mixed-use nature of the Project.

B. allow flexibility in uses for a site; and

The Project includes residential, retail, and employment uses. The proposed CCRC introduces senior housing to the *Rock Spring Sector Plan* area and includes neighborhood-serving retail. The Project includes a generous number of amenities, including the Park and linear open space system available to the public.

C. provide mixed-use development that is compatible with adjacent development.

The Project includes residential, retail, and employment uses. The Project's density is 1.5 FAR and the proposed heights will vary from six to 13 stories. The proposed CCRC will be built at a scale and density that is consistent with the existing office buildings in the vicinity and the proposed residential developments on nearby Westlake Terrace (the approved, but unbuilt Ourisman Ford and Westfield Montgomery Mall projects). The CCRC use will complement the evolution of the area from a commercial office park to the mixed-use community envisioned in the *Rock Spring Sector Plan*.

Development Standards

The Sketch Plan meets the development standards for the CRF-1.5 C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150 Zone, as shown in Table 1, below.

Table 1: Optional Method Development Standards CRF-1.5 C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150 Zone (Section 59-5.3.5)				
Standard	Required/Permitted	Provided		
Tract Area		36.02 acres/1,568,824 s.f.		
Previously Dedicated ROW	n/a	2.37 acres/103,320 s.f.		
Site Area		33.64 acres/		
		1,465,504 square feet		
Maximum Density (CR)	1.5 FAR (2,353,236 s.f.)	1.5 FAR (2,353,236 s.f.)		
Non-residential (C)	0.75 FAR (1,176,618 s.f.)	0.002 FAR (5,300 sf)		
Residential (R)	1.5 FAR (2,353,236 s.f.)	1.497 far (2,347,936 sf)		
Minimum lot size	Established by site plan	32.08 (Lot 1)		
	approval	1.64 acres (Lot 2)		
Minimum Front setback	0 ft. (per LMA H-135)	14 ft.		
(Fernwood Road)				
Minimum Side Setback	100 ft. (per LMA H-135)	100 ft.		
(I-270)				
Maximum Building Height	150 ft.	150 ft.		
Minimum Open Space	10% of site (3.36 acres)	33% (11 acres)		
Site Plan Required	Yes	Yes		
Minimum MPDUs Required	15%	15%		
Vehicle Parking Spaces (min/max)	947/1597	1800 ¹ (final parking count to be determined at site plan)		

¹ The Applicant is seeking a Parking Waiver under Section 59-6.2.9 to exceed the maximum number of parking spaces. The parking waiver request will be evaluated at site plan.

The Application will provide the minimum required number of bicycle parking spaces within the building, which will be determined at the time of Site Plan. The final number of vehicular parking spaces will be determined at Site Plan based on the number of residential units and retail square

footage. The Applicant submitted a parking waiver request under Section 59-6.2.10 to exceed the maximum number of vehicle parking spaces.

The Applicant's Statement of Justification includes the following statement in support of the parking waiver:

There are two primary factors driving the need for the parking waiver. First, the Applicant is providing 1,300 independent dwelling units, many of which will accommodate couples owning two cars. The amount of driving that seniors do once they move into independent living, especially one such as the Project that will include shuttle service, decreases dramatically. However, the reality is that at this transitional time in their lives, it is very difficult for seniors to give up their automobiles. As a result, while vehicle use is very low, vehicle ownership remains high. The purpose of limiting the amount of parking in Parking Lot Districts and Reduced Parking Areas is to reduce overall vehicle use. This is already occurring naturally in a senior community. Not only is overall vehicle use much lower, there is limited peak hour driving that occurs. Thus, the objectives of the maximum parking provision are already being met without having to enforce a parking maximum.

Because the vast majority of the proposed parking spaces will be accommodated in structured parking garages, Staff supports the parking waiver at this time. The waiver request will be further evaluated at Site Plan when the unit count is finalized.

2. substantially conform with the recommendations of the applicable master plan;

The Project substantially conforms with the recommendations of the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* (Sector Plan or Plan). The Sector Plan recognizes the history of the Rock Spring area from its heyday as one of Montgomery County's premier office parks in the 1980s through early 2000s to the increasing vacancy rates in the late 2000s and Marriott International's plans to relocate its headquarters to a transit proximate location (page 7). According to the Plan, the relocation of Marriott would increase the office park's vacancy rate to 39%, absent other changes. The proposed development addresses the large gap that will be left in Rock Spring by the departure of the Marriott headquarters.

The proposed CCRC is consistent with the Sector Plan's overall vision to encourage the evolution of the area into, "a well-integrated, amenity-rich district for existing employers and future residents" (p. 17). The Project will help fulfill the overall vision by accomplishing the following overarching Plan goals:

- Adding a new type of residential infill development to area's existing mix of uses, helping to reshape the area into a more well-integrated community.
- Increasing publicly accessible green spaces within the Plan area by providing a 1.6-acre Park, a walking trail open to the public, and an enhanced streetscape for pedestrians and bicyclists.
- Concentrating new activity along the "central spine" (Fernwood Road/Rock Spring Drive as the proposed buildings and the Park will line the Property frontage along Fernwood Road.
- Helping to create a safe, low stress pedestrian and bicycle network with proposed streetscape improvements along Fernwood Road. (p. 20)

The Sector Plan includes the Property within the Rock Spring Central/Mixed-Use Business Campus District, identified as a traditional suburban format office park built primarily in the 1970s and 1980s. The Plan recommended the CR zone to provide options and flexibility for infill or redevelopment in the future should circumstances change for the office buildings. The relocation of Marriott Headquarters to downtown Bethesda provides the opportunity to introduce a greater mix of uses into the area.

The Sector Plan provides design and connectivity guidance for redeveloping properties within the central Rock Spring area. The Project directly address the following recommendations (p.36):

- Prioritizing the central spine as a pedestrian-friendly environment.
- Introducing a mix of uses and pedestrian-friendly amenities that can promote and enhance walkability to and from the central spine.
- Promote sustainable building and site development practices with a variety of interconnected open spaces and high levels of internal connectivity.

The Sketch Plan prioritizes the establishment of the central spine as a pedestrian-friendly environment by orienting development towards it. The Project includes residential uses, a public park, a publicly accessible walking path, and a small amount of retail that will help connect this large property with the greater Rock Spring area.

Open Spaces

The Sector Plan includes open space recommendations specific to the Subject Property:

- If the Marriott site redevelops, the Plan recommends public civic gathering/green open spaces, plazas, and active recreation spaces at this location. Of the approximately 3.3 acres of required open space, one of the spaces should include a civic green of one to two acres of usable open space to accommodate large community gatherings and events. The civic green should include a large lawn area to support multiple uses including markets, festivals, and recreational uses.
- The Plan recommends creating and continuing a greenway with a walking trail along the existing tributary.
 (p. 60)

The Project provides a 1.6-acre lot that will be developed as a multi-generational Park and dedicated to the Parks Department. In addition, the Application provides a linear walking path around the western and southern sides of the Property, consistent with the Plan's open space recommendations.

Public Benefits

The Plan prioritizes the public benefits as follows:

- Dedication of land for needed school site is the highest priority public benefit.
- Providing 15% MPDUs is the highest priority public amenity for new residential development, unless the Property is required to dedicate land for a school or athletic field.
- Other major public facilities including land for parks and school athletic fields, dedications for the North Bethesda Transitway, a library, a recreation center, County service center, public transportation or utility upgrade.

- Diversity of uses and activities.
- Connectivity and mobility.
- Reuse of existing building. (p. 81)

The Sector Plan further states that any application for a CRF Zone must include major public benefits (p. 35). This requirement was a binding element of the Local Map Amendment H-135 approval. The Sketch Plan application proposes the following major public benefits to fulfill this requirement:

- The construction and dedication of a 1.6-acre multi-generational park to M-NCPPC;
- Streetscape improvements beyond the Property frontage; and
- A partnership with MCPS on a workplace training program (Attachment C).

Staff reached out to the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) to discuss the Application in the context of the Master Plan recommendations for a school site. MCPS did not pursue acquisition of the Property through the Subject Application. The Application includes a robust public benefits package, in addition to the major public facilities, including transit proximity, architectural elevations, exceptional design, building reuse, public open space, enhanced accessibility for the disabled, structured parking and habitat preservation and restoration.

Environment and Sustainability

The Sketch Plan identifies that the Project will seek public benefit points for the use of cool roofs and vegetated areas. These public benefits are included in the sustainability recommendations of the Plan. The Project will also provide pedestrian and bicycle facilities, as well as access to health services. Staff encourages the Applicant to look at the sustainability recommendations of the Plan for additional sustainability features that can be incorporated into the Project during their Site Plan phase of approval.

Master-Planned Roadways

The Property fronts on Fernwood Road, which turns into Westlake Terrace heading west towards the bridge over the I-270 spur. Fernwood Road is 80-feet wide and transitions into the 90-foot-wide Westlake Terrace to accommodate the bridge crossing over I-270.

The Sector Plan reclassified both Fernwood Road (B-2) and Westlake Terrace from arterial to business district streets, with the number of lanes reduced from four to two to accommodate a twoway separated bike lane. The reduction of lanes is also known as a "road diet." The intention is to create a "complete street" along Rock Spring's central spine that is safer for people that walk, bike, and use transit. The road diet involves reducing the four through travel lanes to two travel lanes and replacing the center left turn lanes with a single two-way left turning lane. Space from the eliminated lanes will be used for a two-way separated bike lane on the south/west side of Fernwood Road and Westlake Terrace.

Master-Planned Bikeways

The 2018 *Bicycle Master Plan* recommends a two-way separated bike lane on the east side of Fernwood Road from Democracy Boulevard to Rockledge Drive, and a two-way separated bike lane on the south side of Westlake Terrace west of Rockledge Drive. However, the 2019 *Urban Design Guidelines for Rock Spring and White Flint 2 Sector Plans* switched the orientation of the separated bike lanes entirely to the west side of Fernwood Road and south side of Westlake Terrace. The two-

way separated bike lane should be 10-feet wide and separated from the travel lane on Fernwood Road by a landscaped or concrete buffer. The Application includes the bikeway as recommended in the Urban Design Guidelines for Rock Spring and White Flint 2 Sector Plans.

3. satisfy any development plan or schematic development plan in effect on October 29, 2014;

Not applicable; there was not a development plan or schematic development plan in effect on October 29, 2014.

4. achieve compatible internal and external relationships between existing and pending nearby development;

The proposed CCRC will be built at a scale and density that is consistent with the existing office buildings in the vicinity and two approved, but unbuilt, projects on Westlake Terrace (Ourisman Ford apartment building and Westfield Montgomery mixed-use development). The proposed CCRC use will complement the evolution of the area from a commercial office park to a mixed-use community.

5. provides satisfactory general vehicular, pedestrian, and bicyclist access, circulation, parking, and loading;

Access to the site is limited to Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road, which provides vehicular access into the proposed development and its associated internal circulation. Three existing signalized access points will be maintained with this Application. Westlake Terrace terminates at the Rockledge Drive intersection and changes name designations to Fernwood Road, east of the Rockledge Drive intersection. An internal private street grid will provide circulation for private vehicles, pickups/drop-offs, deliveries, and other short-term parking needs.

Vehicular access to the Property's parking garages and loading areas is from Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road. Four access points along the Business Street currently provide ingress and egress for the former office park development. The Applicant proposes to remove one presently located in between Rockledge Drive and Rock Spring Drive, while retaining the existing access points at the Rockledge Drive and Rock Spring Drive intersections as well as the existing signalized intersection adjacent to Thomas Branch.

No parking, deliveries, or other short-term parking needs will occur within the public right-of-way. Garage entrances, on-street parking, and layby drop-off areas which will provide dedicated zones for transportation providers serving the Property's older adult residents as well as personal vehicles will be located within the Applicant's internal private street network. A raised drive plaza is proposed adjacent to the open space area at the Marketing Center and buildings RB1.1 and RB1.3. Providing such short- and long-term vehicular amenities will prevent on-street conflicts and maintain multimodal flow on Fernwood Road.

Four loading spaces are proposed which meet requirements set forth in Section 6.2.8.B of the Zoning Ordinance. One loading space is proposed within the Health Center, one behind building RB2.2 and two on the back of building RB1.1.

The number of parking spaces in the on-site parking garage meet the requirement per the Zoning Ordinance, by providing 1,800 vehicle spaces, 48 long-term bike spaces, and 10 short term bike racks (located mainly adjacent to the proposed Civic Green). Vehicular parking spaces will be located within

the existing garage, below grade garages, and as parallel parking spaces along the internal private streets. The Applicant is providing up to 1,800 parking spaces of which, 1,061 will be located within the existing above grade parking structure and 683 will be located below grade. Fifty-six surface parking spaces will be provided, primarily as parallel parking along internal private streets.

6. propose an outline of public benefits that supports the requested incentive density and is appropriate for the specific community;

For the proposed development, the Zoning Ordinance requires 100 points in four categories. The Application proposes 195.58 points in six categories. Although at the time of the Sketch Plan review only the categories need be approved, the following table, shows both the categories and points for the public benefits recommended at Sketch Plan to demonstrate the Project's ability to meet the requirement to provide sufficient benefit points. Staff supports the proposed number of public benefit points at this time, but the final point determination will occur at Site Plan.

Table 2: Public Benefit Points				
Public Benefit	Incentive Density Points			
	Max Allowed	Requested		
59- 4.7.3.A: Major Public Benefits				
Public Park/Civic Green		9.2		
Road Diet and Extension of Bike Path	70	8.05		
"Learn Grow Lead" Job Program with MCPS	_	25		
59-4.7.3.B: Transit Proximity				
Transit Proximity (Level 2)	50	30		
59-4.7.3.D: Diversity of Uses		-		
Enhanced Accessibility for Seniors or the Disabled	20	20		
59-4.7.3.E: Quality Building and Site Design				
Architectural Elevations	10	5		
Exceptional Design	10	5		
Structured Parking	20	13.33		
Public Open Space	20	20		
59-4.7.3.F: Protection and Enhancement of the Natural Environment				
Building Lot Terminations	30	30		
Cool Roof	10	10		
Vegetated Area	10	10		
59-4.7.3.G: Building Reuse				
Retained Building	100	10		
TOTAL		195.58		

Major Public Benefits

Public Park/ Civic Green

The Applicant anticipates that dedication of the 1.6-acre Civic Green to the Parks Department will generate 9.2 public benefit points. It is important to note that the 1.6-acre dedication will be supplemented with almost 9 acres of additional public open space that is not factored into the public benefit formula. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Road Diet and Extension of Bike Path

The Applicant proposes extending the road diet and bike lane north of the Fernwood Road centerline across the frontage of the Property and extending the road diet to the I-270 bridge to the west and Democracy Boulevard to the east for the full section, thus improving 29,490 square feet. The Incentive Density calculation is based on the net lot area of the Property that in this case is significant, and the Applicant requests 8.05 public benefit points. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Learn Grow Lead

The Applicant plans to provide education and career path opportunities for Montgomery County High School students. Accordingly, through its Learn Grow Lead program, the Applicant plans to partner with Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) to provide internships and job training opportunities for interested and motivated Montgomery County students. MCPS supports the partnership for the Learn Grow Lead program (Attachment C). Twenty-five points are requested for this program. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Transit Proximity

The Property is zoned CR and confronts a master planned BRT stop and the entire Property is within ¼ mile of the stop. Accordingly, the Property's proximity to transit will generate 30 points.

Diversity of Uses

Enhanced Accessibility for Seniors or the Disabled

A total of 260 of the 1,560-total number of units will comply with the ANSI 117.1 Residential Type A Standards for accessibility. The number of proposed accessible units exceeds the number required to earn 20 public benefit points. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Quality Building and Site Design

Architectural Elevations

The Applicant requests 5 points for providing architectural elevations as part of the Certified Site Plan(s) showing the development as a unified urban form when viewed from a distance, with variation in the architectural elements of each building and details such as fenestration pattern, railing design and material color. The elevations will show building facades articulated with projected bays and balconies to create visual interest, texture and shadow. Fenestration strategies include different shape, size, pattern, rhythm, levels of transparency and location of the façade apertures. Building materials will be high quality consisting primarily of bricks, precast, metal panel and aluminum windows. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Exceptional Design

The Applicant requests 5 points for building or site design that enhances the character of a setting. Per the CR Guidelines, incentive density of 5 points is appropriate for development that meets at least four of the guideline criteria. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time. The Applicant highlights the following aspects of the Project that will contribute to the exceptional design:

- Integration of the existing green belt along Thomas Branch creek and the retention pond into the Property's open space network.
- A pavilion in the public park that will serve as a landmark and frame the intersection of Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive.
- A retail store and small plaza that will serve as a focal point of the Fernwood Road and Rockledge Drive intersection.
- Building forms that provide continuous street walls to frame all streets to create "outdoor rooms" for public spaces.
- Strategies to modulate daylight and natural ventilation in the buildings.
- Material and color will be used as a volumetric application, as an organizing element and to create contrast between different building elements.
- Sustainable design strategies including adaptive reuse of the exiting garage, enhancement of the green belt around Thomas Creek and providing an extensive amount of public open space.

Structured Parking

The Applicant requests 13.33 points for structured parking. Up to 1,800 parking spaces will be provided of which 1,061 will be located within the existing above grade parking structure and 683 will be located below grade. Only 56 surface parking spaces will be provided. The final parking quantity and design will be determined with subsequent site plan(s). Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Public Open Space

The Applicant requests 20 points for providing public open space above the requirement of the zone. Points for this incentive are granted on a sliding scale based on the percentage of the lot area. The conceptual layout proposes 8.9 acres of the 33-acre Property (not including the 1.64-acre Park dedication) as public open space. Based on the Incentive Density Guidelines calculation, the proposed public open space would generate 24.8 public benefit points, although the maximum allowed is 20. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Protection and Enhancement of the Natural Environment

Building Lot Termination (BLT)

The Applicant requests 30 points for the purchase of BLT easements to be purchased or equivalent payment made for every 31,500 square feet of gross floor area comprising the 7.5% incentive density floor area. Points are granted by the calculation of BLTs as provided in Section 59-4.7.3.F of the Zoning Ordinance.

Cool Roof

All of the roofs, with the possible exception of the existing parking garage will provide the minimum required solar reflective index and the Applicant requests 10 points. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Vegetated Area

The Applicant requests 10 points for providing a minimum area of 5,000 square feet of plantings in a minimum soil depth of 12 inches. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

Building Reuse

Up to 100 points may be granted to development that (a) maintains 75% of the structural system of the existing building; (b) uses an architectural deconstruction company or organization to remove recyclable materials prior to any demolition; and (c) submits documentation showing compliance with these criteria before the County issues a building permit for a new development. The Applicant requests 10 points for retaining the existing above-grade parking structure. Staff supports the Applicant's request at this time.

7. establish a feasible and appropriate provisional phasing plan for all structures, uses, rights-of-way, sidewalks, dedications, public benefits, and future preliminary and site plan applications.

The Applicant plans to build the Project in three phases as detailed in Tables 3 and 4. Phase I is split into two sub-phases, Phase I-A and Phase I-B. The Phasing Plan reflects the anticipated sequential order of development, but the Applicant may reorder the development of the phases, overlap or stagger the development, depending upon market forces. The most significant public benefits, the Park and the off-site bicycle facilities, will be provided during the first phase of development.

Table 3: Development Phasing			
DENSITY OF DEVELOPMENT (S.F.)	2,353,236 s.f. total residential and 5,300 s.f. retail		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	950,236 s.f. residential		
Phase I-B: Marketing Center	8,000 s.f. residential		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	1,125,000 residential and 5,300 s.f. retail		
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center	270,000 s.f. residential		
PARKING (Vehicular)	1,800 spaces total		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	1,122 spaces (7 above ground and 440 under ground, and 675 Existing Garage)		
Phase I-B: Marketing Center	2 spaces (above ground)		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	676 spaces (51 above ground, 625 under ground)		
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center	N/A		
PHASED OPEN SPACE			
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	Common Open Space (private, 0.25 acres); Linear Park (2.91 acres); Civic Green (1.68 acres);		
Phase I-B: Marketing Center	Outdoor Seating (private, 0.03 acres)		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	Common Open Space (private, 1.32 acres); Outdoor Seating (public, 0.05 acres)		
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center	Linear Park (6 acres)		
STREETS			
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	Central Internal Drive, Health Center Internal Drive, Garage Internal Drive, Relocated Shared Entrance Drive		
Phase I-B: Marketing Center	N/A		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	Connector Internal Drive		
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center	N/A		

Table 3: Development Phasing

Table 4: Pul	blic Benefit Phasing	
PUBLIC BENEFIT POINTS		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	Major Public Facility - Road Diet and Extension of Bike Path, Park Master Plan Recommendation, & Civic Green	
All Phases	Learn, Grow Lead	
All Phases	Transit Proximity	
All Phases	Architectural Elevations	
All Phases	Exceptional Design	
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	Public Open Space	
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	Structured Parking	
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	Structured Farking	
Phases Enchanced Accessibility for Seniors or Disabled		
All Phases	Purchase of Building Lot Termination	
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	Cool Roof	
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage		
Phase II: RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3 and RB 2.4	2.4 Vegetated Area	
Phase III: RB 3.0, Health Center		
Phase I-A: RB1.1 and RB 1.2, and Ex. Garage	Retained Building	

Table 4: Public Benefit Phasing

SECTION 5: PRELIMINARY PLAN ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

1. The layout of the subdivision, including size, width, shape, orientation and density of lots, and location and design of roads is appropriate for the subdivision given its location and the type of development or use contemplated and the applicable requirements of Chapter 59.

The Application proposes two lots: one for a multi-generational Park that will be dedicated to M-NCPPC, and the other for a CCRC and associated facilities and amenities. The layout of the two lots is appropriate for the development of a large CCRC and public park given the recommendations of the Sector Plan and the applicable requirements of Chapter 59.

Proposed Lot 1, for the CCRC, is able to accommodate the proposed buildings and the infrastructure necessary to serve the facility as determined by County agencies, all of whom reviewed the Project and recommended Planning Board approval. The Parks Department has determined that proposed Lot 2 is an appropriate size and configuration to accommodate a multi-generational urban park that will serve the residents and employees of the CCRC and the general public. Parks will work with the Applicant on the design of the Park and the Applicant will construct it according to the Park permit process.

The lots were reviewed for compliance with the dimensional requirements for the CRF 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150 zone as specified in the Zoning Ordinance. The proposed lots will meet all the dimensional requirements for area, open space and setbacks in that zone. A summary of this review is included in Table 1 in Sketch Plan finding No. 1.

2. The Preliminary Plan substantially conforms to the Master Plan or Urban Renewal Plan

The Preliminary Plan substantially conforms to the recommendations within the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* as described in Sketch Plan Finding #1a.

3. Public Facilities will be adequate to support and service the area of the subdivision

Transportation

Transportation infrastructure is adequate to serve the proposed development by this Preliminary Plan as described below.

Sector/Master-Planned Roadways

Westlake Terrace: Westlake Terrace is classified as a 90-foot two-lane Business District Street with Planned Bus Rapid Transit. The existing section has four (4) lanes; however, the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* recommends that the segment adjacent to the site reduce its number of travel lanes from four (4) to two (2) while maintaining the 90-foot width recommendation. The additional space is intended to support high-quality bicycle facilities and sufficiently wide separation from the roadway. An additional 40-feet transit easement is identified along the northern frontage of Westlake Terrace as a means to accommodate the future North Bethesda Transitway, which will provide frequent transit service from the Westfield Montgomery Mall Transit Center to either the White Flint or Grosvenor-Strathmore Metrorail stations pending recommendations of the Transitway study.

Average Annual Daily Traffic has remained consistent from 2012 to 2019, with recent Maryland State Highway Administration traffic counts indicating 8,781 vehicles per day utilizing the four (4) lane roadway. Given the decreased trip generation from the proposed change of use from general office to a CCRC, the Applicant concurs that a lane reduction is feasible in order to allocate more space to non-vehicular facilities, as well as a means to reduce traffic speeds.

This will require the Applicant to restripe Westlake Terrace. A section for the proposed roadway is shown in Figure 11. The Applicant proposes to maintain the 90' right-of-way and is able to achieve the non-vehicular elements recommended by the *Parking Lots To Places: White Flint and Rock Spring Design Guidelines* including a ten-foot wide master-planned bidirectional separated bicycle lane facility.



Figure 11: Proposed Westlake Terrace Section

The master-planned ten-foot separated bike lane and four-foot median will be provided between I-270 and Rockledge Drive.

The Applicant has collaborated with Planning Staff and MCDOT with regards to providing bikeway connectivity to the frontage improvements along the approved Westfield Montgomery Mall development. The Applicant proposes to transition the bidirectional separated bicycle lanes into the twelve-foot sidepath approved along the Westfield Montgomery Mall frontage, facilitating bicyclist circulation. As part of the restriping of Westlake Terrace and Fernwood Road, the lane markings on the bridge over I-270 will be restriped to accommodate the separated ten-foot bidirectional bike lanes with a three-foot painted buffer, transitioning to the twelve-foot sidepath at the Motor City Drive – Westlake Terrace intersection. Staff supports this proposed design and will continue to work with the Applicant as the Project enters the Site Plan review stage. The improvements proposed for Westlake Terrace are anticipated with the first phase of the Applicant's development program.

Fernwood Road: Fernwood Road is designated as a Business Street with planned Bus Rapid Transit, B-2, with a recommended 80-foot right-of-way in the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* area, from Rockledge Drive to Rock Spring Drive. In order to accommodate the planned North Bethesda Transitway, a 40-foot transit easement is planned along the northern frontage of the right-of-way. The existing right-of-way varies in width along the Property frontage and the Applicant will dedicate right-of-way to meet a consistent 80' along the entirety of the Fernwood Road frontage. In accordance with the *Parking Lots to Places: White Flint and Rock Spring Design Guidelines*, the Applicant proposes to construct a ten-foot separated bike lane protected by a four-foot median. This segment of the Fernwood Road frontage has a six-foot planting strip between the bikeway and seven-foot sidewalk, to facilitate the planting of street trees.



Figure 12: Proposed Fernwood Road Section (from Rockledge Drive to Rock Spring Drive)

From Rock Spring Drive to the existing shared signalized intersection at Thomas Branch, the Applicant proposes to maintain the existing six-foot sidewalk as a means to avoid cutting down existing mature trees along the property frontage, as indicated in Figure 13. Given the priority of protecting the mature tree canopy wherever feasible and the commitment of the Applicant to install a protected bidirectional bikeway, people walking along this segment of Fernwood Road would have more than 14-feet of separation from moving vehicles. Furthermore, this segment of Fernwood Road is adjacent to the proposed Park which will tie directly to the public right-of-way. Pathways emanating from the sidewalk along Fernwood Road will meander through the Park will encourage and facilitate all users to the open space area while also preserving the existing mature tree canopy in the Park.

This segment of Fernwood Road is identified as a Business Street (B-2) with a recommended 80-foot right-of-way in the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* area.



Figure 13: Proposed Fernwood Road Section (from Rock Spring Drive to existing shared signalized entrance)

The Applicant's ultimate cross-section for Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road would accommodate the future two-way separated bike lanes, from Motor City Drive to the existing shared signalized entrance at Thomas Branch. Staff and MCDOT will continue to collaborate with the Applicant to extend the bikeway southwards to the Fernwood Road and Democracy Boulevard intersection as the Project enters the Site Plan review stage.

For the internal private street network, the Applicant has submitted plan sets and associated cross sections identifying ten-foot travel lanes, six-foot sidewalks, tree panels, bio-retention facilities such as rain gardens, and on-street parking throughout the development. Traffic calming countermeasures such as chicanes will further the safe movement of people walking and establish the precedent for people driving that they are entering/traveling through an urban environment.

Road Diet Analysis

As noted, the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* recommends that travel lanes on Fernwood Road adjacent to this site are reduced from four (4) lanes to two (2) lanes. In 2020 and 2021, the Planning Department analyzed the impact of lane reductions proposed by the Sector Plan to vehicular congestion in Rock Spring. Due to decreased travel during the COVID-19 pandemic, this analysis builds on the traffic modeling completed by the Sector Plan and does not utilize new traffic counts.

The traffic modeling completed by the Sector Plan analyzes vehicular congestion to 2040. This analysis used the 2040 findings as a base and adjusted the traffic volumes forward by five years based on average annual growth rates determined between the regional MWCOG 2019 model and year 2045 model to develop 2045 turning movement volumes.

Three scenarios were then modeled for 2045: no build, road diet, and road diet with mitigation. For the road diet scenarios, the analysis assumed that all lane reductions recommended by the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan* will be implemented (see Table 2 on page 71-72 of the Sector Plan for specific recommendations). Intersections were modeled with one thru lane and one turn pocket. In the road diet scenario, the congestion standard for the North Bethesda Policy Area (71 seconds) is exceeded at Fernwood Road/Democracy Boulevard and Rock Spring Drive/Rockledge Drive. However, the congestion standard can be met at both intersections by applying geometric and operational mitigation at intersections and implementing policy recommendations from the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan*.

At the Fernwood Road/Democracy Boulevard intersection the recommended mitigation is to maintain the existing double lefts turn movements from Democracy Boulevard eastbound to Fernwood Road northbound and from Fernwood Road southbound to Democracy Boulevard eastbound. The analysis also recommends maintaining two receiving lanes on Fernwood Road for 300-500' north of the intersection.

At the Rock Spring Drive/Rockledge Drive intersection the improvements recommended are purely operational and will only require updated signal heads and modified signal timing. The recommended mitigation is to maintain the existing condition but convert the permissive left-turn movements to protected left-turn movements from Rock Spring Drive westbound to Rockledge Drive southbound and from Rockledge Drive northbound to Rock Spring Drive westbound. A 20% volume reduction or mode shift, as proposed in the Sector Plan, is also assumed, which is critical to reducing future congestion at this intersection.

Several future developments will impact vehicular congestion in Rock Spring over the next 25 years. New thru-road connections constructed by the proposed Rock Spring Centre development may also reduce the congestion at this intersection in the future. Preliminary design for the North Bethesda Transitway is expected to begin in 2024, which will provide a direct connection to Metro's Red Line.

Overall, this analysis indicates that turn lanes along the Applicant's site on Fernwood Road may be reduced from four to two, without negative impacts on vehicular congestion.

Public Transit Service

The Subject Site is serviced by both Ride On and WMATA, with three existing bus stops located along the property's frontage with Fernwood Road. In consultation with both transit agencies, the proposed development will consolidate the three stops into two bus boarding islands, which will provide level boarding access and maintain bus vehicle movement in the travel-way. The bidirectional separated bike lanes will be constructed around both bus boarding islands, providing uninterrupted level access to the bus shelters while maintaining clear and protected separation of people biking from travel lanes. The nearest public transit routes are as follows:

- Ride On route 6 operates along Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive between the Montgomery Mall Transit Center and the Grosvenor-Strathmore Metrorail Station.
- Ride On route 26 operates along Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive between the Montgomery Mall Transit Center, the White Flint Metrorail Station, Twinbrook Metrorail Station, and the Glenmont Metrorail Station.
- Ride On route 47 operates along Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive between the Rockville Metrorail Station, Montgomery Mall Transit Center, and the Bethesda Metrorail Station.
- Ride On route 96 operates along Fernwood Road, Rock Spring Drive, and Rockledge Drive between the Montgomery Mall Transit Center and the Grosvenor Metrorail Station.
- WMATA route J2 operates along Fernwood Road between the Montgomery Mall Transit Center, the Medical Center Metrorail Station, the Bethesda Metrorail Station, and the Silver Spring Metrorail Station.

The North Bethesda Transitway is planned along the northside of Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road up to Rock Spring Drive. A 40-foot transit easement has been provided along the properties to the north and no action is required as part of this request. A future bus rapid transit stop is planned at the Fernwood Road and Rock Spring Drive intersection.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities

The Applicant is proposing to upgrade the existing five-foot wide sidewalks located to the back of curb and gutter along Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road to a consistent seven-foot wide sidewalk with physical separation in the form of tree panels and separated bikeways. When reconstruction of the corridor occurs, lane widths will be reduced to eleven feet and the number of lanes will be reduced from four (4) to three (3). The outside lane adjacent to the bidirectional bikeway will be twelve-feet in order to provide travel access for operational apparatuses pursuant to the Fire Department Access Performance-Based Design Guide.

In accordance with the 2018 *Bicycle Master Plan*, the Applicant proposes to construct separated tenfoot bidirectional bike lanes along the Westlake Terrace frontage. While the *Bicycle Master Plan* identified the bikeway to transition to the northside of Fernwood Road at the Rockledge Drive intersection, staff concurs with the Applicant that a consistent separated ten-foot bidirectional bikeway along the southern frontage of Fernwood Road is preferred to facilitate enhanced physical separation from moving vehicles, as well as the travel and ease of access for people biking.

Because the separated bicycle lanes cross multiple intersections, the Applicant has agreed to provide elements of protected intersections for the relevant intersection legs per the 2018 *Bicycle Master Plan* at Rockledge Drive, Rock Spring Drive, and shared signalized entrance. The corridor will include pedestrian refuge islands at crosswalk locations within the 4' buffer space between the bikeway and travel lane as well as mountable curbs, where feasible.
An eight-foot loop trail circumvents the proposed development, routing southwards from Westlake Terrace, parallel to I-270, before running eastwards along the Thomas Branch, ultimately terminating at the Civic Green and the forest conservation area adjacent to Fernwood Road. While privately maintained, the Applicant has committed to provide the trail as a publicly accessible pathway, with amenities and wayfinding to further enhance walking and bicycling in the *Rock Spring Sector Plan* area.

The Applicant proposes to construct ten (10) above-grade pedestrian walkways, which provide additional separated connections for residents, staff, and visitors to access buildings and garages.

Local Area Transportation Review

The CCRC with 1,560 units is proposed to replace the existing 775,000-square foot office structure.

The Montgomery County Council's Resolution No. 18-671, "2016-2020 Subdivision Staging Policy," stipulates that Local Area Transportation Review adequacy tests are not required if a proposed development generates fewer than 50 weekday peak hour vehicle trips. Likewise, the Resolution dictates that up to 15,000 square feet of ancillary retail which explicitly serves residents of the development and residents or employees of surrounding uses. No parking is allocated for this ancillary retail and therefore, not included as it pertains to trip generation.

The numbers of peak-hour trips generated by the proposed continuing care retirement community development uses the Institute of Transportation Engineers' (ITE) Trip Generation rates. Nevertheless, the Applicant submitted a Traffic Statement indicating the following new Trip Generation rates:

Vehicle Trip Generation	AM	PM
Existing Site Generated Vehicle Trips (Driver) (ITE 10 th Edition – 775,000 SF Office)	755	796
Proposed Site Generated Vehicle Trips (Driver) (ITE 10 th Edition – 1,560 Units Continuing Care Retirement Community)	218	250
Net New Vehicle Trips (Driver)	-537	-546
Local Area Transportation Review Required? (Are AM or PM person trips ≥ 50?)	No	No

Table 5: Trip Generation

As such, under the 2016-2020 Subdivision Staging Policy, a traffic study is not required to satisfy the LATR test, because the number of morning and evening person trips is fewer than the standard of 50 or more trips within the weekday peak hours.

Transportation Demand Management

Because the Project is located within an Orange Policy Area and includes more than 160,000 square feet of gross floor area, the Applicant is required to submit a Level 3 project-based transportation demand management (TDM) Results Plan prior to issuance of any building permit. A Level 3 TDM Results Plan requires a commitment by the Applicant to achieve a base non-auto driver mode share (NADMS) that is 5% higher than the North Bethesda Transportation Management District (TMD)'s goal.

Private Roads

Per Section 50-4.3.E.4.b, private roads must be built to the construction specifications of the corresponding public road standard. The Application proposes the following private internal road network that function as modified secondary residential roads (MC2002.01, MC2002.03 and MC2002.02) (Figure 14):

- Connector Internal Drive
- Relocated Shared Entrance Drive (between Fernwood Road and "Connector Internal Drive")
- Central Internal Drive



Figure 14: Private Roads

The private roads will not be platted in separate parcels because the Central Internal Drive will be located over a below-grade parking structure. Instead, the private roads will be delineated within Lot 1 on the record plat with reference on the plat to the standard Declaration of Restrictive Covenants for private roads. The private roads will be built to the construction specifications of the corresponding public road (e.g. paving detail and design data, including surface depth and structural design).

The private roads are located to intersect with Rockledge Drive and Rock Spring Drive, promoting the urban design objective of creating a street grid. However, the private roads are completely internal to the Project and do not connect with any other streets. As such, MCDOT has determined that the private roads are not needed to maintain area circulation, provide continuous corridors to serve the general public and quasi-public needs such as communication, utility and future potential transportation or other systemic needs that serve the public on a long-term basis, and are not needed to be part of the network modeled for area capacity.

A summary of each deviation from MCDOT public road standards and a justification is provided below.

- The private roads will have narrower than standard right-of-way widths and 10-foot lanes. The
 proposed private roads are meant to reflect the context of the campus-like setting of the CCRC.
 The road design is intended to slow traffic and make the pedestrian experience as safe and
 pleasant as possible for the senior population. The narrow roadway widths also reduce impervious
 area on the site, allowing for wider grass panels, additional landscaping and integration of
 stormwater management facilities.
- Internal intersections will not include the standard 25-foot straight truncations. The truncations are not needed for sight distance or fire access and reducing truncations increases the area available for stormwater management. All proposed reductions in truncations will allow for safe, adequate, and efficient vehicle turning.
- Reduced centerline radii provide traffic calming while meeting minimum requirements for fire access and sight distance.

Staff supports the classification of the roads identified in Figure 14 as private roads. The proposed private roads will effectively function as public roads in the following respects: 1) adequate access and fully accessible to the public; 2) accessible to fire and rescue vehicles; and 3) designed to the minimum public road standards, except for right-of-way and pavement widths.

Schools

As a facility for senior adults, the CCRC is not projected to generate any school-age children and a School Test is not required.

Other Public Facilities and Services

The Property is located within water and sewer categories W-1 and S-1 and is serviced by existing water and sewer. Water and sewer needs are expected to be met by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission ("WSSC") through connection to the existing water and sewer lines. Other utilities, public facilities and services, such as electric, telecommunications, police stations, firehouses and health services are currently operating within the standards set by the Subdivision Staging Policy in effect at the time that the Application was submitted.

Adequate Public Facilities (APF) Validity Period

The Applicant requests an extended APF validity period of ten years under Section 50-4.3.J.5.b and proposes the following phasing schedule:

Years 1-5: 500 units constructed Years 5-8: 1310 units constructed Years 8-10: 1560 units constructed

To allow a validity period longer than the specified minimum, the Board must find that the size or complexity of the subdivision warrant the extended validity period and would not be averse to the public interest.

Staff supports the Applicant's request for the ten-year validity period. The size of the proposed CCRC, with up to 1,560 residential units, is much larger and more complex than a typical subdivision and will likely need the additional time to reach full build out. The pace of development is highly dependent on market forces outside the Applicant's control.

The extended validity period is not averse to the public interest. The Application will provide the two most significant public benefits, construction of the Park and the road diet/construction of the bike path prior during the first phase of development.

4. All Forest Conservation Law, Chapter 22A requirements are satisfied

Natural Resources Inventory/Forest Stand Delineation

A Natural Resources Inventory/Forest Stand Delineation (NRI/FSD) was approved for this site on November 8, 2019. Environmental features on the site include 1.83 acres of wetlands and their buffers, 2.25 acres of 100-year floodplains, steep slopes, and 7.12 acres of stream buffers. The stream buffer surrounds a portion of Thomas Branch, which crosses the southern end of the property from east to west. Thomas Branch is a tributary of Cabin John Creek, a Maryland State Use Class 1-P stream.

Forest Conservation Plan

A Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan (PFCP No. H-135) was approved on April 3, 2020 as part of the rezoning review for this property. The Net Tract Area for the PFCP is 34.18 acres, and the afforestation threshold for the CR zone is 15%, resulting in a minimum afforestation requirement of 5.13 acres. The PFCP proposed to afforest 0.41 acres on site, protected in a Category I forest conservation easement, with final determination regarding how the total mitigation would be provided to be determined with the Final Forest Conservation Plan. The Preliminary Plan shows two on-site Category I forest conservation easements totaling 0.57 acres.

The PFCP included review of a variance request to impact 35 specimen-size trees, of which 31 were proposed for removal, and four to be impacted, but retained. Due to the preliminary nature of the zoning concept plans, the Planning Board was only able to determine that the disturbance of four trees was justified at the time of the zoning review. Those four trees were granted variance approval to be removed. The Planning Board Resolution for the PFCP approval included conditions that require the Applicant to file a Final Forest Conservation Plan and a new variance request for the entire property at the time of their first Site Plan application.

Staff and the Applicant have met several times to examine the likely impacts to specimen-size trees along Fernwood Road, to see if modifications can be made to the development design to save some of these trees. Unfortunately, the combination of steep topography in the current planting zone along Fernwood Road, required frontage improvements, and zoning requirements that bring the building faces up to the road increases the likelihood that many of these trees will be lost. The ultimate impacts, and number of trees that will be removed, will be determined in the amended variance

review that will accompany the Final Forest Conservation Plan submitted with the first Site Plan application for this development.

The Applicant recently approached staff to seek permission to demolish the existing building prior to Site Plan approval. This action will require approval of a sediment and erosion control permit, which in turn requires approval of a Final Forest Conservation Plan with a limit of disturbance (LOD) that matches the LOD on the sediment control plans. The Resolution for PFCP H-135 (MCPB No. 20-020) includes conditions of approval requiring that a Final Forest Conservation Plan be submitted with the first Site Plan Application, and requiring that several actions be taken prior to any demolition, clearing or grading on the site.

In order to permit the Applicant to proceed with demolition on the site prior to submission of a Site Plan, staff is recommending that conditions of approval be included in the Preliminary Plan Resolution for Preliminary Plan No. 120210040 that will permit the Applicant to file for a Sediment Control Forest Conservation Plan for demolition only as an interim step in their process, and defer implementation of the requirements of Conditions 4, 6, 8, and 11 included in Planning Board Resolution MCPB No. 20-020 until the FFCP for the Site Plan is submitted, approved and implemented. The area of the LOD and activities associated with the Sediment Control FFCP, including the fulfillment of forest mitigation requirements, will be incorporated into the overall FFCP for the Site Plan when it is submitted.

Environmental Guidelines

An entry road constructed for the Marriott Headquarters currently lies within the stream buffer to the north of the stream. The first portion of the entry road is shared with a property to the south of the Subject Property.

Planning staff met with the Applicant for a Concept Plan review (220200070) and during the review of rezoning application No. H-135. During this time, the Applicant worked with staff to move the existing southern entry road north out of the stream buffer beyond the shared access to the neighboring property. A paved pedestrian path will be permitted within a portion of the stream buffer to provide an opportunity for residents to walk safely around the stormwater pond and connect to existing paths that loop to the other side of the pond. The PFCP approval requires that the FFCP include "measures to enhance the stream buffer function, including restoring areas where impervious surfaces are being removed, managing invasive species, and planting buffer areas with native species where not in conflict with other easements."

<u>Noise</u>

The Applicant submitted a Phase I Noise Analysis with their Preliminary Plan application. Future Site Plan submissions should respond to the noise issues from I-270 identified in the Phase I Noise Analysis.

5. All stormwater management, water quality plan, and floodplain requirements of Chapter 19 are satisfied

The Preliminary Plan Application meets the stormwater management requirements of Chapter 19 of the County Code. The Applicant received a stormwater concept approval from MCDPS Water Resources Section on May 7, 2021. The Application will meet stormwater management goals through a variety of techniques including micro-bioretention, a bioswale, and structural stormwater management provided by an existing stormwater management pond that is to remain onsite.

6. Any burial site of which the applicant has actual notice or constructive notice or that is included in the Montgomery County Inventory and located within the subdivision boundary is approved under Subsection 50-4.3.

Not applicable; there are no known burial sites on the Property.

7. Any other applicable provisions specific to the property and necessary for approval of the subdivision is satisfied.

The proposed Project satisfies the four binding elements of Local Map Amendment No. H-135 as follows:

• *Provide 1.5 acres of contiguous open space along Fernwood Road, to be improved as a park.*

The Applicant will construct an intergenerational park on 1.6 acres along Fernwood Road and dedicate it to the Parks Department.

• Provide a minimum of 5,000 square feet of retail space.

The Applicant proposes approximately 5,300 square feet of neighborhood-serving retail, likely to be located close to the intersection of Fernwood Road and Rockledge Drive.

• Provide at least one major public facility that meets master plan guidance, as defined in Section 4.7.3.A of the Zoning Code, with details determined by the Planning Board at Sketch and Site Plan review.

The Sketch Plan proposes three major public facilities, including the 1.6-acre Park that will be dedicated to the Parks Department, the extension of the Fernwood Road bike lane diet across the I-270 bridge to the west and Democracy Boulevard to the east, and a partnership with MCPS on a job training program (Learn Grow Lead). Details of each public benefit will be determined at site plan.

• The project will satisfy the use restrictions of a residential care facility pursuant to Zoning Ordinance Section 3.3.2.E.

The Preliminary Plan restricts the use of the Property consistent with the definition for a Residential Care Facility pursuant to Zoning Ordinance Section 3.3.2.E.

SECTION 6: CONCLUSION

Sketch Plan No. 320210030 and Preliminary Plan No. 120210040 satisfy the applicable findings under the Subdivision Regulations and the Zoning Ordinance, meet all applicable requirements of the Forest Conservation Law and substantially conform to the recommendations of the 2017 *Rock Spring Sector Plan*. Therefore, Staff recommends approval of Sketch Plan No. 320210030 and Preliminary Plan No. 120210040 with the conditions included at the beginning of this Staff Report.

ATTACHMENT A

Resolution No.:	19-492
Introduced:	June 9, 2020
Adopted:	June 9, 2020

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: District Council

SUBJECT: <u>APPLICATION NO. H-135 FOR AMENDMENT TO THE ZONING</u> ORDINANCE MAP, Patricia Harris, Esquire, Attorney for the Applicant, ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring; OPINION AND RESOLUTION ON APPLICATION; Tax Account No. 04- 01567726.

OPINION

ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring LLC (ELP or Applicant) filed Local Map Amendment (LMA) Application No. H-135 on December 20, 2019. The application seeks to rezone approximately 33.64 (net) acres of property from the CR-1.5, C-0.75, R-0.75, H-150 to the CRF (Commercial Residential Floating Zone) 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150. Exhibit 2. The subject property is located at 10400 Fernwood Road and is further described as Rock Spring Center Pt. Pars 6 & 12 (Tax Account No. 04-01567726).

Staff of the Montgomery County Planning Department (Planning Staff or Staff) recommended approval of the application and associated Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan (PFCP) on March 16, 2020. Exhibits 51, 52. The Planning Board recommended approval of the application and approved the PFCP at its public meeting on March 26, 2020. Exhibit 55. OZAH's public hearing proceeded as noticed on April 17, 2020. No one appeared in opposition to the application. The Hearing Examiner issued her report (HE Report) recommending approval on May 8, 2020.

On June 2, 2020, the Applicant submitted a revised Floating Zone Plan (FZP) (Exhibit 60) and draft covenants (Exhibit 61) to be approved by the Council. The public hearing included testimony and evidence that the use would be restricted to a continuing care retirement community (CCRC) for seniors, however, this had not been made a binding element in the FZP or the covenants. The revised documents correct that omission.

The Hearing Examiner reopened the record to receive the Applicant's submissions (Exhibits 59-61) and closed it immediately afterward. Exhibit 62. The Hearing Examiner issued a Supplemental Report and Recommendation (Supplemental HE Report) recommending approval

of the revised FZP on June 2, 2020. She found that there was ample evidence in the record that the Applicant intended to develop a CCRC restricted to senior housing under the FZP. The Hearing Examiner, Planning Board, and Planning Staff based their recommendations of approval on the fact that the property would be a CCRC. Exhibit 52, 55. The revised documents clarify that the use requested in the public record will be binding on subsequent approvals. The revisions made no substantive change to the Hearing Examiner's original findings.

To avoid unnecessary detail in this Opinion, the HE Report and Supplemental HE Report are incorporated herein by reference. Based on its review of the entire record, the District Council finds that the application meets the standards required for approval of the requested rezoning for the reasons set forth by the Hearing Examiner.

Subject Property

The property currently serves as the headquarters for Marriott International. Improvements include a 775,000 square foot office building, surface parking, and an above-ground garage. It is part of the Rock Spring Office Park, located east of the eastern leg of the I-270 Spur. The Thomas Branch stream runs along the southern part of the property with associated wetlands and floodplains. An existing road traverses the environmental buffer, a portion of which provides access to the property adjacent to the south. The site has no forested areas but does have several specimen trees. Exhibit 52, p. 4.

Surrounding Area

The "surrounding area" is identified and characterized in a Floating Zone application to measure whether the development proposed by the Floating Zone Plan (FZP) will be compatible with the properties directly impacted by the use. The boundaries of the surrounding area include those properties. Once delineated, the surrounding area is "characterized" to compare the compatibility of the development proposed by the Floating Zone with the character of the area.

The Hearing Examiner agreed with Planning Staff and the Applicant that the surrounding area is bounded by Rockledge Boulevard to the east, Rockledge Drive to the north, Westlake Drive to the west and Democracy Boulevard to the south. Staff characterized the area as primarily commercial in character, including office buildings, Westfield Montgomery Mall, a hotel, a Home Depot and a car dealership. One existing residential development confronts the property across Fernwood Road. Exhibit 52, p. 3. The Applicant's expert land planner characterized the existing land uses in the surrounding area as heavily suburban and commercial. There are several approved but not yet constructed residential developments in the surrounding area. In her opinion, land uses in the area are gradually evolving into the mixed use, connected community envisioned by the Rock Spring Sector Plan. T. 33-34.

The Hearing Examiner found that the existing surrounding area is heavily suburban and commercial but is gradually transitioning to the mixed-use concept envisioned by the Sector Plan as described later in this Report. Based on this record, the District Council agrees and so finds.

Proposed Development

The Applicant proposes to redevelop the property with a CCRC containing up to 1,300 independent living units, 210 assisted living/memory care units, and 50 skilled nursing units in six buildings. Exhibit 60. Except for the marketing center, which is one story, the buildings will range in height between 7 and 13 stories. T. 39-40. ELP may develop up to 15,000 square feet of retail along Fernwood Road, although it is likely that the amount will be lower. T. 40. The project will provide the equivalent of 15% MPDUs, as required by the County Code. T. 9-10; Montgomery County Code, \$25A-5(d)(1).¹ At full build-out, ELP expects to employ approximately 650 individuals. The development includes 1,800 parking spaces to serve residents and employees. T. 19, 41. ELP plans to retain part of the existing garage and add four-stories of living space above it. T. 25-26.

The FZP includes a "green necklace" around three sides of the property. T. 39. This consists of open space (a publicly accessible pathway) around the western and southern boundaries and a 1.5-acre civic park bordering Fernwood Road, also open to the public. *Id.* The compact urban design of the buildings enables the green boundary and streetscape improvements to Fernwood Road. T. 45. The project will be developed in three phases. T. 21-25.

There are four binding elements included on the FZP, which: (1) require the 1.5-acre public park, (2) require a minimum of 5,000 square feet of retail space, (3) require at least one other major public facility that meets Sector Plan guidance, to be determined at the Sketch Plan stage, and (4) restrict the use to a residential care facility defined by §59.3.3.2.E.2 of the Zoning Ordinance, which includes a CCRC. Exhibit 60.

Criteria for Approval

Every application for rezoning to a Floating Zone must be accompanied by a Floating Zone Plan (FZP) that meets certain requirements. *Zoning Ordinance*, §59-7.2.1.B.2.g. The Applicant has filed an FZP meeting those requirements (Exhibit 60), which is described in the Hearing Examiner's Report.

The Zoning Ordinance and State law govern the standards of approval for a floating zone application. Generally, these standards fall into five categories (1) conformity to the Master Plan, (2) compatibility with adjacent uses and the surrounding area, (3) the adequacy of public services to support the proposed development, (4) technical requirements regarding whether the property is eligible to apply for a Floating Zone, and (5) whether the FZP meets the development standards of the zone requested.

¹ The exact location and method of providing these units will be determined later in the development process. At the public hearing, ELP advised that the Planning Department is considering changes to the current MPDU law (Montgomery County Code, \$25A-5(d)(1)) for continuing care retirement communities. ELP will provide the requisite number of MPDUs in accord with the law in effect at later (*i.e.*, sketch or preliminary plan) phases. Changes being considered include, without limitation, provision of off-site units and fees in lieu of actual housing units. T. 10.

Conformance with the Master Plan²

The 2017 Approved and Adopted Rock Spring Sector Plan (Sector Plan or Plan) guides the development of this property. Cognizant that the market for office park space was declining, the Plan tried to shed the area's more suburban past by implementing four "overarching" goals for land use and design, the environment and sustainability, public facilities, and transportation and connectivity. Plan, p. 20. The Plan envisioned a greater mix of land uses and amenities for businesses and residents. It recommended achieving a sustainable environment by creating a larger tree canopy and reducing reliance on vehicular transportation, which overlaps with the Plan's "connectivity" goal to create safer, "low-stress" pedestrian and bicycle connections. Id. The Sector Plan's vision for community facilities was to include more publically accessible green The Plan's focused redevelopment along a "central spine" on Fernwood Road spaces. Id. bordering the subject property and extending to Rock Spring Drive to the west. Located in the "Rock Spring Central/Mixed-Use Business Campus" sub-area, the Plan recommended the existing CR Zone for the property but noted that a floating zone may be appropriate for redevelopment of the site. The floating zone recommendation was to provide "options and flexibility for infill or redevelopment in the future should circumstances change for the office buildings." Exhibit 52, p. 9.

Staff concluded that the FZP conforms to the Plan's goals by adding a new residential use to the area, providing additional green space for both the pathway and the civic park, creating new activity along the Plan's central spine, and creating a safer and lower stress pedestrian and bicycle environment with improvements to Fernwood Road. Exhibit 52, p. 9. The Hearing Examiner found that the "residential use, streetscape improvements and "road diet" along Fernwood Road, and additional multi-modal connectivity will meet the Sector Plan's goal to achieve a well-integrated, mixed use community." *Hearing Examiner's Report*, pp. 15-16. Based on this uncontroverted evidence, the District Council agrees and so finds.

Compatibility with Adjacent Uses and the Surrounding Area

Multiple standards for approval require the District Council to find that the FZP be compatible with adjacent uses and the surrounding area.³ Based on Staff's report and testimony from the Applicant's land planner, the Hearing Examiner concluded that, "the overall FAR will

² Section 59-7.2.1.E.2.a. of the Zoning Ordinance requires the District Council to find that the FZP "substantially conforms with the recommendations of the applicable master plan, general plan, and other applicable County plans." Section 59-7.2.1.E.2.b requires the FZP to be "in the public interest," which includes a review of conformity with County plans and policies and whether the development will be consistent with the coordinated and systematic development in the Regional District under State law. Section 59-7.2.1.E.2.c requires the application to further the intent of Floating Zones. The intent of Floating Zones incorporates compliance with the applicable master plan. *Zoning Ordinance*, §59-5.1.2.A.1.

³ The FZP must further the intent of Floating Zones in general and the CRF Zone in particular. *Zoning Ordinance*, §§59-7.2.1.E.2.c; 59-5.1.2.C; 59-5.3.2. Floating zones are intended to (1) establish compatible relationships between new development and existing neighborhoods through limits on applicability, density, and uses, (2) provide development standards and general compatibility standards to protect the character of adjacent neighborhoods; and (3) allow design flexibility to mitigate any negative impacts found to be caused by the new use. *Id.*, §59-5.1.2.C. One purpose of the CRF Zone is to provide "provide mixed-use development that is compatible with adjacent development." *Id.*, §59-5.3.2.C. Similarly, Section 59-7.2.1.E.2.d of the Zoning Ordinance requires the Council to find that the FZP is "compatible with existing and approved adjacent development."

not change; only the commercial/residential FAR will change to add a new use to the surrounding area as called for by the Sector Plan." *HE Report*, p. 17. The District Council finds that the public pathway and civic park surrounding much of the property meets the Plan's goal to preserve and enhance green area and buffers the development from adjacent uses. The upgraded streetscape and multi-modal improvements to Fernwood Drive will be more compatible with the area as it develops into a mixed-use community. The bike path improvements to Fernwood Road and green walkway provide low-stress pedestrian and bicycle connections. The FZP uses the design flexibility of the CRF Zone to orient the buildings in a compact grid pattern, leaving space to provide the green area and the civic park. For these reasons, the District Council finds the Plan is compatible with adjacent uses and the surrounding area, as did the Hearing Examiner, the Planning Board and Planning Staff.

Adequacy of Public Facilities/Public Interest

The District Council must also find that public facilities will be adequate to serve the FZP. While a more detailed review will occur later in the development process, a threshold analysis must be performed at the rezoning stage.⁴

The Applicant in this case submitted a traffic statement rather than a Traffic Study, as permitted under Planning Board's Local Area Transportation Review (LATR) Guidelines when a development will generate fewer than 50 new weekday peak hour person trips. *Zoning Ordinance*, §59.7.2.1.E.2.e; *LATR Guidelines*, *p.* 8. The Traffic Statement (Exhibit 12) demonstrates that the proposed development will significantly reduce the number of weekday peak hour person trips generated by the existing office use. Having no evidence in this record to the contrary, the District Council agrees with the Hearing Examiner that the application complies with the LATR Guidelines.

Uncontroverted evidence establishes that other public facilities are adequate as well. The Applicant's expert in civil engineering testified the existing gas, water, sewer, police and fire services are adequate to serve the proposed development. T. 62. The Applicant submitted a stormwater management strategy that has been reviewed and accepted by the Department of Permitting Services. T. 60-62. Based on this evidence, the District Council finds that public facilities will be adequate to serve the development proposed by the FZP.

The Intent and Standards of the Zone as set forth in Section 59.5.1.2.

The District Council must determine whether the FZP fulfills the intent of the Floating

⁴Section 59.7.2.1.E.2.e requires that an Applicant demonstrate that traffic generated from the proposed development "does not exceed the critical lane volume or volume/capacity ratio standard as applicable under the Planning Board's LATR Guidelines, or, if traffic exceeds the applicable standard, that the applicant demonstrate an ability to mitigate such adverse impacts . . ." The adequacy of other facilities is part of the Council's determination that an application will be "in the public interest..." and that it be "it will be consistent with a coordinated and systematic development of the Regional District" under State law. Zoning Ordinance, §59-7.2.1.E.1.b; *Md. Land Use Art.*, §21-101(a) and (b). The intent of the Floating Zones is to "implement comprehensive planning objectives by...ensuring that the proposed uses are in balance with and supported by the existing and planned infrastructure..." Zoning Ordinance, §59-7.2.1.E.1.b; 59-5.1.2.A.2.

Zones. Several of these have already been addressed.⁵ The balance of those (from Section 59-

5.1.2) are:

Section 59-5.1.2.A.3. Implement comprehensive planning objectives by:

3. allowing design flexibility to integrate development into circulation networks, land use patterns, and natural features within and connected to the property; and

The Hearing Examiner found it "obvious" that the project utilizes design flexibility to integrate the use with existing land use patterns and natural features. The compact grid pattern of the development preserves and enhances environmental features and non-vehicular transportation modes. Almost one-half acre of existing impervious area will be removed from the environmental buffer. Exhibit 52, pp. 12-13. The project will incorporate 8.5 acres of green space along the environmental buffers including a walking path open to the public and a 1.5 acre civic park open to the public. The streetscape improvements along Fernwood contribute to the central spine road envisioned by the Sector Plan. The District Council concurs with the findings of the Hearing Examiner.

Section 5.1.2.B. Encourage the appropriate use of land by:

1. providing flexible applicability to respond to changing economic, demographic, and planning trends that occur between comprehensive District or Sectional Map Amendments;

2. allowing various uses, building types, and densities as determined by a property's size and base zone to serve a diverse and evolving population;

3. ensuring that development satisfies basic sustainability requirements, including open space standards and environmental protection and mitigation; and

The Sector Plan itself recognizes the declining demand for commercial office space in an office park setting. *Sector Plan*, p. 5. Testimony and evidence before the Hearing Examiner demonstrate that there is a high demand for continuing care retirement communities within the area. The FZP affords the opportunity to repurpose the office park to serve a residential population without burdening school facilities. The project will also reduce the amount of impervious area by removing approximately ½ acre of an existing road on the south side of the property. The Planning Board has approved a PFCP for the project, demonstrating compliance with the County's Forest Conservation law. The District Council finds that the FZP meets the intent of these purposes of a Floating Zone, as did the Hearing Examiner.

⁵ The intent of Floating Zones contained in Sections 59-5.1.2.A.1 and 2 and 59-5.1.2.C of the Zoning Ordinance has already been addressed in the Council's findings relating to the compatibility of the FZP with surrounding uses and the adequacy of public facilities. The balance of the Floating Zone intent clauses are discussed here.

The Applicability of the Zone (Section 59.5.1.3.)

Section 59.5.1.3. of the Zoning Ordinance sets up a series of threshold tests to determine whether a site may apply for a Floating Zone.⁶ No prerequisites are required, however, if the floating zone is recommended by the Master Plan. *Zoning Ordinance*, §5.1.3.B.

The Hearing Examiner concluded that the Sector Plan recommended a floating zone for the property, as did Planning Staff. Based on this uncontroverted evidence, the District Council finds there are no prerequisites for application of a Floating Zone.

The Purpose of Commercial/Residential Floating Zones, Permitted Uses, and Permitted Building Types, Sections 59.5.3.2 through 59.5.3.4)

Zoning Ordinance Division 59-5.3 specifies the purposes of the Commercial/Residential Floating Zone, and establishes the allowed uses, building types, and development standards.

Section 59.5.3.1. establishes the Commercial/Residential Floating Zone. Density must be expressed in increments of 0.25 FAR and height in increments of 5 feet. The Zone applied for here is the CRF 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150 Zone, which meets those requirements.

Purpose. The District Council has already found that the FZP is compatible with adjacent development, one of the purposes of the Commercial/Residential Zones. *Zoning Ordinance*, §5.3.2.C. The remaining purposes are:

Section 5.3.2. Purpose

The purpose of the Commercial/Residential Floating zones is to:
A. allow development of mixed-use centers and communities at a range of densities and heights flexible enough to respond to various settings;
B. allow flexibility in uses for a site...

The cap on height and density does not change the density recommended by the Sector Plan. It only alters the mix of uses on the property to permit a residential continuing care retirement community, a new use in the area. The District Council concludes that the proposed FZP meets these purposes of the CRF Zone, as did the Hearing Examiner.

Uses and Building Types Permitted (Section 59.5.3.3 and 59.5.3.4): The CRF Zone permits only the uses allowed in the CR (Commercial/Residential Zone) and permits any building type. *Zoning Ordinance*, §§5.3.3.3, 59.5.3.4. The FZP proposes a continuing care retirement community, which is a "residential care facility for over 16 persons" permitted in the CR Zone. *Zoning Ordinance*, §59.3.1.6. This use has been added as a binding element to the FZP. Exhibit 60. The FZP meets this standard.

⁶ Section 59-5.1.3.A prohibits placement of a Floating Zone on property currently in an Agricultural or Residential Zone. As this property is zoned CR, that section does not apply.

Development Standards of the Zone (Section 5.3.5)

Density. Where a floating zone is recommended in a Master Plan, the Master Plan recommendation for the property governs the permitted density. *Zoning Ordinance*, §59.5.3.5.A.1. The Sector Plan recommended a total FAR of 1.5 for this property, as reflected by the property's existing zoning. The FZP does not change this recommendation. The District Council finds that the FZP meets the density criteria of the Zoning Ordinance, as did the Hearing Examiner.

Height and Setbacks. If a floating zone is recommended in a Master Plan, height is determined by the Master Plan. *Id.* §59.5.3.5.B. The requested zone does not change the height of the existing recommended under the Sector Plan. Both Planning Staff and the Hearing Examiner concluded that the height proposed meets this criterion, as does the District Council.

Setbacks from the site perimeter are established by the FZP. Both Planning Staff and the Applicant have submitted testimony and evidence finding that the setbacks are compatible with the surrounding area and adjacent properties. The plan proposes a significant green area along three sides of the property and will provide streetscape improvements along Fernwood Drive. The District Council finds that the perimeter setbacks are compatible and appropriate.

Lot size, parking, recreation and open space. Lot sizes are not part of the District Council's review at the rezoning stage. *Id.*, §59.5.3.5. C. The FZP demonstrates the requisite amount of open space for the residential development. *Id.*, §59.5.3.5.D. The FZP also shows the required parking for the proposed use. Exhibit 60. Planning Staff and the Hearing Examiner concluded that the FZP meets all development criteria. Based on this undisputed evidence, the District Council agrees.

Public Benefits. Section 59.5.3.5.E of the Zoning Ordinance requires development above 0.5 FAR to provide public benefits. The Sector Plan recommends a hierarchy of public benefits for this area. Staff summarized the Plan's recommendations as follows (Exhibit 52, p. 10):

- Dedication of land for needed school site as the highest priority public benefit.
- Providing 15% MPDUs is the highest priority public amenity for new residential development, unless the Property is required to dedicate land for a school or athletic field.
- Other major public facilities including land for parks and school athletic fields, dedications for the North Bethesda Transitway, a library, a recreation center, County service center, public transportation or utility upgrade.
- Diversity of uses and activities.
- Connectivity and mobility.
- Reuse of existing building. (p. 81).

Two binding elements of the FZP address public benefits in conformance with the Sector Plan. One requires the Applicant to provide the 1.5-acre publicly accessible civic park. The other requires the ELP to provide at least one major public facility that conforms to the guidance in the Sector Plan. Exhibit 60. The details of the second public facility will be determined at the Sketch Plan stage of the development process. Exhibit 52. With these binding elements, the District

Council finds that the Zoning Ordinance requirements to provide public benefits in conformance with the Sector Plan have been met.

Conclusion

Based on the foregoing analysis and after a thorough review of the entire record, including the Hearing Examiner's Report issued May 8, 2020 and her Supplemental Report and Recommendation issued June 2, 2020, the District Council concludes that the proposed reclassification and development will meet the standards set forth in the Zoning Ordinance, and that it will be consistent with the coordinated and systematic development of the Regional District under State law.

ACTION

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District located in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following resolution:

Local Map Amendment Application No. H-135, requesting reclassification from the existing CR-1.5, C-0.75, R-0.75, H-150 to the CRF 1.5, C-0.75, R-1.5, H-150, for property located at 10400 Fernwood Road, Bethesda, Maryland (further described as Rock Spring Center Pt. Pars 6 & 12 (Tax Acct. No. 04- 01567726)) is hereby **approved** in the amount requested and subject to the specifications and requirements of the Floating Zone Plan, Exhibit 60, provided that the Applicant files an executed Declaration of Covenants (Exhibit 61) reflecting the binding elements in the land records and submits to the Hearing Examiner for certification a true copy of the Floating Zone Plan approved by the District Council within 10 days of approval, in accordance with §§59.7.2.1.H.1.a. and b. of the Zoning Ordinance.

This is a correct copy of Council action.

Selena Mendy Singleton, Esq. Clerk of the Council



MCPB No. 20-020 Forest Conservation Plan No. H135 ELP at Rock Spring Date of Hearing: March 26, 2020

APR 032020

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, under Montgomery County Code Chapter 22A, the Montgomery County Planning Board is authorized to review forest conservation plan applications; and

WHEREAS, on December 20, 2019, ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring LLC ("Applicant") filed an application for approval of a forest conservation plan on approximately 36.02 acres of land located at 10400 Fernwood Road ("Subject Property") in the North Bethesda Policy Area and Rock Spring Sector Plan ("Sector Plan") area; and

WHEREAS, Applicant's forest conservation plan application was designated Forest Conservation Plan No. H135 ELP at Rock Spring ("Forest Conservation Plan" or "Application"); and

WHEREAS, following review and analysis of the Application by Planning Board Staff ("Staff") and other governmental agencies, Staff issued a memorandum to the Planning Board dated March 16, 2020, setting forth its analysis and recommendation for approval of the Application, subject to certain conditions ("Staff Report"); and

WHEREAS, on March 26, 2020, the Planning Board held a public hearing on the Application at which it heard testimony and received evidence submitted for the record on the Application; and

WHEREAS, at the hearing, the Planning Board approved the Application subject to certain conditions, by the vote certified below.

Approved as to Legal Sufficiency:

Christin Sounds by MTM

8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Marfund 20910 Phone: 301.495.4605 Fax: 301.495.1320 www.montgomeryplanningboard.org E-Mail: mcp-chair@mncppc-mc.org

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Planning Board APPROVES Forest Conservation Plan No. H135 on the Subject Property, subject to the following conditions:¹

- 1. The Applicant must obtain approval of a Final Forest Conservation Plan (FFCP), for the entire Property, concurrently with the first Site Plan approval.
- 2. The Final Forest Conservation Plan must:
 - a. be consistent with the approved Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan;
 - b. show the planting locations of at least 36.1 total inches caliper of native shade trees, each at least three inches caliper, to mitigate the removal of variance trees number 15, 16, 17, and 18;
 - c. include measures to enhance the stream buffer function, including restoring areas where impervious surfaces are being removed, managing invasive species, and planting buffer areas with native species where not in conflict with other easements; and
 - d. include a new variance request to determine the disposition of the remaining variance trees
- 3. The Limits of Disturbance (LOD) on the FFCP must be consistent with the LOD on the Sediment and Erosion Control Plan.
- 4. Prior to the start of any clearing, grading, or demolition on the Property, the Applicant must record a Category I Conservation Easement over all areas of forest planting, as specified on the approved FFCP. The Category I Conservation Easement approved by the M-NCPPC Office of the General Counsel must be recorded in the Montgomery County Land Records by deed and the Book and Page for the easement must be referenced on the record plat.
- 5. The Applicant must schedule the required site inspections by M-NCPPC Staff per Section 22A.00.01.10 of the Forest Conservation Regulations.
- 6. Prior to any demolition, clearing, grading or construction on the project site, the Applicant must provide financial surety to the M-NCPPC Planning Department for the 0.41 acres of new forest planting and for the variance mitigation trees credited toward meeting the requirements of the FFCP on the Property.
- 7. Prior to release of the first Use and Occupancy Permit from the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services for this Property, the Applicant must install the plantings for the required on-site afforestation of 0.41 acres as shown on the FFCP or as directed by the M-NCPPC Forest Conservation Inspection staff.
- 8. Prior to any demolition, clearing, grading or construction on the Property, the Applicant must submit a two-year Maintenance and Management Agreement (MMA) approved by the M-NCPPC Office of General Counsel. The MMA is required for all forest planting areas and landscape plantings credited toward meeting the requirements of the FFCP.

¹ For the purpose of these conditions, the term "Applicant" shall also mean the developer, the owner, or any successor in interest to the terms of this approval.

- 9. The Applicant must comply with all tree protection and tree save measures shown on the approved FFCP. Tree save measures not specified on the FFCP may be required by the M-NCPPC forest conservation inspector.
- 10. At the direction of the M-NCPPC forest conservation inspector, the Applicant must install permanent conservation easement signage along the perimeter of the conservation easements. Exact locations of the signs to be determined by the M-NCPPC forest conservation inspector to best define the limits of the conservation easement.
- 11. No clearing, grading, or any demolition may occur prior to receiving approval of the FFCP and satisfying any off-site planting requirements.
- 12. The Applicant must amend the Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan prior to certification to reflect the variance approval for only tree numbers 15, 16, 17 and 18.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that having given full consideration to the recommendations and findings of its Staff as presented at the hearing and as set forth in the Staff Report, which the Board hereby adopts and incorporates by reference (except as modified herein), and upon consideration of the entire record, the Planning Board FINDS, with the conditions of approval, that:

1. The Application satisfies all the applicable requirements of the Forest Conservation Law, Montgomery County Code Chapter 22A, and ensures the protection of environmentally sensitive features.

A. Forest Conservation

The Board finds that as conditioned, the Forest Conservation Plan complies with the requirements of the Forest Conservation Law.

The Net Tract Area is 34.18 acres, and there is no forest on the Property. The afforestation threshold for the CR zone is 15% of the Net Tract Area, or 5.13 acres. The Applicant proposes to establish an afforestation area of 0.41 acres in the stream buffer north of the stream and south of the entrance road adjacent to Fernwood Road. Final determination of how the remaining afforestation requirement of 4.72 acres will be met will be determined at the Final Forest Conservation Plan.

B. Forest Conservation Variance

Section 22A-12(b)(3) of the Forest Conservation Law identifies certain individual trees as high priority for retention and protection ("Protected Trees"). Any impact to these Protected Trees, including removal or any disturbance within a Protected Tree's critical root zone ("CRZ"), requires a

property.

variance under Section 22A-12(b)(3) ("Variance"). Otherwise such resources must be left in an undisturbed condition.

This Application will require the removal or CRZ impact to four Protected Trees as identified in the Staff Report. In accordance with Section 22A-21(a), the Applicant requested a Variance, and the Board agrees that the Applicant would suffer unwarranted hardship by being denied reasonable and significant use of the Subject Property without the Variance. Denying the variance request would deny the Applicant reasonable and significant use of the Property because removal of trees 15, 16, 17 and 18 is necessary to relocate a portion of the southern access road out of the buffer, as required by the Environmental Guidelines, while also providing safe and efficient access to the Property. Relocating the road will significantly reduce the amount of existing stream valley buffer encroachment. For these reasons, the Applicant has an unwarranted hardship to consider a variance request.

The Board makes the following findings necessary to grant the Variance:

1. Granting the Variance will not confer on the Applicant a special privilege that would be denied to other applicants.

The proposed design is necessary to relocate an existing road out of the stream buffer. The design responds to the multiple site constraints and is consistent with both the zoning and Sector Plan recommendations; thus, granting the variance will not confer a special privilege to the Applicant.

- 2. The need for the Variance is not based on conditions or circumstances which are the result of the actions by the Applicant. The requested variance is based on the constraints of the Property, access requirements and engineering challenges, rather than on conditions or circumstances which are the result of actions by the
- Applicant.3. The need for the Variance is not based on a condition related to land or building use, either permitted or non-conforming, on a neighboring

The requested variance is a result of the proposed design and constraints on the Subject Property and not as a result of land or building use on a neighboring property.

4. Granting the Variance will not violate State water quality standards or cause measurable degradation in water quality.

> The Protected Trees requested for removal are not located in an environmental buffer or special protection area. This approval is conditioned on mitigation that approximates the form and function of the trees removed. Therefore, their removal will not violate State water quality standards or cause measurable degradation in water quality.

> Mitigation for the Variance is at a rate that approximates the form and function of the Protected Trees removed. The Board approves replacement of Protected Trees at a ratio of approximately one-inch diameter replaced for every four inches diameter removed, as measured four and one-half feet above the ground, using replacement trees of no less than three inches caliper. No mitigation is required for Protected Trees impacted but retained.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this Resolution constitutes the written opinion of the Planning Board in this matter, and the date of this Resolution is <u>APR 0 3 2020</u> (which is the date that this Resolution is mailed to all parties of record); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that any party authorized by law to take an administrative appeal must initiate such an appeal within thirty days of the date of this Resolution, consistent with the procedural rules for the judicial review of administrative agency decisions in Circuit Court (Rule 7-203, Maryland Rules).

* * * * * * * * * *

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted by the Montgomery County Planning Board of the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission on motion of Vice Chair Fani-González seconded by Commissioner Cichy, with Chair Anderson, Vice Chair Fani-González, and Commissioners Cichy, Patterson, and Verma voting in favor at its regular meeting held on Thursday, March 26, 2020, in Silver Spring, Maryland.

Casey Anderson, Chairman Montgomery County Planning Board

ATTACHMENT B



ATTACHMENT C

Attachment A

Maryland's Largest School District

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Expanding Opportunity and Unleashing Potential

DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGE AND CAREER READINESS AND DISTRICTWIDE PROGRAMS

November 20, 2020

Steve Montgomery Erickson Living Vice President of Development Acquisitions 701 Maiden Choice Lane Baltimore, MD 21228

Re: ELP Bethesda

Dear Steve,

Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) is committed to employer partnerships and the development of work-based learning opportunities that support career readiness experiences for students. MCPS is excited to partner with Erickson Living to provide educational and career advancement opportunities to interested students. This partnership is significant in that it is designed to provide meaningful future professional pathways for participating students.

An attractive component of this program is that it provides opportunities for a wide array of MCPS high school students. Partnerships like this provide exposure to and training in a wide variety of positions that will allow students to advance in a selected career. The program will also connect students with the resources needed to support their professional growth and development.

In the future, we look forward to working with Erickson Living to expand these kinds of opportunities for our students.

Sincerely,

LM

Shawn Krasa Supervisor, Work Based Learning College Career Readiness and Districtwide Programs

Copy to: Mrs. Hazel Mr. Murphy

ATTACHMENT D



DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

Marc Elrich County Executive Mitra Pedoeem Director

May 7, 2021

Mr. Timothy Hoffman, P.E. Soltesz 2 Research Place, Suite 100 Rockville, MD 20850

> Re: Stormwater Management *CONCEPT* Request for ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring, 10400 Fernwood Road Preliminary Plan #: 120210040 SM File #: 286375 Total Concept Area: 33.64 Ac / 1,465,504 SF Parcel(s): N737 Watershed: Cabin John Creek

Dear Mr. Hoffman:

Based on a review by the Department of Permitting Services Review Staff, the stormwater management concept for the above-mentioned site is **acceptable with conditions**. The stormwater management concept proposes to meet required stormwater management goals via microbiorention, planter box microbioretention, a bioswale and structural stormwater management provided by an existing stormwater management pond that is to remain on site.

This approval does not constitute acceptance or approval of the stormwater management plan or computations reviewed as part of this concept plan. All elements of the plan will be re-reviewed when each Site Development Plan is submitted for compliance with Montgomery County and MDE stormwater management regulations.

The following **items** will need to be addressed as part of each subsequent Site Development Plan (SDP) for this project:

- 1. Prior to Planning Board approval of the Site Plan, this stormwater management concept must be formally revised and an approved Site Development Plan (SDP) Approval letter must be issued by DPS. If the Site Plan will be approved in stages, the Site Development Plan revision submittal must specifically refer to the appropriate phase.
- 2. The revised stormwater management concept submittal must clearly and accurately document the stormwater management volume required based on proposed site conditions. All target and treatment volumes must be provided with backup calculations showing how these values were computed. All treatment volumes must be computed correctly and in accordance with Montgomery County guidelines. Accurate computation of the target treatment volume for each submitted phase of the project must be clearly demonstrated with the initial submission, including accurate and correct backup computations, in order for review of the SDP to occur.

Montgomery | Department of County | Permitting Services 2425 Reedie Drive, 7th Floor, Wheaton, Maryland 20902 | 240-777-0311

Mr. Hoffman May 7, 2021 Page 2 of 3

- 3. Full stormwater management will be required for each phase at the time of construction. Each phase must include construction of the required stormwater management for that phase or more to be applied to later phases. No construction is to take place that will rely on future planned stormwater management. When describing the intention to use the existing pond for stormwater management treatment, the concept report states that the existing pond volume will be "held in reserve in lieu of site construction issues that may occur" and refers to "temporary" stormwater management. No plan or scenario that generates a need for temporary stormwater management will be considered.
- 4. All Environmental Site Design (ESD) practices must be designed according to Montgomery County standards and guidance.
- 5. Discreet drainage areas to each ESD facility must be defined and set at the time of submittal of each SDP. A clear drainage area map must be included with the submission, and all facilities must comply with drainage area limitations set by Montgomery County design guidance. Flow splitting is not allowed to be used to artificially mimic or reduce the drainage area to a facility. Stormwater management should be designed to treat stormwater in smaller drainage areas in accordance with the principle of Environmental Site Design. In this plan Planter Box 1501 is located far from its contributing drainage area which far exceeds its maximum design drainage area. Please reconsider this design so that it functions as ESD is intended in is compliance with design criteria.
- 6. Each facility must be demonstrated to be hydrologically connected to the water it is treating from the entire defined drainage area. If the source is surface flow please show openings to the facility. If the source is roof drainage please show downspout locations or conveyance from the roof, even if approximate. Runoff must be able to freely access each facility or the facility should be removed from the plan. Many of the facilities on this approved concept plan do not include this information.
- All facilities must be shown to have an outfall to storm drain or a stable surfaced discharge. A
 number of planter boxes are shown in this plan without any underdrain or storm drain connection,
 particularly in Phase 2. All ESD practices must have storm drain connections and outfalls
 identified.
- 8. Cross sections for ESD facilities must be provided where necessary to ensure acceptability of design. Depending on the location and situation of the facility vertical design information may be required to demonstrate the feasibility of the facility.
- 9. Compliance with Water Resources Technical Policy (WRTP-8) Safe Placement must be demonstrated in the first review of the revised concept plan. Please include required safety elements in the sections and on the plan.

This list may not be all-inclusive and may change based on available information at the time.

Mr. Hoffman May 7, 2021 Page 3 of 3

This concept approval is based on all stormwater management structures being located outside of the Public Utility Easement, the Public Improvement Easement, and the Public Right of Way unless specifically approved on the concept plan. Any divergence from the information provided to this office; or additional information received during the development process; or a change in an applicable Executive Regulation may constitute grounds to rescind or amend any approval actions taken, and to reevaluate the site for additional or amended stormwater management requirements. If there are subsequent additions or modifications to the development, a separate concept request shall be required.

If you have any questions regarding these actions, please feel free to contact Jean Kapusnick at jean.kapusnick@montgomerycountymd.gov or at 240-777-6345.

Sincerely,

Mark Cheridge Mark C. Etheridge, Manager

Mark C. Etheridge, Manager Water Resources Section Division of Land Development Services

MCE: jak

cc: N. Braunstein SM File # 286375

ESD: Required/Provided 127,588 cf / 81,695 cf (Subject to change with SDP submittals) PE: Target/Achieved: 1.8"/1.15" STRUCTURAL: 45,893 cf WAIVED: 0.0 ac.



Department of Permitting Services Fire Department Access and Water Supply Comments

DATE:	08-Feb-21
TO:	Tim Hoffman - Soltez Soltez
FROM:	Marie LaBaw
RE:	ELP Bethesda 120210040

PLAN APPROVED

- 1. Review based only upon information contained on the plan submitted **08-Feb-21**. Review and approval does not cover unsatisfactory installation resulting from errors, omissions, or failure to clearly indicate conditions on this plan.
- 2. Correction of unsatisfactory installation will be required upon inspection and service of notice of violation to a party responsible for the property.

*** See statement of performance based design *** Parking restrictions to be drafted at site plan



February 8, 2021

S. Marie LaBaw, PhD, PE Fire Department Access and Water Supply Department of Permitting Services 255 Rockville Pike, 2nd Floor Rockville, MD 20850

STRATEGIES FOR TODAY. INSIGHT FOR TOMORROW. FIRE CODE ENFORCEMENT

Fire Department Access Review

Review based only upon information contained on this plan. Does not cover unsatisfactory layout resulting from ommisions, errors or failure to clearly indicate conditions on this plan. Correction of such unsatisfactory layout to afford required access will be required if found upon inspection after installation

BY: <u>SML*</u> FM: <u>43</u> DATE: <u>2/8/2021</u>

Re: ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring Performance Based Design Review Preliminary Plan #120210140

Dear Marie,

On behalf of our client, ELP Bethesda c/o Erickson Living Management LLC, we are requesting the review and approval of a performance based design in conjunction with a proposed assisted living development on the property described below.

The subject property is approximately 33.64 net lot acres and is bounded by Route I-270 spur and highway to the west, Fernwood Drive to the north and east, and a hotel and office property to the south. The property is currently developed with an office building and garage. The proposal is to redevelop the property with an assisted living development, including 1300 independent living units, 160-210 assisted living units, 30-50 skilled nursing units, 80,000 -130,000 indoor amenity space, and 5300 s.f. of retail. The heights of the buildings will range in height with a maximum height of 150 feet. The Central Internal Drive and plaza in front of Building RB 2.4 will primarily be fire access above a proposed parking garage. The remaining fire access drives will be on-grade.

Both the Central Internal Drive and the plaza to access the front door of Building RB 2.4 will meet the loading requirements of Admin interpretation 09-01 to support aerial operations for punching shear loads. Concrete paving, mountable curb, and asphalt paving will be designed to meet this requirement. The plaza space is bordered by planters and parking to designate fire access across the plaza to the front door of building RB 2.1. Since the plaza and drive provides access and support to 50' from the front doors of Buildings RB 2.1, RB 2.2, RB 2.3, and RB 2.4 as well as adequate fire access along Fernwood Drive, Internal Drive, and fire department vehicular access, we believe that the performance based design in this case will provide adequate access for fire apparatus.

A second performance based design request is to allow fire access to the front door of the marketing center on an elevated deck. In order to provide 20' x 50' of paving for fire department trucks and outriggers to set up in front of the center, mountable curb and concrete paving are proposed to expand the 16' drive to 20' wide. The concrete paving and curb will meet apparatus loading to be no less than 85,000 lbs at grade.

Finally along Fernwood Road, secondary fire access is being provided with operational bays spaced along the road to provide 20' x 50' of paving for fire department trucks and outriggers to set up in front of the center, mountable curb and concrete paving is proposed to expand the 16' drive to 20' wide. The concrete paving and curb will meet apparatus loading to be no less than 85,000 lbs at grade.



Please contact us with questions or if you need additional information. Sincerely,

Talfal

Timothy Hoffman Soltesz, Inc.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,

LICENSE NO.49428, EXPIRATION DATE:03-01-2021



FIRE CODE ENFORCEMENT

Fire Department Access Review

Review based only upon information contained on this plan. Does not cover unsatisfactory layout resulting from ommisions, errors or failure to clearly indicate conditions on this plan. Correction of such unsatisfactory layout to afford required access will be required if found upon inspection after installation

BY: <u>SML*</u> FM: <u>43</u> DATE: <u>2/8/2021</u>





DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Marc Elrich *County Executive* Christopher R. Conklin Director

June 16, 2021

Ms. Emily Tettelbaum, Planner Coordinator Area 2 Planning Division The Maryland-National Capital Park & Planning Commission 2425 Reedie Dr Wheaton, MD 20902

> RE: Preliminary Plan No. 120200040 Sketch Plan No. 320210030 ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring

Dear Ms. Tettelbaum:

This letter replaces MCDOT's Preliminary Plan Letter dated April 6, 2021

We have completed our review of the preliminary and sketch plans uploaded to eplans on March 1, 2021. A previous plan was reviewed by the Development Review Committee at its October 27, 2020 meeting. We recommend approval of the plan subject to the following comments:

All Planning Board Opinions relating to this plan or any subsequent revision, project plans or site plans should be submitted to the Department of Permitting Services (DPS) in the package for record plats, storm drain, grading or paving plans, or application for access permit. Include this letter and all other correspondence from this department.

Significant Plan Review Comments

 Westlake Terrace is classified as a Business District Street (B-3) with minimum right-of-way (ROW) of 90-feet. East of the I-270 bridge, along the Property frontage, Westlake Terrace transitions to 80 feet.

Office of the Director

The certified preliminary plan shall reflect the following proposed frontage improvements from the Edge of existing median of the road to the subject property line:

- a. Typical Section along the frontage from Westlake Drive to Rockledge Drive (from the centerline of the road):
 - Proposed 12-foot traffic lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 4-foot median in the ROW
 - Proposed 10-foot separated bike lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 7-foot sidewalk in the ROW.
 - Proposed 1-foot maintenance strip located in the ROW.
- 2. Fernwood Road is classified as a Business District Street (B-2) with a right-of-way (ROW) of 80feet. We recommend the applicant dedicate to conform with the master plan.

The certified preliminary plan shall reflect the following proposed frontage improvements from the Edge of existing median of the road to the subject property line:

- a. Typical Section along the frontage from Rockledge Drive to Rock Spring Drive (from the centerline of the road):
 - Proposed 12-foot traffic lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 4-foot median in the ROW
 - Proposed 10-foot separated bike lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 6-foot tree panel in the ROW
 - Proposed 7-foot sidewalk within a Public Improvement Easement (PIE)
- b. Typical Section along the frontage from Rock Spring Drive to relocated shared entrance drive (from the centerline of the road):
 - Proposed 12-foot traffic lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 4-foot median in the ROW
 - Proposed 10-foot separated bike lane in the ROW
 - Proposed 6-foot sidewalk in the ROW
- 3. The proposed two-way separated bike lanes are generally acceptable to MCDOT. However, final details to be reviewed and determined at right-of-way permit stage. Those details include but not

limited to, the starting and ending of the facilities, intersection details, and the timing of design and construction of the facility. The final design of the Fernwood and Democracy Roads intersection has not been determined at this time and will need to finalized at the right-of-way permit stage.

- 4. A Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) is proposed to run on the north side of Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road with a planned 40-foot width. The applicant is not responsible for constructing the BRT lanes.
- 5. Per the road diet recommended in the 2017 Rock Spring Sector Plan and the July 2019 Urban Design Guidelines for Rock Spring and White Flint 2 Sector Plans, the effect that the proposed road diet will have on capacity at the Fernwood Road/Rockledge Drive and Fernwood Road/Rock Spring Drive intersections in under analysis and continued coordination with the applicant. Thus, the separated bike lanes and roadway cross sections are subject to a final analysis at site plan.
- 6. A Traffic Impact Study (TIS) is not required since the proposed development will generate fewer trips than are currently approved for the existing site.
- 7. Private common driveways and private streets shall be determined through the subdivision process as part of the Planning Board's approval of a preliminary plan. The composition, typical section, horizontal alignment, profile, and drainage characteristics of private common driveways and private streets, beyond the public right-of-way, shall be approved by the Planning Board during their review of the preliminary plan.
- Sight Distance: A copy of the accepted Sight Distances Evaluation certification form is enclosed for your information and reference. The applicant is responsible to ensure sight distance during tree planting.
- 9. <u>Storm Drain Study:</u> There is an existing storm drain system within an easement that runs through the site, which collects the public runoff from Fernwood and outfalls into the existing SWM pond located at the south end of the property. The proposed storm drain system still carries the public storm runoff through the site. Since the county does not support storm drain system through private roadways in an easement, we require the applicant to execute a drainage covenant approved by the county, to include the maintenance of the storm drain system by the applicant. Details of the drainage covenant to be determined at the permit stage to satisfaction of Montgomery County. However, the applicant can work with MCDPS to explore the possibility of a public storm drain replacement for the existing system that will be removed.

We defer to MDSHA for runoff from the site draining to a storm drain maintained by MDSHA.

- 10. Floating bus stops details and final location to be approved at permit stage in coordination with Transit Services and WAMATA. Please coordinate with Mr. Wayne Miller of our Division of Transit Services to coordinate bus improvements taking proposed separated bike lanes into account. Mr. Miller may be contacted at 240 777-5836 or at Wayne.Miller2@montgomerycountymd.gov.
- 11. Prior to certified preliminary plan the stormwater management in the right-of-way must be approved by DPS.

Standard Comments

- 1. Design all access points and alleys to be at-grade with sidewalk, dropping down to street level between the sidewalk and roadway. This also applies to locations internal to the site.
- 2. Follow Rock Spring streetscaping standards.
- 3. Forest Conservation Easements are NOT ALLOWED to overlap any easement.
- 4. Provide a minimum 6 ft continuous clear pathway (no grates) along all public streets.
- 5. Upgrade pedestrian facilities at intersections along the site frontage and at adjacent intersections to comply with current ADA standards.
- Ensure curve radii are as small as practicable to accommodate target design vehicles without intrusion into bicycle or pedestrian travelways. In BPPAs & Urban Areas: curve radii must be 15 ft or less. This includes locations internal to the site.
- 7. Underground utilities and ensure adequate Public Utility Easements.
- 8. No steps, stoops, balconies or retaining walls for the development are allowed in county right-ofway. No door swings into county ROW.
- 9. The owner will be required to submit a recorded covenant for the operation and maintenance of any private storm drain systems, and/or open space areas prior to MCDPS approval of the record plat. The deed reference for this document is to be provided on the record plat.
- 10. Relocation of utilities along existing roads to accommodate the required roadway improvements shall be the responsibility of the applicant.

> 11. Trees in the County rights of way – spacing and species to be in accordance with the applicable MCDOT standards. Tree planning within the public right of way must be coordinated with DPS Right-of-Way Plan Review Section.

12. TDM Plan Requirements

An owner or applicant for a development located in the Orange Policy Area must submit a Level 3 Project-based TDM Results Plan for a project with more than 160,000 square feet of gross floor area. The ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring project is located in the Orange Policy Area, North Bethesda TMD, and is within the boundaries of the 2017 Approved and Adopted Rock Spring Sector Plan. The project proposes to develop approximately 2,353,000 gsf. The Level 3 TDM Results Plan must be approved by MCDOT and submitted prior to issuance of any building permit by DPS.

A Level 3 TDM Results Plan requires a commitment by the owner or applicant to achieve a base NADMS that is 5% higher than the North Bethesda TMD's goal and related commuting goals at that project. The Level 3 TDM Results Plan must be approved by MCDOT and submitted prior to issuance of any building permit by DPS. Level 3 Results plans must include the following:

- <u>Appointment of a Transportation Coordinator</u> (a person to work with MCDOT and TMD representatives to achieve NADMS and other commuting goals).
- <u>Notification of the Transportation Coordinator's contact information</u> (provide MCDOT with contact information)
- <u>Access to the Project</u> (owner must provide space on-site by prior arrangement with MCDOT or TMD representatives to allow the department to promote TDM).
- <u>TDM Information</u> (TDM-related information must be displayed in a location(s) visible to employees, residents and other project users).
- Selection of Strategies: The plan must include project-based strategies and demonstrate that the plan is achieving the goals established for the project.
- Additional or Substitution of Strategies: If strategies initially selected by the owner or applicant do not result in the project achieving goals by 6 years after final occupancy, revisions to the plan or strategies initially selected may be required.

- Additional Funding: If strategies selected by the owner or applicant do not result in achievement of the project goals by 6 years after final occupancy, the Department may require increased funding by the owner for existing or new TDM strategies. Additional increases in funding may be required if goals have still not been met within 8 years of final occupancy.
- Conduct independent monitoring to determine if the project is meeting its goals, until the goals are achieved.
- 13. Permit and bond will be required as a prerequisite to MCDPS approval of the record plat. The permit will include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following improvements:
 - a. Two-way separated bike lanes, lawn panel, bus shelter, bus pad, handicap ramps, curb and gutter and street trees along Westlake Terrace/Fernwood Road.
 - b. Permanent monuments and property line markers, as required by Section 50-4.3(G) of the Subdivision Regulations.
 - c. Erosion and sediment control measures as required by Montgomery County Code 19-10(02) and on-site stormwater management where applicable shall be provided by the Developer (at no cost to the County) at such locations deemed necessary by the Department of Permitting Services (DPS) and will comply with their specifications. Erosion and sediment control measures are to be built prior to construction of streets, houses and/or site grading and are to remain in operation (including maintenance) as long as deemed necessary by the DPS.
 - d. Developer shall provide street lights in accordance with the specifications, requirements, and standards prescribed by the MCDOT Division of Traffic Engineering and Operations.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this preliminary plan. If you have any questions or comments regarding this letter, please contact myself for this project at <u>brenda.pardo@montgomerycountymd.gov</u> or at (240) 777-7170.

Sincerely,

Brenda M. Pardo

Brenda M. Pardo, Engineer III Development Review Team Office to Transportation Policy

SharePoint\teams\DOT\Director's Office\Development Review\Brenda\Preliminary Plan\PP120210040 ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring\120210040-ELP-DOT Preliminary Plan Letter_6.16.21

Attachments: Approved Sight Distance Study

cc: Correspondence folder FY 2021

Timothy Hoffman	Soltesz
Patricia Harris	Wikes, Artis, Hedrick & Lane
Mark Terry	MCDOT DTEO
Wayne Miller	MCDOT DTS
Atiq Panjshiri	MCDPS RWPR
Sam Farhadi	MCDPS RWPR
Rebecca Torma	MCDOT OTP
	Patricia Harris Mark Terry Wayne Miller Atiq Panjshiri Sam Farhadi

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MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION

ELP BETHESDA AT	
Facility/Subdivision Name: ROCK SPRING	Preliminary Plan Number: 1- 20210040
Street Name: WESTLAKE TERRACE	Master Plan Road Classification: — STREET (B-3)
Posted Speed Limit: 30mph	
Street/Driveway #1 (<u>CONNECTOR INTERNAL</u>) DRIVE	Street/Driveway #2 ()
Sight Distance (feet) Right 200 feet (Westbound) Left 200 feet (Eastbound)	Sight Distance (feet)OK?RightLeft
Comments: Sight distance is acceptable in addition to provide the require distance,	Comments:
it is a "signalized intersection".	

GUIDELINES

Required Sight Distance in Each Direction*	Sight distance is measured from an eye height of 3.5' at a point on the
150'	centerline of the driveway (or side
200'	street) 6' back from the face of curb or edge of traveled way of the
250'	intersecting roadway where a point
400'	2.75' above the road surface is visible. (See attached drawing)
475' 550'	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Sight Distance in Each Direction* 150' 200' 200' 250' 325' 400' 475'

ENGINEER/ SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that this information is accurate and was collected in accordance with these guidelines.

02/25/2021 Date

Montgomery County Review:		
Approved		
Disapproved:		
By: Brenda M. Pardo		
Date: 4/6/21		

49428 PLS/P.E. MD Reg. No.

Signature



MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION ATTACHMENT



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DEPARTMENT OF PO DEPARTMENT	MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES EXISTING INTERNAL DWY. #1 SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION ELP BETHESDA AT			
Facility/Subdivision Name: ROCK SPRING Preliminary Plan Number: 1- 20210040				
Street Name: FERNWOOD ROAD	Master Plan Road BUSINESS DISTRICT Classification: STREET (B-2)			
Posted Speed Limit:m	ph			
Street/Driveway #1 (<u>CENTRAL INTERNAL</u>) DRIVE Sight Distance (feet) Right 200 feet (Westbound) Left 200 feet (Eastbound) Sight distance is acceptable, in addition to provide the require distance it is a "signalized intersection".	Street/Driveway #2 () Sight Distance (feet) OK? Right Left Comments:			

GUIDELINES

Classification (use high Tertiary - Secondary - Business - Primary - Arterial - Major -	 Required Sight Distance in Each Direction* 150' 200' 200' 250' 325' 400' 475' 550'	Sight distance is measured from an eye height of 3.5' at a point on the centerline of the driveway (or side street) 6' back from the face of curb or edge of traveled way of the intersecting roadway where a point 2.75' above the road surface is visible. (See attached drawing)
	*Source: AASHTO	

ENGINEER/ SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that this information is accurate and was collected in accordance with these guidelines.

02/25/2021 Date

Montgomery County Review:
Approved
Disapproved:
By: Brenda M. Pardo
Date: <u>4/6/21</u>

49428 PLS/P.E. MD Reg. No.

Signature



MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION ATTACHMENT



Form Reformatted: March, 2000



• 117 COMERY CO • 117 CO 76 •	MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES EXISTING INTERNAL DWY. #1 SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION			
Facility/Subdivision N	ELP BETHESDA AT Facility/Subdivision Name: ROCK SPRING Preliminary Plan Number: 1-20210040			
	FERNWOOD ROAD		Master Plan Road BUS	
Posted Speed Limit:	m	ph		
Street/Driveway #1 ((SHARED ENTRANCE)	Street/I	Driveway #2 ()
Left <u>200 fe</u> Comments	eet (Westbound) eet (Eastbound) istance is acceptable, ovide the require distance	Comm(Sight Distance (feet) Right Left ents:	OK?

GUIDELINES

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	、 <i>′</i>	*Source: AASHTO	

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I hereby certify that this information is accurate and was collected in accordance with these guidelines.

02/25/2021 Date

Montgomery County Review:		
Approved		
Disapproved:		
By: Brenda M. Pardo		
Date: <u>4/6/21</u>		

49428 PLS/P.E. MD Reg. No.

Signature



MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

SIGHT DISTANCE EVALUATION ATTACHMENT



Form Reformatted: March, 2000



ATTACHMENT E

Tettelbaum, Emily

From:	Evette Masters < evette.masters@gmail.com>	
Sent:	Tuesday, August 11, 2020 2:48 PM	
То:	Tettelbaum, Emily	
Subject:	Cutting down 100 year old trees - Marriott - 10400 Fernwood Rd Bethesda	
Follow Up Flag:	Follow up	
Flag Status:	Completed	

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] Exercise caution when opening attachments, clicking links, or responding.

Hello Emily,

I own a EYA townhouse on Fernwood Rd in Montgomery Row Bethesda across the street from the current Marriott International Headquarters at 10400 Fernwood Rd.

Erickson builders has purchased the property and are planning the Erickson Retirement Community complex in its place. Construction is to begin in approximately two years.

Erickson plans on cutting down the majestic tress that line Fernwood Road. These are the most majestic, gigantic and matured trees in Bethesda, or Maryland for that matter. Probably 100 year old trees. In addition, they said construction will take ten years to completion, or more depending on delays.

Do the townhouse homeowners have any recourse to stop them from killing these magnificent trees?

Please let me know if there is anything I can do and who to contact.

Thank you kindly,

Evette Masters Montgomery Row Board of Directors Vice President 301-758-9852 --Evette Masters Licensed Realtor Gerlach Real Estate - DC Metro Area GCAAR Member Greater Capital Area Association of Realtors <u>evette@evettemasters.com</u> 301-758-9852

Tettelbaum, Emily

From:	Hongkyu Kim <kim.hongkyu@gmail.com></kim.hongkyu@gmail.com>	
Sent:	Wednesday, February 3, 2021 10:29 PM	
То:	Tettelbaum, Emily	
Cc:	Theoharis Management LLC	
Subject:	Development Plan of ELP at Bethesda	

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] Exercise caution when opening attachments, clicking links, or responding.

Dear Ms. Tettelbaum (Lead Reviewer),

I am writing this email regarding the current development plan of ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring.

ELP Bethesda at Rock Spring,

Sketch Plan No. 320210030, Preliminary Plan No. 120210040

10400 Fernwood Road, Bethesda

I attended the previous two publicly held meetings on the Rock Spring development of ELP.

I lived on 10447 Fernwood Road (Montgomery Residential Development in Rock Spring Park) across from the Marriott International campus.

While I was reviewing the Sketch Plan (#320210030), I noted that Building RB1.4 seems much close to Fernwood Road. In Rock Spring Park, the building structures including all townhomes in the residential development, are at least 80 feet from the curbside of Fernwood Road, Rock Spring Drive, or Rockledge Drive.

Particularly, the space between the curbside and the residential building on Fernwood Road is comprised of a green zone/sidewalk (10ft), a wide and a beautiful green grass zone (30ft), an open promenade (30ft), and a garden of each townhome (10ft). [All number figures are approximate.]

Looking at the Sketch, it seems ELP development does not include an open green zone which gives an open space ambient in Rock Spring Park, was missing along Fernwood Road. It seems very apparent that some of the fully grown trees would be removed to give a space for Building RB1.4.

I wonder whether Montgomery county would consider putting an open space between Fernwood Road and Building RB1.4 structure to maintain Rock Spring's open space environment.

Thanks,

Hongkyu Kim

10447 Fernwood Drive, Bethesda, MD 20817

email: <u>kim.hongkyu@gmail.com</u>

phone: 732-754-8283